

REPUBLICAN VICTORY.

Sweeping Victory for Sound Money Men—McKinley's Majority in the Electoral College.

Opinions of the English, French, German, Austrian and American Press.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—There can be no doubt of the election of the Republican candidate McKinley over the Populist-Democrat representative Bryan. He has carried Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Massachusetts, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Delaware, Maryland, West Virginia, Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, North Dakota, and South Dakota.

Bryan is conceded to have taken Colorado, Wyoming, Idaho, Montana, Texas, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Georgia, Alabama, Florida, South Carolina, North Carolina and Virginia. California, Oregon, Washington, Tennessee, Missouri, and Nebraska are yet in doubt, though the chances are that at least Oregon and California have gone Republican. In the states conceded McKinley there are 264 electoral votes and in the Bryan states 116, and in those which are doubtful 67. The total electoral vote is 537, and McKinley has in his 264 forty more than sufficient to secure his election.

FOR MR. McKINLEY.

Electoral College	McKinley	Bryan
Connecticut	5	3
Delaware	3	3
Illinois	24	10
Indiana	13	10
Iowa	13	10
Kentucky	13	10
Maine	6	4
Maryland	10	10
Massachusetts	15	10
Michigan	14	10
Minnesota	9	10
New Hampshire	4	3
New Jersey	10	10
New York	36	28
North Dakota	3	3
Ohio	23	10
Pennsylvania	32	10
Rhode Island	4	3
South Dakota	4	3
Vermont	4	3
West Virginia	4	3
Wisconsin	12	10

FOR MR. BRYAN.

Alabama	11	35,000
Arkansas	8	25,000
Colorado	4	110,000
Florida	4	15,000
Georgia	12	25,000
Idaho	3	15,000
Louisiana	8	40,000
Mississippi	9	50,000
Montana	3	14,000
Nevada	3	5,000
North Carolina	11	25,000
South Carolina	9	50,000
Texas	15	75,000
Virginia	12	20,000
Wyoming	3	15,000

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 4.—Nearly three-fourths of the total vote of Oregon has been received. McKinley's plurality is 4,724. The precincts yet to be heard from will reduce McKinley's plurality to perhaps 3,000.

Oregon, California, Kansas, Washington, Nebraska, Tennessee and Missouri are yet in doubt. Their vote in the electoral college amounts to 97.

TORONTO, Nov. 4.—It is practically certain that Bryan has carried Kansas by a small majority. The chairman of the presidential Democratic state committee claims the state by 13,000. Chairman Simpson, of the Republican state committee, however, refuses to surrender, and declares complete returns will show a victory for the Republicans.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 4.—Kentucky seems safe for McKinley, though the majority is close. In 1,389 precincts out of 1,663 his plurality is 3,506. The counties not heard from include strong Republican as well as silver ones. The silver counties, based on the percentage of the vote already received, would give the state to McKinley by 4,744.

RALEIGH, N.C., Nov. 4.—Returns at 2 p.m. indicate that Bryan has carried North Carolina by 10,000. The Republicans will not yet concede the state. YAKTONG, S.D., Nov. 4.—Out of 30,000 votes cast and so far counted McKinley has 1,600 majority. It is possible that Bryan may get a bare majority when the votes are in.

KANSASVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 4.—Further returns show that Bryan has carried the state. Taylor, Dem., has been elected governor. An exceedingly large vote was polled.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 4.—The following telegram has been delivered to Mr. Bryan: "Chicago, Nov. 4.—To William J. Bryan: I have all counted on 156 Southern votes and 68 from west of the Missouri river, which leaves some 400 for us to get to be successful. Count on Indiana, Michigan and Minnesota. Have no information except what the press dispatches have sent out to the contrary. The only Southern state I concede is Maryland. (Signed) Jas. K. Jones."

