The Toronto World.

EIGHTH YEAR — MONDAY MORNING, MAY 30, 1887. — PRICE ONE CENT

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BOULANGER DISCARDED.

ROUVIER LOOKS ELSEWHERE FOR A MINISTER OF WAR.

Belief That the New Ministry Will Be Short-Lived—The Announcement Received With Satisfaction in the German Capital.

LONDON, May 28.—It must not be believed that the gravity of the political crisis in France has in any way been diminished by the formation of the Rouvier Cabinet. On the contrary, the situation has been made rather worse thereby, and it is agreed on all hands, and especially in business circles here in London, that events of exceptional importance are likely to occur in Paris within the next few weeks. A series of revolutionary outbreaks is feared and the troops, who are devoted heart and soul to Boulanger, cannot be depended upon to defend a government which, according to their opinion, has treated him so shabbily. M. Rouvier, who is perfectly aware that his Cabinet could not live a day in the present Chamber, where he has a vast majority of Republicans against him, and where he is bound to look for support to the monarchial group, intends to dissolve it at once. The new elections will take several weeks and of course the newly-fledged Ministers will make the most of the time in the way of patronage, etc. The constitution of the Cabinet is distinctly unconstitutional, since it is supported by the suffrages of only a small minority of the Chamber. The new elections, judging by the news received from all parts of the country, will practically result in a majority in favor of Gen. Boulanger, who will be elected at the head of the polls in almost every constituency.

When the General is borne back to power on the crest of his immense wave of popularity, President Grevy will have to atone for his unconstitutional action in selecting his new Cabinet from a minority of the Chamber by his resigning his lucrative berth in favor of Boulanger. He Premier or Clemenceau. The new Cabinet consists almost exclusively of followers of Gambetta, Messrs. Rouvier, Spuller, Etienne, Cochery and Admiral Jaures have held office in the Gambetta administration. The policy of the administration will be that of the Opportunist paper, La Republique Francaise.

Paris, May 28.—At midnight it is semi-officially said that the Ministry is still incomplete. The War and Marine portfolios are still unallotted.

Gen. Saussier has declined the office of War Minister. It is probable General Ferron will accepte War portfolio.

The Cabinet.

M. Rivier has formed a Cabinet as follows:
Premier and Minister of Finance—M. Rouvi.
Minister of Foreign Affairs—M. Flourens.
Minister of Justice—M. Spuller.
Minister of the Interior and of Public Worship—
Minister of War—Gen. Saussier.
Minister of Marine—Admiral Jaures.
Minister of Agriculture—M. Develle.
Minister of Public Works—M. Etienne.
Minisir of Posts and Telegraphs—M. Cochery.
Minister of Public Instruction—M. Berthelot.

Feeling at Berlin.

BERLIN, May 28.—The announcement from Paris that M. Rouvier had succeeded in forming a Ministry, excluding Gen. Boulanger, and composed of Moderates who favor peace, was received here with satisfaction, qualified by fears that the existence of the new Cabinet would be somewhat imperiled by the approaching crisis. The composition of the Ministry did not become known until morning, but early in the day a report that Gen. Saussier had replaced Gen. Boulanger gave a pleasant tone to the Bourse, although the approach of holidays and the absence of dealers checked business.

THE PARIS FIRE.

So Far Seventy-five Corpses Have Been Recovered from the Ruins.

PARIS, May 28.—It is officially announced this afternoon that seventy-five corpses have so far been recovered from the ruins of the Opera Comique. It is expected that 100 will be found.

Five English people lost their lives by the burning of the Opera Comique. The funeral of the theatre employes, which will be held in the church of the Madeline, will be an imposing affair.

Many Bodies Under the Debris.

PARIS, May 29.—A noisome smell arises from the ruins of Opera Comique, interfering with the work of searching for the bodies, although deodorizing fluids are thrown upon the ruins. The stench shows that there must still be many bodies under the debris.

CANADA'S SALT FISH TRADE.

The English Consul at Cadiz Shows How the Dominion is at a Disadvantage.

LONDON, May 28.—The English consul at Cadiz says: "The Canadian salt fish trade with Spain has for years been heavily handicapped. The anticipation that the Dominion would secure a fair portion of trade as a result of the commercial convention between Great Britain and Spain proved fallacious. The Government bounty enables the French colonies to undersell ours. The difference in price amounts to eight or nine shillings per fifty kilos. This state of affairs is peculiarly hard on our colonies, for, while taking on an average a third of the total imports of salt fish from Cadiz, we do not sell a single cargo of fish."

London Stock and Money Market.

LONDON, May 29.—Discount during the past week was weak at 1 to 1¼. The Stock Exchange loan rate to next account is 2 to 1½. Business on the Stock Exchange during the week was inactive, but there was an upward tendency, prominent in all departments, which will be further developed after the holiday. The coming conversion of Indian stocks induces further purchases of consols. Dealings were recorded yesterday as high as 101 for money. Consols closed at the firmest rates of the week. The signing of the Egyptian Convention caused a slight Turkish securities of ½ to ¾. American railroads were dull throughout the week and closed very heavy.

