

FINAL ACT (AND RELATED DOCUMENTS) OF THE UNITED NATIONS CONFERENCE FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF AN EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANISATION HELD IN LONDON FROM THE 1st TO THE 16th NOVEMBER, 1945.

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FINAL ACT

The Conference for the Establishment of an Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation of the United Nations was convened by the Government of the United Kingdom in association with the Government of France. The invitations were sent out in accordance with the recommendation of the Conference of San Francisco and upon the request of the Conference of the Allied Ministers of Education, in order to promote the aims set out in Article I, Paragraph 3 of the Charter of the United Nations. The Conference met in London from the 1st to the 16th November, 1945.

The Governments of the following countries were represented at the Conference by Delegates and Advisers:

Argentine Republic	France	Peru
Australia	Greece	Philippines (The)
Belgium	Guatemala	Poland
Bolivia	Haiti	Saudi Arabia
Brazil	India	Syria
Canada	Iran	Turkey
Chile	Iraq	Union of South Africa
China	Lebanon	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
Colombia	Liberia	Ireland
Cuba	Luxembourg	United States of America
Czecho-Slovakia	Mexico	Uruguay
Denmark	Netherlands (The)	Venezuela (represented by an Observer)
Dominican Republic	New Zealand	Yugoslavia.
Ecuador	Nicaragua	
El Salvador	Norway	
Egypt	Panama	

The following international organisations were also represented by Observers:

- International Labour Organisation
- League of Nations Secretariat
- League of Nations Committee on Intellectual Cooperation
- Pan-American Union
- United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration (U.N.R.R.A.)
- International Bureau of Education.

The Conference had before it, and adopted as its basis of discussion a draft Constitution prepared by the Conference of Allied Ministers of Education. It likewise had before it a draft Constitution prepared by the French Government. A number of proposals put forward by other Governments and by various bodies and organisations were also before the Conference.