Niagara, and the Chaudiere Falls, second only to the great cataract; Ste. Anne de Beaupre, for two centuries and a half the Mecca of thousands of devout pilgrims seeking restoration of health at the sacred shrine, where a magnificent edifice, raised to the dignity of a Basilica by Pope Pious IX., has been erected, and which is reached by a short railway trip; Beauport bombarded by Wolfe in



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Beauport bombarded by Wolfe in 1759; Lorette, an Indian village, where the remnant of the once powerful tribe of Hurons is located; Levis, across the St. Lawrence, where there are large military forts and engineers' camps; and many picturesque villages which dot the landscape and where the curious primitive customs of the early French settlers still prevail.

To meet the requirements of the annually increasing volume of tourist travel, there was recently erected at the base of the citadel a magnificent fire-proof hotel, the Chateau Frontenac, a stately sevenstory structure, erected after the style of the French chateaux of sixteenth century, but of course embracing nineteenth century ideas of spaciousness, convenience and elegance. Over one million judiciously spent dollars have given the world this marvel of architecture. Crowning the cliff, on which the famed Dufferin

Terrace stretches its great length—the longest promenade known—hundreds of feet above the St. Lawrence and the Lower Town, the perspective of the city, stream and landscape seen from the windows of this unique hotel is magnificent—a scene of both historic fame and majestic grandeur—a view of mountain, valley, river and island, from an elevation such as no other city boasts. The Chateau itself impresses the beholder as so fitting in its adaptiveness to the picturesque surroundings of having always been part and parcel of the granite