An Address for Father Keller.

DUBLIN, May 29.—Father Keller, who was recently released from prison was presented with an address at Youghal to-day by the Executive of the National League. In his reply he said he would rather be in a cell in Kilmainham Jail, great as was his horror of imprisonment, than a witness of the recent atrocious evictions on the Ponsonby estate.

Trying to Break the Cotton Corner.

LONDON, May 28.—At Manchester yesterday 30 cotton spinners passed resolutions pledging themselves to run their mills on half time for eight weeks beginning Monday next, providing two-thirds of the mill owners of England could agree to abide by the terms of the resolutions. This action is taken in order to defeat the Liverpool cotton corner by reducing the consumption of stock, of which Liverpool dealers carrying a heavy load.

CABLE NOTES.

The Swiss Government Spirit Monopoly Bill has become a law.

Pasha issued a circular on the Cretan question to all her agents abroad.

Cardinal Gibbons will sail for New York on the steamer Umbria. He will embark at Queenstown Sunday.

Mr. Phelps, the United States Minister to Great Britain, will spend Whitsuntide at Lord Ripon's farm at Watford.

The Italian Chamber of Deputies Saturday passed a bill to increase the army, entailing an additional charge of $2,200,000.

A local band serenaded Cardinal Gibbons at the palace of the Bishop of Cloyne Saturday night. An enormous crowd was present.

The condition of Crown Prince Frederick William of Prussia remains the same. His general health is good, but he is unable to speak except in a subdued voice.

Official statistics show that 49,254 persons left Alsace-Lorraine between the years 1880 and 1886, while during the same period there was a death influx of 36,305.

Krupp has finished a forty-centimetre gun the biggest ever made at Essen. At a trial the weapon tshot into pieces of armor ninety-six centimetres thick, at a distance of 2000 metres.

Crosti, who holds a prominent position in Australian, will publish to-day a pamphlet advocating a reconciliation between Italy and the Holy See on the basis that the Pope renounce all claim to temporal power.

The cotton spinners at Ashtown-under-Lyne have agreed to a proposition made at a meeting of spinners in Manchester Friday that the mills should be run on half time for eight weeks in case two-thirds of the trade agree to it.

Priests in Tralee, Ireland, have been asked to mediate in consequence of the strained relations in the meantime among the landlords to settle the differences between landlord and tenants, with a fair prospect of success.

ENGLISH POLITICAL AFFAIRS.

Several Names Mentioned as Successors to Parnell.

NEW YORK, May 28.—The Tribune's London correspondent says: The Whitsuntide holidays may be said to date from the official celebrations of the Queen's birthday, which differed in no respect from the usual routine trooping of colors in the morning and dinners and illuminations in the evening. The most splendid of all was Lady Salisbury's reception at the foreign office. Royalties mustered in force. Great personages of every degree were numerous. Never were more uniforms visible. Experts pronounced Lady Salisbury's arrangements in flowers, lighting, music and supper above the average, but not equal to those of last year, when everything was done with exceptional perfection.

Members of Parliament mostly hurried off yesterday, all impatient for their much-needed vacation. Mr. Gladstone goes to Hawarden. He will make one speech during the recess, visiting South Wales for that purpose. There seems no idea of anything like general Liberal agitation. Things are too bad for that. The Tories are satisfied with the situation, and think there is no need of stumping the country. Mr. Goschen goes yachting, and Mr. Courtney to the Continent. Lord Randolph Churchill will speak. But Lord Randolph Churchill is for the moment under eclipse. The Liberal Unionists are hardest at work, Mr. Chamberlain hardest of all, organizing, speaking and diplomatizing.

Speculations, and something more than speculations, are already heard about the Irish leadership of the future. Mr. Parnell's mantle is rather too large for any other pair of shoulders, but competition for it will be keen. Three men always named as rivals are Mr. Dillon, Mr. T. P. O'Connor and Mr. Healy. Mr. Dillon's influence in Ireland is probably the greatest. Mr. O'Connor is the best parliamentary manager. Mr. Healy is by far the ablest in parliamentary business. No one has Mr. Parnell's coolness, judgment, clearness of political vision or power of enforcing discipline. It is doubtful whether any of them could maintain existing relations with the English Liberals.

The Liberal party is just now a flock of sheep without a shepherd. Mr. Gladstone comes irregularly. Sir William Harcourt lets things drift. Mr. Morley has not the authority nor the practical experience needful for leadership, nor does he often attempt to assume control. The radical wing does as seems good in its own eyes, or follows Mr. Labouchere or Mr. Conybeare. Mr. Parnell's absence has left the wilder spirits of the Irish party without a check.

Miss Alice Ryan, Boston, the charming soprano, will sing the "Perl" at Choral Society's Concert.

