

Local and Other Matter.

Mr. Cox, proprietor of the Avon hotel, Windsor, has made application to Messrs. Chute, of Bear River, the building movers, to go to his place and remove the building to another site. They will not fail to go and do the work in their usual successful manner.

The S. S. Plymouth left St. Michaels, Astoria, on the 18th Oct. for Astoria, where she will be due on the 22nd inst. (to-day) to load apples for London and Hull to sail about 25th Oct. Parties intending to ship by this vessel will be glad to learn they have so good an opportunity to sail.

Notice was given at the close of the Sunday evening service that the party connected with St. James church, would be held in that building on Saturday next, 28th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m. Important matters will be discussed at the meeting and a full attendance by all those interested is therefore desirable.

The excellence of the Comet Stove Polish, produced in this country by the Letticey Manufacturing Company, is now conceded. It is just exactly what is needed to be the best article of the kind now before the public, and as said house is fast taking the market to the exclusion of all other kinds. Orders are coming in so rapidly that it is with the most difficulty that they can be filled, and the producing power of the factory is strained to its utmost. We congratulate the company on its well earned success, which is the result of care, energy and perseverance, which has been continuously shown, from the first formation of the company to the present time. -Daily Courier, Oct. 14th.

BALL AT ROUND HILL.—A new public hall has recently been erected at Round Hill, an event which was duly celebrated by the young people of the place on evening last week. Invitations were issued to the number of over thirty to a ball and supper which was liberally attended. The affair is said to have been all that was desired or expected. About thirty-five couples arrived early in the evening, among them were parties from Clatsop, Astoria and Bridgetown. Music and dancing were the staples of the evening, and much enjoyed by all present. Order and becoming sociability marked the occasion.

A DETERMINED SUICIDE.—Lansdown, Penn., Oct. 18th.—Emanuel Carpenter, a well known resident of Little, ten miles from here, committing suicide by jumping from a cliff containing twenty-five hundred stones around his neck and jumping headlong into the beautiful Little Springs, the chief attraction of that town. When he jumped yesterday morning the body was lying, face downward, in only two feet of water, showing that without the aid of the stones Carpenter's deliberate purpose to destroy himself would have been unsuccessful. He had gone to the springs in the afternoon of the 17th to be cured of rheumatism. It is believed he was temporarily insane, as no motive for the deed has been discovered. He was a cigar manufacturer, and leaves a widow.

BASKET AND PIE SOCIALS CONDEMNED.—Pictou, Oct. 18th.—Presbyterian Synod discussed home missions yesterday. More work was done last year than any other year. Fifteen young men are needed at one year home mission work. The Congregationalists have a similar situation. Elders Garrison said there are in N. B. mission fields 97 preaching stations and 6,800 families. He described the damage that resulted in 1879 in New Brunswick from unscriptural revivalism. The demoralizing manner generally resorted to for raising money for churches was a curse to religious work. Basket and pie socials were especially condemned. He did not wonder young people came to despise the church and became a prey of unbelievers.

SEVERE COLLISION ON C. R.—Moncton, Oct. 20.—A serious railway collision occurred yesterday at Humphrey's station, about a mile from town. Conductor Crockett's special, engine 148, left there shortly after 2 o'clock with orders to cross Conductor Sears' coal special, engine 155, at Humphrey's siding. They had the signal turned and the engine and two cars in the siding when the train ran into by engine 155, with a heavy coal train and their train cut in two. Engineer Devennie, of the coal train, and his fireman jumped and escaped unhurt. The engine struck the third car of Crockett's train hurling it and the next one off the track, and after running a distance of 100 feet fell over the embankment of 30 feet, the engine turning over twice in its descent. In all five cars were wrecked besides the engine. The track was cleared in about two hours by the light and to-day men were engaged clearing up the wreck, and the scene was visited by a large number of people today. The train hands on the coal special have been suspended awaiting investigation.

