practice in Toronto, and was a member of the staff on the old Toronto School of Medicine. Subsequently he became a lecturer in Trinity Medical College. He was surgeon to the Toronto, Grey and Bruce, and the Grand Trunk railways, and to the Royal Engineers, and was on the staff of the General Hospital.

Kennedy at one time did an enormous amount of surgery. At this time he was a brilliant and fearless operator, popular with the students, loved by his patients, and respected by his friends.

Frederick W. Strange came to Canada from England in 1869, and began practice in Aurora, where for seven years he enjoyed a very lucrative practice. He removed to Toronto in 1876, and soon had a large practice. He represented North York from 1878 to 1882 in the Dominion Parliament. At one time he was Captain of the 12th York Rangers, and afterwards of the Queen's Own, and for many years before his death was surgeon to "C" Company, in which capacity he served during the North-West Rebellion of 1885.

He was for a number of years surgeon to the General Hospital and did a large general practice. We all remember Strange as a man of prepossessing appearance and a fine physique.

Upon looking back on the old days one cannot but regret that a man of such evident ability did practically nothing for the advancement of surgery in this country. He died suddenly, June 5th, 1897, and was buried with military honors, regretted by many

of his old patients and friends.

Richard Zimmerman, M.D., M.R.C.S., was born at Clifton in 1851. "Dick," as he was familiarly called by his associates, entered the Toronto School of Medicine in 1868, and took the annual examinations in the University of Toronto, at each of which his name headed the lists in every subject, and at the end of his course he was awarded the University and the Starr gold He went to England, and was soon after appointed resident at St. Thomas's Hospital. Returning to Toronto in 1874, he commenced practice with very bright prospects. was made Demonstrator of Normal and Pathological Histology in the old Toronto School, and Pathologist to the Toronto General Mospital. He was a surgeon of no mean repute, and a brilliant career was prophesied for him, but it was not to be, and he was cut off in the very prime of life in February, 1888. Prof. Osler, of Baltimore, in writing to Toronto after his death, speaks of him thus: "So poor old Dick is dead—peace to his ashes! He was a good, kind friend, one of my earliest; for it is close upon twenty years since we entered the Toronto School of Medicine together."

To Dr. Wm. Canniff's "Medical Profession in Canada," from which I have quoted freely, Dr. H. Scadding's "Toronto of Old." to old files of the Canadian Journal of Science, the Canada Lancet, Canadian Practitioner, Canadian Journal of Medicine and