

OUR TERMS FOR 1853 ARE AS FOLLOWS,

This paper will be issued on TUESDAY, WEEKLY during the year. It will contain eight pages—two last being devoted to advertisements and will give of the news of the day, political and otherwise. Subscription price for 1853 5s 6d in advance. Or within one month after subscribing 7s 6d currency. If not so paid at the end of the year the above price will be the rate. Half yearly subscribers will be taken at the above price, provided it be distinctly understood the subscription was not taken to be a half yearly one. All subscriptions must end with the year. No paper will be discontinued unless at the option of the publisher, until the subscription price is paid up. No paper after the known receipt and detention of the first number will be stopped without payment for the current year. New agents sending six new subscribers with their subscriptions or guaranteeing due payment shall receive a copy gratis. Old agents sending 10 old subscribers or 10 partly old and partly new with the money or a guarantee, shall receive a copy gratis. The club system at year end not please well owing to the postage. Upon consideration we have concluded to send to clubs if any of our friends wish to form them upon these terms—5 copies for \$11 10s 6d; 10 copies for \$21 10s 6d; 20 copies for \$38 10s 6d; 30 copies for \$53 10s 6d. In such cases the money must be paid down and the paper put in one post box and addressed to one person in all cases, otherwise the full charge will be made. Advertisements inserted at reasonable rates. All postages must be paid and communications addressed to C. Durand Ed. Tor., Toronto, C. W.

EPITOME OF NEWS, DOMESTIC & FOREIGN.

