

Doctors

Good location for you to build, near side floor, near Walmer-road, only 100 feet.

H. H. WILLIAMS & CO.,
25 Victoria Street.

PROBS: Strong northwest winds; fine and cool.

BRAND NAMES NEW FRENCH CABINET

Satisfies Radicals By Declaring His Determination To Complete Work of Clemenceau Ministry and Please President.

PARIS, July 23.—After a day of conference Aristide Briand succeeded in forming a new French ministry and officially announced the success of his endeavors to President Fallières at 10 o'clock to-night. The new cabinet is made up as follows:

Premier and minister of the interior and of public worship—M. Briand.
Minister of justice—M. Barthou.
Minister of foreign affairs—M. Pichon.
Minister of finance—Georges Cochery.
Minister of education—M. Doumergue.
Minister of public works, posts and telegraphs—M. Millerand.
Minister of commerce—Jean Dupuy.
Minister of agriculture—M. Ruan.
Minister of colonies—M. Trouillot.
Minister of labor—M. Viviani.

The portfolios of war and the navy will be filled to-morrow morning. These have been offered respectively to Gen. Brun and Admiral Boue de la Payrere, and both are expected to accept.

The post of under secretary of posts and telegraphs, which was held by M. Sniyan, whose resignation was demanded during the recent strike of postmen and telegraphers by the Socialists, will be suppressed. An under secretaryship of finance will be created and the office given to Rene Renoult. M. Dujardin-Beaumetz will remain as under secretary of public works, instruction and beaux arts.

M. Briand had considerable difficulty in appeasing the appetites aroused by the fall of the cabinet and only satisfied the radicals who charged him with being a Radical by the statement, "I intend to complete the work of the Clemenceau cabinet and put out the wishes of the president and form a Republican cabinet committed to Republican policies."

Conditions Too Onerous.
M. Caillaux, minister of finance in the old cabinet, laid down certain conditions relating to his again accepting the portfolio which M. Briand could not grant and besides the opposition in the senate to Caillaux's draft of the income tax bill, made it advisable to substitute M. Cochery, who was minister of finance in the Melne cabinet of 1896-9. It is announced that M. Cochery's selection does not mean the abandonment of the income tax measure, but its modification on lines more acceptable to the senate.

End Labor War.
A ministerial declaration which was formulated and unanimously accepted by the members of the new cabinet contains an important statement indicating that the cabinet is committed to an attempt to end the war between labor and capital, which has disturbed France for so many years. An official note says this declaration, after quoting the famous remark of M. Waldeck-Rousseau, "Capital must work and labor possess," insists upon the necessity of an alliance between labor and capital and the avoidance of every cause of conflicts; the members of the cabinet, regardless of their political affiliations, resolve, with the aid of parliament, to ameliorate the moral and material well-being of the workers as far as their power lies but that the accomplishment of this end will depend upon the support of the workers themselves; that the latter must give security to capital or otherwise undertakings will be abandoned and the economic development of the country arrested.

BLOCK OF 16 ACRES SOLD EAST END REAL ESTATE

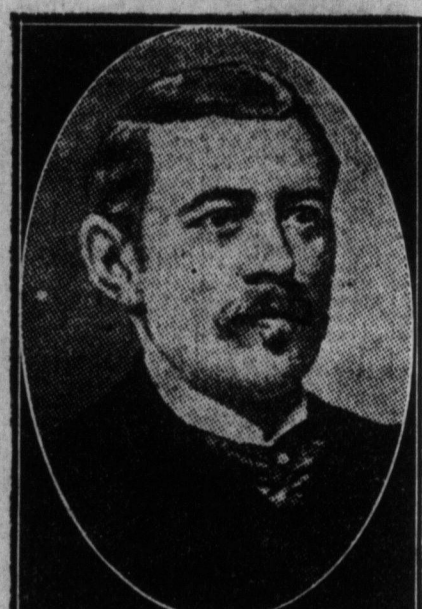
Market Garden at Jones Ave. and Gerrard St. Bought by W. Cecil Lee.