THE ANTI-TITHE WAR IN WALES.

The People Resisting Bailiffs, Sheriffs and Auctioneers.

LONDON, May 28.—The anti-tithe movement in Wales has led to very serious riots during the past week. The authorities have been defied and a posse of bailiffs, sheriffs and auctioneers, escorted by a large detachment of police, have been routed and compelled to withdraw without having accomplished their work. Several heads were broken on Thursday night at Meifod and the population remains in a very excited state. Almost the entire population of Wales belong to the Methodistic Welsh Presbyterian and other non-conformist sects. The inhabitants consist almost entirely of small farmers and petty peasant proprietors, who in the present agricultural depression have the greatest difficulty in making both ends meet. It cannot, therefore, be a cause of much surprise that they should object to paying a very large percentage of the yield of their land towards the maintenance of the established Episcopal Church of England, to which, as has been above stated, hardly any of them belong. These church dues or tithes were originally intended to constitute one-tenth of the net profits of the harvest, but recently have been greatly increased, to produce the amount attains almost forty per cent. The tithes are mostly payable to wealthy ecclesiastical and educational corporations at Oxford and elsewhere, who are driving the people to the verge of desperation by absolutely refusing to make any concession.

THE C. P. R. LINE.

A San Francisco Company Will Compete With it for the Tea and Rice Trade.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 28.—The first of three Cunard steamers purchased for the Pacific Ocean traffic to ply between Hong Kong and Vancouver, will sail from Yokohama tomorrow.

The Pacific Coast Steamship Company filed a bond with the collector of the port to-day for $100,000, which will be forwarded for approval to the Department at Washington. If accepted, the company will be authorized to carry goods in bond by way of Puget Sound and the Canadian roads and compete for the tea and rice trade.

COMMERCIAL UNION.

Interviews on the Subject in the New York Times.

NEW YORK, May 29.—The Times this morning contains telegraphed interviews with Sir William P. Howland and one of his partners, Mr. Tilley. Sir William strongly favors commercial union with the United States, but prefers that Canada and the United States should each retain full power to make their own tariffs against other countries. He does not believe that annexation would follow commercial union. Mr. Tilley takes the view that the existing state of things is for the best.

Miss Alma Dell Marlin, contralto, New York; Mr. George Weyersmith, tenor, New York, at Choral Society's Concert, May 31st.

McGlynn Will Go to Rome.

MERIDEN, Conn., May 28.—Rev. Dr. McGlynn, who lectured here last night stopped at the Winthrop Hotel and there met a waitress named Malloy, recently from New York and a former parishioner of his at St. Stephens. She expressed regret that he should have to leave the country, whereupon he said: "Never mind, I shall have it back again. I intend to go to Rome inside of nineteen days."

BUFFALO, May 29.—Bishop Ryan has refused the use of St. Stephens Hall for a lecture announced to be given here by Father McGlynn, on the ground that the latter is in open rebellion against the church.

The Star of Bethlehem Said to Have Reappeared.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

LEXINGTON, May 24.—A gentleman who has just arrived from Hartford, Ky., states that Professor John M. Klein, Kentucky's great astronomer, discovered the Star of Bethlehem last night about 7 o'clock. Its position is in the northwestern heavens, closely skirting the horizon. Its lustre is most intense. This is the same star that guided the Wise Men of the East to the manger where the Infant Saviour lay. Its period is about 300 years, and astronomers have been on the lookout for it for several years past.

Considered a Lucky Girl.

WICHITA, Kans., May 28.—Capt. W. L. White, one of the founders of the Daily Beacon, died yesterday of gastric fever, aged 51 years. An hour before his death he was united in marriage to Miss Susanna Sebastian, to whom he had been betrothed. The bride of an hour, who is a young woman, is thus heiress to his property, valued at $500,000.

A German Colonial Conference.

BERLIN, May 28.—The adoption of a common legislation for the German colonies is contemplated. The governors of the various dependencies will meet at Berlin soon to exchange views on the subject based on their own experience.

Jay Gould has Neuralgia.

NEW YORK, May 28.—Mr. Jay Gould is suffering from an attack of neuralgia at his home in Irvington. He has not been confined to his room by the attack and does not regard his illness as anything serious. He is subject to these attacks and has in the past suffered much in this way.

Coquetting With Russia.

LONDON, May 29.—Advices from Simla say it is rumored there that disaffection exists in Beluchistan and that the authorities of that territory are coquetting with Russia. The reports are supposed to have originated with Afghan refugees at Peshawur who are hostile to the Ameer.

A Noble Work.

MONTREAL, May 28.—A convalescent home is to be established at Banff Springs by Sir Donald Smith and Sir George Stephen in connection with the Royal Victoria Hospital here, in order that patients may be sent there to recuperate.

Export of Cheese.

MONTREAL, May 28.—Nine thousand three hundred and seventy-four boxes of cheese were exported from Montreal this week, as compared with 4957 the previous week and 9232 for the same week last year.