PERSIA.—The following extraordinary news comes via Constantinople.—A letter from Erzeroum, dated June 3, mentions that four cantonments had occurred in Persia—mardians and cholera at Teheran, locusts at Ispahan, and a terrible earthquake at Shiraz and Cashan. At the former place 12,000 to 15,000 persons were said to have been killed by an earthquake during the night, and the pestilence arose from their unburied corpses. Last accounts from Teheran say the cholera was decreasing. The British mission had, as a measure of precaution, moved to the hills. Constantinople letters, mentioning that the Shah had sent an envoy offering to assist the Porte, say that the Persian army is of considerable strength, comprising twenty regiments of regular infantry, with several of light cavalry, officered and disciplined by Europeans, mostly Italians who took part in the defence of Venice, and since 1849 have been in the Persian service. The army owes much of its efficiency to the genius of a young man, Hussin Khrouli, educated at the French Military College of St. Cyr, and now chief aide-de-camp to the Shah. Turkey has it seems in Constantinople only about 120,000 troops. All classes, however, are assisting to arm and giving horses and other things to help to carry on the war. The French and English fleets consist of 28 war vessels. In England a military camp of 10,000 men has been formed for inspection. It seems Lord John Russell and several of the Queen's Ministry attended a drawing room held by Mrs. Stowe, and that the Queen has remonstrated with them on the subject. Also, that she refused to receive Mrs. Stowe at her levee. If this be true it is certainly a piece of PATRIOTIC NATIONAL COURTESY, to please Southern slaveholders, which is anything but wise on the part of the Queen. Mrs. Stowe does not appear in England in a political way, but merely as an authoress. The Leader approves of the Queen's conduct; not surprising, for the conductor cares little for principle. The slavery of the South with him is justifiable. A city is to be built at the Falls of Niagara, and extensive manufactures started, to be carried on by means of a canal round the Falls. THE CORONER'S JURY has brought in a verdict at Montreal, and as was expected, it is one quite unsatisfactory to the Jury agreeing as to nothing shielding the Mayor and soldiers, and none of them, the Protestants, charging the Mayor and troops with murder. Thus is crime in Canada covered up, and murder goes unpunished. Let us talk no more of riots and the corrupt administration of justice in the United States. Let us look at our own society. The Crystal Palace exhibition at New York, so far, has turned out poorly. Lord Eildesire was not present. It may do better, however, during the month. Sir James Stuart, Chief Justice of the highest court of Lower Canada, is dead, and it is thought that Mr Lafontaine will take his place. If he does not, Mr Drummond will. The military authorities of Lower Canada have instituted a court martial to examine into the conduct of the officers and troops at Montreal. At a late meeting of the Upper Canada Medical Board, eighteen students applied to be admitted to practice, and ten were rejected and eight admitted. Among the successful ones we are glad to see the name of a worthy young man, Mr Egerton Griffin, 111 of Waterdown. A serious accident occurred on the Northern railway, whilst it was proceeding to Bradford on Sunday last. On one of the most dangerous banks the engine struck a cow that was on the track, which had the effect of throwing off the passenger train, and injuring two or three of the passengers. This accident was careless. A good look-out should always be kept for such things. It is said that the Hamilton people are going to charter another boat to put on the Hamilton route in place of the Queen of the West. The Toronto and Hamilton railroad, as now surveyed, will be commenced in a few weeks. The Northern railway runs two trains each day—two from Bradford to Toronto, and two from Toronto to Bradford. New wheat was harvested about Galt on the 15th inst. The Corporation of Toronto have made themselves very silly by voting a dunder to Mr. Hucks, which he has very properly, in the way it was intended, refused. It was a silly move any way. The Water-Bo-Berlin dinner came off according to notice. Messrs. Hucks, Rolph, Morin and Drummond were present. Speeches were made and the usual round of toasts given, and then a set of the MOST SICKENING TOADY resolutions complimentary of the members present. All this was done by a set of miserable office-seekers. We do not mean to say that the Ministry have done some things which are laudable, but we mean to say, as a citizen of Canada, and one of its uniform reformers, that they have trampled upon their former professions, and effectually sold Protestant Upper Canada to Catholic Lower Canada, and for this act they are despicable. It is said the Emperor of France has a disease which will kill him within a year. Prussia is neutral in the Turkish war. A public meeting was held at Almack's, London England, at which the Earl of Shaftesbury presided, and at which the Rev. Mr. Ward (late of Toronto) spoke at length; also Judge Hailburton of Nova Scotia spoke, rather coldly, in order to establish a negro college in the Island of Bermuda. Does this not look a little like building a negro seminary to insult the Southern States? Be that as it may, we say let the negro be educated as well as the white man. Why should any human creature be kept in ignorance? Mazzini is said to be in Italy, and Italy is said to be very much disturbed in view of a war in the East. THE ENEMIES OF THE MAINE LAW in New Brunswick, lately blew up a Temperance Hall with gunpowder, to spite the Temperance people. Poor creatures this is their only argument. Ignorance and force go together. This is like the arguments of the Irish Catholics towards Gavazzi at Quebec. "WE CAN'T DISPROVE WHAT HE SAYS, therefore we will kill or gag him." The Peterboro Review of the 10th inst. contains another long well written article on the intolerance of Catholics. We begin to think this paper is made of the stout stuff. Keep on so brother and you will do well. A Romish Virgin Mary has sprung up in Italy and is working miracles. Polsh, Hungarian, and Italian refugees have offered their services to Turkey, but she prefers English and French officers. It is said an intense excitement exists among the Mahomedans in anticipation of an invasion by Russia. Even Arabia will turn out her hosts against him. Persia has sent an envoy to Turkey to consult with a view of assistance. Van Buren is at Birmingham in England. A strange but destructive earthquake has occurred in Persia, which destroyed the city of Shiraz and 12,000 inhabitants, and the stretch of whose waters had caused a plague. ON THE 13th APRIL LAST 30,000 RUSSIANS were defeated by Schamyl, the Circassian General, with great slaughter. 23 cannon were taken, and a complete rout took place. Many Polish Regiments deserted. The Circassians are a strange and brave people, and it seems frustrate Russia to all her attempts to conquer. The crops in Ireland seem to be very good. The Franklin Steamer from England brings intelligence that the Russian army had crossed the Parth and occupied the Turkish Provinces of Moldavia and Wallachia—here is war commenced. In the meantime France and England, poor things! are wondering at the audacity of Russia. To their eternal disgrace be it said they saw Hungary and Poland sacrificed because they dared not interfere, and now Turkey will go in the same way. If then Persia and Egypt—finally India. Why do they not take a bold stand and at once blockade every Russian port, and blow every navy into atoms? A great Chartist demonstration has just taken place in England, 200,000 Chartists assembled in the North of England to celebrate the