TACOMA, Nov. 4.—Bryan and the fusion ticket have apparently carried the state by a majority of less than 5,000 and will control the legislature. WHEELING, W. Va., Nov. 4.—Returns from the state show Republican gains over 1892, and there is little doubt but that the state has gone for McKinley.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 4.—California gives 4,500 majority for McKinley. OMAHA, Nov. 4.—230 precincts in Nebraska give McKinley 22,180; Bryan 21,085. Two years ago the Republicans received 62,798, Democrats and Populists 18,420.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Nov. 4.—In the northwestern part of the state snow is falling, making returns slow. Both the Democratic and Republican candidates claim the state by majorities from 1,500 to 2,000. The result will be close but the early returns favor Bryan.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—The Tribune's estimate of the next senate of the United States is as follows: 42 Democrats, 33 gold standard Democrats, 4 Populists, 5 and doubtful, 6.

PRESS OPINIONS.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—The Evening Standard to-day makes this statement: "All through McKinley is the champion of the fiscal policy designed to rebuild the ports of the United States to British goods, there can be no doubt that his defeat of

the free silver candidate is a matter of satisfaction in this country."

Later in the day the Westminster Gazette said: "The brokers found themselves overwhelmed the first thing this morning with orders from American dealers on their behalf. The bi-metallic league to-morrow will issue a manifesto claiming that McKinley's election is a victory for international bimetalism, and quoting thereon the money plank of the St. Louis platform. On the Glasgow stock exchange all the industrials were strong on the receipt of the election news from the United States."

PARIS, Nov. 4.—The election in the United States was watched with great interest in France and is commented upon at length.

Le Paris says: "Europe has little reason to rejoice. McKinley means a reign of acute protectionism. While the defeat of bimetalism is decisive it is a blow to bimetalism in Europe."

Le Temps remarks: "The Republicans must not think themselves entirely successful, but the splitting up of the parties gave the victory to McKinley. We shall see if he understands sufficiently the significance of what has occurred, and if he is able to rise above party considerations of party spirit in order to worthily represent the great national movement which carried him into power."

Le Jour anticipates that the first result will be "a cessation of the crisis which has been let loose on the business world since Bryan was nominated. America has escaped a great peril thanks to the wisdom of the electors."

La Republique says: "The practical result will be a return to a prohibition customs regime from which England and Germany will be the chief sufferers. The Journal des Debats remarks: "The result has delivered America from a great peril. It could not be a matter of indifference to the general welfare of humanity that one of the richest and most active nations was to be plunged in ruin, and probably menaced by a violent disorder and misery arising from the stoppage of work. It is true that McKinley's success may lead to economic restriction, but his name is synonymous for the uncompromising protection which, with the monetary uncertainty, contributed to the real crisis in America. But one must always choose the lesser of two evils, and we hope that protection will prove more reporable now that the greater evil has been avoided."

Le Soir says: "Gold has carried the day; but unless the government bends to satisfy the demands of the industrial and farming population of the country, the movement will end by carrying away all the dykes erected by all the great gold operators." Continuing, Le Soir doubts that McKinley will bring into office the same spirit of equity as Cleveland.

BERLIN, Nov. 4.—The result of the elections in the United States was received throughout Germany with great satisfaction, except by the bi-metallics. A high official of the foreign office said: "The government is pleased with the result. All civilized nations will profit by the outcome of the election, especially Germany, owing to the intimate, important and economic relations with the United States."

The Tagblatt says: "A nightmare has fallen from the breast of the whole civilized world. Never before has an election inspired such similar feelings. Bryan's victory would have been celebrated by the enemies of popular liberty throughout the world. It is true that the shadow of McKinley's narrow-minded tariff policy threatens to darken the victory, but we hope he will not repeat the error while president."

The Neueste Nachrichten says: "Just as the Democrats during Cleveland's regime did not abolish the protective tariff, but only slightly lowered it, now the Republicans will not restore the McKinley tariff. They must obey the wishes of the influential circles within their own party."

VENICE, Nov. 4.—The News Fri Press, commenting on the result of the election in the United States says: "It is doubtful if McKinley will be able to continue the protective policy, since he was elected by both protectionists and free traders. McKinley's victory is to the advantage of all civilized peoples. His defeat meant the beginning of a social confusion, which would scarcely have been confined to America."

