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Tungsten Lamps
\$4.00 Per Dozen
KNOX ELECTRIC CO. - Tel. Main 873
Fixture Showroom, 34 Dock St.

DIED.
FARMER—At her late residence, 3 Wall street, on the 29th inst., after a lengthy illness, Rachael, beloved wife of William R. Farmer, aged sixty-seven years, leaving besides her husband, seven sons to mourn. Funeral this afternoon from her late residence. Service begins at three o'clock.
GRAISE—Suddenly at his residence, 30 Sydney street, on the twenty-seventh instant, Frank E. Craibe, leaving his wife, one son and one daughter to mourn their loss. Funeral this afternoon at 3 o'clock.
BLAKNEY—At Pettitodiac, April 28, George M. Blakney, eldest son of G. Miles and Alice M. Blakney. Funeral notice later.

An official announcement in London says that the Belgian army is now well provided with clothing, boots, and other necessities. "But," it continues, "when our friends resume possession of their country, they will find devastated districts, hospitals with no equipment—in some cases destroyed—and they will be confronted with great difficulties in the way of revictualing."

KING COLE TEA
For You—
if you enjoy a cup of Tea of a particularly rich mellow flavor.
KING COLE will produce a lasting glow of satisfaction.
"You'll like the flavor"

MORE EVIDENCE IN OPIUM CASE

Further consideration will be given at a future date.

The earling in the opium case was continued in the police court yesterday morning and afternoon. At the morning session the cross-examination of Hum Ging was concluded. Hum testified that one of the pipes that was taken from Hop Lee's premises on the night of March 13th was his property, while a larger pipe was the property of Hop Lee. The pipes were kept in Hop Lee's place for the convenience of the customers for smoking tobacco. He said that he had seen the little can found in Hop Lee's store by ex-Detective Kilken and which is claimed by the prosecution to contain opium.

Hum Ging then gave an exhibition of smoking. Mr. McInerney withdrew his objection to the exhibition, as he said the authorities seemed to consider that decisions of that nature lay within the discretion of the court. The witness produced a photograph showing two Chinese in their native land with a pipe similar to the one produced in evidence. He had smoked the pipe on March 12.

Hum Bo Tom was called by D. Mullin, counsel for Hop Lee. He had used a pipe like the ones in evidence. They were used for smoking in Montreal and in China. He had been home to China last fall. A piece of bamboo about two feet long with the regular opium bowl was produced in evidence, and Hum Bo Tom explained how the opium was smoked. He would not swear that that was the only kind of pipe in which it could be smoked.

The court adjourned until 3.15 in the afternoon, when the evidence of Hum Bo Tom was resumed. A pipe which was taken from Hop Lee's premises was produced and witness stated that he saw the pipe before and heard Hum Ging say it was a tobacco pipe. Witness saw any person smoking opium in the pipes produced and opium could not be smoked in the pipes seized by Jeffrey in Hop Lee's premises. A long stemmed pipe was produced and witness stated that he did not know if opium could be smoked in that kind of a pipe or not.

Regarding the pipes seized by Jeffrey, witness said that he did not know of them being a new kind of pipe for smoking opium. Witness said that he never saw opium in the shape of the pellets seized in Hop Lee's place. The opium that he had seen was in a liquid form like molasses. He said that opium cannot be smoked in the pipes produced. In cross-examination by Mr. McInerney witness said he was not sure if opium could be smoked in the pipes produced.

Mr. Mullin then had witness place two of the pellets claimed to be opium in the bowl of the pipe and instructed him to light it and attempt to smoke. After some objection made by Mr. McInerney, the magistrate allowed the witness to proceed with the demonstration subject to objection. Hum Bo placed the pellets in the bowl, lighted a paper taper and in a few seconds was drawing the smoke through the stem and blowing it from his mouth. Witness then described how opium was smoked from a pipe which he claimed was an opium pipe, although he stated that he had never smoked the drug he had seen others smoke.