Premier Norquay Sustained.

WINNIPEG, May 28.—The Norquay Government has been sustained in a want of confidence motion by a majority of from 4 to 6.

AN AMUSING OCCURRENCE.

A SIGHT WHICH FILLED MR. CASEY, M.P., WITH ALARM.

The Governor-General's Letter of Thanks to the Mayor of Ottawa—A Rumor That Hon. Mr. Chapleau is to be Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec.

OTTAWA, May 29.—Several Liberals of Ottawa met in Room 6 to-day and presented John T. Hawke with an address and a purse containing $200. Mr. Hawke leaves on Monday for Moncton.

The vote on the Disallowance question is causing considerable discussion here. It is claimed that Hon. Alex. Mackenzie would have voted with the Government had he been present, and that one or two shirked the vote. A recital of the pairs disposes of both these charges. The pairs were Marshall and McMullen, Davis and Mackenzie, Cargill and Mulock, McKeen and Jones.

A ludicrous matter in connection with the Governor-General's reception is going the rounds to-day. As the representative of the city, Mayor Stewart appeared in the robes allowable at receptions to the representative of the Queen, viz: a scarlet cloak, trimmed with fur and cocked hat. The outfit looks considerably like an Orange procession it must be admitted, and this is believed to have been the first occasion of its use in all Canada, but Mayor Stewart doesn't do things by halves.

Mr. Casey, M.P., was the first to spot the innovation at the station platform. "There it is," said he, "the Orangemen have the pull in everything." Standing about were a number of loyal Roman Catholics, who had come down to meet the Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec, Hon. McLeod Stewart. They honestly thought it was the Grand Master of an Orange Lodge taking the lead in the reception. They went to one side and held an indignation meeting. They decided to pass a series of resolutions, but had only agreed upon "whereas" when a scout arrived with his legend of the true state of the case. That completely altered the aspect of the case. Proud of their enterprise and public spirited impromptu, they drew off, joined the procession, and cheered for Lansdowne until the welkin split. All of which goes to show that it makes considerable difference who wears the cloak.

The special committee regarding Mr. F. B. McNamee's claim re the Esquimalt Graving Dock entertained his municipal and school board peare chairman. It was ordered that all papers relating to the case be ready for Monday.

Yesterday the Mayor received the following letter from the Governor-General, which speaks for itself:

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, May 27.

Dear Mr. Mayor: I feel that I was yesterday quite unable to express to you adequately my appreciation of the generous welcome accorded to Mrs. Stewart and myself at Ottawa. It is only when I look back calmly and deliberately at the events of yesterday that I realize their significance and the value—from a public point of view—of this wonderful demonstration of loyalty.

The numbers present, not only in the city, but throughout our route, the cordiality of the greetings by members of every class of the community, the triumphal arches which spanned the streets, down to the smallest flags waved from the windows of the humblest habitations, the unanimity of the public bodies represented—for all that is best in your city, the voices of all parties and creeds, all classes, joined in the admirable order and good temper shown by the vast concourse of people, all combined to render the scene a truly memorable and wonderful one.

I trust that a good description will find its way to the English newspapers. For great courtesy and kindness we cannot be sufficiently grateful.

You will, I trust, find some compensation for the hours lost to you in the preparations, in the pleasant events in the reflection that your citizens acquitted themselves so well.

Pray accept my best thanks, in which Lady Lansdowne, who was not less touched than I was, joins me heartily.

Prof. Lawson of Dalhousie College, N.S., was examined to-day by Dr. Schultz's special committee appointed to enquire into the natural food products of the Northwest and the best means of preserving them. A number of prominent residents of the Northwest will be called to Ottawa to be examined.

Nineteen out of the twenty names for the Wimbledon team have already been selected. Deputy Minister of the Interior Vankoughnet started last night on his journey through Manitoba, the Territories and British Columbia. He has numerous matters of business and will probably be absent two months.

Prominence is given in unofficial circles here to the rumor that Hon. J. A. Chapleau is to be made Lieut.-Governor of Quebec. The report is not believed to rest on good foundation.

Mr. J. F. Maurice Macfarlane, representing Macfarlane, McKinley & Co., Boston, manufacturers of window shades, has interviewed Sir Charles Tupper regarding the tariff change affecting their business. It appears that in the tariff of 1886 provided that the duty on cotton over thirty-six inches wide when imported by manufacturers of window shades for use in their factories should be 35 per cent. This clause has been repealed. The firm suggests the following classification: window shades, window hollands, window holland cut in lengths or in the piece, white, stained, dyed, oil-cloth, coated, flocked, stamped, printed or mounted on rollers, 5c. per square yard, and 25 per cent. ad valorem. The tariff to which the Government now returns imposes a tax of 1 cent. per square yard and 15 per cent. ad valorem upon the raw material, this is practically a tax of 30 per cent. The firm in question have had to pay $74,54 duty in advance of the tariff change. Mr. Bowell promised to consider the matter.