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.—Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints, if you think so call at our store and get a bottle Shiloh's Kidney and Liver Pills. It is guaranteed on it, use accordingly, and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by Drs. DeLoria & Primrose, Bridgetown, and Dr. Morse, Lawrencetown.

The hard luck of the Portland mackerel fleet this season has so discouraged their owners that some of them are going to dispose of their vessels. The schooner Abbie M. Deering, one of the finest of the fleet, will be sold first.

HALF-PAY MARKET.—The following quotations are dated Oct. 20th and are furnished us by Messrs. Munford Bros., Argyle Street: Butter, in tubs, choice dairy, per lb., 19 to 20; Butter, in rolls, in boxes, per lb., 19 to 20; Eggs, in bins, choice, per doz., 19; Hens' and ducks, per doz., 19; Corn, per bushel, 80; Potatoes, per bushel, 80; Apples, per bushel, 80; Raisins, per bushel, 80; Currants, per bushel, 80.

BOY KILLED BY WHISKEY.—Philadelphia, Oct. 18th.—A young boy, ten years old, died yesterday from the effects of drinking whiskey. The little fellow was looking over the railing of a ship's deck on Sunday, when he discovered a flask filled with liquor. When discovered by his mother, ten minutes later, he was lying in a stupor. A physician was called, but efforts to arouse him were unsuccessful. He never regained consciousness.

Rev. J. A. Cahill, Presbyterian clergyman, of Central Economy says: "Last autumn I was quite ill with liver complaint, which caused a general give out. My doctor failed to help me. A member of my church recommended me to try Dr. Norton's Dock Blood Purifier. I did so, with very little faith in it, being prejudiced against patent medicines. However, it cured me, and I have not had any pain in my side or other symptoms since, and I am satisfied it is a first-class medicine for the disease it recommends itself for."

A JACK-THE-RIPPER MURDER.—Hampshire, Oct. 18th.—Great excitement has been caused here by the discovery of a murder similar in details to those committed in Whitechapel, London. The body of a woman was found in the Hensburg suburb of the city with her throat cut, limbs dismembered and her body discarded. The victim was one of the respectable class. The quarter in which the crime was committed is an unwholesome one, and the circumstances lead to the fear that the woman butcherer of London has transferred his operations to this city. The police give no information.

RAILWAYS.—Mr. Martin Murphy, with two assistants, Messrs. Uniaque and Donah, arrived in town on Monday evening. We are informed that the engineers, acting on instructions from the Local Government, will make a survey from a point on the Western Counties Railway to Carleton. A meeting of those favorable to railway extension from Yarmouth to Shelburne will be held at Ryerson Hall this evening at 8 o'clock. There is quite a boom in railway meetings, and if the man with the theodolite is not kept busy during the next few months it cannot be attributed to a want of energy on the part of electors generally.—Y. Times.

Life Was a Burden.—Until last week I suffered from headaches, always preceded by constipation making my life a burden. A friend advised Burdock Blood Bitters. I took three bottles, and now feel myself a new man, and my headaches are things of the past. A. R. Julien, Ottawa, Ont.

From New York to Cincinnati.

A PASSING IMPRESSION OF THREE GREAT STATES. CINCINNATI, O., Oct. 10th. TO THE EDITOR OF THE MONITOR:—

To get a good general idea of a country from what can be seen of it from the window of a fast moving train passing through it is a course impossible yet the route of the Erie railroad from New York to this city, passing as it does through three States, reveals a part of each which may, I think, be considered typical of the whole.

Taking the train at Jersey City, after having crossed from New York by ferry, you are soon viewing a country that is exceedingly picturesque in appearance. In every direction the view is shut in by high hills, but the narrow valleys that form rivers and railroads run, and there is room for many a thriving city and village. As you go farther toward the west the hills draw closer together, until, when the Susquehanna Valley is reached, there is only room for the Susquehanna river and the railroad. This is about forty miles in length, and after one has looked out of the car window for a time he is led to believe that the river and the railroad are inseparably connected. But there is an end to all things, and finally the river is left behind, and the hills grow less formidable and the valleys more fertile.

