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LONDON, WEDNESDAY, OCT. 5.

A NEW FORM OF EMPIRE BUILDING.

There is practical imperialism, without a tincture of partisanship, in the scheme of Mr. Norton Griffiths, M. P. for Wednesbury, Eng. He recently spent some weeks in Canada arranging to found three cities in the west, which will bear the names of English towns—Wednesbury, Tipton, and Darlaston. The resemblance will not end with the names. It is the purpose to establish in the Canadian towns industries similar to those in the English towns, so that men from the latter will find in the former the class of work to which they are accustomed. Tracts of land for agriculture are a part of the plan. Mr. Griffiths reports that his constituents are entering into the project enthusiastically. To the London Daily News he said:

"Already 1,200 applications, principally from Wednesbury people, had already gone out and he found them living temporarily in other communities waiting for the completion of negotiations before forming the nucleus of a new township. They were all prospering, and some had already begun to send home subscriptions to the Wednesbury Imperial League. Judging by the extraordinary publicity with which he saw townspeople springing up he should say that the first of the new cities—timber-built, of course—should be going ahead well in twelve months' time."

"No, there won't be any attempt to make the towns an English game preserve. If the scheme is a success the communities will naturally attract settlers from all parts, and we shall be well satisfied if from 15 to 20 per cent of the population are English emigrants. That will be sufficient to prevent Wednesbury men and women from feeling that they are going among a lot of strangers. Of course, there is no idea of charity in all this; we simply want to do a bit of honest empire building. What we say to Englishmen is, 'Seize your opportunity before it is going, for it is going at a terrific rate.'"

Mr. Griffiths is no dreamer. He is the head of the firm of Messrs. Griffiths, Marriott & Co., who recently were given a \$200,000 contract by the Government of Chile to build a railway 370 miles long from north to south along the range of the Andes, tunnelling under the mountains for scores of miles. Mr. Griffiths' standing is an assurance that his Canadian enterprise will not suffer from want of financial backing in its initial stages. The "colony" experiments in the west have not been uniformly successful, but the invitation to outsiders to share in the Griffiths undertaking is a reassuring feature.

A CRISIS IN PORTUGAL.

For all the outside world knows a revolution may have been effected in Portugal, and the streets of Lisbon may be running blood. The sudden stoppage of the telegraph service from the capital points to a carefully planned coup d'état. Apparently the political troubles of years have come to the boiling point. The assassination of King Carlos and the crown prince nearly three years ago was intended to be the signal for an insurrection, but the very horror of the crime produced a revulsion of sentiment, favorable to the monarchy. The crisis was postponed, and the youthful king ascended his throne with some promise of tranquillity, especially as he rid himself of the dictator Franco. King Carlos had incurred the enmity of all parties by supporting Franco, who held all parties in subjection, on the pretence of stamping out the corruption in which Portuguese politics has been always steeped, and of curing the financial disorders which threatened national bankruptcy.

King Manuel has been at least offensive. His conduct has been strictly constitutional, and he has submitted even to the anti-clerical policy of his present Government. The recent elections revealed unexpected gains by the Republicans in the cities and towns and gave that party the balance of power in parliament. The Republican leaders have been since outspoken in their predictions of the speedy downfall of the monarchy. They have claimed the sympathy of the army and navy, and the dispatches indicate that they have not counted on it in vain.

PROBABLY A LIBEL.

We look for an emphatic denial of the assertion that Prof. Marshall has been forced to resign from the faculty of Queen's University, because of his opposition to the project of a Canadian navy.

Freedom of thought and speech

should find a refuge and stronghold in the seats of higher education. A denominational university may with propriety exclude teachings contrary to the beliefs which it was founded to promote, but Prof. Marshall's case is not in this category. He merely expressed his views in a magazine on a subject which does not touch the life and aims of the university. It is not recorded that he brought his opinions to the classroom. To say that he suffered for exercising the right of free speech in so mild a form is to bring a grave accusation against Queen's, which we believe to be a libel. It is entirely out of keeping with Queen's traditions.

Prof. McCurdy, of Toronto University, has by voice and pen declared against any contribution to Imperial naval defence, but his position in the university has not been prejudiced in the least. Surely there is not more liberty in the state institution than in Queen's, which has prided itself on its keener individualism and less formal atmosphere.

