## THE WEEKLY MESENGER

## COMMERCIA.

Moxtreat, Jan. 10hh, 1863. Grain market is very guict. Canala Wh; $\$ 1.05$; Cauna a spring, 81.05 to 81.07 . Pea Oats 34c to 35c. Rye Sife to 5se per bu-hel Foorr.-The market is still quiet wit
small sales price the semes las welk quen tations. are as follows;--Nuperior Extra, Fance, nominal: Spuing Extra, si.55
84.ci: Superfine, Sito: Strong Rakere Canadian, 85.00 to 85.40 , strong Bakero Atmerican, 86.25 to 86.75 : Fine, 83.90 t 83.50 ; Ontano bant, medium, 82.25 t \$2.30; do. Spring Extra, $82.15 t 082.20$; d ered, $\$ 3.15$ to 83.20 . Meals,-Oatmeal, 85.10 to 85.40 . Corn Dairy Produce.-Butter-The make 8 quiet withalightly better demath than last week. Quolations :- Creamery, fresh made
ine flavored, extra, 26 c to 2fe; do., to fine, 23 c to 25 c ; Eastern Townshijs, 20
to 224 ; Monivburs, 1se to 2lc : Brockvill 7.7e to 20 e; Wetem, 15 c to 1 se . Add
per 1 b . to all of the above ore per lb , to all of the above for the jobling
rade. Cheese firm, little duins. trade. Cheese firm, little duing. - $10 \frac{1}{2 c}$ t
$11 \frac{1}{2}$ for August, and $12 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$ to 13 J c for choic September and Octolaer; common grades

Egas.-Quiet at 26c to 2 ec according to ually and forlucsa.
Hog Prodects are slightly firmer but stil: quiet We quote : Western Pork, 321.00 to 821.50 ; Canada short cut, 822 vasied, 16 c to $16 \frac{1}{c}$; Bacon, 14 c to 15 c ; Jard
 per loo thes.
Dressed Potlthy and Game. - The antlen off. Wequote:-Turkeys, oc to be rallen off. We quote:-Tukeys, 10c to 12c ; e to loc per 1 b ; Partridgres, 75 e to 80 c per
race; Hares, 25 e per coule ; Venioup, carca-es, ece to 9 c ; do. himd-quarter

Ashes - Pu
There have hen fewer beef cattle offered the butchers are pretty well through with their holiday supply of dressed beef, they have to pay advanced rates, of about one-
fourth of a cent per lb, live weight, all round. Superior steers and heifers bring from $5 \frac{1}{c}$ to sic perlb; pretty large fat cows and fair what rouph steers and ordinary dry cows tion, $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$ to 4 c per Ib and lean stock about het now, as the butchersare prety well sap. plied with frozen mutton. Mildh cows are getting more plentifal and slightly lower-
uriced, vet choice large cows lining from 870 10800 each and pretty good milkers from
$\$ 50$ to 860 each, while ordinary-sized cow. sll at about 840 each. Live hogs sell at about $6 \frac{1}{2}$ per ll and dressed hogs at esc do.
farmers' matker. There has been a rather slim attendance of farmers at the markets since the new year re plentifully supplied are oats and hay, and prices of these are easy and hay is still declining, as the people from the south side of the St. Lawrence can now lining their
hay across the ice to the market here. Dead poultry continue very ligh-priced and likeGeese and turkevs are at present from four to six cents per ib dearer than at this time The weather has been rathe to market and prices are firgh any distanc aloo alvatucing in value, mand for shipment to the Uuited States pease, s5e to 81 per bushel; buckwheat, 60 c do. Dressed hogs, 88.75 to 89.25 per cwt leef forequarters, to to 50 per 16 and hindquarters 5 e to 7 c do. Geese 11 c to 13 e per
o: turkes 11 c to 16 c do ; tub butter 1 sc to 25 c do ; print butter 25 c to 40 c do ; packed gges 25 c to 35 c per dozen; fresh-laid ergs
40 cto to 50 c do. Hay, 87 to 810.50 per 100 bundles of 15 llis ; straw $\$ 3.50$ to $\$ 5$ per 100 bundles of 12 ths.
 reen peaz, 81.35 ; black-eyed Southern, Flour,-Low Extra, 83.75 to 84.25 uperfine, no sales for Spring, 83.40 to Extra, 85.25 to 85.65: Poor to Choice Fancy, eld at 86.75 to 87.25 ; Inferior Clear Extra 86.00 87.35 for Choice to Fancy, 86.25 to 87.40 ; Choice Fancy Family Ex tra, $\$ 6.40$ to 86.75 ; Buckwheat Flour, Meats.-Oatmeal, Western fine, 85.50 to 86.50; Conrse, 85.75 to 87.00 per brl. Corn anck, brathyse, per 100 lhs, 81.20 to 81 .2 Sacked, coarse, per 100 los, 81.20 to 81.22 ;
Fine white, 81.40 to 81.45 ; Fine Yellow, no sales. Corn flour, 84.25 to 84.75 . Grits 84.25. to 84.75

