British News.

(From the Inverness Courier.)

VISIT OF THE QUEEN TO INVERNESS & SUTHERLAND.—We have received the following information from a source on which we place the utmost reliance:—"The Queen has taken Laggan from the Marquis of Abercorn for the shooting season. The Court will remain there from the beginning of August to the beginning of September. Her Majesty, it is understood, will visit Inverness on her way to Dunrobin, the second week in September, coming down the Caledonian Canal from Fort-William." Nothing, we trust, will occur to interfere with these arrangements. The royal visit will afford unbounded gratification to all the Queen's loyal subjects in the Highlands, and the proposed route will enable her Majesty to see some of the finest scenery in the Highlands. We may anticipate for the royal party a magnificent "gathering of the clans." Since the days of the Fiery Cross, no such rallying-cry has been heard as the name of the Queen, and from Ben Nevis to Ben More, in Assynt, the whole population will be poured forth to cheer every step of the royal progress. It is now 285 years since Mary Queen of Scots visited Inverness, and no other British Sovereign has since penetrated into our northern region. Mary found the gates of Inverness Castle shut against her entrance; for the Earl of Huntly had then organised a powerful confederacy in opposition to the Crown. Queen Victoria has fallen on calmer and happier days. All gates will be thrown open on her approach, and from hall and cottage—from Dunrobin Castle down to the meanest hut on the mountain side—there will be heard only one voice of generous loyalty and affection.

The shooting lodge of the Marquis of Abercorn stands on the margin of Loch Laggan, at Ardverckie, on the property of Cluny Macpherson. "The scale on which this lodge is erected," says the author of the Statistical Account, "may be inferred from the fact that it is taxed for sixty windows." The interior accommodation is of the most splendid description; and Mr. Edwin Landseer, in one of his visits to the north, graced the walls of some of the rooms with the fruits of his inimitable genius. The situation of the lodge, and the whole of the neighbourhood is picturesque and romantic in the highest degree. Prince Albert will also have ample scope for his favourite field sports. In addition to Laggan, the Marquis of Abercorn possesses the adjoining ground of Glenshire, the property of Evan Baillie, Esq., on which there is also a handsome lodge. The extent of his Lordship's Highland shootings may be gathered from the fact that his rental is very nearly £2000 per annum—the deer-forest alone being let for £1362.

THE CROPS.

EDINBURGH, July 1.—*The Weather and Crops.*—We have nothing to say on these important topics but what is cheering and gratifying. The rains which for some time prevailed were ample, but not so great as to chill or drench the land; and the bland and warm atmosphere and bright sunshine acting on the soil, just abundantly moist, have communicated a free and vigorous impulse to the vegetable world. Wheat is as strong and healthy as it can possibly be, and has not shot up so much as to create fears of its being easily lodged. It is in strong and healthy ear; and if the harvest should realise the promise of summer, a season of abundance awaits us. The oat crop, which in the beginning of summer was generally rather pale in colour, and in many situations, particularly where sown after old lea, was suffering from grub, is now of the richest and most verdant green. The potato crop participates in the favourable character of the other crops, and hopes are now being entertained that the disease of last year will disappear as mysteriously and unaccountably as it came. It is impossible, however, to predicate the result, for even after this important vegetable has been gathered and stored, under even the most favourable circumstances, no dependence can be placed upon its safety. The hay crop is heavy, and pastures excellent. The London markets on Monday, and our own yesterday, declined to the extent of 7s. to 10s. in wheat, and if the present weather hold will go down farther and rapidly. That there will be great fluctuations is quite certain, for a couple of days' rain will be quite sufficient to start the prices to a great height, at any time before the harvest is secured. The country at present presents a scene of the richest and most effulgent beauty, and not a shrivelled or withered leaf is visible.—*Caledonian Mercury.*

Accounts from all parts of Ireland represent the crops in a glorious state of progress. Wheat, oats, barley, turnips, potatoes, &c., have a most healthy, luxuriant and promising appearance. The *Waterford Chronicle* says:—"In the memory of man never was there such a magnificent appearance of a great harvest."

The crops throughout Holland, Belgium, Prussia, Germany, and Italy, are in the most flourishing state, and promise to yield an abundant harvest. In the kingdom of Naples the harvest is nearly ended. The harvest in Egypt also is expected to be very plentiful, and the produce will probably far exceed that of 1846.

AUSPICIOUS APPEARANCE OF THE SEASON.—The memories of living men reach not back to a year in which a blessed abundance was more manifest than it is this year; the firmament never changed more favourably for men's benefit than it has changed this season. That frost might purify the earth we had frost in winter; that vegetation might not expend itself too soon, as following a long frosty winter it was likely to do, we had a spring season of low temperature, dry and most excellent for seed sowing; that the season might not be a late one in consequence of the low temperature of the spring, the blessed sunshine and the showers of May come forth with power sufficient to redeem the season from lateness—and did redeem it. The warmth of May extended to June. But in June the high pressure of generative warmth which had come upon the earth to bring the season forward to have the right measure of vegetation at the right date of time, produced through the immutable laws of nature, miasmatic matter dangerous to human health, and with it, probably out of it, probably to subdue it for the immediate safety of human health, myriads of insect creatures came into existence injurious to vegetable health and to the abundance which the earth was bringing forth for the benefit of mankind. To subdue the insects, the temperature was lowered to chilliness for a few days, and vegetation was saved. While to wash and purify the growing plants and growing fruit, showers, beneficial to everything, hurtful to nothing, have fallen frequently and copiously. Still, the insurgents in arms against Providence, and against the reason of common men, take each of those changes as a prognostication of evil, and insist that not only shall we have evil days in that part of the year still before us, but that blight, rottenness, and loss are already laying our fields waste. Unable to tell where such blight and loss are to be seen, they tell of somebody who has seen them. When we seek to trace out that somebody, we find them to be a creature of fiction, as the whole story of blight and potato failure is one of fabrication.—*Manchester Examiner.*

The Course of Time.—Two and thirty years have now elapsed since the last general Congress of the European Powers assembled at Vienna, to terminate the war in which Europe had been engaged for a quarter of a century, and to establish the territorial arrangements of the continental states upon those principles of international policy which were henceforth to govern the world. In the course of this period every Crown of Europe has descended to the head of another sovereign; a generation of princes has passed away; and with the exception of Prince Metternich, Count Nesselrode, and the Duke of Wellington, the plenipotentiaries of the great powers who contributed to that settlement of Europe have disappeared from the scene.