But by this time we are in Pennsylvania. Here, clustered close to the railroad, seem to be the most important cities of the State, the avenue by which prosperity must come to them, are numerous small cities and towns with great wealth and an air of affluence. This is the celebrated oil region, and also the region of natural gas. The latter is a great boon to housekeepers. It is manufactured here in large quantities by companies organized for that purpose, who then place it at the disposal of the citizens.

When we reach the house it is so arranged in the stove, by means of it entering it through several apertures, that a very cheerful fire is the result. Piles of slate or coal are piled up in the kitchen, and the coal, and such is the purity of the gas that these are frequently white-washed and used for the same purpose. The coal is so abundant that it is not necessary to contact with the flame. Of course from such a fire there is no dirt of any kind, and housekeepers appreciate it accordingly. After Marion Junction, Ohio is reached. The railroad then crosses the river and runs about the west, takes a dip to the south, and a very different scenery is revealed. Stretched along each side are vast farms which would perhaps be considered a little dissatisfied with his acres were he to see them. They are as fertile as the fields of the east, and are used to the best advantage. Most of the land is given up to the growing of corn, and the man who owns the fields at this season of the year when the vast acreage of this valuable cereal stands ready for the gleaner.

But though the farmer here has a farm that can but excite the envy of tillers of the soil in the many less favored districts, though nature has provided him with the means to secure wealth with hardly a struggle on his part, he is generally content to live in the modest apology for a house and have but a shed for a barn.

My memory gives me a picture now of a farm I took particular notice of, the vast fields of ripe grain and the neat structure made to do for a home, offering such a seeming contrast between prosperity and poverty. For some minutes the train had been passing a vast field of corn, and I had been looking forward for a glimpse of the ocean, expecting of course to see some fine mansion. But when it at last came in view it was but a one-story hotel, almost hidden by the tall corn. There was a well which I called a barn, around which were placed some fifty stacks of hay, in which the horses and cattle were eating good hay. In a yard in front of the house were confined some six or eight fat hogs. This kind of place was not the exception, but the rule. The exception was to see a farmer enjoying any comforts of luxuries whatever.

As we draw near to Cincinnati extensive groves of chestnut trees are seen, and the beauty of their wood with enough left to give a good idea of what they had been in their full glory of perfected fruit, and flowers. These chestnuts are watered by irrigation in the dry season, and in them are grown almost every variety of vegetable and fruit known to horticulture or south. But the train finally came to a stop, and I must do likewise. To this very interesting city I will try to have something to write soon.

News, Notes and Telegrams. POSSESSOR OF CANDY CASE.—St. John, Oct. 19.—At 1.45 o'clock this morning the jury returned into court and in the presence of quite a number of people who had gathered about the court, the verdict was returned that the effect that Catherine H. Macrae came to her death by eating poisonous candies sent through the post office to the address of Rev. Dr. Macrae, and concluded as follows: "So the jurors on their oath say that William J. Hall did not unlawfully kill the said Catherine H. Macrae."

A LUCKY PILOT.—As a result of the cyclone of last week, several of our Steam Hook pilots were taken over to England by steamships that could not put them off on account of the storm. The pilot who was blown overboard was Mr. W. H. Saxton, who was pleased at the prospect of a visit to Europe, as he had never crossed the ocean, and as his wife and two children were with him on the ship. "I knew I was likely to be carried away," he said, "and I told my wife so and brought some money with me. I'll just have time to run over to the Paris Exposition and spend a day or two in London before the return trip."