Beer.-Market quiet but steady. We uote : 812.00 for plain mess ; 813.00 for exira mess ; 812.50 for plate $; 814$ for extra hess and 815 to 815.50 for packet Beef Hams.-Steady market Bekf H
Bacon.-The Chicago market prices ar oose long ciear, 88.60 ; short clear, 91 e hort rib, 8.75 c ; houlders, 6.15 c ; buxed lons 95 c ; shonlder, 6.40 c . 9 c ; short rib Curmeats sula
Cutmeats.-Sales still reborted small We quote: 9 c to 10 c for pickled bellies; or pickled hams ; 9c for smoked shoulders ; 3 c to 13 दe for moked hams.
Dressed Hogs.-Hogs at $8 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$ to $\mathrm{s}_{\mathrm{g}}^{\mathrm{c}} \mathrm{C}$ and arket pigs at $8 \hat{g} \mathrm{c}$ a shade firmer.
Pork.-Improved demand. 818.25 to 818,50 for new mess; 814.00 to 814.50 for xtra prime, 818 to $\$ 18.50$ for famil
Lard.-Fair demand for home use. We
note 10 e for Western steam, and 10 ac for quote
city.

Steabine.-Lard stearine, sales brivker at 11 to
sales.
Tallow.-Recejpts large and improved for packaces
Meat Stock.-Wentern heavy wethers,
be to 61 c per 1 b ; Jersey and near-by 5e to
$\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$. Spring lambs, 6 c to 7 h c . Live calves, 10 c ; butter-milk fed, be to 62 e ; grassers $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$ to 5 c . Dressed veals, from 10 e to 1 Ic . for poor to fair, to 13 c to 13 f c for choice. Feed,--100 lhe or sharpe, 822 to $823 ; 100$ has, or No. 1 middings, 818 to $819 ; 80$ the
or No. 2 middlings, $818 ; 60$ lhs, or No. 1 feed, $817 ; 50 \mathrm{lh}$, or me lium feed, $\$ 16.50$ rye feed at $\& 20$ per ton ; bailey feed, $\& 23$. Sbeds.-Clover seed, per lb., prime, 12 g c fancy, 127 to 13 e ; timothy, 81,85 t
82.05 per bushel ; domestic flax seed, 81.25 t 82.05 per bubel ; domestic flax seed, 81.26
s1.30 ; Calcutta linseed, 81.80 nominal.

## prohibition king.

The Rev. Mr. Doane writes from the Wand Ponape, to the Missionary Herted, of some energetic measures, which a aceded in many Wotern countries.
It is a matter of joy we have so good king in this tribe. Years since a very Sanl now he is a teachable, growing Christian he is spoken of as a Christian. They doubt hispiety, and mainly because years since, when a pure heathen, he killed a native Then he could drink and minister to the lust of these foreigners, and do any other mean thing. He has thoroughly turned from this. He will not allow any liquor to be made by his tribe; a thorough-going 'Maine-law man' in this. He is willing, too, to apply the law to some who lead captive siliy women. He wants good order in the
tribe, and, I am glad to say, has largely
secured it But they who think such a man ansot be a Christian, view all that he doe 'for a purpose,' But we as bing done 'for a purpose, But we if all the thilus of Ponape had such to say, rulers, it would be a vastly betterisland than rulers,
it is.

A nest of rum makers and drinkers wa$r$ cently attacked by this same king. The place for years had been known as one of the hese rark places of this tribe Recenth fighting. The king at once sent off his force-policemen-to break up the still.
The owner showed fight. As he was lowing put into irons, his wife, too, drew the knife ,ut she was handeuffed. This nest of evil men thought themselves stronger than any king. But he captured them, set them al wat it is hetter to and they have learnem are thoroughly cowed. Oh, for more of this power in and over other 'dark place in Ponape,'

## THOMAS CARLYLE'S : OW

Carlyle told a story of two horses, illus* trative of the sense of humor in animals. the One day Carlyle was -moking his pipe out side his front door when he heard shricks of rage and agony combined from the back of the house. He went round to see what was the matter. A deep drain had been opened
across the yard, the bottom of which wastiff clay. Into this, by some unlucky curiosity, the sow had been tempted to descend, and being there found a difficulty in getting ut. The horses were loose. The pony aw the opportunity-the sow was strug fling to extricate herself. The pony stood ver her, and at each cffort cuffed her back ngain, with a stroke of the fore hoof. The sow was screaming now more from fury watching the performance, and smiling approval, nodding his had every time the neast was knocked back into the clay, with of the nature of the situation.

## $\longrightarrow$

Wben a mas doesn't wan't to do a good deen, it is very easy for him to find an excluse for not doing it. An Oriental story rope to a neighbor. His reply was, that he was in need of the rope just then to ti up sume sand with." "To tie up some and!", exclaimed the would-be-borrower "I don't see how you cat tie up sand with a ropee" "Oh! you can do almost anythimg $t$," was the wisty response. And nowaday, common, and very eay, for rofessedly Christian man to look up an anything to the cause of missions, or to any other good cause.-S. S. Tianes.

