

mines by vote whether such and such a minister will continue to have such a measure of general confidence as to justify the severing in further employing him. I desire to see the House of Commons the leading executive and legislative authority.

Small chance indeed the oligarchy have in their aggression, when their own leader is on record in connection of their attempt to usurp hitherto the uncontrolled authority of the House of Commons over the finances of the country.

I saw today an advance proof of the manifesto, issued by the national old age pensions committee, which is likely to play a deadly part in the coming election as the Chinese slavery cry played in 1906. It is a stirring appeal by a new political body to the electors to vote against the peers in order to secure pensions for the aged poor. Every vote given for the peers' candidate, it declares, may prove to be a vote against the continuance of old age pensions.

Brought it on Themselves. The peers have exposed themselves to this damaging attack by carrying Lord Cromer's amendment decreasing that the old age pensions act should end in 1915. The amendment was flung out by the Commons because it conflicted with their privileges, but the fact stands on record that the Lords, by a vote of more than 20 to 1, tried to limit the pensions act to seven years. The inference is plain that if the Lords succeed in making good their usurpation the old age pensions act will go by the board. The fear of such repeal of the greatest measure social reform has secured by the poor will paralyze the peers worse than any weapon in the armory of the Commons.

WITH THE FARMERS

FARMERS' MARKETS.

Grain and Feed. Wheat at elevators, 80 to 82c per bus. Wheat to millers, 82 to 85c per bus. New Oats, 28c to 30c per bushel. Old Oats, 28c to 30c per bushel. Oats at Elevators, 21c to 23c per bus. Feed wheat, 60c to 65c per bus. Bran, per cwt., \$1.15. Shorts per cwt., \$1.30. Middlings, \$1.35. Upland Hay, \$8 to \$10. Slough Hay, \$8 to \$10. New Timothy Hay, \$8 per ton. Green feed, \$8 per ton.

Dairy Products. Dairy Butter, 20c to 25c per lb. Dairy Butter to dealers, 22c to 25c. Creamery Butter, 22c to 25c per lb. Eggs, 25c to 40c per dozen. Cheese, local, 12 to 13c per lb. Live Stock. Choice hogs, 150 to 250 lbs., 7c. Roughs and heavies, 5c to 6c. Good fat steers, 1,200 lbs., 3 1/2 to 3 3/4. Good fat steers, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs., 3 1/2 to 3 3/4. Good fat steers, 900 to 1,100 lbs., 3 1/2 to 3 3/4. Extra good fat heifers, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs., 2 1/2 to 2 3/4. Medium quality fat heifers, 800 to 1,000 lbs., 2 1/2 to 2 3/4. Extra good fat cows, 1,000 lbs. and up, 2 to 2 1/2. Medium quality fat cows, 900 lbs. and up, 2 to 2 1/2. Canners, 1 to 1 1/2. Bulls and Stags, 1 1/2 to 2. Light weight, poor and thin cattle not wanted. Good Calves, 125 to 200 lbs., 3 1/2 to 4c. Good Calves, 200 to 300 lbs., 3 to 3 1/2. Choice Killing Lambs, 5 to 6 1/2. Choice killing sheep, 4 1/2 to 5c. Poultry and Dressed Meats. Young turkeys, 22c to 24c per lb. Spring Chickens, 15c to 16c per lb. Dressed Geese, 16c per lb. Hindquarters of Beef, 7c per lb. Front quarters, 4c to 5c per lb. Dressed Pork, 10c per lb. Vegetables. Potatoes, 40c to 50c per bushel. Carrots, 40c per bushel. Turnips, 40c per bushel.

FRIDAY'S GRAIN MARKETS.