death of one of their leaders. Speeches and resolutions were made and passed. The Steamer Arabia went from New York to Liverpool lately in 9 days and 16 hours. Montreal and the city of Portland are now joined by railway. A great German indignation meeting has been held in Cincinnati, respecting a spy sent out by the King of Wurttemberg—a Dr. Jauchius. Fears of a riot were rife in Louisville, owing to a man preaching against the Catholic Church in that city. In Austria the Countess of Bismarck Teliki has been sentenced to two years imprisonment, for holding communications with exiled patriots. More women punished by Austria? It seems the British Ministry are divided on the Russian and Turkish war. Riots had occurred at Smyrna on account of the arrest of spies of Kosuth in that Island. Mr. Brunell, Superintendent of the Northern Railway, denies that any fault can be imputed to the Railway on account of the accident. Very little injury was done. Neal Dow lectured in Kingston and was well received, the Herald speaks highly of his remarks. The Mayor presided on the occasion. A large Soiree was held at Milton, Esquimaux, a short time since. Seven speakers spoke there. There is to be a Grand Union meeting of all the Divisions in the vicinity of Kempsville soon. A Union of Daughters has been organized at Oakville. The Yonge Street Division has surrendered its Charter—divisions occurring among them. Neal Dow was very well received at Bellevue, Dr. Holden occupied the chair, and the attendance was large. LATEST ITEMS OF NEWS.—A distressing loss of lives has just occurred at the Falls. Three men passed over the Falls last week. It is supposed they were asleep in a scow, which came too near the rapids. Two of them went over in the boat, and one of them leaped out and was discovered clinging to a stump near the shore, and adjacent to Goat Island. In this situation he remained 21 hours. Many efforts were made to save him, but in vain. A life-boat from Buffalo was brought down, but it got fast in the rocks. He swam, after being detached from the stump, within fifty feet of the shore, and then was swept over, giving a hideous shriek as he went over. His name was Avery, an American. It is said to have been awful exciting to see the efforts made to save, and at last to see the poor creature lost. Jesse DeLong has been nominated the reform candidate for Leeds. Also, Mr. Denant on the same side, and Mr. Ormond Jones is the conservative candidate. Mr. DeLong we should pronounce to be a lummer on the reform side, and if the people of Upper Canada have not already got enough of humbugs of this kind in the shape of members of Parliament, they should vote for him. He thinks the enactment of the Maine law, too, a mere question of time. It may be said Mr. Jones is worse—if so, vote for neither. There is to be a large state temperance convention in Virginia on the 3rd of August next. Mayor Wilson of Montreal being conscience-stricken, has left Montreal, and Alderman Atwater has been appointed Mayor in his place. A Norwegian emigrant coming up the lake Ontario on the Arabia a few days ago, jumped overboard and drowned himself. He had 100 gold pieces in his possession. Maurice O'Connell, Esq. of Ireland, the late Daniel O'Connell's eldest son, is dead. There is a Daniel O'Connell, a younger son, living. At the Orange procession, which numbered 2000, at Bonanville, three cheers were given for George Brown of the defence of Protestantism. Two persons have been lately killed in Canada, one in Reach and one near Port Hope, by carelessly carrying firearms. It is in contemplation to give George Brown a great Protestant dinner in Toronto.

Agricultural.

THE COTTAGE HOME.

I dreamed a dream the other night When all around was still, I thought I saw my cottage white, Beside my flowing rill. The grass-plot green before the door, The porch with vines overgrown— As lovely as they were before. When that cottage was my own, O Rumseller! that home, that home of mine, That pleasant home, that happy home, That cottage home was mine. The gravel walk so white and straight, With fl. w. on each side, That led down to the wicket gate Where Will-o'-the-wisp might tread. The locust tree that grew so true, The willow that the wind used to— All told me with a tale most true That there my Mary played. O Rumseller! &c. The silver lake so dim and clear, Along whose banks I've strayed So often with my Lucy dear, To watch the sunlight feed. The jenny stream that sweetly run The garden foot along, The humming-bird as bright as they All ring the morning song. O Rumseller! &c. The window towards the garden gate, That looked out to the West, Where that loved being used to wait Who made my heart so blest. Was closed, the sombre curtain hung, Nor voice, the evening song that I heard, Or breath of the evening prayer O Rumseller! &c. Silence hark, round that happy home, Who re once so light and free, My laughing children used to come And dance around my knee. And she who was my home's delight, In constant beauty shone Around the cheerful hearth stone bright. Now all is cold and lone O Rumseller! &c. But that loved wife has gone to rest, In death her heart is laid, Her babe, she sleeping on her breast, Beasts with your grassy mead, And I am wand'ring lone and strange— No music of my will. The cottage home of mine is changed To a hut beyond the still. O Rumseller! &c.