Philadelphia, not satisfied with her in Austrial showing in the last census repor and likes it ling a Pe census of het ow mady ments are shown with two holrel ments are shown with two hamdred and
twenty-two thousand, six humdrad and fifly-two operatives. This $i_{i}$ an inereare of two thousal.d estabishments and fifty thousand persons employed. It is calculated that the completion of the reviaion will show twelve thousand establishments with two hundred and forty thousand persons employed.

The Way-marks of tippling are to b traced in many proverbial sayings. For ex ample the Livensed Victuallers' Guardian, in your P's and Qs,' undoubtedly originate in the tavern practice of chalking or scoring hebts by custotners, the P's signifying pint and the Q*quarts. It was this practice of btaining crecit for intoxicating liquor which led to the passing of the "Tippling Act " in the notorious reign of George II. hen gin was sold in peniny-worths at th cruers of streets in London

The Soles of boots may be made water proof by melting a little bee's wax and mut con suet, and rubbing some slightly on the edges of the sole over the stitches.

VOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS IN THE NITED STATES
Our subseribers thraughout the United States who cannot procure the international Rost Otice orders at their Post Oftice, can get imstaca a Post Othce orter, payale at house s暗eni cribers.

## A GOOD PAPER.

The W'colly Witness we believe to be the est weekly newspaper and recommend it aper. The price is 81 a vear, clubs of three O cents each, cluhs of four 75 cents each, clubs of ten 70 cents each.

SCHOLARS' NOTFS
Jan. 21, 1583] Lessun ill.
[Acts 2: $\mathbf{7 7 - 4 7}$. the belaevina peolle.

Now when
pricked in $\qquad$ nd the rest of heart, and samid they wosto Perer thall we do? And Peter said unto them, He- is
pent ye, and Hethre, what
und the name, of be bap Chized every unt one or you remission
of your sins; and ye shall recelve the gift of he Hol sins; and yest. Fhall recelve the gift of
the sou st he promise. 39
and to your children, and to all that are afar off, even as many as the Lord our God shai
callunto him. And with many other words to
 Hzey hen that recelved his word were bap- 41
Here were added unto hema $p_{n}$
hat day about three thousand sous. And hit day about three thousand souls. And 12
he, continued stedrastly in the aposties
eaching and fellowshtp, in the breaking of bread and the prayers.
And fear cane apone sony sont, and many is Wonderar cand sigap were done by the apostles.
Wond anlthat believed were together, and had 4t
And
alltings common; and they sold their pos. 43 And all that believed were together, and had 44
Allmings commono and they sold thelr pos 45
cesslons and goods, and parted them to all,acsesslons and goods, and parted them to anliac-
cording as any man had need And day by
day, continuligg stedfantly with one accord in day continuling stedfastly with one accord
the temple, and breaking bread at home, they
did take their food with gladness and single. ness of heart, pratsing God, and haviag favor with all the people, And the Lord added 19
them day by day those that were being saved
GOLDEN TEXT-" Tian they that giady -
velved blis word were bapized."-AcTs $2: 41$.
TOPIC.-Belief in Christ gives joy.

Time-A. in, 30, The day of Pentecost and the
me onward. Place.-Jerusdiem. introductory.
Peter had Just shown his hearers that the won-
ters of Pentecost were the fulfilment of prophecy; that Jesus, the despised Nazarene whom hat (iod nad raised him fron the dead and exatted him to the heavens, o
us the effect of this sermon.
Lesson Notes.
. 37. HEARD This-ieter preaching the PRICKED IN THEIE HEAKTS-CONVIeted of sin bow con we be saved? V. AS. BE BAPTIZED-1n

 and do the will of dod. V, 80 THE PROMISE:-
the promised lintuence of the Holy Spirlt. AFAB Fr-bientles as well as Jews Spirlt, AFAM SAVK YociselivE by forsaking your sins and be-
heving in Chrint. Uvow ARD-Hevised Ver THAT GLADLY BECEEVED, THE WOHD-WhO beWERE BAPTIEDD--the first administration of Chistian baptism "in the name of Christ," The ThEsAME DAY), and the lack of any stream of hat immersion was the mode. ThBEE THOO church; a marked fulfilment of special promise. chureh; is
John 1 it
persevered.

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 , 47, ADDED DA1LY- the growih was constant. UCH As shoc LD BE SAVED-iteraliy,
saved;" the growth was renume. Only
who wors converted joined the chureh.

## teachinge

1. There is no ailvation from sin without re2. God carentor the oung as well as the old.
True relikion mah as people Love the Bibie. he charen and prayer.
2. It leads to care for the comfort of others, 5. It produces singleness of heart had joy,
3. When Christans are earnest and holy, their
namber will be increace

 John Dougal, of Now Yrk, and J.hn
Dougall and J. Dougall, of Moatreal.