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—The Tribune, editorially, says "Thank God," the Tribune with all its readers, all honest men and patriots in this country, and all men everywhere who believe in the reign of law and justice, of civil order, draws a long breath, and with consent with all says: "Thank God." "Thank God" else itself expresses the profound emotion, the deep and almost unutterable sense of gratitude which pervades the whole country this morning. Even the most undevout and skeptical unite in fervent and whole-hearted ejaculations. It is the only adequate expression of the general sense that gives relief."

The Times says: "The end of the delusion has been reached and now to business. We have had three years of silver panic and business depression. We have given three months to Bryan. Capital has been frightened, enterprise has been paralyzed, and the country that we have utterly annihilated Bryan and sixteen to one, let everybody pluck up courage and get to work."

The Herald says: "Bryan was considered a stumbling block to prosperity and the people just put him out of the way. The government has been saved from invasion by the men who have backed Mr. Bryan in his enterprise, men whom we have never heretofore trusted, men who have openly advocated such changes that party lines have been erased in order that patriots might meet the menace with a solid front."

The Journal says: "We have no inclination to war with the jury of the people because of their verdict. If they have condemned the Democratic proposal to remonetize silver, it is because they have not been sure of its expediency and they have made doubtful of its morality. Further time is needed to convince them that it is both expedient and right."

The Sun says: "The full dimensions of the victory won yesterday by the American party cannot be measured exactly at the present time. The country has repudiated the repudiators, has warned the promoters of the revolution to keep their hands off our institutions, and voted to maintain untarnished the nation's honor by one of the most impressive demonstrations of honest patriotism."

If you once try Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache, biliousness or constipation you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable, small and easy to take. Don't forget this.

MORE MULLOCK REFORMS

Mail Contracts Cancelled—Military Marching and Shooting Competitions to Be Encouraged.

Hon. Mr. Sifton to Be Sworn In—Butter Production—Survey of Lake Erie.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Nov. 4.—An astronomical and triangulation survey of Lake Erie is now being carried on by the surveyors of the Interior department to more accurately determine the international boundary.

The government dairy station at Prince Albert turned out 27,108 pounds of butter this season, and at Indian Head 32,322. In two or three years Mr. Robertson hopes the Territories will be shipping butter in tin packages to the far East.

Contrary to expectations there were no dissensions from the government printing bureau to-day.

The Journal says to-night that Hon. Mr. Sifton may arrive here this week to be sworn in as minister of the interior.

Ministers were not inclined to-day to discuss the President's election. Sir Richard Cartwright, however, said that anything calculated to preserve order and good government in the United States must be good for Canada.

Messrs. Peters and Messrs. Behring, Sea counsel, and Chief Clerk Venning left for British Columbia to-day.

The Postmaster-General expects to attend the international postal conference at Washington next May.

Hon. Mr. Mulock has asked all post office inspectors to report on all mail contracts by water conveyance with a view to revising them. One hundred and sixty contracts were cancelled last night and forty to-day.

As under the postal law licensed stamp vendors cannot purchase stamps from merchants and outsiders, but only from the department, in order to make easier for merchants to seek the redemption of postage stamps sent to them as remittances, Hon. Mr. Mulock has reduced the discount from 5 to 1 per cent. on stamps aggregating in value one dollar and over. They must be sent in sheets and sent to the department here. No postage is required on the letters.

The militia department will encourage marching and shooting competitions as recently carried out in No. 2 district; that is teams to be formed of two hours and a quarter and immediately commence target practice.

Local veterinary inspectors of sheep for export have been appointed all over Canada, as the U. S. government now requires a certificate of health on all shipments of sheep from this country.

The property owners of Ottawa have rejected a by-law providing \$444,000 for main drainage in the added portion of the city.

TORONTO TOPICS.

TORONTO, Nov. 4.—The Young Conservative Club have rejected a motion favoring the passage of a Dominion alien law.

A serious outbreak of diphtheria has occurred in the neighborhood of Dorset, Muskoka, caused by men suffering from disease being sent out from Gilmour's hotel. The disease is also reported from points in both Bruce and Simcoe counties.

There are no new developments in the Varsity safe blowing affair. The police are working on the theory that someone in the building is implicated.

