

SIX
DollarsA Really
Handsome Shoe

This season we have added to our line of Men's Six Dollar Boots a real Kangaroo Skin Laced Boot, made on the "Princeton" last with a good heavy sole.

There is not much genuine Kangaroo leather used in boots nowadays on account of its scarcity and high price. Some dealers have been known to offer Vici Kid as Kangaroo. The advantage of Kangaroo is that it is as soft as kid, but will not peel, check or become defaced. The last we have had these boots made on will appeal to the man who seeks a modest shapely shoe, devoid of all freakish tendencies.

Waterbury & Rising

King St. Union St. Main St.

SIX
Dollars

COAL!

TELEPHONE N. 2570

The best we know how to buy, carefully prepared and delivered.
Ask For Low Summer Prices
CONSUMERS' COAL CO., Limited
331 Charlotte Street

AMERICAN WOMAN RUNS
UNIQUE FIELD HOSPITAL

Burrage, Belgium, Oct. 8.—(Correspondence)—While rushing through Belgium, three cars full of officers and correspondents stopped at a unique field hospital conducted by Mrs. Mary Borden Turner of Chicago. It is constructed of portable sections, electrically lighted from a plant in a motor-lorry, nine wooden buildings in all, with operating room and X-ray plant, its own laundry, and most of the features of a permanent hospital.

When the party arrived, American ambulance drivers were removing ten men who had recovered sufficiently to be taken to hospitals farther away from the firing line. After a tour of the wards, Mrs. Turner entertained the party at tea in her own little wooden office building, and talked of the work.

"When Dunkirk was bombarded," she said, "my friends at home were worried because we were so much nearer the Germans, but it is so satisfying to be where we can see such results. And these complaining soldiers are splendid. We have 185 here now."

"The only complaining one is a British soldier. He hurt his ankle badly playing football. He said he was ashamed to go back with that kind of injury, so we are letting him stay. As a rule we move farther to the rear all who can go, to make room for those brought from the trenches."

The "War" has not lessened the demand for Diamonds—the reason being, no doubt, that of all commodities "The Diamond" is affected less by business panics or depressions than any other. It is stable. It holds its value, while other classes of merchandise suffer. It is a plant, a safe investment at all times. Our prices have not advanced. We can show you some excellent values.

Ferguson & Page
Diamond Importers and Jewelers
King Street

Clean and Sanitary

Easy to Operate

Rob Dusting Day of Its Drudgery

The old corn-broom, with its flying dust, its wearisome strain on the back from hours of toil by the earlier sweeping methods, has had its day; even the more modern carpet sweeper has been improved, so you have with it a thoroughly practical and durable suction cleaner in the TORRINGTON VACUUM SWEEPER which does more and better work in far less time and is much easier on carpets and rugs. The revolving brush takes up the surface litter, while the powerful bellows removes the introduced dust. A thumb-pressure opens the big, roomy dustpan, and the large, open-throated, wire-framed bag empties at a tap.

Price With Carpet Sweeper Attachment...\$4.50
SEE OUR (LOWER) KING ST. WINDOW

Market Square W. H. Thorne & Co., Ltd. King Street

W. H. Thorne & Co., Ltd.

King Street

ENGLISH WOMEN
GOOD MECHANICS

Clad in Overalls, They Do Work in Munitions Plants Formerly Done by Men

London, Sept. 20.—(Correspondence)—The real movement among women toward filling up gaps in labor in Great Britain is shown in all classes of work, but nowhere more strikingly than in the big munitions iron works.

If any particular kind of working place was considered a year or more ago as sacred to men workers it was the iron works, with its humming lathes, whirling and slapping pulley belts, banging hammers and grating files. The woman worker has not only invaded the iron works but also justified her invasion, and Britain's premier has paid tribute to the excellence of the results.