A valuable tract of land containing 16 acres east of Jones-avenue, and north of Gerrard-street, has just been sold to W. Cecil Lee. The consideration is in the neighborhood of \$40,000. The property belonged to Thomas Phinacum, and is under crop as a market garden. The sale was put through by J. Nicholson of Westport, Minaker & Co., 190 West King-street.

It is understood that the block will be put on the market for building purposes.

LIKE THE PERIOD AFTER A SENTENCE.
Your hat is the final mark. It expresses your taste and breeding to a far, it's the crowning touch of correct dress for the well-dressed man. Whether on Sundays, to business or special occasions, the man with a Dineen Straw Hat gets "away from the crowd." Store open till 10 to-night and three tables of Men's Straw Hats at special prices. Choice of lot No. 1, at \$1.00 and lot No. 2, for \$1.50, and lot No. 3, for \$2.00. Corner Yonge and Temperance-streets.

Senate Reading Room
11:00-2:00 P.M.
SENATE P.O.



M. BRIAND
New Premier of France, who has succeeded in forming a new cabinet.

7 CANADIANS IN LAST STAGE

Truro, N.S., Man Wins Place in King's Prize in Shoot-off With 28 Others—Big Event To-day

BISLEY CAMP, July 23.—Staff-Sergeant Stock of Truro, N.S., in the shoot-off for a place in the King's Prize, third stage, was successful in winning one of the two places, which were competed for by 28 others.

The total score in the third stage over the three ranges is 150—ten shots at each range. Sergeant Stock can equal last year's winning score of 325 by making 140 out of the possible 150 in this stage.

There are now the following seven Canadians in this final stage, which is shot off to-morrow. They are: Sgt. Major Huggins of Hamilton, Corp. McGinnes of Edmonton, Lieut. Morris of Bowmanville, Sgt. W. A. Smith of Ottawa, Sgt. Blackburn of Winnipeg, Sgt. Freeborn of Hamilton and Sgt. Stock of Truro.

This is the present standing:
1st 2nd
Stage, Stage, T.I.
Sgt. Maj. S. J. Huggins, 99 91—150
Corp. D. McGinnes, 96 94—150
Sgt. Blackburn, 95 94—150
Col.-Sgt. Freeborn, 99 90—150
Lieut. F. H. Morris, 95 91—150
Sgt. W. A. Smith, 95 91—150
Staff-Sgt. Stock, 95 90—150

The third stage, open to the 100 competitors making the highest places in the first and second stages combined, is at 800, 900 and 1000 yards (aggregate), ten shots at each distance. The places of all competitors in the second and third stages will be decided by the aggregate of the scores made by them in all the stages in which they fire.

It is interesting to note that the man making the highest score in the first and second stages of the King's Prize has not yet managed to win the great trophy. Canada still has a good chance to lift it to-day.

The highest score yet made in this competition, that of 325, made by Pte. J. Gray of the 5th Scottish Rifles last year, can be equaled by either Sgt. Major Huggins of the 13th, Hamilton, or Corp. D. McGinnes of Edmonton, if they make only 135 out of 150 at the 800, 900 and 1000 yard ranges of the third stage. To equal this score, also, Sgt. Blackburn of Winnipeg must make 135, and Col.-Sgt. Freeborn of Hamilton must make 135.

Range Prizes. Competition at 500 yards, 10 shots, was won by Pte. J. Gray, 14th, 10th, 10th, 10th, 10th, 10th, 10th, 10th, 10th, 10th. In the "Range Prizes," competition at 600 yards in the King's Prize, Staff-Sgt. Mitchell was 18th, winning 31; Sgt. Major Huggins, 19th, 31; Col.-Sgt. Freeborn, 31st, 31.

FINES HIMSELF \$5.
VANCOUVER, B.C., July 23.—Police Magistrate Williams adjudicated on his own case this morning. With two offences he was accused of, speeding his automobile. He pleaded guilty, fining himself the same as the offenders, namely, \$5 and costs.