MARITIME UNION.—The Toronto Mail is letting up some on the recent question, and is now turning its attention to the Maritime Provinces and undertakes to discuss the question of the union of the provinces by the sea. The strong point in favor of the union is the extent and cost of our legislative machinery. Each of three small provinces has a legislature of two chambers, embracing in all 52 legislative councillors and 109 assemblymen, a total of 161 legislators. There are also three executive governments, and three lieutenant-governors, the latter receiving \$25,000, all for 900,000 people, while Ontario with 2,000,000 people gets along with one governor, at \$10,000, and one legislative chamber. There are striking figures, indicative of needless machinery and cost, much of which might be avoided, even without the union proposed.—St. Croix Courier.

DOCTOR ALICE ERNST.—Among the pioneers by the S. H. Hallifax, a well-known physician, says the Herald, was Dr. Alice E. Ernst. Dr. Ernst who is a native of Bridgetown, studied medicine for a time in Philadelphia, and then spent the next two years at the Woman's Medical College, Philadelphia, from which she graduated in March, 1878, and was then appointed one of the assistant physicians to the hospital in connection with this college. Dr. Ernst expects to sail the middle of this month for Calcutta, India, where she will take charge of a hospital under the control of the American board of mission.—Liverpool Advertiser.

GOOD CATCH.—A small schooner which arrived on Friday from Hubbard's Cove, with about 200 barrels of mackerel on board, sold them to a merchant here, for shipment to the United States, getting \$20 for large two, \$16 for large three, and \$15.00 for small three. The fish all belonged to three men at the cove, one of a boat which received over \$1,200 as his share, he having owned over 100 barrels. Not a bad summer's work.—M. Chronicle.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our correspondents. Critic Kindly Criticized. (Editor of Monitor.)

Sir:—These allow me through the columns of the Monitor, to thank your correspondent "Critic," of this week, for his very favorable and friendly notice of my article of a late issue, entitled "Horse Power." I am glad to hear that you would like to make a slight correction in his communication. The MSS. which I dispatched to you, and which you returned to me, do not attempt to prove that through the influence of increasing manufactures we will no more hear the cry of "Horse Power," and do not recollect that the MONITOR made me say, as I merely wished to convey the opinion that a country situated like the one in Scotland, which has so long a winter, and so short a summer, in order to become wealthy must not depend upon agriculture alone, generally, for the many months of the winter, rendering no return, like the lean time in Pharaoh's dream, it devours to too great a degree the produce of the river and the fields which are yielding their fruit, to allow of a rapid and wide spread accumulation of riches; and I attempted to show in a brief sentence or two, that it was with manufactures, for that they yielded their returns in winter as well as in summer, consequently, that the progress and prosperity might reasonably be expected in countries in which manufacturing industries were prosecuted, than in those that relied wholly or mainly on agricultural pursuits. For this reason I expressed myself as glad to know that manufactures were resorted to by companies of late years as a means of increasing their wealth, and I cited a few examples in proof of the position. But I did not attempt to survey the whole ground and speak generally of the whole of a country in a country; consequently I did not assume for consideration the case of Scotland, which I have never visited, and I do not know "Critic," who expressed the regret I feel with him, that they are as a class so poorly, so unworthily remunerated for their laborious, important and honorable services. The provincial allowance to teachers, which was far too small even under the original arrangement, has been so completely obliterated by "Critic," diminished to a considerable extent by our late and present Legislature, while the salaries of the scientific officials have been materially and steadily increased. Take the case of the Superintendent of Education, who now receives from the provincial chest an allowance of three times as great as was thought sufficient for that eminent educationist, Dr. Dawson, the first superintendent of the province in our province, and who, if any one even deserved a handsome salary for faithful, laborious and successful services, was the man. So with the teachers of the Normal School. Their salaries are at first double the salaries of those who first labored in that institution, and who have never heard it intimated that they are more efficient officers than their predecessors. But "comparisons are," according to some of our English classics, "odious," and I refer to others, "ordurous," and so should be avoided.