Portugal seems to be one of the unhappy countries not enlightened enough to be fit for constitutional government, and too enlightened to submit to despotism.

Immigration into Canada increased 76 per cent this year over last. The restrictions, about which there has been complaint, have justified themselves. They have improved the quality and have not reduced the quantity.

Sir James Whitney says the eye of England is upon Canada. This is good news, but we hope the ear of England did not mistake the voice of Sir James for that of Canada when he was talking nonsense about the dismemberment of the Empire.

The visit of the technical education commission to London on Oct. 17-18, will be of great importance. It is to be hoped the council, the school board, the university board, the board of trade, will get together so that London's claims will be submitted in the most practical and authoritative shape.

Harry Thurston Peck has been dismissed from the faculty of Columbia University. Mr. Peck wields a breezy pen, and has used it largely in making fun of the foibles of other men. But he made the mistake of airing his literary style in a series of love letters to a young woman, who is now suing him for breach of promise. Other men are now making fun of Professor Peck's foible.

WORNOUT CRIES.

[Kingston Whig.]
Canada is hearing too much about the French flag, the French language and the French spirit. The church has heard too much about them, and the church is not in the humor to discuss grievances which exist only in the imagination.

RESIGNATION JUSTIFIED.

[Chicago Evening Star.]
"So you resigned?"
"Yes, I couldn't stand the way the firm was run."

"What did they do?"
"Took my name off the payroll."

SOUND REASONING.

[Prince Rupert.]
"Come in late night and tell against the piano."
"Hurt yourself?"
"No, I struck the soft pedal."

HIDDEN VIEW.

[London Opinion.]
Painter's Wife—That's a view of the Alps. Glorious, isn't it?
Uncle from Somerset—Well, if it wasn't for all them mountains I might be able to see summits!

MONK AND HIS NEW FRIENDS.

[Halifax Chronicle.]
The Conservatives of Quebec appear to have captured the Nationalists, instead of the opposite. Mr. Bourassa hoped, at Montmagny on Sunday the orator was Mr. F. D. Monk, Conservative; Mr. T. C. Casgrain, Conservative; Mr. E. Piquette, Conservative; and Mr. Armand Lavergne, Nationalist. Reading Mr. Monk out of the Opposition has not been very effective. He is still the king-pin of the Quebec wing.

A YEAR'S GAIN OF WEALTH.

[Edmonton Capital.]
In short, the total addition this year to the wealth of the Province of Manitoba, Alberta and Saskatchewan can be little short of \$400,000,000, barring what value may have been consumed by the people for sustenance. This would be but a small proportion; and anyway, the produce of the mines, timber and other natural resources has not been taken into account. Is it any wonder that the Dominion is moving along fairly well?

REFORM'S PROGRESS.

[Hamilton Times.]
With the bad system of land laws and the drink evil both subjected to determined attack, the work of reform in the old country makes progress. There are better days ahead for the British people.

THOUGHT HE WAS STUCK.

[Chicago News.]
Miss Scribbles—I understand you were stuck on my latest book?
Mr. Crittens—I guess that's right. I paid a dollar for a copy of it.

HOW IT WENT.

[Punch.]
The Picture of Misery—Yes, I'dy, there was a time when I had money to burn, an' where I made the mistake was when I did burn it.
The Old Party—And, pray, what did you burn it with?
The Picture of Misery—With an old flame o' mine.

WHY THE KITTIES CRIED.

[Scraps.]
Wally, aged 6, found four little kittens in the cellar. A visitor, being told of them, expressed a desire to have a peep at the new baby pussies.
Wally went to fetch them, and soon pitiful mewling was heard below.
"Don't hurt the kitties, Wally," called out his mamma.
"No, mamma," shouted the boy, "I'm bringing them up carefully. I'm carrying them by their stems."

AN ANXIOUS TIME.

Mr. Broughton, the English artist, while sketching in the Alps, was one day in search of a suitable background of dark pines for a picture he had planned. He found at last the precise situation he was seeking, and, best of all, there happened

to be a pretty detail in the figure of an old woman in the background.
"I asked the old lady," said Mr. Broughton, "to remain seated until I had made a sketch of her. She assented, but in a few minutes asked me how long I should be. 'Only a quarter of an hour,' I answered, reassuringly.
"Three minutes or so later, she again asked me this time with manifest anxiety—'If I should be much longer.'
"Oh, not long," I answered. 'But why do you ask so anxiously?'
"Oh, it's nothing," she sadly answered, 'only I'm sitting on an ant-hill.'"