Hum Bon was the next witness and testified that he was in Hop Lee's place on the night of the raid. He said that Jeffrey asked Hop Lee for five hundred dollars, or some opium. Hop replied that he had no five hundred or any opium. Then Jeffrey asked for one hundred dollars and caught Hop by the clothing. Jeffrey then took something from Hop Lee's pocket and later witness said that he saw Jeffrey take money from Hop Lee's pocket. Jeffrey had a revolver in his hand and pointed it at all of the Chinese in the place and ordered them not to talk. Hum Gong said something in Chinese and Jeffrey fired the revolver. Witness said that he made his escape from the place by the back door. On returning after the police left the place witness said he found a cartridge shell and a bullet on the floor. Witness said that there were no girls in the place that night. Hum Gong had been smoking some tobacco, and when Jeffrey entered the room Hum Gong was sick and was lying in one of the bunks. The case was adjourned until a later date.

For bacteriological, chemical, radiographical, electro-therapeutic, and mechano-therapeutic purposes, requisites for operating theatres, surgical instruments, pharmaceutical drugs, kitchen utensils, articles necessary for bathrooms, etc."

NEW STRENGTH IN THE SPRING

Nature Needs Aid in Making New Health-Giving Blood.

In the spring the system needs a tonic. To be healthy you must have new blood, just as the trees must have new sap to renew their vitality. Nature demands it, and without this new blood you will feel weak and languid. You may have twinges of rheumatism or the sharp stabbing pains of neuralgia. Often there are disfiguring pimples or eruptions on the skin. In other cases there is merely a feeling of tiredness and a variable appetite. Any of these are signs that the blood is out of order—that the indoor life of winter has lessened your vitality. What you need in spring is a tonic medicine to put you right, and in the world of medicine there is no tonic can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills actually make new rich, red blood—your greatest need in spring. This new blood drives out the seeds of disease and makes easily tired men, women and children bright, active and strong. Miss Edith Brown, seau, Savona, B. C., says:—"I was as pale as a ghost, suffered from headaches, severe palpitation of the heart at the slightest exertion. I had little or no appetite and seemed to be drifting into a decline. I was attending High School in Victoria at the time, and the doctor advised me to stop. I did so and took his treatment for some time, but it did not help me in the least. Upon the advice of a friend I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and in a very short time they gave me back complete health, and enabled me to resume my studies. I have enjoyed the best of health since I took over it all to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

These Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or can be had by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

TURKISH WARSHIPS AFRAID OF QUEEN ELIZABETH

(Continued from page 1)
situation of Seddul Bahr, which was a labyrinth of caves, ruins, trenches, pits and entanglements. Aided by the stormy sea, this position was stormed by the British and the frontal attack through undamaged wire entanglements. Seddul Bahr was taken about 2 p. m., four pom-poms being captured. The situation at this end of peninsula was definitely secured and the disembarkation of French and British forces proceeded.
"On the morning of the 27th, after repulsing a Turkish attack upon their left towards Cape Helles, the Allied force advanced, and at 8 p. m. was established in an entrenched line running from a point about two miles north of Cape Tekh to a small plateau above Dr. Tois battery. From this line an advance since has been made to the neighborhood of Kiritha.

Good Work By Australian and New Zealand Troops

"Meanwhile the Australian and New Zealand troops at Sari Bair, who pushed on with the utmost boldness, after the landing on the 25th had been engaged almost constantly with the enemy, who made stronger repeated counterattacks which invariably were repulsed. The Australian and New Zealand troops fought with a fine spirit of determination.

"On the morning of the 27th a fresh Turkish division was launched against Sari Bair, preceded by a heavy artillery fire. A hot engagement followed. The enemy came on boldly time after time, but the Australian and New Zealand troops defeated their every attempt, and by three p. m. had resumed the offensive.

"The French troops at Kumkaleh also fought four times strongly counter-attacked on the 26th, but retained all their positions. Five hundred Turks who, in the course of one of these counter-attacks, were cut off by the fire of the fleet, were made prisoners.