Winnipeg, Dec. 3.—The market was one of light trades and slightly lower values. In the early hours there was a good demand for spot cash, but when the first run of orders were filled trade dropped. Some export houses reported no trading while others caused a few loads worked. Argentine news continued bearish in tone, shipments from this country are increasing and offerings were liberal. Broomhall took a rather bullish view of world shipments for Monday and predicted a decrease in wheat on passage. Liverpool cables were 1/2 higher. Winnipeg December closed unchanged and May lower. In Chicago, December was 1/2 down at the close, with most distant months 1/4 to 1/2 higher and practically the same conditions prevailed in Minneapolis. While world's figures generally are bearish the absence of accumulated stocks encourages speculation and tends to strengthen the market. Winnipeg cash wheat—No. 1 Northern, 90 1/2; No. 2 Northern, 91; No. 3 Northern, 92 1/2; No. 1 N.W., 99 1/2; No. 2 N.W., 97 1/2; No. 4 N.W., 95 1/2. Oats—No. 2 white, 32 1/2; No. 4 white, 31 1/2.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKETS.

Chicago, Dec. 3.—Charles Lewis, of Minneapolis, slipped quietly into the Patten office in the Western Union Building this morning and put in a good-sized buying order for May wheat. The filing of these orders by Patten's brokers drove many of the local professionals to the buying side in the belief that Patten has become tired of his position astide the speculative fence. Lewis accumulated his line early and before the real advance of the day was established. On the sharp upturn he filled up all corners and secured good prices. A sprained ankle will usually disable the injured person for three or four weeks. This is due to lack of proper treatment. When Chamberlain's Liniment is applied a cure may be effected in three or four days. This liniment is one of the best and most remarkable preparations in use. Sold by all dealers.

big profits for a quick scalp. May wheat opened at 1.05 1/2 and eased off to 1.05 1/4, but was off to and closed at 1.06, which was less than 1/2 cent below the resting spot of Thursday.

The December future was but lightly traded in between 1.06 1/2 and 1.07, closed at the lowest point of the day and showing a loss of 1 1/2 cent. It may be said without fear of contradiction that the trade is at sea in so far as December wheat is concerned. The wise ones believe that a month end flurry is likely in Minneapolis and conditions in that market will reflect in the Chicago market. Every movement made by the larger houses in the trade will be followed by the smaller ones for a time at least. Under current is strong.

The trade in wheat refuses to take a great deal of stock in the many bearish items to come this way, although emanating from the most reliable sources. In the trade of the Modern Miller was out with a crop outlook showing an increase of 2,000,000 acres in the winter wheat area this fall, and reported the plants as in ideal condition. There are many who refuse to become bearish of the holding prospects, fearing too rank growth in the wheat fields later on.

Corn—There was a firm undertone in corn today, the market was steady at the opening and derived much of its strength from wheat at oats. Local professionals were the best buyers, while the cash interests were good sellers. Commission houses were on both sides of the market.

Oats were again higher on covering by shorts and buying by cash interests of December. There was some buying of May by commission. The selling was scattered. The light movement was the basis for the strength. Provisions were about steady to firm and the closing prices showed only slight changes from Thursday. The volume of trade was moderate and of a general character.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Dec. 3.—Shippers and speculators bought hogs of weight and quality at steady prices, paying \$8.25. Packers tried to effect a decline in the general market. Few cattle arrived and packers cleaned them up in apprehension over the railroad strike. Hogs—Receipts 17,000; steady. Mixed and butchers, 7.50 to 8.35; good heavy, 8.20 to 8.40; rough heavy, 7.00 to 8.10; light, 7.70 to 8.25; pigs, 6.30 to 7.50; bulk, 8.05 to 8.30. Cattle—Receipts 2,500; strong. Beefers, 4.35 to 4.25; cows and heifers, 3.25 to 3.20; stockers and feeders, 3.25 to 5.20; calves, 6.50 to 8.75; Texans, 5.00 to 6.25; westerners, 4.50 to 7.25. Sheep—Receipts 4,000; market steady. Sheep, 3.35 to 5.25; lambs, 4.50 to 7.55.

THE POST OFFICE REVENUE.