A MODERN MOTHER.

[Housekeeper.]
"Mamma," said little Dorothy, "I want some water to christen my doll."
"No, dear," replied the mother, "it's wrong to make sport of such things."
"Then I want some wax to waxinate her. She's old enough to have something done."

A CONSCIENTIOUS ANSWER.

[Lippincott's.]
"Does the white folk that lib in yough neighborhood keep any chickens, Bruthah Rastus?"
"Well, Bruthah Johnsing"—after considerable deliberation—"they does keep a few."

NOT MERE TALK.

[Louisville Courier-Journal.]
"I cannot live but a week longer without you."
"Foolish talk, duke. How can you fix on a specific length of time?"
"Ze landlord fix on it, miss, not I."

THE CAUSE.

[Lippincott's.]
"I hear his relations with his wife are strained. What caused it?"
"Her relations."

THE SAFE KIND.

[Chicago News.]
Little Willie—Say, pa, what is a safe burglar?
Pa—A safe burglar, my son, is one who is behind the bars.

PACED TOO RAPIDLY.

[Washington Herald.]
"Waiter, ask the orchestra to play something different."
"Any particular selection, sir?"
"Something slower, please. I can't chew my food properly in waltz time."

LIVE WIRE BURNS OTTAWA BOY BADLY

Rescued From Horrible Death Only by the Greatest Difficulty.

Ottawa, Oct. 4.—With over a yard of live wire wound about his legs, and screaming with pain, little Peter Anderson, the twelve-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. P. Anderson, Hintonburg, was in a bad plight when rescued by Mr. C. P. R. carpenter, and Mr. F. Cade, who works in the yard. The two men were busy repairing a car, when, hearing screams, they turned and saw young Anderson writing in agony on the ground. They immediately ran to his assistance, and, not understanding the cause of his pain, Mr. Wood grasped him by the legs, and in turn got a shock that nearly knocked him over. He then took hold of the boy by the blouse, and dragged him a distance of twenty feet, the wire still clinging to his legs. Mr. Cade came up, then, slipped off his coat and used it to catch hold of the live wire, and at last succeeded in releasing young Anderson.

It was found that the wire had burned its way right through the boot and deep into young Anderson's foot. His legs also bear deep burns. Although unable to move this morning, it is announced that he will recover and be able to walk again. The wire hung in a dangerous position, right over the path into the C. P. R. yards, where one could hardly help stepping on it. It was the same one that caught three children on Sunday, who were freed by the son of Superintendent Spencer, of the C. P. R. The wire was found yesterday afternoon, when young Anderson was the next victim. Since then the telegraph company has cut it off the pole.

GRAND TRUNK ENGINEERS GET INCREASE IN PAY

Asked for 12 Per Cent and an Agreement Was Reached With the Company.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Montreal, Oct. 5.—For the past few weeks a committee representing the engineers of the Grand Trunk Railway system has been in conference with the superintendent of motive power. So quietly did they carry on their negotiations that although 25 of them were domiciled at a Montreal hotel for weeks, there has been no publicity about the matter. The negotiations were carried on with the best of good feelings, and on Monday a pleasant to record an agreement has been reached satisfactory to all concerned.

The engineers asked for a substantial increase of pay, and it is understood, to something like 12 per cent. The Grand Trunk was willing from the first to grant them an increase, and the result of friendly negotiations is the agreement concluded last Thursday. The representatives of the engineers left for their homes Friday last, entirely satisfied with the result of their mission to Montreal.

TO FURNISH HEAT FOR BUSINESS HOUSES

Helena Costume Company Will Ask Permission to Lay Pipes.

The Helena Costume Company will run a steam pipe across Richmond street to connect Smallman & Ingram's and other business houses in the block to furnish heat for work. A gang of surveyors are at work today, and when they have their figures prepared application will be made to the board of public works for permission to lay the pipes. They will be enclosed in asbestos to prevent injury to the pavement. They will get the pipes down while the streets are torn up.

NEW AVIATION RECORD.

Paris, Oct. 5.—The new world's record for altitude in an aeroplane recently established by Henri Wymaen, at Mourmelon, has been officially recognized by the Aero Club of France. The new figures are a shade better than those originally given out, as Wymaen is not credited with having reached an altitude of 2,900 metres or 9,186 feet.