CONSERVATIVE REORGANIZATION

MONTREAL, Nov. 4.—(Special).—Sir Charles Tupper will be in Montreal on Thursday for the purpose of meeting the members of the Liberal Conservative organization of Montreal and conferring with them in regard to the reorganization of the party in the province.

The Tarte-Grenier criminal libel case was called in the court of Queen's bench yesterday, but owing to the absence of Mr. Tarte, it could not be proceeded with and an adjournment was made.

"A TREMENDOUS FUTURE."

LONDON, Nov. 4.—Adolphus Drucker, Conservative member of parliament for Northampton, has just returned from a trip to British Columbia. Upon being interviewed he said he thought there was a tremendous future for the country and that it was going ahead nearly everywhere.

American capital, he said, had been developing the country, but Englishmen were now spoiling it by the ridiculous prices they were asking for every mining claim. Americans were met in the most hospitable manner, but some of them were anti-English feeling while travelling in British Columbia.

CASE OF THE CASTLES.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—At the opening of the sessions Chairman McConnell decided to call the special attention of the grand jury to the case of Mr. and Mrs. Walter M. Castle, of San Francisco, charged with stealing goods from various London stores, saying it presented some remarkable circumstances. He added that the facts did not differ from ordinary charges of larceny except for the position of the parties. Continuing, the chairman stated that upon most occasions the Castles visited stores together, but sometimes Mrs. Castle was alone. He still further asserted that there was evidence which bore out the construction that there was joint possession of the articles, and expressed the opinion that it was proper case for investigation by the grand jury, as with one exception all seven charges were of shoplifting. The hearing of the case was set for Friday morning next at 10:30 o'clock. At the sessions the grand jury found true bills against the Castles.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease and requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies the blood.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE

Hall Mines Smelter Completed—Oil Fields of Kootenay—Shot in a Box Car.

Assize Court at Westminster—Mining Claims Registered—Burglary at Vancouver.

(Special to the Colonist.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, Nov. 4.—The report that the C.P.R. intended to build a ferry boat to carry loaded cars of freight from Vancouver to Nanaimo appears to be without foundation. Superintendent Abbott denies all knowledge of such a plan.

J. M. Stewart, who was appointed chief of police, will not know of his appointment for a week, as he is up the coast some 300 miles away logging. Ex-Chief McLaren ran Mr. Stewart a close race for the position and led on the first ballot. Chief-elect Stewart had many friends in the city anxious to see him appointed.

A mock presidential election took place in Vancouver yesterday to test the feeling of Vancouverites on the silver question. There were 443 votes polled, Bryan getting 236 and McKinley 207.

Mr. Glover's store on Hastings street was broken into by thieves recently and \$25 worth of goods taken. The manager was kept out of the newspapers as a favor to the police, no trace of the thieves has been found.

The C.P.R. intend to immediately construct a steamer for service in Sloan lake. The steamer will be built on the plan of the Aberdeen plying on Okanagan lake; will be 100 feet long and hand-somely fitted up.

Mr. Murphy, chief engineer of the steamer Empress of Japan, has returned from the Kootenay country where he went as a representative of Hongkong capitalists. Mr. Murphy says the travel to Kootenay is now opening up and the mining interior is enormously thick with steamers and every train en route both ways was loaded with business men and prospectors.

The accounts of the recent carnival celebration have been published in full. There was collected \$9,569.13, and a balance of \$4,500 still remains to the credit of the committee.

WESTMINSTER

WESTMINSTER, Nov. 4.—T. H. Green and wife left this morning for England, where they will presumably reside.

For the week ending November 3, five claims a day have been registered at the mining recorder's office. The claims were located in Hilliwack, North Arm, Harrison river, Howe Sound and Fort Douglas.

Acting Chief Cartwright has been appointed permanent chief of the police force, and Constable Dillabough, sergeant, and Constable Morrison, M.P., have been thanked by the council for promptly bringing before the government matters connected with the city.

The council has received word from Mr. Morrison that the penitentiary water supply trouble will be adjusted at an early date.

Mr. Moreby wrote to the council that the water supply would be adjusted at an early date.