TAFT WILL WIN FIGHT OVER TARIFF

White House Callers Think His Firm Stand for Downward Revision on Raw Materials Will Be Successful.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—While no agreement was reached by the tariff conference to-day on coal, lumber, hides, cotton, iron ore, the cotton schedule, oil, wood pulp and print paper, it was agreed that discussions should be carried out to-night by the conference after an adjournment for the day that the prospects of settling these big questions to-morrow were excellent.

Should the conference complete its work to-morrow, it would be impossible to report to-day before Tuesday as the house, which agreed to the conference on the tariff bill and therefore under rules must receive it before the senate, adjourned to-day until Tuesday.

Heroic measures were put into operation to-day in an effort to compose differences existing between the senate and the house on the tariff bill, and to carry out President Taft's program for a reduction of duties on raw materials.

All except the actual conference were excluded from the chamber and it was agreed that discussions should be carried out to-night by the conference after an adjournment for the day that the prospects of settling these big questions to-morrow were excellent.

Iron Ore Free.
Many senators thought no objection would be made to placing iron ore on the free list, and this question generally was regarded as settled. Senator Burrows is making a stubborn fight for the retention of the duty, and a rate of about \$3 a ton on print paper.

It was announced to-day that the increased rate of duty on revenue tax on tobacco, which were adopted by the senate, will be accepted.

The conference to-day accepted a senate amendment to the tariff bill for a 10 per cent. ad valorem on structural steel punched for use.

Senate Adjourns.
After a session of little more than half an hour to-day the senate adjourned until next Monday, which is a day earlier than would have been possible under the unanimous agreement for adjournment on each third day while the tariff bill is in conference. The date was moved up in the hope that the conference report on the tariff bill might be in shape to be presented by Monday.

The senate also listened to a representation from Mr. Culbertson concerning the Democratic course towards the tariff bill in the senate. He contended that the Democrats had been exceptionally harmonious and united and undertook to refute all statements to the contrary.

Taft Will Win.
All of the congressional callers at the White House to-day left the impression that the president would win sufficient concessions in his fight for downward revision, especially on raw materials to make it sure that a bill will be devised which will warrant his signature.

But the anti-free raw material senators and representatives are still on the firing line devoting their energies now to a flank movement against the schedule on manufactured and finished products. If raw materials are to be reduced almost to the extent of putting them on the free list, the senators do not see why the same principle should not apply to finished products. Facing defeat on those items in which their constituents are most concerned, the anti-free raw material folks are anxious to show that the other fellows should suffer much the same fate.

The indications this afternoon were very strong that this tariff conference committee will report in favor of the following rates on the articles which have been the cause of so much recent controversy: Coal 45 cents per ton; iron ore 25 cents; hides 7 per cent. ad valorem; lumber \$1.25 per 1000; petroleum free.

Power Price Reduced.
PETERBORO, July 23.—(Special.)—Central Ontario Power Co. has reduced the price of Burlington Falls power rights to the City of Peterboro from \$125,000 to \$120,000. The city council has decided to have R. B. Rogers, C.E., report upon the power before proceeding further. The company has been the city a further offer of one month.

4-COUNT 'EM-4 More Super-Dreadnoughts

NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE, July 23.—Enquiries received by the Armstrong ship-building firm indicate that the government will give out almost immediately orders for four additional super-dreadnoughts, which, it is expected, will be armed with 13.5 inch guns.

Says General Otter Put Veto on Visit Of Kitchener Here

Marquise de Fontenay Hears Hero of Khartoum Was Rebuffed by Chief of Canadian General Staff.

The Marquise de Fontenay writes in The New York Tribune: While the Australians are urging General Lord Kitchener to visit them on his homeward trip, after relinquishing the command in chief of the British military forces in India a few weeks hence, the Canadians do not seem to be prepared to accord to him the enthusiastic welcome in the Dominion which he had been led to expect when he promised to spend several weeks in a careful examination of the military resources and defenses of Canada, after leaving Japan, where he is expected to attend the great autumn maneuvers as the guest of the mikado.