Your correspondent, therefore, had sufficient cause for complaint; for justice and expediency alike condemn such an appropriation of the public funds. It is not fair to the public, and it is not fair to the country, but notably the reverse. But "Critic," and all who like "Critic," would have the management of the interests of the province conducted in principle of right, must not expect to enjoy the realization of their desire; for while the world continues as unreasonable and unjust as it is, those who command influence will ever be favored and the weak neglected or oppressed. If there is a prospect of a better future, or hopes, that in June, 1890, a better state of things will be inaugurated, and teachers then arise in their might and intemperance a reign of equity shall be proclaimed, and the government of the day being the leaders of the great reform, many will rejoice with you, and I will be glad to see you in the number of your interested correspondents.

CHRONICLER. Wainville, Oct. 19th, 1889.

Points on Making Butter. The breed of the cows and the way they are kept, have a large influence on the butter. In the milk from some cows the fat is in very small particles, while in the milk from other cows the particles are very coarse and large. This is soon noticed when churning. The milk containing large particles of fat is soon churned; while that containing small particles of fat takes a much longer time.

Again, the butter made from some cows' milk is naturally white, or nearly so, while that from other cows is naturally yellow. This is due to the fact that some cows have a large quantity of carotene in their milk, which gives it a yellow color. This is not a defect, but a quality, and is often desired in butter. The carotene is a natural coloring matter, and is found in many vegetables, such as carrots and pumpkins. It is also found in the milk of some cows, and is a natural part of their diet.

As we draw near to Cincinnati extensive groves of chestnut trees are seen, and the beauty of their wood with enough left to give a good idea of what they had been in their full glory of perfected fruit, and flowers. These chestnuts are watered by irrigation in the dry season, and in them are grown almost every variety of vegetable and fruit known to horticulture or south. But the train finally came to a stop, and I must do likewise. To this very interesting city I will try to have something to write soon.

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HORSE PURCHASE.—We learn that F. W. Band of Canada has sold his fast horse "Charlie" to Norman Chute, Esq., of Bridgetown, the figure being somewhere between \$200 and \$300. This horse during the past few months has shown wonderful bursts of speed—although untrained he has won races against such horses as Kate Sheridan and Bridgetown Charlie, and with training his former owner thinks there is not a horse in Kings County to equal him. He was timed when on the track and trotted at the rate of 2.40. He now goes to Bridgetown, the home of the other Charlies, and doubtless the coming winter will see sharp racing between these two horses.

AYER'S PILLS, being convenient, efficacious, and safe, are the best cathartic, whether on land or sea, in city or country. For constipation, sick headache, indigestion, and torpid liver, they never fail. Try a box of them; they are sugar-coated.

—We have a speedy and positive Cure for Catarrh, Diptheria, Canker Mouth, and Head-Ache, in SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A. V. SAVARY, Dispensing Druggist, and Dr. Morse, Lawrencetown.

A Chapter of Accidents. KILLED AT VICTORIA MINES.—Ambrose Laflin, son of Lawrence Laflin, was suddenly killed by a fall of coal in the Victoria mine last Wednesday. He was a young man about 20 years of age and was working with his brother when he met with the fatal accident. The cause ascribed for the coal falling is that it was cracked by a former blast. An inquest was held by Coroner Fortune and a verdict rendered in accordance with the above facts. His funeral, which took place on Thursday, was the largest ever seen in the vicinity. Much sympathy is extended to the bereaved parents and family of the deceased.—Reporter.