Property of the late John Tawell, the Quaker.—On Thursday week at Hertford, the heritable and personal property, amounting to between £5000 and £6000, belonging to Tawell, the Quaker who was hanged for murder in 1845, was, by the verdict of a jury, formally escheated to the Queen. The widow appeared as one of the witnesses, arrayed in a Quaker garb.

Food for the People.—The arrivals of foreign wheat at Liverpool, during the last ten days, have been of wheat 9,492 quarters, flour 97,367 barrels, Indian corn 67,099 quarters, Indian corn meal 32,216 barrels, oats 5,325 quarters, beans 5,435 quarters; total, 179,000 barrels, and 82,221 quarters. At Cork more than 100,000 quarters of grain and flour had arrived in two days, and there were still a large number of vessels outside the harbour. At London also, and other ports, there have been very considerable arrivals from abroad, the effect of which will, no doubt, be felt.

SIR C. NAPIER.—The Queen has been pleased to grant unto Sir C. Napier permission to accept and wear the insignia of the grand cross of the Order of the Tower and Sword, which the Queen of Portugal was pleased to confer upon him, in testimony of her Majesty's approbation of his conduct while in her Most Faithful Majesty's actual service; and also that he may accept and wear the cross of a Knight of the Order of Maria Therese of Austria; the cross of the third class of the Order of St. George of Russia; and the insignia of the second class of the Order of the Red Eagle of Prussia, which their Majesties the Emperor of Austria and the Emperors of Russia and Prussia have been severally pleased to confer upon that officer, in testimony of their Majesties' approbation of his distinguished services in the late naval operations on the coast of Syria; and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed. And also to command, that Her Majesty's said concession and especial mark of her Royal favour be registered together with the relative documents, in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

Sir Harry G. Smith, the hero of Aliwall, arrived at Cheltenham on Monday, a course of the Cheltenham waters having been recommended by his medical attendants. In proceeding from the Railway Station to the Belle Vue Hotel, Sir Harry passed near the College, the pupils of which were drawn up in file and signalised his approach by loud cheers. Sir Harry in a brief address, thanked them for the compliment.—On Tuesday, at half-past one o'clock, about a hundred of the resident gentry and tradesmen met at the Assembly Rooms. They formed a procession, and accompanied by the Montpellier Band, for the purpose of waiting upon Sir Harry Smith with an address of congratulation, with nearly seven hundred signatures, notwithstanding the shortness of the time. Sir Harry, in the course of his reply, said,—"I see around me many officers of the sister service, our gallant navy; God only knows how soon they may be called upon to defend our shores from foreign aggression; but whenever that time comes I know that they will acquit themselves like men—(cheers)—and though no man is more distressed at the horrors of war, or more in love with peace than I am, yet, whenever we are called, we will, both services, do our duty in driving back hostile footsteps from the shores of our gallant country, or in maintaining and defending our glorious constitution. (Cheers.) Gentlemen, I have seen a good deal of the world; I have seen the working of the governments of many different countries, but I firmly believe that our own constitution and our own liberties are superior to them all. (Cheers.) If you had seen what I have seen of the state of foreign countries, you would all of you, like me, thank God and be proud that you bore the name of Englishmen." (Cheers.)

General Sir Harry Smith, at the review on Thursday, was mounted on an Arabian steed which had carried him through the dangers of the Sutlej.

JENNY LIND.—On Tuesday night, her Majesty and Prince Albert visited her Majesty's Theatre in state to see Madlle. Lind in *Norma.* The royal box, surmounted by a crown, was hung with crimson velvet fringed with gold, the decorations extending to the boxes on the right and left, in which were placed the ladies and gentlemen of the suite. Two yeomen, according to ancient custom, stood on the stage in front of the box. Her Majesty and Prince Albert, who was dressed in full uniform, arrived exactly at eight o'clock, which was the signal for the commencement of the national anthem. The brilliant assemblage in the boxes, the splendour of the dresses, the abundance of jewels worn by the fair visitors, produced a superb spectacle when the general "rising" took place. Nor was the enthusiasm less than the splendour. Acclamations were heard on all sides, and handkerchiefs were waved in all directions at the end of the anthem. The peculiarity in Madlle. Jenny Lind's *Norma* is, that she makes the ferocious features of the character less prominent than her predecessors, but the portions that illustrate the tender affections much more so. The *Times*, from which we quote the above, states that Jenny Lind's success was so great, that "after the fall of the curtain Mademoiselle Lind received a shower of boquets, which covered a great part of the stage. Four times was she called, and on each occasion took away a portion of the floral treasure. And, let it be added, that among her applauders none were more enthusiastic than the Queen."

It is said that the prices of admission to the theatre on the occasion of Jenny Lind's visit to this town will be 15s. to the principal boxes, 10s. to the second boxes, and 7s. 6d. to the gallery, and that no money will be taken at the doors.—*Liverpool Standard.*

On Wednesday, her Majesty and Prince Albert honoured the Duchess of Sutherland with their presence at a grand *fête* and ball at Stafford House. The Duke and Duchess of Cambridge and Prince George, the Duchess of Gloucester, the Duke of Wellington, and several foreign Princes and Princesses, were present; indeed, so magnificent a *fête* has not occurred for many years—upwards of 1,300 of the elite of the aristocracy being present.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAM SHIP ANTELOPE.—The South American screw steam-ship Antelope, Captain O'Brien, arrived at Liverpool on Saturday morning. The outward passage of the ship to Rio was accomplished in seven-and-twenty days, and the homeward in thirty-nine days, the length of the latter being caused by a short supply of coals, which compelled her to put into Cork on the 16th instant, where she landed the mail. The Antelope left Rio on the 10th May, and Bahia on the 16th. The outward run made by the Antelope is the fastest on record, and compares well with the performances of her Majesty's screw steam ship Rattler, in her run of six-and-twenty days to Bahia, and thirty-four to Rio. The Antelope leaves again on the 8th of July, and we understand that she is intended to sail on the 8th of every third month from this side. On the whole, the result of this voyage has been most satisfactory, as proving the perfect practicability and advantage of steam communication between this country and Brazil.