For General W. D. Otter, who is the chief of the General Staff of Canada and a veteran of the Boer war, it is under the circumstances very probable that Lord Kitchener will be recommended to modify his arrangements in such a fashion as to avoid the Dominion.

Whether Lord Kitchener will now accept the invitation of Australia, which he has hitherto declined on the ground of the lack of time, remains to be seen. There is a rather delicate question involved. He would have to go to Australia from Japan, after having been most hospitably entertained by the Japanese monarch and government and made acquainted with all their military resources and secrets. Now, the one thing which the Australians fear more than anything else, and against which they are anxious to defend themselves, is the possibility of a Japanese invasion, which they regard as inevitable; and if they are anxious for the advice of Lord Kitchener in connection with their military resources and defenses it is precisely in view of the possibility of an attack on the part of the Japanese. It remains to be seen what course Lord Kitchener will adopt. But it certainly does not appear very probable, after the singularly unfriendly pronouncement of General Otter and the fact that no attempt should have been made by the Dominion Government to repudiate it or cause its withdrawal, that he will visit the Dominion.

Want Roosevelt To Head Ticket Against Tammany

PARIS, July 23.—John S. Wise, Jr., of New York, who is now visiting Paris, says that former President Roosevelt, just prior to his departure from New York on his African hunting expedition, promised him and other Republicans in New York that he will return in time for the mayoralty campaign.

Mr. Wise says he has not given up the hope that Mr. Roosevelt will head the mayoralty ticket in New York this autumn.

A Bisley Champion

QUEBEC, July 23.—Earl Grey arrived this morning on the Empress of Ireland. He was met at the landing by Sir Chas. Fitzpatrick, Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Lt.-Gov. Sir Alphonse Pelletier.

His excellency is the picture of health. He was driven to the viceregal quarters at the citadel and left at 2 o'clock for Ottawa.

A young woman from London, England, named McMillan, 39 years of age, died on board the Empress of Ireland during the voyage. She was accompanied by her husband and two children and was en route for Vancouver.

Among the passengers by the Empress of Ireland was the Lord Bishop of Chichester, besides a number of prominent Canadians.

NOT FOR TWO YEARS.

A man who knows says that the C. P. R. will not want money for the new line and he does not expect the new stock to be put on the market before that.

TEACHERS SCARCE.
KINGSTON, July 23.—(Special.)—High school teachers are so scarce that the board of education may find it necessary to advance salaries to get help. Telegrams to all parts of the country brought no results.

Nova Scotia Mines and Keewatin Finds

COBALT, July 23.—(Special.)—Having read, when in Toronto, the report of the finds of new surface veins on the Nova Scotia mine, I decided to spend half a day in examining them. The mines of Cobalt camp distribute themselves more or less into groups centring on one or other of the little lakes that are so numerous in this country. The Nova Scotia, for instance, belongs to the Peterson Lake group and borders on that lake, as also does the Peterson Lake mine itself, one of very large acreage. The Nipissing also has its No. 49 vein approaching the shores of this lake, and the Little Nipissing is also working a lease from the Peterson Lake Company on its shores. Peterson Lake, some two or three years ago, had its level reduced considerably by drainage. The Nova Scotia mine is reached by the Kerr Lake road, and is over two miles from the centre of the town. This road is, as I said before, one of the best roads in the camp, and allows a horse and buggy to get to the mine in a few minutes.

I found the Nova Scotia mine to be a well-equipped concern, with an up-to-date plant, which cost over \$100,000, having also good quarters for its men, several shafts and shaft houses, store houses and all the other essentials of a good plant, including a commodious residence for Mr. A. M. Biskley, the working engineer in charge, and a big man full of big energy. I understand that the Jacobs Exploration Company, of which Mr. Biskley is the manager, assisted by A. S. McEwen, who has had a large and varied experience in the Reno, Nev., mines, works not only the Nova Scotia but its lease from the Peterson Lake and the Shamrock mine, some distance away.