PREACHED IN THE WOODS.—A story from Newport, Hants Co., the facts of which are as follows: Last Saturday a party of young men while out hunting near Starks Lake got lost in the woods. They were with some time concluded to separate and each take a different route and in the event of a difficulty the path was agreed upon by a sign which was made by a young man named Henry Miller, who had proceeded but a short distance from his company, noticed a bundle of clothing lying in the path before him. It proved to be the wearing apparel of a woman, and upon a closer examination they perceived the skeleton of a human body. Such a discovery is well calculated to make even the stoutest heart quail, but much more horrifying did it appear to this young man who found himself gazing upon this horrible sight. He was so terrified that he fled in haste, and was not seen again until after a hasty examination they again made an effort to find their way out, which after considerable difficulty they succeeded in doing. The bodies of the two young men were found in the woods, and on their approach fled to the woods, and probably perished from hunger and exposure, which no doubt accounts for this skeleton and female clothing found by these young men. Rumor has it that she was a former inmate of Horton poor house, and that she had been abandoned by her husband. —Scientific American.

DEATHS. WARD.—At Belleisle, Oct. 9th, John Wade, aged 1 year 10 months and 11 days. YOUNG.—At Brighton, on the 4th inst., Alma May, daughter of Joseph H. and Minnie Young, aged 1 year 10 months and 11 days. CORNWALL.—At New York City on the 8th inst., after a long and painful illness which he bore with divine resignation, Charles Cornwall, aged 73 years, formerly of Digby Cove.

CATARACT, CATARRH, DROPSY, Hay Fever, and a new nostrum. Sufferers are not generally aware that these diseases are contagious, or that they are due to the presence of living parasites in the lining membrane of the nose and nostrils. Microscopic research, however, has proved this to be a fact, and the result is that a simple remedy has been formulated whereby catarrh, catarrh and hay fever are permanently cured in from one to three simple applications made at home by the patient once in two weeks. N. B.—For a full and complete description of the disease (which this remedy when specially prepared is a specific. A pamphlet explaining this new treatment is sent free of cost by A. H. Dixon & Son, 306 West King St., Toronto, Canada.—Scientific American.

Sufferers from catarrh troubles should carefully read the above.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. SWEET OF THE DECK OF THE KATE FOSTER BY AN ANGRY SEA.—Boston, Oct. 18th.—Wm. S. Tate, mate of the schooner Kate Foster, reports: Sailed from Advocate Harbor, N. S., Oct. 8th. Midnight on the 14th the schooner was how down nearly on her beam ends. Capt. Tate ordered the boats to be cut away. Twenty minutes afterwards the captain was swept away by a heavy sea. Nothing could be done to save the schooner and she was abandoned. At noon let go both anchors. The men saved are William S. Tate (captain's brother), Harry McNally, Walter Dugget, Robert Burns and William Lamb.

FEARFUL ACCIDENT.—At Broad Cove, near Digby, on Friday a number of boys were playing with a gun in the woods, and one of them, named Edward Murphy, 15-year-old son of Dr. Murphy, fell from a 40-foot cliff and was instantly killed. Young Murphy said: "I can jump from the top of the cliff down to the top of the cliff. He succeeded in doing so. Feeling dissatisfied with his adventure, he climbed still higher in the tree and jumped, catching hold of a large stone that hung over the edge of the cliff. This stone gave way and hurled its victim down to the bottom of the cliff, his legs in several places, cutting a terrible gash in the face, besides tearing the body so that the entrails ran out.

Attacked Three Times. Having been attacked for the third time by an Indian named Eusebius, which kept me in bed six weeks under medical care, without relief, I resolved to try a change in my business, and have finished the third bottle I was able to work again." George Robb, Garden Hill, Ontario.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. C. C. RICHARDS & Co. Gent.—I took a severe cold, which settled in my chest, and I was unable to entirely lose my voice. For six weeks I suffered great pain and discomfort, and tried numerous remedies. My wife brought me a bottle of G. H. DIXON'S EXCELSIOR DYES, and I used it, and the effect was magical, for after only three doses and an outward application, my voice returned, and I was able to go to work again." George Robb, Garden Hill, Ontario.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. Runciman, Randolph & Co., Have Received a Portion of their New Stock

Autumn, '89. New Handsome RIBBONS, New Fancy Costume Cloths, 6-4 Bik All Wool Striped Dress Goods, 6-4 Bik All Wool Diagonal Dress Goods, GERMAN WOOL SQUARES, Reversible Scotch Shawls, Heavy Melton, Ulster Cloths, Checked and Striped ULSTERINGS, ASTRACANS TO LET.