Misleading Statements.

OTTAWA, May 29.—A statement appears in the Opposition organs to the effect that reports from the Northwest to the Government are of an unsatisfactory character, that the halfbreeds are much dissatisfied over the distribution of seed grain, that the Indians are also discontented, and that Mr. Burgess, Deputy Minister of the Interior, has gone to the Northwest to enquire into the situation. These statements are without foundation. The arrangement by Government with the half-breeds for the purchase for seed grain are acceptable to the latter, who are actively engaged in farming operations, and so far for Mr. Burgess he will not leave the line of railway, except to run up to Banff, and while absent will discharge some Departmental business relating to the National Park and the land and timber regulations in British Columbia.

Murdered by Burglars.

COLUMBUS, O., May 28.—Charles Peakes, a dairyman on the outskirts of the city, heard burglars about his house early yesterday morning and raised a window. As he did so they opened fire upon him and one of the balls took effect in his abdomen, from the effects of which he will die. Suspicion rested upon Edward Brantingham and Orey and Raymond Judy, three young men, and last night they confessed to having made the murderous assault on the life of Peakes. They had gone there for the purpose of buglarizing the house, and when they found that they had been probably recognized by Peakes they concluded to take the life. The revolvers were found upon their persons.

Quebec Salvationists Assaulted.

QUEBEC, May 28.—This afternoon Capt. Simcoe and another of the Salvation Army ladies were set upon by a crowd of roughs, one of them beating an old tin kettle and the whole of them shouting a tune, the most vile language to the inoffensive ladies, and not content with this one fellow kicked Capt. Simcoe and struck her with a stick, knocking her down. The ladies made their escape from further violence by getting on one of the street cars.

He Boasted of Murder.

OMAHA, May 28.—Sheriff Hallam of Washington County, Ill., secured extradition papers from the Governor in Lincoln yesterday for the arrest of Robert Gore, who is wanted for a murder committed at Nashville, Ill., twenty years ago. Gore has resided for years in the frontier of Nebraska and his detection came from his boasting of killing his man in Nashville, Ill. Sheriff Hallam is now in Western Nebraska after his man, who is already under arrest.

Human Remains Unearthed.

QUEBEC, May 28.—In demolishing a house on St. Oliver-street, formerly used as a brothel, the workmen came upon a lot of human bones in the cellar. The coroner was apprised of the fact and gave orders to make a more thorough search of the ground.

A Discredited Report.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 28.—The Novoe Vremya discredits the report that a conspiracy against the Sultan has been discovered in the Palace at Constantinople. Referring to the matter the Novoe Vremya says: "In any case Russia must make the Porte understand that Turkish opposition to Russia's Bulgarian views will sooner or later result seriously for Turkey."

Spain to Reduce Differential Duties.

LONDON, May 28.—A special from Madrid to the Standard says: "The Spanish Government will consent in July next to declare the reduction of the differential flag duties on trade between America and the West Indies permanent. Similar concessions will be made to other countries having treaties with Spain."

PREPARING FOR O'BRIEN.

A Demonstration to be Held in New York—May Retaliate on Lansdowne.

NEW YORK, May 28.—A committee representing the Central Labor Union, District Assembly No. 49, Knights of Labor, and the United Labor Party, met last evening and made final arrangements for a grand demonstration in the way of a parade and meeting at Union Square next Tuesday evening, in honor of William O'Brien's return. The Secretary received a despatch from Mr. O'Brien stating positively that he could address the meeting then, and the committee say they will have 100,000 men in line then, in the cause of "land restoration and industrial emancipation." One hundred Chinamen are expected to parade.

Irishmen May Retaliate.

MONTREAL, May 28.—It was current on the streets to-day that Lord Lansdowne will be invited to take part in the Queen's jubilee celebration on June 21, and that steps will be taken to give him an enthusiastic welcome. Some of the Irishmen say there will be no trouble if Lord Lansdowne comes to this city. An officer of the St. Patrick Society, however, said that if the Governor-General should show his face here he would be hissed and rotten-egged, as Mr. O'Brien has united the French and Irish, and they will not stand Lansdowne's presence.

A Silly Statement.

LONDON, May 28.—The Union, a Dublin newspaper, recently published an article inciting the murder of Editor O'Brien. It is said a portion of the article was cabled to leading Orangemen in Toronto, and that this was the cause of the attack on O'Brien. The Parnellites will call the attention of the House of Commons to the matter.

O'BRIEN AT BOSTON.

The Agitator Being Where Speech is Absolutely "Free" Says he Himself.

BOSTON, May 28.—William O'Brien, Denis Kilbride and party arrived here from Montreal at 10.3 this morning. They were greeted at the station by a large crowd and escorted to the Parker House by a committee representing the Irish National societies. After breakfast a reception was held. Mr. O'Brien then retired for a brief rest. At 5 o'clock he dined with the committee and at 7 was escorted to Chickering's Hall, where this evening a address was to be delivered. The theatre was filled from pit to dome, and Mr. O'Brien, as he appeared on the platform, was enthusiastically received. John Boyle O'Reilly presided.

