SOME OF THE RAPER PLANTS OF WELLINGTON COUNTY, ONT.

Collected by A. B. Klugh.

AZPHRODIUM BOOTTII. Very rare. One plant only found, in a cedar swamp near Guelph, Ont. June 28, 1903.

ASPLENIUM VIRIDIS. Rare. Moist mossy rocks near Guelph, July 6, 1903.

MUHLENBERGIA SYLVATICA. Common in places along the River Speed, near Guelph.

Sporobolus Vaginæflorus. Abundant along roadsides throughout the southern half of Wellington Co.

ARRHENATHERUM AVENACEUM. Roadsides south of Guelph.

Poa alsodes. Fairly common in woods south of Guelph. This is not the type of alsodes but a glabrous-glumed form with few and long branches, thus somewhat approaching P. debilis, but distinguished from that species by the very acute flowering glumes and the longer and broader leaves.

Puccinellia distans. Along roadsides south of Guelph.

AGROPYRUM CANINUM. Common in some thickets south of Guelph.

Arethusa Bulbosa. Fairly common in an open bog south of Guelph.

ORCHIS ROTUNDIFOLIA. Frequent in a bog south of Guelph.

HABENARIA TRIDENTATA. Frequent in an open bog south of Guelph.

HABENARIA LACERA. Common in an open bog south of Guelph.

SALIX AMYGDALOIDES. Very common in Wellington Co. and wherever I have been in southern and south-central Ontario. In the southern portion of Wellington Co. it outnumbers S. nigra twenty to one. Usually passed over for S. nigra, but easily distinguished by the leaves being glaucous beneath instead of bright green as in S. nigra.

SALIX SERISSIMA. Fern. Rather scarce in southern Welling-