All the above for sale by all first-class Druggists and Grocers, and at wholesale by C. Harrison & Co., sole manufacturers, Cambridge, Kings Co., N. S.

Important Notice. Domestic and Canadian Cloths, WOOL HOSIERY & GLOVES, Men's Undershirts and Drawers, "Top Shirts," "Plane Grey Flannel Shirts," ETC., ETC.

Greatly Reduced Prices. GASH DISCOUNT OF 20 PER CENT, and will give 10 per cent discount for good trade. 20 cts. per Dozen for Eggs. DO NOT FORGET THE PLACE, C. H. SHAFFNER, SOUTH FARMINGTON, October 14th, 1889.

—Bald heads are too many when they may be covered with a luxuriant growth of hair by using the best of all restorers, Hall's Hair Renewer.

—The English national debt has been reduced since 1877 by no less than \$375,000,000.

A Pleading Discovery. I suffered with neuralgia and obtained no relief until advised to try Hagyard's Yellow Oil. Since then I have found it to be an admirable remedy also for burns, cancer, and rheumatism. Mrs. F. Cameron, 187 Richmond St. W., Toronto, Ontario.

BIRTHS. BRUOKS.—At Centerville on the 18th inst., the wife of C. R. Brooks, of a daughter. BECKWITH.—At Victoria, B. C., Oct. 8th, the wife of J. L. Beckwith, of a son.

MARRIAGES. MENNY—TODD.—At Lawrencetown, Oct. 18th, by Rev. J. T. Eaton, John H. Menny, of New Albany, to Kate, daughter of James Todd, of Dalhousie West, N. S.

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FEARFUL ACCIDENT.—At Broad Cove, near Digby, on Friday a number of boys were playing with a gun in the woods, and one of them, named Edward Murphy, 15-year-old son of Dr. Murphy, fell from a 40-foot cliff and was instantly killed. Young Murphy said: "I can jump from the top of the cliff down to the top of the cliff. He succeeded in doing so. Feeling dissatisfied with his adventure, he climbed still higher in the tree and jumped, catching hold of a large stone that hung over the edge of the cliff. This stone gave way and hurled its victim down to the bottom of the cliff, his legs in several places, cutting a terrible gash in the face, besides tearing the body so that the entrails ran out.

Attacked Three Times. Having been attacked for the third time by an Indian named Eusebius, which kept me in bed six weeks under medical care, without relief, I resolved to try a change in my business, and have finished the third bottle I was able to work again." George Robb, Garden Hill, Ontario.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. C. C. RICHARDS & Co. Gent.—I took a severe cold, which settled in my chest, and I was unable to entirely lose my voice. For six weeks I suffered great pain and discomfort, and tried numerous remedies. My wife brought me a bottle of G. H. DIXON'S EXCELSIOR DYES, and I used it, and the effect was magical, for after only three doses and an outward application, my voice returned, and I was able to go to work again." George Robb, Garden Hill, Ontario.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. Runciman, Randolph & Co., Have Received a Portion of their New Stock

Autumn, '89. New Handsome RIBBONS, New Fancy Costume Cloths, 6-4 Bik All Wool Striped Dress Goods, 6-4 Bik All Wool Diagonal Dress Goods, GERMAN WOOL SQUARES, Reversible Scotch Shawls, Heavy Melton, Ulster Cloths, Checked and Striped ULSTERINGS, ASTRACANS TO LET.

All the above for sale by all first-class Druggists and Grocers, and at wholesale by C. Harrison & Co., sole manufacturers, Cambridge, Kings Co., N. S.