THE BRITANNIA.—It is remarkable that the royal mail steam ship Britannia has sailed from Boston on the 1st of June for the last four years, and always arrived at Liverpool on the 13th, establishing for herself the character of being as punctual in her arrival as the railway mails in England.

PROSPERITY.—One of the leading corn-houses in Liverpool received eleven hundred thousand pounds in business transactions during the month of May. If this be taken as a criterion of the year's business, it will shew transactions to the extent of thirteen millions annually; and if we suppose the profit to be so moderate as half per cent., (10s. on every £100,) an income of £60,000 per annum would be realized by the house alluded to. We question whether this can be equalled out of Liverpool.

STATUE OF THE QUEEN.—The marble statue of Her Majesty, executed at Rome by Mr. John Gibson, R. A., recently arrived from Leghorn in the St. Catherine's Docks. It was immediately landed and conveyed to Buckingham Palace.

R. A. Fitzgerald, M. P. for Tipperary county, has died of typhus fever.

Emigration of Highlanders.—About mid-day on Tuesday, the ship *Euclid*, of Liverpool, sailed from the Broomielaw for Quebec, with upwards of three hundred passengers, chiefly from Islay and Kintyre, Argyleshire. The Rev. Dr. Norman M'Leod, of Glasgow, and the Rev. John Macfarlane, of Arrochar, attended, previous to the sailing of the ship, and delivered parting addresses to the emigrants.—*Glasgow paper.*

Four government steamers and two frigates are now actively employed in distributing provisions to the poor of Scotland. They will bring their charitable labours to a close about harvest time.

Mr. Fitzpatrick, a young barrister, who took a leading part in the discussions of the Repeal Association, and opposed the Young Ireland party, has been just appointed by the Secretary of State for the Colonies, Solicitor-General at the Cape of Good Hope. The *Nation* calls this "the reward of treason."

The Rev. W. Grayston, one of the Roman Catholic priests at St. Patrick's chapel, died on Wednesday of typhus fever. He is the sixth priest who has died of that pestilence in Liverpool within two months.

A ship from New Orleans, containing 1000 tons of provisions, has arrived at Westport, in the County of Mayo, consigned to the Marquis of Sligo and George H. Moore, Esq. The cargo is to be given to the tenantry on their estates at first cost.

During the last two months, 163 priests and 166 deacons have been ordained for the Church of England.

Some individual, with a curiously constituted mind, has sent a £500 note to the Chancellor of the Exchequer, to be devoted to the service of the country.

A correspondent of the *Builder* recommends that side-boards, tables, and other articles of furniture, should be made of glass.

An old man, 84 years of age, was brought up last week at Leeds, for being drunk, and fined 5s. He travelled about the country with a cart-load of watches, trinkets, and £282 in gold. Whilst tipsy he boasted of the wealth he possessed, which of course soon spread through the neighbourhood, and on the following day, whilst he was drinking in a public-house, some thieves robbed the cart of the 282 sovereigns and all the watches, which the old man had been thirty years in collecting.

In addition to the large civil list allowed him (upwards of £500,000 per annum,) Louis Philippe has the right of receiving all the profits of all the forests belonging to the State. It is said that within the last sixteen years his Majesty has contrived to make the forests yield £4,000,000 sterling.

In the sittings of the three orders of the Prussian Diet, on the 18th, a proposition for authorising marriages between Jews and Christians was carried by a majority of 281 to 142.

Active Benevolence.—It is stated in the German papers that the principal merchants and the senate of Bremen have entered into a subscription of a million dollars for the expence of public works, undertaken with the view of affording occupation to the poor of the labouring classes, until the termination of the prevailing scarcity.

EGYPT.—The funeral of the son of Mehemet Ali took place at Alexandria, on the 28th of May. A procession of 50,000 persons followed the body. Part of the procession was formed by 1000 camels laden with provisions, and a number of live oxen driven by butchers, who slaughtered their herds at the cemetery and distributed them to the poor, and one hundred blind boys in white surplices, who chaunted the funeral cry. The mob was excellently dispersed by an officer riding in the rear distributing small coins.

Triumph of Intellect in Turkey.—A correspondent of the *Boston Atlas*, who writes from Smyrna, says that a Mechanics' Institute has been established on the banks of the Bosphorus, at *Macriheney*, by two Americans, who had commenced a course of lectures.—The Sultan had given this infant society a house, and some of his most enlightened officers had joined it.

The Observer.

ST. JOHN, TUESDAY, JULY 27, 1847.

His Excellency the LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR and LADY COLEBROOKE left town for Fredericton early on Saturday morning, in the steamer New-Brunswick.—We learn that His Excellency purposes spending a part of the summer in St. John, and that the Field Officers' Quarters at the Barracks are being prepared for his occupation while in the City.

ARRIVAL OF HIS EXCELLENCY LT. GENERAL SIR JOHN HARVEY, FROM HALIFAX.—On Sunday last, at 4, P. M., His Excellency Sir John Harvey, and Lady Harvey, accompanied by Capt. Francis Harvey, and Lt. Burke, 9th Regt., landed from the steamer *Vesuvius*, and proceeded to the St. John Hotel. Yesterday, His Excellency was waited upon by the Heads of Departments, the Mayor, Recorder, and Common Council, and a great number of gentlemen, who were anxious to pay their respects to Sir John, as former Lt. Governor of the Colony. His Excellency inspected the Troops in Garrison, and then dined with the Mess of the 33d Regt. At 10, P. M., His Excellency, Lady Harvey, and Suite, left for Fredericton, in the steamer New Brunswick, which waited for them until that hour. To-day, Sir John dines at Government House, and to-morrow with the Officers composing the Mess of the 33d Regt., at Fredericton. On Thursday, he will return to this city, accompanied by His Excellency Sir Wm. Colebrooke, and Lady Colebrooke, and will depart on Friday for Halifax.