"The operation of the landing army in the face of modern weapons and in spite of wire entanglements, under sea as well as on the land, and of land mines and deep pits with spikes at their bottoms, thus has been accomplished.

"The Admiral reports that the fleet is filled with intense admiration over the achievements of their military comrades.

"The casualties in the army necessarily have been heavy. The casualties in the fleet were not numerous. They appear to have been confined to torpedo boat destroyers and to boats' crews engaged in landing operations, in which merchant captains and officers and crews of transports also have taken part.

"During the operations Turkish warships from Navara (in the Straits) several times have attempted to intervene, but have always made off directly the Queen Elizabeth was at hand.

"At noon on the 27th, however, a transport of about 5,000 tons was reported off Maldoz, and before she could escape the Queen Elizabeth opened fire. The third shot hit and destroyed her. She sank rapidly, but whether she contained troops or not could not be seen.

"On the 28th and 29th the Allied forces rested and improved and consolidated their positions and continued the disembarkation of stores and artillery. All counter-attacks by the enemy, which were incessant on the 28th, but weakened on the 29th, were repulsed.

"The fleet, as well as the supporting army, have begun to engage the batteries. The Triumph bombarded Maldoz, which was in flames last night, the 29th."

GERMANY TRYING TO MAKE TROUBLE BETWEEN TOKIO GOV'T AND CHINA

A glimpse at the negotiations between Japan and China-Germany's agents endeavoring to widen breach between two nations.

London.—In the course of conversation with a representative of The Christian Science Monitor recently, Arthur Dioso, a well-known authority on far eastern affairs, gave his views as to the present situation in the far east, especially as regards the relations of China and Japan. Mr. Dioso, who certainly would regard himself as being the friend of both nations, very strongly put forward the view that the aspect of possible trouble between the two countries had been lent to the situation largely through the efforts of Germany.

"It is a remarkable thing," Mr. Dioso said, "that whilst any one who pauses to think a moment on the situation must recognize that it is all to Germany's interest to stir up trouble between China and Japan and between Japan and England, the British press should have displayed such readiness to fall in with these designs by publishing anything and everything which tends to give the impression of an approaching crisis in the far east. To anyone who really understands the ways of diplomacy in that part of the world the fact that Japan has made apparently extravagant demands on 'China' does not cause that perturbation which it might justly do if such demands were made as between western countries. The Japanese recognize, just as the Chinese recognize, that in all bargains they must put forward demands far more than they hope eventually to get. If Japan had simply asked China for just what she wanted, no more and no less, China, adhering to her practice of centuries in such matters, would have immediately concluded that the Japanese demands represented very much more than she would be content to accept, and would at once proceed to cut them down after the usual ruthless fashion."

Silence

Mr. Dioso then went on to deal with the Japanese official attitude in regard to the matter. "A great deal of comment," he said, "has been aroused by the complete silence of the Japanese authorities on this question, and by their absolute refusal to make any statement in regard to their negotiations at Pekin. Well, here again western diplomacy and the ordinary westerner are quite at sea. I do not know definitely, of course, but I have a very strong feeling that the official reticence in regard to this matter is not wholly unconnected with the parliamentary elections which have just been concluded in Japan. These elections, as you know, have resulted in a great victory for the government, and consequently represent a strong endorsement of the external policy of the foreign minister, Baron Kato. Now, whatever Japanese diplomacy opinion may be, and whatever views the Japanese statesmen may hold as to the advisability, or non-advisability, of seeking to obtain a preponder-

ating position in China, there is no doubt as to the views of the Japanese man in the street. The effort of German agents in Pekin and of the anti-Japanese press throughout China has been to show that Japan, taking advantage of the struggle in Europe, is about to seize territory in China, or, at all events, to obtain an unduly favored position there. 'Whilst the other dogs are fighting,' so they would say, 'Japan is going to run off with the bone.' Well, to the man in the streets of Tokio or Kyoto, and indeed throughout the whole country, nothing would be more pleasing and nothing would be received with greater enthusiasm than this very abscinding of Japan with the Chinese bone.