At the conclusion of his address, which was devoted to a review of his Canadian experiences and bitter denunciation of Lord Lansdowne, Mr. O'Brien read a cablegram from John Dillon, which said that, following Lansdowne's example, the violent and seizures were going on upon all sides and there was more urgent need of substantial aid from America.

The meeting netted about $20,000 for the eviction fund.

ANOTHER EARTHQUAKE.

The City of Mexico Gets a Very Severe Shaking Up.

CITY OF MEXICO, May 28.—A heavy earthquake shock was felt in this city and throughout the valley at 2.50 this morning. Saturday afternoon had been extremely warm, in fact the weather for the last four days had been extraordinarily warm for this region, which generally enjoys a very mild degree of temperature even in summer. On Saturday afternoon there were several whirlwinds in the valley and in the city, carrying clouds of dust and fine gravel which beat against the windows like sleet. At 9 o'clock there was felt, not only in the city but in suburban towns, a violent shaking of the ground, and a lifting motion, which lasted five seconds. Next there came, prefaced by a low roar as from the bowels of the earth, and accompanied by a stiff breeze, a violent oscillation of the earth from east to west which awoke nearly everyone, lasting as it did, thirty-nine seconds. Houses swayed as if they would collapse, bells were rung in hotels and everywhere doors were forced open. Then came still another oscillation of much violence, proceeding from north to south. Shortly this shock crockery was thrown down and pictures demolished in several houses. A scene of the wildest confusion followed, and thousands of persons dressed themselves and did not go to bed again. Reports received to-day do not show any fatalities as the result of the earthquake.

DISASTROUS BOILER EXPLOSION.

Five Men Killed and Twelve Wounded at Natchez, Miss.

NATCHEZ, Miss., May 28.—About 6.30 o'clock this morning the boiler of the Natchez cotton factory exploded, entirely demolishing the engine room. The large factory was damaged to the extent of many thousands of dollars. Most of the mill hands were in their places when the explosion occurred. A scene of the wildest terror prevailed among the 450 men, women and children in the factory.

The fire organization of the city was soon on hand and a special party set to removing those who were caught in the building. All but two of the sufferers were soon taken from the ruins. These were deeply covered with debris and were several hours under it before being rescued. Both were dead when found.

The loss to the company is estimated at $40,000. The killed were George A. McNeal, A. R. Foster, Jesse Hathcock, a colored man named Green Alexander and Henry Mullins. The severely injured number twelve.

—Steel wire door mats will not wear out. They require no shaking as they clean themselves. They do not fill with dirt and dust; what dirt falls through and can be readily swept up. 136

INDIANS IN WAR PAINT.

The Canadian Bloods and American Gros Ventres at Variance.

WINNIPEG, Man., May 28.—Another Indian outbreak appears certain, this time between the Canadian Bloods and the American Gros Ventres. Some time ago the latter crossed the line, killed several Canadian Indians and run off 100 of their horses. Thursday the Bloods retaliated by going into the Gros Ventres country and attacking the American Indians. Several of the latter were killed and 40 horses captured by the Canadians. Both tribes have donned their war paint and a battle, involving all the Indians north of the Canadian line, is more than probable. A large detachment of mounted police is on its way to the scene of the trouble and will try to effect a settlement.

BURGLARS PILLAGE WILLCOCK-ST.

Mr. "Billy" Caiger Held up for $147 and His Gold Watch and Chain.

Some time on Saturday night burglars entered the house of Mr. Bennett, at 91 Willcock-street, and stole some small articles of silverware and leaving some more valuable, evidently being alarmed. Mr. Bennet thought he heard a noise during the night but he did not investigate. The same parties visited Mr. W. E. Caiger's house, at No. 97 of the same street, and here they made a considerable haul, taking Mr. Caiger's money with $147 in one of the pockets and his vest containing a gold watch and chain. They left there the articles taken from Mr. Bennett's, and strewed the rooms with burned matches. Mr. Caiger did not know of his loss until 7.30 in the morning. In both houses the entrance was effected through a dining-room window.

MIXED MARRIAGES.

Archbishop Lynch has Something to Say to His People on the Subject.

A circular issued yesterday to the priests of the Archdiocese of Toronto announcing that the annual retreat will commence on June 27 also contains this paragraph from His Grace relative to mixed marriages:

You will please announce to your people that we, with many other bishops, have determined to grant no dispensations for mixed marriages when the woman is a non-Catholic. The experience of many years has proved that a Protestant mother cannot raise her children Catholics and is also unable to comply with the essential condition on which such dispensation is granted, namely, that it shall no longer grant such dispensation in those circumstances. They may apply to Rome direct if they will.

The Calcutta Cyclone.