CHARGE WAS DISMISSED BY POLICE MAGISTRATE

Grand Opera House Is Declared To Be Perfectly Safe in All Particulars.

The charge laid by City Architect Nutter against Manager Minnick, of the Grand, to the effect that certain arrangements in the opera house were in violation of the building law, was dismissed at the police court this morning.

Engineer Graydon stated that the charges were entirely unfounded, theatre being in first-class condition. He spoke highly in praise of the exits and other arrangements for the safety of theatregoers at the Grand.

Mr. Peary, the manager of "The Travelling Salesman" company, declared last night that in point of safety, the local opera house is superior to 75 per cent of the theatres of the United States.

CORONATION PARADE SEATS SELL FOR \$50

Though the Royal Ceremony Is Not Held Until Next June, Bookings Are in Full Swing.

London, Oct. 5.—Although no announcement has been made of the official route of next June's coronation procession, from a reliable source comes the information that the pageant will take the following course: From Buckingham Palace, by way of the Mall and the new Trafalgar Arch, through the Strand and Fleet street to Ludgate Circus; thence to Blackfriars Bridge, returning by the Victoria embankment to Westminster Abbey, where the ceremony will be held. South London is making a strong claim for the route of the procession; but the route is not likely to be altered, as the King, it is understood, desires it to be as brief as possible.

Agents are already booking seats along the Strand and Fleet street. Orders for good positions are pouring in, and some seats are being sold for as high as \$50 apiece, but these, of course, are for the best places. Office rents along the route have jumped amazingly, and several new buildings are being rushed to completion. Needless to say it is not the British upon whom these enterprising agents depend for the enormous prices, and many homeward-bound Americans arranged for seats before sailing. Orders are coming in from every branch of the Empire, New Zealand, Australia, India and South America, being represented among the orders received by one agent.

A big feature of the coronation will be a monster exhibition showing the growth of England and her colonies during King Edward's reign. Her people and their handiwork will be shown, and the exhibition is planned to demonstrate the power and infinite resources of the British Empire.

BOARD OF MISSIONS MEETS IN TORONTO

Canon Tucker, Who Is Coming to St. Paul's, Is Now the Secretary.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Toronto, Oct. 5.—The regular meeting of the board of missions of the Church of England in Canada is called to meet in Toronto next week. As Rev. Dr. Tucker, who is secretary, has been appointed rector of St. Paul's cathedral, London, this may be his last meeting in that capacity.

MANCHESTERS SUED

Doctor Demands Sum for Experimenting in Consumptive Cure.

London, Oct. 5.—There is great interest in both society and medical circles in a suit which will come up for hearing in the Marylebone police court tomorrow, when a Dr. Thomas will appear as suing the Duke and Duchess of Manchester for \$500 for professional services.

It seems that some time ago the Duke and Duchess became interested in a consumption cure which was being conducted by Dr. O. E. Miller. The duke introduced several of his Irish proteges to Dr. Miller for treatment, and the results were so satisfactory that the duke took over the establishment, and Dr. Thomas, as the resident physician, was being a properly-qualified practitioner.

The duchess became a most active patron of the establishment, and Dr. Thomas declined to accept any fee for his services in the application of the consumption cure.

Dr. Thomas alleges that he was given to understand that it was the intention of the Manchesters to establish sanatoria throughout Ireland and that they had set aside \$150,000 for carrying out the scheme. The plan failed to materialize, however, and Dr. Thomas, alleging that this failure changes his relations with the Manchesters, now sues for the \$500 for services.

IMMIGRATION FIGURES.

Ottawa, Oct. 4.—During the first quarter of the present fiscal year immigration into Canada shows an increase of 76 per cent, compared with April, May and June of last year. Arrivals at ocean ports increased by 106 per cent, while arrivals from the United States increased by 38 per cent.

The figures are as follows: Total immigration for the three months, 120,331; immigrants arriving at ocean ports, 84,831, an increase of 4,819 over last year; immigrants from the United States, 45,500, an increase of 12,576.

For the month of June the total immigration was 34,580, as against 20,869 in June, 1909, or an increase of 66 per cent.