The fall court of assize was opened at Westminster yesterday. Mr. Justice Giesbregt, in his charge to the jury, Mr. Lordship referred to the pleasure it gave him to see so small a docket before him and to see that the crimes were not heavy ones, there being no case of murder, and no case of the loss of a human life. After the grand and petit juries had been instructed in their duties by His Lordship, they retired to consider the following cases:

Thomas Gahan, of Spokane, has bonded the Queen for \$2,000, and the company has the Martha Washington in west of the Greenhorn and Good Hope, and is an undeveloped prospect with a speculative value by reason of its proximity to the Second Relief, upon which some very fine ore has been found. Gallon paid ten per cent. down for his bond, and \$500 falls due in March and the balance of \$1,500 in gold respectively. The Martha's name was struck off as defendant in the case of the Queen vs. O'Brien and Markey.

TEXADA ISLAND.

Mr. A. Raper is on a flying visit to the city from Texada Island, having come down on the Comox to Vancouver. He gives the following news of the mines, but admits that there are interesting developments being made which have not yet been given publicity.

On the Copper Queen, which is incorrectly called the Van Anda, the two large two story buildings are now just completed. One of these buildings is for a cook house and the other is a residence. The road has been made from the mine to the landing and is a fine wagon-way. The shaft has reached 90 feet below the surface and is looking exceedingly well. Mr. Raper brought down some of the ore coming up on the last bucket before he left, which is the finest that has yet been shown here, and runs a high per cent. of free gold. Mr. Raper says that a contract for sinking the shaft to 300 feet has been let and steam power is to be used.

The other six working mines on the island are as follows: On the Lornelade a squad of eight or nine men are building a fine cabin preparatory to working being commenced on the ledge. The Victoria, on which Mr. Raper has been working, makes no report at present, but the ledge is supposed to be looking well. There are on the Victoria shaft ten men working.

The owners of the Surprise—Vancouver and Union parties—are pushing work on the mine. They intend to open up a tunnel with a 100-foot tunnel. The tunnel is now in 20 feet, and in the face there is a two foot body of ore, which averages \$20.

There are at least 75 men working on different claims in the vicinity of the North Fork. Nearly all the properties can be opened up by tunnels, and about one-half of the cost entailed in opening up claims in Rossland, and if the properties continue to develop

The Raven, which is about three miles from the Dunsmuir, also has several men at work, though no news has as yet been received from them.

In all on the island there are now

about 60 men employed and many others are seeking employment.

NELSON.

(From the Nelson Miner.) Messrs. French and Erickson have struck a three foot ledge on the Binango, and the ore is pronounced to be excellent.

The Alhambra Mining Company has sunk a 50 foot shaft on the Francis J., and are now working eight or nine men steadily.

A. L. Davenport, of the Poorman mine, says that 20 tons of concentrates were shipped this week from his mine to the Hall Mines smelter. There are about 170 tons of ore on the dump, and as soon as that is milled, work will be resumed on the lower tunnel, which is in about 120 feet.

Thomas Grey, of the Nelson planing mill, says that the lumber trade is good and that this town is using a large part of the mill's output although considerable is shipped to Cody. A vast amount of building is being done in Nelson and nearly all the houses under construction are of a very good class.

Lorne Becher has returned from a trip to Wild Horse and Salmon river district. He said that a new hotel is going up at Quartz creek and that all along the line from Nelson to Waneta the towns are crowded with people going to the camps to work this winter. On the North Fork the people expect to have twelve or fifteen camps and will work all the winter.

Smoke was sent through the new stack of the Hall Mines smelter for the first time on Wednesday. The top of the new stack is 225 feet above the level and makes an imposing appearance. The stack and the new furnace now under construction, were designed by Superintendent Paul Johnson and people who are eminently qualified to judge pronounce them the nearest they have seen.

The big furnace which will increase the capacity of the plant from 130 to 330 tons per day, is well under way and is being hurried to completion. The dimensions of this furnace will be 4 by 12 feet.