The Vesuvius, Capt. Austen, now in our harbour, is one of Her Majesty's Steam Sloops of the first class, of 280 horse power. She has on the upper deck one 68-pounder, of 90 cwt., ten feet long, and one ten-inch gun, of 85 cwt., 9 feet 4 inches long, on pivot slides and carriages. On the main deck, the Vesuvius has four 32-pounders, of 42 cwt. each, 8 feet long, on Hardy's slides and carriages.

His Honor Judge PARKER, and Lady, and the Rev. Dr. I. W. D. GRAY, Rector of this Parish, and Lady, arrived in St. John, on Friday evening last, from England, via Halifax and Windsor. The Rev. Rector preached in Trinity and St. John Churches, on Sunday. He has been absent since the latter end of September last.—Judge Parker left this City for England, in August last, for the benefit of his health, and we are happy to learn returns among us, to resume the duties of his highly important office, with renewed health and vigor.

HEALTH AND RECREATION.—We understand that the Omnibus and Transit Company will immediately establish a route between this City and Capt. Brown's well known and agreeable place of entertainment, "Torryburn House," (stopping at intermediate points,) which will thus afford our citizens the opportunity of enjoying a delightful drive of seven miles each way, and a few hours' pleasant rural recreation, at a very moderate expense. We are informed that one of the Company's Omnibuses will commence plying on this agreeable route on Thursday next, and will make two excursions each day; leaving town in the morning at 10 a. m., and returning at 1 p. m.; and starting again at 4 p. m., and returning at 7 p. m.; thus enabling our citizens to enjoy either a morning or an evening excursion, or the whole day, as may best suit their convenience. This will be a most gratifying accommodation to the public of St. John, and we doubt not that great numbers, especially of Ladies and Children, will gladly avail themselves of so cheap and easy a mode of enjoying cheerful, healthy and innocent recreation during the brief season of congenial weather.

The Omnibus will start from King's Square—Fare 1s. each way.

We learn that the various crops throughout the Province, continue to present the most luxuriant and promising appearance. The potato crop is stated to be generally free from any sign of disease.

NOVA SCOTIA.—Thursday next, the 29th inst., is the day appointed for the nomination of candidates for the House of Assembly, in Nova Scotia; and the Election is to take place, in all the Counties, on Thursday the 5th of August.

FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND—DR. BURNS.

On Monday evening the 19th inst. the Rev. Dr. BURNS, of Toronto, gave an able exposition of the Principles, Position and Prospects of the Free Church of Scotland. The discourse was delivered in the Hall of the Mechanics' Institute.

With regard to the Principles of the Free Protesting Church of Scotland, the Reverend gentleman showed that they might be summarily embodied in three—

I. The sole supremacy of CHRIST in the Government of his own Church.

II. The right of Christ's people to a voice in the appointment of their own Ministers.

III. The duty of the Church to extend her own boundaries, by planting Congregations and pious Ministers in destitute districts, to meet the spiritual wants of a growing population, and giving to every Minister his divinely constituted right.

Each and all of these privileges have been denied the Established Church of Scotland.

With respect to the Position of the Free Church, Dr. Burns stated that the number of her Ministers had increased from 470 to 650; that her Educational Seminary was furnished with Professors of the very first eminence, and 400 students; that her Missions at home and abroad were in a remarkably flourishing state; that the Foreign Mission fund for last year was £60,000, about five times larger than the whole charities of the Established Church for the year 1846; and that notwithstanding the famine in the Highlands, and the depression of trade generally, the gross income of the Free Church had exceeded that of the preceding year by £12,000. The prospects of the Church were thus of the most pleasing kind, and the prayers of the more decidedly pious of the land were fervently presented in her behalf.

The discourse altogether was a master-piece, characterized throughout by distinctness and accuracy of expression as well as perspicuity and consecutiveness of thought. It occupied one hour and a half in the delivery, and was listened to with deep interest. It was the most convincing defence of the Principles of the Free Church we have ever heard. While it was expository and argumentative, it was relieved, by some beautiful embellishments, from every thing approaching to heaviness. One stroke particularly we refer to, which seemed to electrify the audience; we allude to the eulogium which the Rev. gentleman passed upon the late Dr. CHALMERS.

We understand that the prospects of the Free Church in the City are of the most flattering description; and the arrival of an able and pious Minister, sent by the Colonial Committee at Edinburgh, is eagerly looked for by many who are now destitute of a Pastor whom they can call their own.

Dr. Burns has preached eight times during his brief stay in this City, besides addressing four public meetings of a religious nature, and giving a Temperance lecture. His visit has been highly prized by all the friends of the Church of which he is a member, and by the public at large.—*Com.*

TYPHUS FEVER IN CANADA.—The extracts from Canada papers in another column, give truly melancholy details of the ravages of typhus fever at Quebec and Montreal. A large number of Clergymen and Physicians, &c., have fallen victims to the disease, contracted while attending to the spiritual and medical wants of the sick and afflicted.

The Deputation from the Established Church of Scotland, arrived at Charlotte Town, P. E. I., on the 15th instant.

The Rev. Dr. Alder arrived at Halifax last week from Canada, via Boston.

A variety of interesting extracts from English papers received by the last mail, will be found in the preceding columns.

TRIAL FOR MURDER.—The Circuit Court for King's County commenced its sittings at Kingston on the 13th instant.—His Honor Judge Carter presiding. On Monday last, Manson Gould Pickett and Charles Deforest, who had been indicted for the murder of Seymour Pickett, (brother of the former, and brother-in-law to the latter,) at Golden Vale, near Kingston, on the 26th of December last, were put upon their trial, and on the day following the Jury returned a verdict of GUILTY against the prisoner Pickett, but recommended him to mercy on account of his youth, being only in his 22d year, and acquitted Deforest. The circumstances attending this truly melancholy case were published at the time.

His Honor the Judge passed the awful sentence of the law upon the prisoner, and ordered him for execution on the 29th of October next. Some law points were, however, reserved for argument before the Judges at Fredericton; and it is stated that it was to give time for a decision upon these that so distant a day was named.