The revenue for the Edmonton post office for the month of November showed a good percentage of increase over former months, the total being: In the district during the month three new post offices were established, each on November 16th, as follows: Gadsby—Sec. 27, 38, 17 w. 4, J. D. Skinsner, Monday and Thursday at 7 o'clock from Stettler. C. W. Hart, Saturday at 10.30 o'clock from Redwater. North Edmonton—Section 23, 53, 24 w. 4; F. W. Reich, daily from Edmonton, train No. 2, 21k. The frequency of the service has been increased as follows: Blackfalds and railway station to twenty-four trips per week; Gwynn and railway station to three trips per week. Post offices have been closed in the following places: Dora—Nov. 16th, 1909. Larkspur—Nov. 26th, 1909. Long Ridge—Nov. 30th, 1909. Sulman—Nov. 30th, 1909. Transfers in the post office have been effected as follows: Brownfield, to Geo. V. Williams, vice N. Stickle, resigned. Gaetz Valley, to E. H. Knight, vice T. Millen, resigned. Iowalla, to A. Frizziel, vice J. Kinley, resigned. Peace River Crossing, to A. V. Smith, vice J. McCasken, resigned. Ranfarily, to J. A. Labelle, vice A. C. Whitman, resigned. St. Paul de Metis, to Jas. Bradley, re-appointed. Woodglen, to Geo. A. Smith, vice Wm. Pentis, resigned.

DAIRYING IN ALBERTA MAKES GREAT STRIDES

C. Marker, Dairy Superintendent, Says the Increase in the Production is Seventy Per Cent. in Two Years—Encouraging Outlook for Industry.

C. Marker of Calgary, dairy commissioner for Alberta, under the provincial department of agriculture, gave the following interview to the Bulletin in this morning at the Windsor hotel. In the interview he gives his reasons for thinking that the past has been a most prosperous and encouraging year for the dairy farmers of the province. "From a climatic point of view," said Mr. Marker, "the first half of the past summer season was very favorable to dairy operations. Frequent showers and warm weather kept the pastures in fine growing condition. In fact, up to the middle of July it looked as though the dairy production for the season would reach, if not exceed, that of 1906, the largest in the history of the province. After the latter part of July, however, the rainfall became very light indeed and, as a consequence, the bright warm weather dried up the pastures much earlier than usual, causing a heavy shrinkage in the milk yield week by week. "The farmers who had the foresight and good judgment to provide green, succulent feed to help their

pastures kept their cows in good flow of milk and reaped their reward in the higher prices which they received for their butter during the latter part of the season. On the other hand, the majority still depend almost entirely upon the native pastures for the sustenance of their dairy cows during the summer, and have to be satisfied with not only a shorter milking season, but also with a smaller revenue from their dairy because the great bulk of their production is of necessity put upon the market when prices are lowest. "Regarding the volume of the dairy production of the province, while complete statistics are not as yet available we shall confine ourselves to the discussion of organized or factory dairying of which most of the returns are now available. "Output for Year 1909. "During the past season eleven cheese factories and fifty-four creameries were operated in the province, twenty-one of the latter by the provincial department of agriculture and

popularly known as government creameries. The cheese output will aggregate a selling value of about \$28,000, a slight increase over last year. The butter production of the creameries operated this year will reach a total of 2,500,000 pounds for the twelve months ending October 31st, and represent a value of \$600,000, as against 2,100,000 pounds manufactured in fifty-one creameries during the corresponding period of last year, worth \$226,800; and 1,500,000 made in forty-five creameries and worth \$350,000 for the same period of 1907. In other words, the butter output of the Alberta creameries increased seventy per cent. in two years. "Linnislaw Has Largest. "The creameries which are operated on the co-operative principle by associations of farmers and are operated in their behalf. Their butter output represents forty per cent. of the creamery production of the province and the largest individual creamery is located at Linnislaw. Its butter output