Important Notice. Domestic and Canadian Cloths, WOOL HOSIERY & GLOVES, Men's Undershirts and Drawers, "Top Shirts," "Plane Grey Flannel Shirts," ETC., ETC.

Greatly Reduced Prices. GASH DISCOUNT OF 20 PER CENT, and will give 10 per cent discount for good trade. 20 cts. per Dozen for Eggs. DO NOT FORGET THE PLACE, C. H. SHAFFNER, SOUTH FARMINGTON, October 14th, 1889.

—Bald heads are too many when they may be covered with a luxuriant growth of hair by using the best of all restorers, Hall's Hair Renewer.

New Advertisements.

Special Bargains IN BOOTS & SHOES TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR LARGE FALL STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, EXPECTED IN A FEW WEEKS.

We are Disposing of Extra Lines of Summer Boots & Shoes At Cost. OTHER LINES MARKED AWAY DOWN, INCLUDING SEVERAL LARGE ORDERS DELAYED THAT ARE NOW ARRIVING.

MURDOCH & NEILY. BRIDGETOWN, July 16th, 1889. FALL, '89. - - WINTER, '90.

NOW OPEN AT JOHN LOCKETT'S A LARGE STOCK OF DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, OVER COATS, REEFERS, ULSTERS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, AND UNDER VESTS, RUBBERS, RUBBER BOOTS, and a Full Stock of Groceries.

75 M NO. 1 SPLIT HEMLOCK AND SPRUCE SHINGLES. That Choice Brand of Flour, "Crown of Gold," always in Stock at Bottom Prices. Highest Prices paid for Butter and Eggs. JOHN LOCKETT. Granville Street, Oct. 2nd, 1889.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. I HAVE ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY ARRIVING A CHOICE LINE OF THE FOLLOWING GOODS, VIZ: FLOUR, BEST QUALITY FLOUR, CORN MEAL, OAT MEAL, ROLLED OAT MEAL, Standard Oat Meal;

WEST INDIES, REFINED, SUGARS, AND GRANULATED. MOLASSES, Beans, Fish, Brooms, Brushes, Canned Goods of all descriptions, Jams and Jellies of the best make.

Our Teas and Coffees are unequalled for the Strength and Flavor. TRY THEM. SPIES, GUARANTEED STRICTLY PURE. BISCUITS, FRESH EVERY WEEK. A new line of CROCKERYWARE at bottom prices. Other Goods too numerous to mention. Here's Wisdom.—"Prove all things, hold fast to the best."

G. H. DIXON. EXCELSIOR DYES are the cheapest. Only 1 cent a package. They color more goods than any other. EXCELSIOR DYES have stood the test for years. Those using them once will always use them.

EXCELSIOR DYES can be obtained from your druggist or grocer. They are the CHEAPEST and BEST. EXCELSIOR DYES, on package, only 8 cents; will beautifully color a coat or dress. Druggists and grocers. Prices only 8 cents.

EXCELSIOR INK POWDER makes a fine glossy black. Will not corrode the pen. A pint of best ink for 10 cents, or 6 cent package, one gill. EXCELSIOR BLEUING, best quality, and value on the market. Try a package and be convinced. Only 4 cents. EXCELSIOR INSECT DESTROYER for cattle, sheep, etc., is the cheapest and best.

THE STORE IN LAWRENCETOWN. SOLE MANUFACTURERS, CAMBRIDGE, KINGS CO., N. S. ALSO, FOR SALE. SECOND-HAND HORSE TRUCKS, EXCISES AND RIDING WAGONS. Terms to suit. Apply on the premises. MRS. E. L. HALL, August 29th, 1889.

THE SUBSCRIBER WILL KEEP ON HAND during the season, OYSTERS, SAUSAGE, B. LOGS, BREAD AND BISCUITS, MEATS, ETC. The Cash Market Price will be Paid for Freshly of all kinds. T. J. EAGLESON, Bridgetown, Sept. 24th, '89.