The trial was ably conducted by the Advocate General, (Wm. Wright, Esq.) and W. J. Ritchie, Esq., on the part of the crown; and the prisoners were defended with great skill and ability by L. A. Wilmot, the Hon. R. L. Hazen, and J. H. Gray, Esquires.

John Kelleher, James Kelleher, John O'Neal, and Alexander O'Neal, were afterwards put upon their trial for the murder of a colored man at Springfield, some months ago; but a material error having been made in the indictment—the name of the murdered man being omitted—the prisoners were discharged. Counsel for the Crown the Advocate General; for prisoners, the Hon. R. L. Hazen, and W. H. Needham, Esq.—*Courier.*

We are grieved to learn that several persons have been violently assaulted in the parish of Portland lately. On Saturday night last a young man named McLaughlan, in the employ of Messrs. P. & D. Haliday, grocers, in Mill-street, was fired at near McElwee's corner, in Portland, and wounded very severely by a pistol ball. He is still in a precarious state.—An old man who had charge of a hand cart with goods, in company with McLaughlan, was most shockingly beat and bruised with bludgeons, by the ruffians, two of his ribs being broken. He yet lies in a very suffering state.

On Monday night a young man named Hartt received a severe wound in the leg from a pistol discharged at him near the corner of Simonds-street, Portland. Several shot were extracted from one of his legs on Wednesday, by Dr. Paddock.

The would be assassins, we believe, yet remain undiscovered, nor do we learn that any reward has been offered by the authorities for their apprehension.

On Wednesday afternoon, at York Point, Mr. Toule, from the Aroostook, had a pistol presented at his head and his life threatened by a ruffian, who, in company with two others, falsely accused him of displaying ribbons a few days previously.—We trust that some of these rowdies will yet by discovered, and made examples of.—*Ib.*

ANOTHER MURDER ! !

A DREADFUL MURDER was committed between 10 and 11 o'clock on Sunday night, near the Brick yard, at the foot of Jeffrey's Hill, on the person of David Campbell. It appears that the unfortunate victim lived in the neighbourhood with his parents, and on the evening mentioned was walking along the road. When near the corner at the foot of the hill, he was accosted by some person, and continued in conversation for some time, when he was heard to cry out murder, and fell to the ground, the unknown person rapidly walking away. On assistance arriving, he was found lying dead, his head being much injured, apparently by some heavy instrument, and three stabs being discovered in the neck. No clue has yet been obtained which will lead to the discovery of the murderer.—*N. Bruns.*

The Coroner's Jury returned their Verdict today, we learn, as follows:—"Murder, committed by some person or persons unknown."

We have much pleasure in publishing the following letter from the Provincial Secretary to Her Majesty's Emigration Agent:—

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
Fredericton, 22d July, 1847.

SIR,—In transmitting to you the enclosed dispatch from the Right Honorable Earl Grey, Her Majesty's Colonial Secretary, notifying the increase of your Salary, I am directed by His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor to express to you the great gratification it affords His Excellency to put you in official possession of the Grant which the Home Government have obtained from Parliament of Two Hundred Pounds Sterling per annum, in addition to your Civil List Salary, and that His Excellency regards it as a just remuneration for your zealous and valuable services as Emigration Agent.

I have the honor, &c.

(Signed) JOHN S. SAUNDERS.

To M. H. PERLEY, Esq.

Dr. R. Bayard, of this City, one of the Commissioners appointed by the Provincial Government to examine and report on the Lazaretto Establishment at Sheldrake Island, in the County of Northumberland, for persons afflicted with Leprosy, returned to town on Friday from Miramichi. The report of the Commissioners will be made public in due time.—*Courier.*

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Wednesday night, 21st inst., Joseph Close, seaman on board the schooner Eliza Jane, from Boston for this port, was knocked overboard and drowned, near Mount Desert Rock, in consequence of the hook of the fore sheet block breaking. He was a native of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, England, and has left a wife and child in this City.—*Ib.*

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.—The very valuable and curious collection of Fishes and Insects, peculiar to China, which we noticed a few weeks since as having been presented to the Museum of the Mechanics' Institute in this city, by Assistant Commissary General GOLDSMITH, at present stationed at Hong Kong, was opened for public exhibition, for the first time, last evening. The rare collection has been arranged and classified with much care by Mr. DOUGLAS T. HUYGHUE, in a manner which says much for his scientific knowledge, and places the Directors under a debt of gratitude to him for his valuable labours.—*Ib.*

We have much pleasure in stating that Mr. Douglas T. Huyghue, has presented to the Library of the Mechanics' Institute, a very handsome Portfolio, containing Twenty splendid coloured drawings of the Butterflies and Moths of this Province, made by himself from natural specimens collected by him.—*N. B.*

The yellow fever has made its appearance at New Orleans. The Board of Health had reported 5 deaths and several cases.

JOHN B. GOUGH.—The *Telegraph* states that the Saint John Total Abstinence Society have succeeded in engaging the services of this talented and distinguished Lecturer on Total Abstinence, for one month, to commence the 25th of August next.

LAUNCHED.—On Monday last, from the Building Yard of Mr. John Clark, Carleton, a fine ship of 699 tons new and 941 old measurement, named the *Argo.*—She was built for Messrs. S. Reynolds & Son, of Indian Town, and is pronounced by good judges to be an excellent vessel in every respect.—*New Bruns.*

SCARCITY OF SEAMEN.—There has seldom been a period when seamen have been so scarce at this port as at the present time. They are not to be had at any price. Those who want employment, both in the Colonial and United States ports, would do well to come to Saint John. A large number of new ships are now fitting out, which will require all who may arrive for some time to come.—*Ib.*

Two remarkably fine horses were drowned on Friday evening; they were owned by the proprietors of the Cold Brook Mills, who a day or two ago, were offered £95 for the pair. They were at the time of the occurrence harnessed to a heavy grain wagon, and in turning on Johnston's wharf, were accidentally backed over it into the slip.—*Albion.*

MIRAMICHI QUARANTINE REPORT.—There were four deaths on Middle Island during the week ending the 13th instant; and six deaths the week following. There were 110 persons under quarantine of observation on the 20th instant, one half of whom would be discharged during the week.

