|   |        | Stage<br>Road. | Steam<br>Navi-<br>gation. | Rise. |
|---|--------|----------------|---------------------------|-------|
| Section.  | Miles. | Miles.         | Miles.                    | Feet. |
| height of land and gained the watershed of<br>the Pacific. The ascent had been so gradual<br>and imperceptible, that, until we had the<br>evidence of the water flow, we had no sus-  | • •    | 336            | 2120                      | 2832  |
| picion that we were even near the dividing ridge."  | 22     |                | ••                        | 300   |
| Total rise above Lake Winipeg   |        | .,,            |                           | 3132  |
|   |        |                |                           | Fall. |
| Thence across the summit, 3 miles, and along<br>the north side of Cowdung Lake [about 7<br>miles long and 1 mile wide]  | . 10   |                |                           | , 50  |
| Then across Moose River, joining and follow-<br>ing the Fraser for 8 miles  | 8      |                |                           | 300   |
| Then along the north shore of Moose Lake [15 miles long] through an open country  | 15     |                |                           | 10    |
| Then along the Fraser, partly between cliffs of clate rock, to the North Fork, and 10 miles beyond, in all 25 miles, to opposite the Tête   |        |                |                           |       |
| Jaune Cache Thence along the Fraser north to the Rapide   | 25     | ••             | ••                        | 900   |
| des Fourneaux, reputed Head of Navigation<br>N.B.—Rich gold prospects are said to have  | 10     | ••             | ••                        | 90    |
| been found about 35 miles below this Rapid. Total length of Tete Jaune Pass   | 90     | 90             |                           |       |
| 16 From the Rapide des Fourneaux down the Fraser and past the Long Rapid to Fort George. The Long Rapid may be about 70 miles below the Rapide des Fourneaux. Some of the boulders, it is said, might result to the said of the content to the said of the said.  |        |                |                           | -     |
| quire blasting whon the waters are at the lowest, in order to clear the channel   | 187    |                | .,                        | 635   |
| N.B.—The portion of the Fraser, between Bear River and Fort George, waters a rich, open country, fully 80 miles in length, and extending many miles back on each side of the river: with a climate milder than that of Canada, and capable of raising wheat or any other kind of crops. The river itself is not less than 6 feet deep in the shallowest parts, and 500 feet wide where narrowest, and the current is slow, more like a lake than a river. From Fort George, past the Isle des Pierres |        |                |                           |       |
| or Stone Rapid, and the Grand Rapid, to the Mouth of Quesnelle River, 1,490 feet above the sea  |        |                |                           | 285   |
| The Isle des Pierres Rapid is about 20 miles below Fort George, and only awkward when the waters are very high. The Grand Rapid is 19 miles above the mouth of the Quesnelle, and much more rapid, but straight, and it is believed, on good authority, can be sur-   | . ,    |                | •                         | 200   |