At a works on the lower reaches of the Thames may be seen seven days a week huge sheds full of women "mechanics." Some are so-called amateurs, who may come to the works every morning in a motor car and others are every day work girls. "Amateurs" and professional draw the same wages, but the "amateurs" wear khaki overalls and caps.

The "setting up" or fixing of cutting tools to the exact width required for the various work is left to men mechanics, but the girl workers would tell you that it is a task any bright girl can learn in a week or two, exact as it is. The trimming and polishing of shells, outer-cases, gauging, the fixing of copper bands, and other processes down to the filling with shrapnel (though not with explosive) are all done by women, just as they were done by men in time gone by.

The girls get just as dirty as the men. Hands, face and overalls alike become smeared with oil. But they do not mind this. They wash after work in a "bath" and you may see them walking homeward later trim and tidy as any class of girl, their overalls hanging loose over their arm like a raincoat.

That woman's work in this new sphere is good and satisfactory is willingly acknowledged by works managers and foremen. Asked if, say, a motor cylinder would offer greater difficulty than a shell to bore, one of these men said, "Hardly any." A woman, then, could go in for ordinary industrial steel work, lathes, lathe work, screw cutting, and the like, just as well as a man.

"Undoubtedly, for the general run of work."

"Is there anything in the statement that women have not the strength for industrial work such as this?"

"That," said the manager, "is the part of the question. Women don't speak of the entry of women into industrial work. They speak of the entry of women into the labor force. Women don't have to be laborers just as a man mechanic does not come to be a laborer."

Ingersoll Cheese is as pure as cheese could possibly be made. Its taste is fresh and delicious.

Baby's Health

When baby cannot have his natural food, greatest care should be taken in choosing a substitute.

Ordinary cow's milk is not a safe food for him; it is acid, contains indigestible curd and is a carrier of disease germs.

By giving Baby the "Allerbury's" Foods, which are free from infection and effectively replace human milk, you will lay a sure foundation for baby's future health and happiness.

Allerbury's Foods
The pure progressive dietary

With Food No. 1. From birth to 3 months. With Food No. 2. From 3 to 6 months. With Food No. 3. From 6 to 12 months.

AUSTRALIANS SUBSCRIBE \$65,000,000 FOR NEW LOAN

Melbourne, Australia, Sept. 11.—(Correspondence)—Much to the gratification of the Australian government the first issue of the Commonwealth popular war loan of \$100,000,000, consisting of \$35,000,000 applications for which expired upon Aug. 31, was largely oversubscribed. On Sept. 8 in the house of representatives, amid cheers from the members the prime minister, Andrew Fisher, read a letter from the governor of the Commonwealth Bank in which the latter announced that the number of applications received for the loan was nearly 1,700 and the total amount applied for was just short of \$600,000,000.

"It is evident," said Mr. Fisher, addressing the house, "that the amount subscribed will be substantially over £18,000,000, which is practically two-thirds of the total amount of the loan."

The Commonwealth Bank and various private banks were large subscribers; to the latter about two insurance companies, the Colonial Sugar Refining Company (the so-called "Trust of Australia") the Broken Hill Proprietary Company (the owner of the extensive silver, zinc and lead mines at Broken Hill and the steel plant at Newcastle) and Sir Samuel McCaughey (the Australian "sheep king").

The terms of the loan which is to be spread over the year in instalments to cause the least disturbance to the Australian money market are considered very favorable and are enhancing its popularity; interest payable at 4 1/2 per cent on the amount of the loan, and the loan is payable to bearer at the option of the Commonwealth Bank and the Commonwealth and state income taxes the documents to be free of commonwealth stamp duty.

The difference in taste lies in the flavor. As the flavor in tea comes from an essential oil, which deteriorates as the tea gets old, it is necessary for you to buy only fresh well-packed tea in order to be sure of getting good flavor. "SALADA" tea, by reason of the enormous sales, is always fresh and therefore delicious.

Stores Open 8.30, Close 6 O'clock; Saturdays 10 p. m.