THE WEATHER during the fore part of last week was quite cool, especially at night. On Thursday, Friday and Saturday, on the other hand, it was very warm, the thermometer rising to 76 and even 90 in the shade. At Bradford on Lake Simcoe the thermometer was 86 in the shade. It has been very dry for the last ten days past, occasioning considerable damage to spring crops. The wheat harvest is now proceeding all over this county, and is, we are happy to say, very productive. Sunday was intensely warm, on Monday there was a fine shower.

NORTHERN RAILWAY TO BRADFORD.—For the first time we passed over this road on Friday last by the express train at eight o'clock A.M., reaching Bradford at half-past ten o'clock. On returning, left Newmarket at half-past seven o'clock, and arrived in Toronto at ten o'clock. The journey is a pleasant one—the cars run very steady, and the greatest care as well as politeness are observable in the conductors. There were seven passengers in the morning express train, and about fifty came down in the morning accommodation train. The stations are at Bradford, the Western terminus—Newmarket—Metcalf's Corners—King—Richmond Hill—Thornhill and Toronto the Southern terminus. The cars stop about ten minutes at each station. Fare to Bradford 4s. 4d.—half price for children under twelve years. This road took in lately in one week £500 for passenger money, and it will probably average through the year £400, perhaps more. The road so far has been perfectly successful—the stock, it is said, is becoming in demand. It will be of incalculable benefit to the country in rear of Toronto, and to the County of Simcoe. The road will be finished to Barrie in September.

ANTIDOTE FOR THE YELLOW FEVER.—The Port of Spain Gazette says that their attention has been called by a friend to the very great reputation enjoyed by a certain plant common in this island (and to be found also in swampy places in Trinidad), in the cure of yellow fever. The plant in question is said to be a kind of sedge rush known here as the Adue, and more properly called Adue Cyprus. In Linnæus's "Hortus Jamaicensis" will be found the following surprising account of its efficacy in cases of yellow fever.—"The following account of the virtues of the Adue, or Anti-emetic grass, is from the manuscript of Mr. Robert Gowan, member of the Royal College of Physicians in London:—"The discovery of its surprising properties was made by Dr. Howell, of Jamaica, in checking and restraining black vomit in yellow fever. A strong decoction or infusion of this plant is as much a specific restraining vomit in yellow fever as the Peruvian bark in cure of remittents. It gives out its virtues in water, in decoction, or warm infusion, to be taken when cold—when it assumes the color of Madeira wine. It grows by rivers or marshy lands, rises two and a half foot high, resembles the sedge or bulrush; its leaf like grass or sedge of a large, coarse kind, and has a ridge on the bark, which, when dry, cracks into two parts. The roots are much like the serpentaria, or snake root, fibrous, bushy and matted. The seeds are like grass, but placed in little bushes or clusters at the top of the stalk. The first teacup full of the decoction represses the vomiting, and the second or third cures. By experiments made on the use of the different parts of the plant, it is found that the strongest is made by boiling the whole plant, cut or sliced, roots, seeds, leaves and stem, altogether. The quantity is two handfuls in three pints, boiled to the evaporation of one-third." The Port of Spain Gazette observes:—"We are informed by Mr. Pardee, the Government Botanist, that this plant is to be found growing plentifully in the swamp at Cocouite, as also in the swampy lands to the eastward of the town, and that he is quite ready to point it out to any medical man who is desirous of testing its virtues; as, independent of its alleged efficacy in yellow fever, it is also described as cordial, diuretic and cathartic—serviceable in the first stages of the dropsy—good in vomiting fluxes, &c. We really think our medical men will do well to give it a trial, with a view of enrolling it in our local Pharmacopoeia.