By reference to our Obituary list it will be seen that E. W. Miller, Esq., High Sheriff of this County, died yesterday morning. Mr. Miller was, if we are not mistaken, born in 1771, and was consequently in the 76th year of his age. He has filled the arduous and respectable duties of High Sheriff of York for upwards of 32 years; and no man in such a situation could have retained more friends, or created less enemies. Mr. Miller was a gentleman, and carried the influence of his private character, into the difficult and frequently unpleasing business of his office. We understand the vacancy has brought up a number of applications.—*Fredericton Reporter, July 23.*

KING'S COLLEGE ENCAENIA.—This Festival, appointed by the Statutes to be annually observed, was celebrated on Thursday, June 24, in the usual manner. On the Sunday preceding, the Academical Body attended Divine Service in Christ Church Cathedral, on which occasion the Venerable Archdeacon preached the anniversary Sermon before the University. The terminal and other examinations were held during the week, at which the progress made by the students, as also their general demeanor during the past year, was very satisfactory to the Examiners.

On Thursday the Right Reverend the President, in the absence of the Chancellor, attended by the Convocation, proceeded to the Chapel of the College, where a considerable number of the spectators were assembled, and held the public Act in commemoration of the founders of the University.—His Lordship having opened the Convocation in solemn form, the Rev. Vice-President delivered the Commemorative Oration in praise of the founders and benefactors of the University; at the conclusion of which, His Lordship conferred the Degree of Bachelor of Arts upon each of the following candidates, viz.:—John F. Peters, Robert B. Street, E. B. Fisher, and J. D. M. Keator.

A number of Prizes were then delivered to the several Students to whom they had been awarded, respectively. The ordinary business of the day having been concluded, the President, in the absence of the Chancellor, addressed the Students.

His Lordship expressed a hope that several competitors would be found for the Douglas Medal in the ensuing year; and reminded them of the necessity of increased diligence at a time of life when they would have a better opportunity of laying up a store of useful knowledge than at any subsequent period.

His Lordship then announced that His Honor the Chancellor proposed the following as the subject for Essays, competing for the Douglas Medal for the ensuing year:—"The influence of the study of the Classics on Education."

After which the Public Act was closed in solemn form.—*Royal Gazette, July 21.*

ANOTHER SOLDIER FOUND IN A WELL.—The body of a soldier, belonging to the 89th Regt. was discovered in the garrison well, adjoining the Officers' Ball Court, on the road to the Exercising Ground, yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Some persons who would have used the water, within a few days, were prevented by its rancidity, and the mere taste of it was enough to sicken any person; but as the well never was much resorted to, except by washerwomen, or in times of great drought, none supposed on discovering the badness of the water, of late, that it was affected by any other than ordinary causes. On yesterday afternoon, however, a lad in the employ of Mr. Palmer Inglis, happened to drop a bucket in the well, and having procured a hook, in grappling for the bucket brought up a soldier's forage cap, with the number 89 in brass figures affixed to it. The corpse was then discovered, and has been recognised to be the body of a man, a favourite servant of Lieut. Col. Thorpe, of the 89th Regt., who unaccountably disappeared on Christmas night last. Upon the discovery of the soldier, Woods, in the well on Morgan's premises, which led to the extinction of that vile den by battery and fire, a few weeks since, it was rumored that Col. Thorpe's servant was found in the same well as Woods.

The fate of this man was enveloped in impenetrable mystery from the time he was first missed until it was so accidentally revealed; as he was sedate and careful, and about obtaining his discharge under advantageous circumstances, the possibility of his desertion was altogether groundless. It appears that he must have gone to the well for water, and fallen in, for a bucket was found with him when he was taken out yesterday.—*Halifax Recorder, July 24.*

An emigrant, named Peter Redham, or Rangford, an Irishman, aged 56, died on board the steamer Admiral, on he trip from Eastport. By the advice and consent of his countrymen on board, his remains were committed to the deep, in a decent and appropriate manner. The deceased arrived from Europe in the ship Ambassadress at St. John, and appeared perfectly well when he answered to his name on board the Admiral the evening before his death. He had no family or friends with him, and the effects which he left were trifling in amount.—*Boston Daily Adv.*

QUEBEC, July 14.

Progress of the Fever.—The late arrivals at Grosse Isle, exhibit a frightful degree of mortality. On board the ship Avon, from Cork, there were no less than 136 deaths. The following is a report of the vessels at Grosse Isle yesterday:—

Ship Goliah, Slater, Liverpool, 600 passengers—46 deaths; ship Manchester, Brown, Liverpool, 512 passengers—11 deaths; ship Jessie, Oliver, Cork, 437 passengers—37 deaths; ship Erin's Queen, Davidson, Liverpool, 517 passengers—50 deaths, 11 of the crew sick, and a number of passengers; ship Avon, Johnston, Cork, 550 passengers—136 deaths, all the crew sick, and the surviving passengers weak and sickly; barque Sarah, Fletcher, Liverpool, 248 passengers—31 deaths; barque Rosana, Wilkinson, Cork, 254 passengers—3 deaths; barque Triton, Smith, Liverpool, 483 passengers, very sickly—90 deaths; barque Alert, Laughlan, Waterford, 234 passengers—4 deaths; brig Thistle, Turner, Liverpool, 389 passengers—8 deaths; brig John Jardine, Sampson, Liverpool, 254 passengers—8 deaths; brig Medusa, Woodworth, Cork, 194 passengers—2 deaths; brig Charles Richards, Angus, Sligo, 178 passengers—8 deaths.

The total number of deaths at Grosse Isle, up to the 30th June, was 821; on board ships and buried on the island, to July 8th, 715; died at sea, 2559; making a total of 4095 deaths.

The number of deaths at the Marine Hospital from the 3d to the 10th instant, was 51; discharged 228, remaining 827.

The accounts from Montreal are very gloomy.—Two priests of the Seminary have died of typhus fever caught at the Emigrant sheds, and almost all the others, including the superior, we are told, are sick, five or six of them dangerously, as also the Rev. Mr. Willoughby, pastor of Trinity Church. The city is in a dreadful state of excitement. The number of deaths during last week exceed by 88 those of the corresponding week of last year, and two thirds of the excess were in St. Anne's Ward, near which the sheds are placed. This, of itself, would justify the alarm felt by the people in the vicinity of the sheds, both here and at Montreal.