for the past year was 204,000 pounds, worth \$50,000. "The great bulk of the butter made in the creameries is disposed of in British Columbia markets, and upwards of 400,000 pounds are annually consumed in the Yukon, where Alida creamery butter enjoys a splendid reputation for its uniformly fine keeping qualities. Having due regard to quality there is no doubt that we shall find a market in the West for the surplus butter and cheese production for years to come. "Features of the Year. "What are the features of the year in the dairy business of the province?" Mr. Marker was asked. "Aside from the increased production just outlined the outstanding features of the past year's dairy development are— "1—A greatly increased winter production, and "2—A growing demand for a better class of dairy stock. "With regard to the first point the butter output of the creameries oper-

ated during the winter 1908-09 was the Provincial government set aside that for the winter of 1908-09, showing that there is a tendency in favor of all year dairying. This tendency has been encouraged in every way and will lead to a rational and profitable development of that industry. "Secondly, now that the factory system of dairying has developed good cash markets for milk and cream, it is but natural that the farmers who take up that line of business should desire to make the best possible use of their time and opportunities by paying closer attention to the milking qualities of their dairy animals. This is bringing about a demand for something better than the so-called dual purpose animals. Generally speaking, they are of a beef type and fall short in their dairy performance. "The demand for better dairy stock having become evident, several local breeders of dairy cattle have during the past year shipped into the Province from Eastern Canada several

car loads of Ayrshires, Jerseys and Holsteins which they have afterwards disposed of by auction or by private sale at comparatively good figures. Now that this movement has commenced it would appear that we have here a promising market for not only the local breeders of dairy cattle but also for the breeders in Eastern Canada who may be looking for an outlet for their surplus stock. "Provincial Assistance. "In this connection I may add that the Provincial Government set aside this year a sum of \$10,000 to be used for the purpose of assisting farmers to bring in pure bred dairy cattle from the Eastern province. The purchaser makes his own purchase by correspondence and otherwise and arranges his own terms of payment. Which a sufficient number of animals to make up a car load have been reported the Department of Agriculture undertakes to collect and deliver them at the nearest railway station of the purchaser at the uniform rate of \$5.00 per head."

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NEWS

GRAN DFC
Bulletin News Service.
The G.P. trucking man on the Tule-Camrose line.
On Tuesday the Gran children drove out to work. Needles to say of a 1000 ft. car.
On Wednesday one was fatally injured. It caught in some rocks and drawing him in, and inflicted other serious injuries. The car was at once burned to the ground.
The Gran line is from Camrose to Bonanza Hill.
Northwestern Index
Bulletin News Service.
Mr. Elliott is out from a few days visiting with the farm.
Arthur Williams is with this winter.
The literary meetings of the church held at Grentzenburg's to talk erection.
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FORT SASKATCHEWAN
Bulletin News Service.
Little Clarence Dumas, a night with his mother's affection for work at the Methodist church held at Grentzenburg's to talk erection.
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SPRUC GROVE
Bulletin News Service.
The Spruce Grove Ladies' Aid Society gave a very pleasant time at the hall of St. John's school. The young people of the town were very much interested in the program given a dance next to the hall of St. John's school. The young people of the town were very much interested in the program given a dance next to the hall of St. John's school.

VEGREVILLE
Bulletin News Service.
The District Court at Vegreville today before Justice Power. There were two cases, two wage cases, and one criminal case.
The first case tried was Lambert. This was a case over the burning of a school. On the 26th of April last year school was burned many were the standing fire a kind of a freemason and Ulysses Latour alleged, fired a shot Lanier with intent to do bodily harm. At the hall here before Justice Power the accused was a trial. The prisoner elected summary. The plaintiff for the crown ignorance of the English Benoit Tremou was swearer.
The evidence was given. The case arose out of a neighborhood quarrel and showed that the firing of the shot was a crime. He was honorably acquitted. The small debt case of Mahaffey was laid over court. Massey Harris was referred to the court. The two wage cases of vs. Davis, and Sheppard, was also laid over until session.

The other criminal case of Powell was also taken next court.
Vegreville, Dec. 2nd.
The peculiar procedure of the court. The court was held in the court. The court was held in the court. The court was held in the court.