overseas production of components for North American vehicles.

1.2 Canadian Trade, Technology and Investment Flows with the EC

a) Trade Overview

Canada's automotive trade with the European Community, as with Japan, runs a chronic deficit. In 1988, \$242 million worth of automotive products were exported from Canada to the European Community, while imports were valued at \$1.35 billion, yielding a negative balance of \$1.1 billion (see Table 1).

b) Assembled Vehicles Trade

The fundamental reason for the continuing automotive trade deficit is the significant level of European passenger

car imports into Canada (though the oncedominant position of EC manufacturers in
the Canadian import market was lost to
the Japanese during the 1970s). Because
of Canada's close integration into the
U.S. automotive market, exports of
Canadian-built cars and trucks to the EC
countries have been minimal. Canada
exported \$154 million worth of assembled
vehicles to nine EC countries (excluding
Greece, Spain and Portugal) in 1988 while
drawing in imports valued at
\$709 million, yielding a deficit of
\$555 million.

Canada actually registered a surplus of \$57 million in trucks with exports of \$70 million versus imports of \$13 million. However, passenger car exports of \$56 million were dwarfed by imports of \$671 million, which yielded a deficit of \$615 million.

TABLE 1

Canada-EC* Automotive Trade, 1988
(in thousands of dollars)

Engines and engine parts	Exports		Imports		Balance			
	7	745		167	501	-	159	756
Other parts	80	711		479	045	-	398	334
Total parts	88	456		646	546	-	558	090
Passenger cars	56	349		671	059	_	614	710
Trucks	69	799		12	972	+	56	827
Other vehicles	27	428		24	602	+	2	826
Total vehicles	153	526		708	633	-	555	257
Grand Total	242	032	1	355	179	-1	113	147

Source: Statistics Canada.

^{*} Excludes Greece, Spain, and Portugal.