Much is expected of the oil fields in East Kootenay which were discovered several years ago, but which have been waiting capital to develop them. There are two kinds of oil obtainable; a black oil at Kisheneo creek, and but eight miles north on Sage creek, a nearly pure light yellow oil is found which will burn in a lamp. There is no water in the oil. Natural gas escapes freely from the bed-rock and ignites easily. When the oil was sent to the geological museum at Ottawa it was pronounced a fraud it was so pure, and Dr. Selwyn, head of the department, made a trip to the district finding it as represented, and also that it was found in the Cambrian formation. Over a large area of ground indications of oil fields are awaiting the touch of capital to make known to the world their almost fabulous value.

A Montreal syndicate has stocked the Ben Hassen and Mand S.

(From the Tribune.)

The prospects along the North Fork of Salmon river have received considerable attention during the past two weeks and a number of transfers, involving nine claims in all, have been made. There are now seven buildings at the North Fork station, on the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway, and two others are in course of erection.

Among the recent deals is the purchase of the Victoria, Albert and Daisy claims by Herbert Cuthbert, of Victoria, and the purchase of the Ivanhoe and the East. The consideration was \$7,000.

Fred Cummings of New York has taken a working bond on the Good Hope and Greenhorn, which are located about three miles up the stream from the North Fork. So far as developed the ledge upon these properties appears to be about three feet wide, the ore being a high grade copper running from 10 to 20 per cent. in copper and from \$3 to \$8 in gold. There are no payments due under the bond until May, 1897, when half of the \$20,000 becomes payable and the balance in three months later. Work is being pushed along on the claims.

The Queen vs. O'Brien and Markey, has bonded the Queen for \$2,000, and the company has the Martha Washington in west of the Greenhorn and Good Hope, and is an undeveloped prospect with a speculative value by reason of its proximity to the Second Relief, upon which some very fine ore has been found. Gallon paid ten per cent. down for his bond, and \$500 falls due in March and the balance of \$1,500 in gold respectively. The Martha's name was struck off as defendant in the case of the Queen vs. O'Brien and Markey.

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favorably, the North Fork will make a big camp.

D. D. Mann, president of the company which owns the North Star mine near Fort Steele, in speaking of the North Star, said the work of development has been going on for ten months, and the output of silver and lead has been very satisfactory, about 6,000 tons of ore being mined. Of this 2,500 tons has been shipped to market. This output of 6,000 tons was taken from the drifts and crosscuts while developing the property, leaving about 40,000 tons in sight in the mine. The ore is sent to smelters in the United States.

The Bondholder people have just finished an excellent rawhide trail from their property to the Enterprise wagon road, connecting just below the Neepawa cabins. Last week a rich strike of high grade ore was made in the workings, and the indications are favorable for still larger bodies of mineral. R. C. Campbell-Johnston is making a valuable property of this group. He has staked two claims adjoining for the company.

KASLO.

(From the Kootenai.) The two Friends and Howard Fraction are making fine showings, and will ship considerable ore this winter. The trail up Springer creek will be made into a good rawhide trail.

Campbell-Johnston of Vancouver has about thirty men at work on the Bond Holder group on Ten-mile. It will cost the list of shippers this winter. The U and I people on the north fork of Ten-mile are putting up buildings and making a trail. They have a thirty foot tunnel and will work this winter. On the Catarden claim there are some fine ore showings. This property is owned by Messrs. Grey and Thomas, who refused a \$25,000 bond on it.

F. M. O'Brien made a deal at Nelson last Monday by which he placed 15,000 shares of Noble Five Consolidated stock at a figure which is understood to be a big advance over that at which the treasury stock went. There is little Noble Five stock moving now. Small holders are not inclined to sell, being satisfied with the investment.

E. Foyle Smith, is over from Eight Mile creek, on Sloan lake, where he has a force of twelve men on the Silver Band, one of the richest and most promising properties in that great section. Two shifts are to be put at work on a tunnel at once to open up the lead, and it is not unlikely that they will be shipping ore in ninety days. The Silver Band was stocked at Victoria a few weeks ago at \$250,000, in one million 25-cent shares. The ore is ferruginous quartz, containing galena, chloride of silver and native silver. The quartz is associated with highly argentiferous cerussite (carbonate of lead) and assays high, ranging from