We understand that Mr. Lee, after launching to-morrow a new ship, will close his yard near the Marine Hospital, in consequence of the men refusing to continue to work.—*Quebec Gazette, July 14.*

The Rev. Mr. Roy, cure of Charlesbourg, died yesterday morning of typhus fever, contracted in the discharge of his clerical duties at Grosse Isle.—The Rev. Messrs. Campeau, cure of St. George, and Dorion, cure of Drummondville, left on Tuesday for the Quarantine Station. The Rev. Mr. Rousseau, vicar, of St. Henry, had previously left for the same place.—*Morning Chron, July 15.*

The Church of England in Quebec has lost one of her most efficient ministers, by the death of the Rev. W. Chaderton, a man whose unostentatious and indefatigable zeal in the service of his Master, had rendered him universally beloved.

This admirable man, exemplary pastor and most entirely devoted servant of Christ, fell a victim to the prevailing malady, contracted in his attendance upon the sea-faring men and emigrants at the Marine Hospital, where he has been known to spend, without interruption, twelve consecutive hours.—On Sunday, the 4th instant, he struggled against the disease which had then taken possession of his system, and officiated as usual in public, but was obliged to desist before completing his afternoon service.

We are sorry to learn that two other ministers of the same church are down with fever,—the Rev. Messrs. Lonsdell and Parkin, both of whom contracted the disease in discharging their clerical duties at the Quarantine Station.—*Ibid, July 16.*

We learn from the *Melanges Religieux* that the Rev. Mr. Caroff, priest of the Seminary of St. Sulpice, died of fever at the Hotel Dieu, Montreal, on Tuesday last.

Captain Justin Freniere, of the steamer Canada, died at Lachenaie on the 6th instant, of fever contracted on board his boat while conveying passengers from Grosse Isle to Montreal. He leaves a wife and several young children.

The Montreal Pilot mentions the death of two other Roman Catholic Clergymen, the Rev. Messrs. M'Enerny and Caroff, who have fallen victims to their labours in behalf of the immigrants, besides the Rev. Mr. Gottofrey, whose melancholy fate is mentioned elsewhere.—*Quebec Gaz. July 16.*

Dr. McGale, one of the Assistant Physicians attending on the sick in the Emigrant Hospitals at St. Ann's Common, Montreal, expired on Friday, from the result of fever, contracted in devotion to his arduous duties.

By yesterday's mail, we received intelligence of the death of the Rev. Mr. Willoughby, at Montreal, on Thursday. The Rev. Mr. Richard, of the Montreal Seminary, and another of the Gray Nuns, are also dead. The death of Mr. Richard was erroneously reported, a few days since.

We learn from the Exchange Register that the ship Erin's Queen, from Liverpool, with 517 passengers, at Grosse Isle since last Tuesday, has been abandoned by the captain and crew. She had fifty deaths on the passage.—*Quebec Morning Chronicle, July 19.*

A poor woman in St. Vallier's suburbs, actuated by a sentiment of charity, took into her family an Irish orphan, whom she treated as one of her own. After a few days, the child fell sick of typhus, and received from its adopted mother the most attentive care. The child recovered; but its benevolent guardian was infected with the disease, under which she sank, leaving behind her nine orphans. Into another Canadian house in the same suburbs, two emigrant orphans had been received, who likewise became sick, and have communicated the fever to the children of the family, who are dangerously ill.

350 to 400 Emigrant children are now taken care of by the ladies of the Good Shepherd, *(Les Dames du Bon Pasteur)* and other Religious Institutions of Montreal. All the hospitals attached to the Religious Institutions of the city are full.

Typhus Fever has made its appearance in the Garrison at Montreal. One of the soldiers now lies dangerously ill under its effects, and doubts are entertained of his recovery.

The return from the Government Emigration Office at Quebec of the number of passengers arrived to the 17th July, shews an aggregate of 52,214, being an increase over the number to the same date last year, of 29,181.

TORONTO EMIGRANT HOSPITAL.—Admitted during the week ending July 4th, 116; died 22; discharged, 45; remaining in hospital, 248. Of those landed sick in Toronto, almost all have been taken ill after leaving Montreal.

The Toronto Herald announces the death of Lieut. Col. Mackay, commanding the 82d Regiment, now stationed at London, C. W.

RETURN OF CANADIAN EXILES.—By late Canadian papers we learn that three more of the Canadians who were banished to Australia, viz.:—Capt. P. H. Morin, his son Achilles, and Rene Pinsonnault, arrived in London on the 14th ult., and embarked on the 16th in the *Zealous*, which sailed on the 17th for Montreal. It is also stated that the eight remaining exiles are now on their way home and may be expected about the beginning of October next.—*Halifax Post.*

FROM MEXICO.—A telegraphic despatch states that a party under the command of Commander Bigelow, had been engaged in a skirmish with a large force of Mexicans near Tampico, and defeated them.

By extraordinary express from New Orleans, we learn that the steamer Galveston, from Vera Cruz, brings positive intelligence that the Mexican Government had rejected the overtures of Peace, presented by Mr. Trist.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

The "Spy in Washington" writes to the N. Y. Courier & Enquirer that he is of opinion that peace will shortly be brought about.

Gen. Lombardini has been appointed to the chief command of the Mexican forces.

Gen. Scott was expected to march on the capital the 3d or 4th inst.

During the month of May and June, 488 deaths occurred at Vera Cruz,—171 of which were American soldiers.

Nearly half the men composing the Illinois regiment at Fort Leavenworth are sick, and consequently cannot march to Santa Fe. There is said to be much insubordination among them.

The U. S. steamship Mississippi had been on fire at Vera Cruz. It was occasioned by the spontaneous combustion of the coal, and was extinguished by great exertions of the crew, without material injury.

NEW YORK, July 23.—The demand for Flour is good, and holders are firm in their asking prices. Sales of Genesee at \$5,37½ to 5,44; and Western at \$5,12½ to 5,25.

The Wheat crop in some of the Southern States has been harvested, and the yield has been excellent, both as to quantity and quality.