CALCUTTA, May 28.—The cyclone which visited this section of the country yesterday was very destructive. A local steamer with 700 persons aboard was caught by the cyclone and is missing. It is feared she is lost with all aboard. The district of Orissa was completely devastated by the cyclone.

Snowstorm in New York State.

MIDDLETOWN, May 28.—There were frequent hailstorms in Sullivan and Delaware Counties yesterday. Near Deposit the fields had the appearance of winter, and along the Erie Railway toward the Susquehanna snow fell to the depth of half an inch.

Jacobini's Successor.

ROME, May 28.—The successor of the late Cardinal Jacobini, as Papal Secretary of State, will probably be Cardinal Rampolli.

ANOTHER MINING HORROR.

SCORES OF LIVES LOST IN A LANARKSHIRE COLLIERY.

Fifty Bodies so Far Recovered from the Pit, Where Many More are Still Entombed—Queen Victoria Sends a Message of Sympathy.

GLASGOW, May 28.—A terrible explosion has occurred in the Udston coal pit at Blantyre, a village in Lanarkshire, eight miles from this city. Two hundred and twenty miners are entombed in the pit and it is feared that all have perished. The shaft is blocked with debris caused by the explosion.

Further particulars of the explosion in the Udston pit show that the number of men entombed was less than first reported. Forty-five miners who were imprisoned in the upper seam of the pit were rescued, but one of them died after being brought to the surface. The others are suffering, however, from the effects of the shock and fire damp. Access to the lowest seam, where seventy men are confined, is found to be blocked by the debris tumbled down by the explosion. It was in this seam the explosion occurred, and it is not believed that any of the seventy men down there can be rescued alive. It is even thought that they are all dead now. There are seventy other men still imprisoned in the middle seam. Hopes are entertained of saving most of these. The volunteers working for their rescue can hear them calling for help. Cries of "Come," "Help," "Come quickly" have been heard frequently, and they have impelled the rescuers to the most frantic exertions to save them. The Udston pit is situated in the most fiery of the coal districts of the country. The pit is the seat of the explosion became known miners from all the neighboring collieries hurried to the scene to help in the work of rescue. The pit has been surrounded ever since the disaster by a large crowd of weeping women and children. Five dead bodies have been already taken out of the mine.

GLASGOW, May 29.—Queen Victoria has sent a despatch expressing sympathy with the families of the dead. There is no hope that others in the mine can be saved.

GLASGOW, May 29.—Forty bodies have been recovered from the Udstone Coal pit at Blantyne.

A FORGOTTEN ESTATE AT THE SAULT.

Mr. Peter Ryan Suddenly Discovers That He Owns a Valuable Farm Up There.

Mr. Peter Ryan has struck oil in an unexpected locality. Several years ago Mr. Ryan purchased three acres of land on the present site of the "Canadian Sault." The purchase price was a mere song, the deed of the land was pigeon-holed, and in time Mr. Ryan forgot all about his landed ownership in the Sault. Not many days ago Mr. Ryan received a telegram offering him a handsome price for his property. He scratched his head and said, "Have I land up there to sell?"

The musty deed was unearthed, Mr. Ryan took the first boat from the Sound, and was soon waiting over his forgotten estate. He found things booming, the price of land going up, up, up, and the money in the Sault jingling. Then the parties who telegraphed Mr. Ryan increased their offer, and it is said they held out a handsome figure for the property, which Mr. Ryan has now under consideration.

The property is within 300 yards of the location of the new flouring and pulping mills about to be erected.

A gentleman who has just returned from the Sault states that "the place is booming so fast it was going to be a great town; all that was required to make it such was the completion of the mills and the projected lines of railway which are to connect it with the outside parts of the Dominion and the United States. The American Sault, just across the river, is forty miles from the nearest railway station.

THE CYPRUS IN PORT.

The New English Cutter of Mr. MacMurchy, T.Y.C., Much Admired.

The chief topic in yachting circles yesterday was the arrival of Mr. D. J. MacMurchy's new purchase, the English cutter Cyprus, which reached the Toronto Yacht Club's moorings at 7.10 on Saturday evening. The Cyprus, of which The World on April 21 gave a description of her build, dimensions and history, left London, England, on March 17, arriving at New York fifteen days later. From New York she reached Oswego via the Hudson River and Erie Canal, from which place she left Oswego, where she was boarded on Friday by her owner and Messrs. Lyman Dwight, Forbes Michie, Kelly Evans and E. A. Dewhurst. The Cobourg was left at noon on Friday, and light and head winds were met with all the way up. The Verve and Rivet of the T.Y.C., which left here on Saturday, at 7 o'clock on a cruise to Darlington, passed the Cyprus on her way up. Yesterday afternoon the Cyprus ran out to the bell buoy and returned with the two cutters, and although she carried only her lower canvas she held her own till the moorings were reached. She is a handsome craft and is much admired by members of the Royal Canadian and Toronto Yacht Clubs who have seen her. There were sixty-eight visitors on board of her yesterday.