No coal is mined in this country lower than a depth of 2,200 feet, while several English mines penetrate 3,500 feet down, and the mines in Belgium, 4,000 feet deep. Eight-inch seams of coal are mined commercially abroad, while few veins less than fourteen inches thick are worked in this country.

Kingsmills DRYGOODS, CARPETS

Charming Coatings

Winter Coats will very soon be needed. You'll find here a most complete stock of stylish new coatings. Let us make you a new coat.

SEDAN BROADCLOTH, beautiful finish, thoroughly shrunk. A full range of the new fall colorings. Per yard.....\$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50

SERGE SUITINGS, from the West of England, three weights, 54 inches, fast dyes and unshrinkable. Per yard.....\$1.00, \$1.25 to \$3.00

REAL SILK SEAL will be fashionable and will prove a very serviceable coat. Prices are lowest here, quality being the first consideration. Per yard \$1.00 to \$10.00

ZEBILINE, an exact imitation of pony skin, in black only, 50 and 56 inches, an excellent quality. Priced at per yard.....\$2.00 and \$2.50

NEW MELTONS, a fine smooth-finished cloth, unspottable, all pre-shrunk. Regular \$1.75 quality, special, per yard.....\$1.10

ENGLISH BEAVER CLOTH, in every wanted shade, imported direct from the mills. Priced from, per yard.....\$1.50 to \$3.00

WHIPCORD will be much worn, blues, fawn, grays, browns, etc., 54 inches. Per yard.....\$1.25

SALES

Kid Gloves

FINE FRENCH MAKE.

Ladies' Two-Clasp Fine French Kid Gloves, in tans, browns, champagne, grays, modes, white and black. Regular \$1 value.

79c Pair

Feather Boas

Much used as hat trimming, white, sky, gray, pink and black. Regular \$1

49c

Auto Veils

30-inch Veiling, in all the new shades, navy, browns, tan, sky, greens, champagne, Burgundy, etc. Regular 45c, 60c and 75c yard,

25c

Children's Coats

Corduroy and Velvet Coats, all sizes from 2 to 5, best quality,

\$3.75

Ladies' Tailoring and Dressmaking

A Popular Department for Well-Dressed Women

We've greatly enlarged this department, and under supervision of Miss Moore it now stands in a position to execute to your order suits, dresses and coats which express style, quality and satisfaction.

By our new system you can have your orders filled at the shortest notice, no long waits. Inquire a Dress Goods Department.

Kingsmills

KING MANUEL OF PORTUGAL

Continued From Page One.

Started at Banquet.

President-elect Fonseca of Brazil recently arrived at Lisbon, and last night a grand banquet was to have been given him by King Manuel. Accordingly, the Brazilian statesman must have been a witness, it is believed, of scenes similar to those of 1889, in Brazil, when the Portuguese Empire was overthrown.

Evidences of the activity of those who aimed at the throne have been found recently of late. On Sept. 30 the police raided a bomb factory and arrested ten persons. This action was said to have followed the discovery of a widespread anti-monarchical plot, with ramifications throughout the kingdom.

El Imparcial, an official organ, at that time declared the Government was prepared to mercilessly crush a revolt.

Found Bomb Factory.

Following the discovery of the bomb factories there have been arrests made daily among medical students, who were members of a secret revolutionary society, with branches in the Lisbon medical school, and the University of Coimbra. The Government's action against the Clericals also complicated the situation. Following the expulsion of the Jesuits from the monastery at Ponte, many Spanish priests, known as "Marlannos," who had settled in various parts of the country, establishing convents and monasteries, were ordered out of the kingdom, and their establishments closed by authority of the king.

The Portuguese unrest, which had gradually increased since the discovery of plots to overthrow the monarchy, and set up a military dictatorship or a republic, was aggravated by serious strikes among the cork cutters and cooper. More than twenty thousand men stopped work at Carreire and rioting followed. The strikers seized railroad trains and burned thousands of bales of cork. Municipal guards and regiments of infantry and cavalry were dispatched to Barreiro, and a collision between the strikers and soldiers followed. Fifty strikers were injured. The grievance of the cork cutters was the exportation of foreign ready-made barrels. The Government recognized the strikers, discontinued the exportation of uncorked cork, and placed prohibitive duties upon foreign barrels imported. This caused diplomatic protests on the part of Great Britain and the United States, to which countries uncorked cork had been exported, and from France and Germany, whose merchants had bought enormous quantities of wine in Portugal, which could not be exported because of a lack of barrels.