Immigration at New York.—During the first six months of the present year 84,218 steerage or immigrant passengers arrived at New York; and of these, 74,428 landed since the first of April, giving a monthly average since the latter date of nearly 25,000.

The fruit crop is stated to be so abundant in New York that the farmers are at a loss as to the best means of preserving their trees against the evil of too great bearing.

A New York paper states that a man named Neville is in custody for taking "a drop too much"—namely, for marrying Miss Amelia Drop, whilst he had another wife living.

DESERTION.—Five men of the 42nd Regt. deserted from night of Tuesday last, in a w keel. They proceeded direc they were accompanied by town.—The boat was supplie she is said to be very crank.

BERMUDA LIGHTHOUSE.—light has been seen at a dista

LONDON MISSIONARY SOCIET versary of this great Society wa Exeter Hall—Sir E. N. Buxton, Hall was crowded. The statistic ral missions of the Society is as f tions and out-stations supported t parts of the world, 460; churches sionaries, and 700 European and ber of printing establishments in amount of receipts during the pa 7s. 1d.; the expenditure £75,72 was addressed by the Rev. Dr. the Rev. J. Burnet, the Rev. J. A az, (Missionary to India), Rev. J. Rev. M. Boucher, a French pas pere, of Paris, the Rev. Dr. Hail E. Smith, and others.

Among the latest novelties in h kerchiefs with the likeness of Je them.

The Brig Magna Charta, arriv 15th inst., from Sligo, with 150 p whom were sick—six died on the

The Rev. Dr. BURNS is from Annapolis on Thursday. in the Mechanics' Institute on Sa viz., at 11, at 3, and at 6 o'clock for Toronto on the following Tue

The Mail for England to steamer Britannia from Halifax be closed at the General Post O day next, the 31st July, at three

GOVERNMENT E St. John,

The following vessels are at the

Brigantine Susan, from Beech of whom are ill—three deaths du Brig Trafalgar, from Cork, 1 Barque Royal Mint, from Liv The passengers by the two ve a few exceptions, have been lan they being infected with disease There were nineteen deaths on b ring the voyage.

Barque Ward Chipman sailed 505 passengers. There were board this vessel during the voy vessel arrived at Quarantine. at present ill with fever.

Barque Envoy, sailed from 276 passengers. There are eig board the Envoy; one passeng the voyage, and one other of aff

Barque Lady Caroline, sailed 105 passengers. This vessel is and the passengers in good he death on the voyage.

The last return from Partridge inst., and is as follows:—

No. of sick and debilitated on
No. healthy, for observation a
No. of deaths from the 13th to
No. discharged from the 13th t
No. of Seamen ill,

All the persons on the Island provisions of good quality.

HOOPING COUGH

TO PARENTS.—JAYNE'S EX ception, the most valuable prepa diseases. It converts Hooping tractable disease, and shortens half, and produces a certain an half to one tea spoonful will e tents and young children, in ha of hundreds of children will be keeping it on hand every mot

BOWEL AND SUMM

DR. D. JAYNE, No. 8, South is willing to guarantee that his will cure Diarrhoea, Colics, Cra lera Morbus, Summer Complai of the Stomach and Bowels, in hundred, and in less than half th by any other means. It is extr are fond of it. It is equally as dren, and when the directions not effected, the money will be 25 and 50 cents a bottle.

ANOTHER PHYSIC

The following additional te JAYNE'S Medicines has recently sician of high standing in Laud date of August 9, 1836:—

"Dr. D. Jayne—Dear Sir,— with some of your preparations them. Your Expectorant and used extensively in my own pra tingly that I have used no artic ones, that have better answere were prepared than the above. Lauderdale Co. Miss.

Sold by T. WALKER

MARR

Last evening, by the Rev. Esquire, Barrister at Law, to of the late G. Bonsall, Esq

On Thursday evening last, cliffe, Mr. George Tennant, to this city.

Same evening, by the same the Parish of Portland, to Mi Mr. Samuel Jordan, of this Ci

On the 26th inst. by the Rev Ward, to Miss Mary Ann Da Chipman, Queen's County.

On Wednesday evening, by Robertson, to Elizabeth C., Blackadar, H. M. Dock Yard

On Thursday, by the Rev. ham Green, of the Parish of Ann Peak, third daughter of the Parish of Wickham.

On the same evening, by the to Miss Mary Ann, second da of the Parish of Wickham.

Also, on the 20th inst. by the son, of the Parish of Lancaste this City.

On Tuesday evening last, by Mr. David Wilson, to Miss Parish of Portland.

On the 22d instant, at the Wade, Loch Lomond, by the Nehemiah George Wade, to

At Burton, on the 21st ins Esquire, Silas M. Manuel, of to Olive, second daughter of same place.

At Williamstown, on the 2 Hanford, Curate of Woods Woodstock, to Frances, sec James Sharp, of Northampton

DI

On Friday morning, Mr. J year of his age.

On Friday, after a lingerin Christian fortitude and resig Agnes, wife of Mr. Thomas

On Friday, in the twenty-6 second son of Mr. Thomas H

On the 23d instant, Mr. Jo the 28th year of his age.

At Fredericton, on Thursd Edward W. Miller, Esquire, York, in the 76th year of his

On the night of the 20th in of six months, in the 29th yea third daughter of James B King's County.

At the residence of her so Carleton, on the 25th ult., Mr Mr. John Reid, of Donegal, age.

At Newcastle, (Miramich James John Nesmith, aged the 25th year of his age.

At Chatham, (Miramichi) chael Daley, aged 40 years Louth, Ireland.

At the Quarantine Station on the 15th instant, Mr. Wil William Adams, Esq., Merc burgh. He was a passenger on his way to join friends

PORT OF S

ARR

Tuesday—Barque Royal M John Mackay, merchandiz

Wednesday—Steamer Saxe J. Whitney, passengers an Schooner Sisters, McAuley ballast.

Thursday—Barque Ward C Charles Brown, passenger Brig Camilla, Racine, Dubl ballast.

Belle of Maitland, Scelye, bonson, sugar.

Blue Nose, Thompson, Ma lasses and sugar.

Brigt. Kingston, Mason, Co gers.