Ladies' and Misses' New Kid Gloves

When you purchase gloves it is important to consider quality and service, and both are found in good measure in the gloves we sell. Our full assortments are now ready and comprise only the most reliable kinds.

REYNIE, PERIN'S AND DENT'S GLOVES—In all the popular shades; also black and white, with self and black stitching. Pair \$1.00 to \$2.00

WASHABLE DOE GLOVES—One and two-buttons, white or natural, self or black stitching. Pair \$1.25 to \$1.50

CHAMOISETTE GLOVES—White with white points, white with black points. Pair 65c. to 85c.

MISSIE'S CAPE GLOVES. BOYS' CAPE GLOVES
GLOVE DEPARTMENT—FRONT STORE

Warm Bed Coverings



There will be many a home where extra warm Blankets and Quilts will be appreciated when the cold weather comes in earnest, and our immense assortments comprising a wide range of qualities will be interesting, especially as they express splendid value at every price.

WHITE WOOL BLANKETS—Large variety of qualities and sizes, with pretty pink or blue borders. Pair \$4.45, \$4.65, \$6.20, \$7.20, \$7.75 to \$10.50

WOOL CAMPING AND OUTING BLANKETS—In grey with stripe borders. Pair \$1.75 and \$2.25

Also Our Special Quality ENGLISH BLANKETS—In grey. Pair \$2.90 and \$3.25

HUDSON BAY BLANKETS—The sportsman's blanket, in red, blue, brown, grey. Pair \$7.20, \$7.75, \$8.20 to \$11.50

CORTEX VELOUR BLANKETS—Very warm and comfortable, beautifully finished, splendid for camping or home use, in fawn, tan and grey. Two sizes. Each \$2.25 and \$3.00

COTTON BLANKETS—Eiderdown finish, check designs, very pretty colorings, in greys, blues and pink checks. Pair \$2.50

COTTON FLEECE BLANKETS—In white or grey with pink or blue borders. Pair \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.70

BED COMFORTABLES—Turkey Chintz Coverings. Each \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.25

BED COMFORTABLES—Our own make, covered with very pretty designs in Art Sateen, filled with purest white cotton. Each \$3.00, \$3.25, \$4.50

BED COMFORTABLES—Our own make, covered with choice designs in Art Silkoline, filled with purest white cotton, extra large sizes. Each \$3.25

HOUSE FURNISHINGS DEPT.—SECOND FLOOR

Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited

Good Things for Breakfast

Luscious Florida Grape Fruit, large size, 2 for 25c.
Selected Stinky Breakfast Bacon, machine sliced, 30c. a lb.
New Western Grey Buckwheat, 6c. a lb.
Pure Maple Syrup, 40c. a bottle
Philips' Special Coffee, fresh ground, 40c. a lb.

PHILIPS' Douglas Ave. and Main St.
Phone Main 886

Ask Your Jeweler

Your jeweler is an expert on watches. Go to him and ask his advice. He has been studying watches for many years. Ask him about

Waltham Watches

He will know all about our wonderful Factory, the largest in the world, and the birth place of most watch improvements in the last fifty years. He will tell you how reliable, what genuinely fine instruments Waltham Watches are, and he will show you how much more satisfactory it is to own a really good watch than one of the flimsy kind of which there are so many.

If you will send us your name and address, we will gladly mail you free our new Waltham booklet.

Waltham Watch Company
Canada Life Bldg., St. James St., Montreal

Waltham Watches

We keep in stock at all times a complete line of the above watches, including the Ladies' Convertible Wrist Watch.