AGENTS FOR 1853.

The following persons are now our only authorised local agents in Canada West and East. Any person sending us six new names for half yearly subscribers, to end in December, will receive the seventh copy gratis—half-yearly subscribers 2s 6d each, if paid in advance, otherwise 3s. 9d. Persons not paying, responsible agents must guarantee payment at the end of the year. If half-yearly subscribers do not pay at the end of the year, and their subscriptions have to be collected by sending for the same, \$1 will be charged in all cases. This paper is weekly, and the half year commences with the first week in July. Local agents now appointed, and new agents, will oblige by an immediate canvass for this paper in all their Divisions and among the community generally. Dozens would subscribe upon being asked to do so—half a dollar or 3s 9d. for a paper six months is absolutely nothing as compared with the value received. Toronto, July 7th, 1853.

- C. W. Robinson, Woodstock—William Hill, North Williamsburgh—John Q. Brond, Brantford—John Typer, Cumminsville—Robert Baimar, Oakville—J. H. Sanders, Wellington Square—John Dunlop, Dundas—Reed Baker, Waterdown—John Clinton, Perseverance Division, Blenheim—M. Shaver, Glanford—H. A. Graham, Central Tactalgar—J. B. Crowe, Pelham—J. Rapelge, Chippewa—Robert Conner, Niagara—George Gilmore, Brantville—George Davison, St. Vincent—Dr. Powell, Cobourg—James Chint, Cornwall—C. Leggo, Brockville—John Vert, Lambton—James Fraser, Bytown—Wm. Hargraft, Ottawa—R. M. Stephens, Port Dover—William McClellan, Middleton—William McCarty, Fergus—Wm. H. Carney, Owen Sound—Alonzo Sweet, Walpole—S. J. Lancaster, Lobo—John Murdock, Asiner, Elgin—S. Newcomb, Vienna—J. Russell, North Gower—L. D. Marks, Burford—Charles Taylor, Port Sarnia—C. J. Johnson, Otterville—J. W. Coulson, Guelph—George Graham, Richmond Hill—Felix Lawrence, Orangeville—D. D. Hay, Innisfil—Wm. Hambly, Nobleton—J. Bowman, Alske Division—E. B. Buder, Kienberg—James Shaw, Port Credit—Joshua Vannan, Georgetown—Thomas Wilson, Markham Village—Moxam Jones, Stouffville—D. G. Wilson, Duffin's Creek—John Boyd, Oshawa—Elizur Hard, Newtown—John Nott, Prince Albert—Rev. Mr. Christie, Bowmanville—C. S. Powers, Newcastle—Robinson Rutherford, Peterboro—G. C. Choate, Warsaw—Wm. H. Fannin, Kempsville—Wm. Rudenok, Kingston—Dr. Thomas Ashton, Bath—Francis Finn, Scarborough—Josiah Purkiss, Thornhill—Leonard Tuttle and W. H. Finney, Colborne—John Ballard, Montreal—Mr. Booth, Quebec—David McGuire, Weston—John Terry, Sharon—James Cooper, Sutton—Mr. Cuyler, Newland—A. Younie, Tyrone—G. W. Cook, Crowland—J. Teifer, Sumner.

Receipts since our last Issue.

T. W., Markham Village, \$24 for a subscriber for 1851-2, and 3s 9d to apply on the subscription of another for 1853. J. W., of Stewartton, enclosing \$1 which is taken in full. \$14 from W. F. F., Kempsville, 3s 9d. for a six months subscriber, and 2s 6d. for a new one. F. L., 2s 6d. for a new subscriber. This brother will please act as our agent there—the omission of the name was accidental. J. S., Reach, \$24, pays to date. J. G. W., Duffin's Creek, \$1 for two new subscribers, yearly.

Communications.

Poetry from W. H. F., Kempsville. The letter of R. B. will appear in our next. Poetry of the Forest Bard is received. His poetry is always inserted entire. We, however, always reserve to ourselves the right to act the critic a little. If this is not done we of course must reject many things sent. Letter from M. S., Stouffville is received with poetry.