"The government at Tokio might, therefore, at the time, be not altogether disinclined to allow these valiant rumors of approaching Japanese 'coups' in China to be believed in Japan. Now that the elections are over, and successfully over, as far as the government is concerned, we may, I think, look for a definite official statement as to the relations between Japan and China in the near future. In any case, we may regard it as a certainty that the question will be the subject of one of the first interpellations addressed to the government when the Chamber meets. The ministerial reply will no doubt reduce the matter to its proper proportions, and will be a cold water 'douche' for the scare mongers."

Russia.

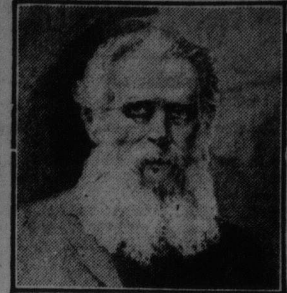
Mr. Dioso next went on to refer to the relations existing between China and Russia. "The position here," he said, "is particularly interesting; although I have for some time been acquainted with it, it has not of late appeared good to the authorities to allow the subject to be ventilated in the press. There is, however, no longer any reason for observing silence on the point, and it may as well be stated quite bluntly that Germany, ever since the commencement of the war, has been doing her utmost to rouse Russia against Japan, and at one time the position looked really quite serious. At a first glance, the opportunity for China to get some of her own back from Russia seems quite obvious. Russia has been obliged to withdraw large masses of troops from Siberia. Her garrisons along the Mongolian frontier are greatly reduced, and Germany recognizes that any serious eruption of China into Siberia, or even into Outer Mongolia and Northern Manchuria, would greatly hamper Russian movements at the European seat of war. Needless to say, China cannot move a single battalion against Russia whilst Japan, the watch dog of the far east, has a strong fleet in being and a large ever-ready army. Nevertheless, Germany's efforts continue unabated to stir up trouble for Russia and for Japan where China is concerned, and for Britain and the United States where Japan is concerned."

Mining.

In answer to a question as to the statements which had been appearing in the press that Japan desired to secure for herself the exclusive right of mining in the Yangtze valley, Mr. Dioso said that such a proposition really would not bear examination for a moment. "The ordinary man," he said, "absolutely fails to realize that opium may be, and what is worse and worse than useless, if there be no money available to work them. The famous Bush concession in Manchuria

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The enormous demand for 'Fruit-a-tives' is steadily increasing, due to the fact that this wonderful fruit medicine gives prompt relief in all cases of Indigestion, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Rheumatism, Chronic Headaches, Neuralgia, and all Kidney and Bladder Troubles.
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is a case in point. Here was a British subject who held, apparently, the most astonishing rights for practically the whole province, and who yet was quite unable to make use of any of them simply because he could not raise the funds to develop his property. The chief reason, of course, why he could not raise the funds was that financiers had not the necessary complete faith in the validity of his title and in the consequent safety of the investment.

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We extract teeth free of pain.
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We have on hand, and offer for sale the following new boilers built for a safe working pressure of one hundred and twenty-five pounds:—

One "Inclined" Type 50 H. P.
One Return Tubular Type 60 H. P.
One Locomotive Type 20 H. P.
Two Vertical Type 20 H. P.

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For nerve-racking twinges in the muscles, for torturing backache or lumbago, you'll find Nerviline is full of amazing power.

You see, Nerviline has the power—it's about five times stronger than ordinary remedies, and can penetrate very deeply. It contains juices and extracts of certain herbs that give it a strange power to drive out congestion, inflammation or pain.

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When ever there is pain or suffering Nerviline will go and will drive it out. It penetrates to every cell of every sore muscle; it sinks to the heart of every stiff sore joint; it searches out the pain of rheumatism quickly.

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