Ferguson & Page
King Street

MONOTONOUS BUT DEADLY BUSINESS

What Trench Fighting is Really Like

ONLY ONCE IN A WHILE

But Conflict is Fierce When it Does Come—Trench Homes Cross Between Furrow and Apartment House

At the time of the last great Russian retreat it was observed that, whereas on the western front the allies advanced by inches, on the eastern front they retreated by miles. There has been no war in ancient or modern history where advance was so difficult as it is against the Germans in France or Flanders; and those who have not grasped the situation are disposed to wax facetious at the reports of the French War Office to the effect that upon a front of one hundred yards two trenches were captured and a couple of hundred prisoners on one side or the other matter little in this great conflict; but the gain of a hundred yards of trenches may effect the whole front, and may indeed be the beginning of a terrific battle that will engage millions of troops. A member of the American ambulance corps who has been serving in France has written home one of the most vivid accounts of trench warfare that we have come across.

At the Front of the Front.

While there are no two actions exactly alike, the process by which trenches are taken does not greatly vary, except in the length and intensity of the artillery fire that always precedes the infantry attack and the strength of the resistance, which depends to some extent upon the work of the artillery. It should be borne in mind that along four or five hundred miles of battle front extending from the English Channel to Switzerland the German armies and the armies of Britain, France and Belgium face each other from trenches. There they have spent the past year, fighting sometimes, but just as often playing cards or writing letters home. Being their permanent homes, the trenches have been improved until some of them are a cross between an apartment house and a furrow. As a rule, however, the first line trenches, those

that are in the front of the front, and probably not more than forty yards from the enemy, are built for use rather than for comfort.

The Overture.

Here the rival armies crouch behind concrete breastworks and bags of sand, which are placed every yard or so by steel plates, which have slits through which the muzzle of a rifle may be poked. The German trenches are the same. Should a man show himself on either side he is likely to be shot, for the marksmanship at the front is very good and the range close. The monotony of constant watching is broken occasionally by an attack. It is made almost invariably at night or in the early hours of the morning. If the attack is to be made at 8 a. m., the preliminaries begin about midnight, when the artillery placed far in the rear begins the work of demolishing the section of trenches to be destroyed.

It is said that the famous French 75 guns can be trained within a yard or two, and not many of their shells fall wide. After a bombardment lasting from half an hour to three hours, which is answered by the German guns, directed upon the French trenches which contain the troops the Germans know are about to make a dash, the soldiers, pushing aside the sandbags, emerge.

Across the Deadline.

They do not form in line and make a picturesque race across the forty yards that intervene between the trenches. However level the ground might have been before the war began, it is now pretty sure to be deeply pitted by shells, and the men advance for the most part on hands and knees. In the meantime searchlights are playing upon them, and the French guns are playing upon the searchlights. The Germans drop explosives

live flares, and as they illumine every inch of debatable ground, the attackers drop to the earth until the light dies down. Thus halting and advancing they make their way to the German trenches. If the artillery has done the work expected of it, the task of capturing the small salient that was the object of the attack is an easy one. The Germans in the trenches were either killed or wounded, or they were so nerve-racked by the terrific cannonade that they held up their arms and beg their "kammerads" not to kill them.

Reversing the Trenches.

As soon as the trench is captured, the prisoners are sent to the rear and preparations are made to repulse the counter-attack that is almost certain to follow. The trench is reversed, that is to say, its unfortified rear is strengthened by sandbags, while its concrete front is demolished, and if there is time barred wire entanglements are arranged in expectation of the German attack. In the meantime the 75 guns have lengthened their range and are firing at the German second and third line trenches with the idea of breaking up a counter-attack before it can be launched. Similarly the range of the German guns has been altered, and they are firing upon the trenches that were formerly in their hands. The German infantry is busy in cutting off the connection of their lost trenches with the other trenches in their possession, for if they failed to do this, what began as an attack upon a few hundred yards might develop into an action that would threaten the whole front. The work is monotonous in its regularity. It is deadly to those engaged in it, and the whole conduct of the war depends upon it.

An Imperial family pass for a year is one of the prizes in the patriotic drawing.

PURITY FLOUR

is a thirsty flour. It is so strong that it takes up a great deal more water. It therefore makes

More Bread and Better Bread

Buy it and see for yourself.