The Republican Movement.

The republican movement, which found inspiration in the assassination of King Carlos and the Crown Prince Luiz Philippi on Feb. 1, 1902, grew in strength steadily, and the elections of last August added materially to the republican membership in the chamber. In districts where the republicans failed of carrying the elections, their vote showed a marked increase. When the Cortes assembled, the Government saw the danger of the Liberal cabinet being overthrown, and on Sept. 12, in order to keep absolute power in

the hands of the cabinet, and tide over a troublesome period, but more particularly because the Government realized that its majority was too small to withstand an attack from the coalition forces.

Madrid, Oct. 5.—The Spanish telegraphic authorities announced this afternoon that they were trying to communicate by wireless with the British fleet supposed to be off Lisbon or near the Portuguese or Spanish coasts.

Paris, Oct. 5.—It was stated at the Brazilian legation here today that King Manuel has taken refuge on the Brazilian battleship Sao Paulo.

Royal Family Impressed.

Rome, Oct. 5.—Grave apprehension is felt here over the news from Portugal. Private reports are to the effect that the royal family have been imprisoned, and a republic proclaimed. Interest here is intense, especially as the Queen-Dowager Maria Pia of Portugal is an aunt of the Italian king, and the Italian king is anxious over the religious situation and the possible effect it may produce in Spain.

No Word to Madrid.

Madrid, Oct. 5.—There has been no communication between Madrid and the Portuguese capitals since Tuesday morning. The only news of the revolution came by wireless from Santander. It is believed here that the revolutionists have the intention to restore them only when they are prepared to announce to the world that a republic has been proclaimed.

Completely Cut Off.

London, Oct. 5.—The Portuguese legation here is without official advice. Acting upon news dispatches, however, Marquis De Soveral, Portuguese minister to Great Britain, called at the foreign office early today, and had a long conference with Sir Edward Grey, foreign secretary; Sir Arthur Nicolson, new permanent secretary, and the foreign office. The hearing through private sources last night that telegraphic communication with Lisbon was interrupted, sent a cable message to British Minister Sir F. H. Villiers, asking the cause of the interruption. This message, like other messages was received at the cable office at the sender's risk, and as no response was received it is assumed that the telegraph and cable stations in Portugal are in the possession of the revolutionists. The Eastern Telegraph Company has had no communication with Portugal since yesterday, and the direct Spanish company, which operates its wires through Spain reports no communication today beyond Madrid.

CONCERT WAS HELD AT LONDON JUNCTION

Splendid Affair Carried Out by Members of St. George's Church.

Anniversary services were held last Sunday in St. George's Presbyterian Church, London Junction. The pulpit was occupied by Rev. G. L. Johnston, late of North Bay. The attendance was very large, and the collections without any special appeal being made were the largest in years. On Tuesday evening an anniversary supper and concert were held in the church. A sumptuous and appetizing repast was served by the ladies from 6:30 to 8 p. m., and was thoroughly enjoyed by all present.

Afterwards a high-class concert was

rendered by well-known talent. The programme included:
Opening chorus, by St. George's choir; solos by Miss Winnett; reading by Miss Thompson; recitation by Mr. Thomas Alexander; violin solos by Mr. Clair; solo by Mr. Taylor; solo by Mr. Blythe; clarinet solo by Mr. Olsen; instrumental duet by Mr. Olsen and Mrs. Irvine; and addresses by Rev. T. Mitchell, B. D., and Rev. G. L. Johnston. Miss Angus accompanied the musical numbers at the piano.

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Baggage to and from Station Free

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Ladies of London

Curls and Braids are still in great demand. We received big shipments of Hair from Europe, and have placed lots of Curls and Braids in stock, for your inspection. Buy your Hair Goods now before you try on your new hat, because no hat will fit without hair. We are the only exclusive Hair Goods dealers in this city. Our patronage has increased to such an extent that we had to enlarge our present store 25 feet, in which we made six private parlors for shampooing, dressing, dyeing, bleaching, treating the hair, etc. We make up your combings into Switches, Braids, Puffs, etc.

Men, who are bald, inspect our Toupees and Wigs, which are made as light as a feather, and stand any test as to durability and fit. Made out of real hair, finest foundations, and cost from \$15 to \$50. We dye, clean and repair same.

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