The Cyprus was built by Fife of Paisley, Scotland, in 1883, and some of her dimensions are: Length over all, 33 ft. 6 in.; load water line, 22 ft. 10 in.; beam, 6 ft. 4 in.; draught, 4 ft. 1 in.; length of main boom, 26 ft.; mainmast to end of bowsprit, 25 ft. 9 in. Her racing main boom is 4 feet longer, and her mainsail 4 feet longer than her present ones. She carries six and one-half tons of lead ballast, all on the outside, and has accommodation for six persons, four in the cabin and two in the forecastle. She entered the harbor under her cruising canvas, but has a new racing suit by Lapthorn in reserve.

The chief rivals of the Cyprus will be the Iolanthe of Belleville and the Merle, a new boat owned by Mr. W. Jones of Toronto and built at Boston by the designer of the Puritan and Mayflower. The Merle reached Oswego two days after the Cyprus, and Oswego yachtsmen are red hot over the two, the French Cit people talking big about what the Merle will do. The racing of the Cyprus, Iolanthe and Merle will afford an opportunity of judging what are the fighting merits of deep draught and centreboard yachts of the second class.

There is some talk of matching the Cyprus with the Verve, which is a larger boat and built by Watson, the rival of Fife, who built Mr. MacMurchy's cutter.

Sudden Death of Mr. Joshua G. Burns.

A well-known citizen, in the person of Mr. Joshua G. Burns, passed away suddenly Saturday morning at 9 o'clock at his late residence, No. 472 Parliament-street. The deceased gentleman was a partner in the Flags of All Nations Clothing House, was beloved and respected by all who knew him, and was high up in the Masonic order.

Mr. Burns had been suffering for some time from a complicated trouble in which the heart was involved. This was the cause of death. His physician, Dr. J. E. White, of Carlton-street, left Mr. Burns at 6 o'clock Saturday morning when he was feeling much better than he had during the previous night. At that hour Dr. White had no apprehension of a fatal termination in the immediate future. About 9 o'clock Mr. Burns made an exertion and fell back dead.

Deceased was born in Dungannon, Ireland, about forty-five years ago, and was educated for the Methodistic ministry, which calling, however, he did not pursue. He has lived in Toronto for the past twenty-five years, seventeen of which have been spent with C. M. Martin of the Flags of all Nations. His wife is a daughter of Mr. J. H. Peoples, of Yonge-street, and she, with four children, mourns his early and sudden decease. The funeral will take place from his late residence to St. James' Cemetery this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

First Communion at St. Michael's.

Eighty children received the sacraments of First Communion and Confirmation at St. Michael's Cathedral yesterday. The children, as usual, were neatly dressed, the girls wearing white dresses and veils. Communion was administered at the 8 o'clock mass, which was celebrated by His Grace the Archbishop assisted by Vicar-General Rooney and Rev. Father Hand. At 3 o'clock in the afternoon His Grace administered confirmation.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

A powerful syndicate has been formed in North Carolina to keep up the price of phosphates.

Rosebugs have attacked the peach trees in Delaware and peach growers are excited.

The bodies of 600 Chinese will be disinterred next week and shipped from San Francisco to China by steamer for final interment.

Herman Schultz of Chicago has been sent to prison for seven years for kicking his wife to death.

Fire at Oakland, Iowa, on Saturday destroyed the business portion of the town; loss over insurance $35,000.

In the accident on the Pennsylvania railway at Hope Mill, Ind., on the night of May 19 last, eight persons were killed and six injured.

Lewis R. Lent, the showman, left $300,000 to his heirs.

THE DOCTOR TALKS TRADE

WHAT JOSEPH WILD KNOWS ABOUT CANADA'S COMMERCE.

The Relations of Religion, Capital and Labor—Great Britain the Proper Receptacle for the Produce of the Dominion—"Advice to the Board of Trade."

"Advice to the Toronto Board of Trade" was the subject which Rev. Dr. Wild announced for his sermon last night. Bond-street Congregational Church was crowded, as it always is but this subject was one to draw an unusually large audience. Dr. Wild's text was Ezekiel xxxvii:

22. And I will make them one nation in the land, upon the mountains of Israel; and one king shall be king to them all: and they shall be no more two nations; neither shall they be divided into two kingdoms any more at all.

The rev. gentleman said that trade, commerce and agriculture if carried on with a view to harmonizing with the divine will would be prosperous. The science of agriculture is leading farmers to a knowledge of God by making them conform to the laws of nature. God fashioned the future but man has a work to perform. It is the duty of capital and labor to find out this divine will, and notwithstanding that they have claims and rights, these must be subordinate to the will of God.

There are three primary requisites for a business to be right. It should be in itself right; it should be honestly conducted, and it should be for the glory of God. Many a man, when he did, as it would be found that commerce and its concomitants, labor, wages and the accumulation of wealth,