Now for the finds: These discoveries, all made this month, are in the Keewatin rock, and, for this reason, the ground was not heretofore explored. Early in the history of the camp, people thought it was not worth while exploring the Keewatin; now this month Mr. Biskley turns loose a gang of men on the hillside with spades to trench, and in two or three days, and day after day thereafter, they continue to uncover and strip magnificent veins right on the surface; and before a fortnight is over the mine whose reputation has not yet been made was turned into one of very high class. Not that the Nova Scotia has not excellent underground workings, but these surface discoveries are in the sight of all, and impress you in a moment.

The first vein, now called the Biskley vein, found on July 3, is from 4 to 5 inches wide, and, according to the assay made, will run 2000 ounces of ore to the ton. It has been stripped for 93 feet, and the vein is well defined all that distance. There are one or two places where the vein is 8 inches wide. The reason why stripping ceased was the rock suddenly becoming "over-burdened," which means that an unusual amount of earth at this point happens to be imposed upon it. Instead of removing the earth, the men were changed to other work and a fresh gang ordered to begin sinking a shaft to this vein at a point farther back, where it was noticed that two parallel veins, now known as Nos. 2 and 3, which could be traced back for 225 feet, crossed the Biskley vein. This new shaft is known now as shaft No. 4. Great headway has been made in sinking here, as the men are, at last advices, down 23 feet, and are enabled to keep up this rapid pace by running three gangs in eight-hour shifts. They are also working four drilling machines at the same time in the drift from shaft No. 1, two machines in each face with three eight-hour shifts, and are in this way getting rapid results. This is, perhaps, the first time that such rapid

Continued on Page 6.

PACKING PLANT FOR HOGS BRITISH GRUNT SOON DIES AWAY

American Interests Contemplate Concentration of Hog Industry at Toronto.

Several gentlemen representing American packers have been going over the ground in the vicinity of the Union Stock Yards in Ward 7 with a view to selecting a site for a new packing plant. It is understood that it is the intention of the interests behind the project to concentrate the hog industry of the country at Toronto, and it is to be hoped that the Union Stock Yard management may be able to secure the location of such an important industry. The concentration of the trade at one point would be of much service to the farmers.

The drovers of the country, almost to a man, are anxious that the hogs, instead of being bought f.o.b. cars at country points, should be brought to the market at Toronto, like the cattle, and sold on their merits.

Hogs have been unusually scarce this year and very high in price. The establishment of another industry would tend to secure to the farmer a steady market, and thus encourage the breeding of one of the most lucrative of his stock lines.

EARL GREY HOME

Met at Quebec by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Sir Charles Fitzpatrick.

QUEBEC, July 23.—Earl Grey arrived this morning on the Empress of Ireland. He was met at the landing by Sir Chas. Fitzpatrick, Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Lt.-Gov. Sir Alphonse Pelletier.

His excellency is the picture of health. He was driven to the viceregal quarters at the citadel and left at 2 o'clock for Ottawa.

A young woman from London, England, named McMillan, 39 years of age, died on board the Empress of Ireland during the voyage. She was accompanied by her husband and two children and was en route for Vancouver.

Among the passengers by the Empress of Ireland was the Lord Bishop of Chichester, besides a number of prominent Canadians.

\$4000
CENTRAL BUSINESS SITE
must be sold at once to close an estate; corner lot 47 feet frontage and lane at side; have conducted profitable flour and feed business for many years; situated near King and Church.
H. H. WILLIAMS & CO.,
25 Victoria Street.

11 29TH YEAR

ANDERSON CHASE ENDS AT HOTEL ON COAST

Bank of Montreal Ledger Clerk, Apprehended at Vancouver for Series of Forgeries Involving Large Sums Here and in Europe.

VANCOUVER, B.C., July 23.—(Special.)—Registering at the Hotel Vancouver as J. A. Anderson, the alleged bank absconder, for whom detectives from all over the continent have lately been looking, was arrested to-day by Vancouver police detectives.

Anderson admitted this afternoon that he was John Alfred Graham Anderson, who as clerk in the Bank of Montreal at Toronto, is said to have secured thousands of dollars by the use of an "accepted" rubber stamp taken from the bank in which he had been employed.

Anderson arrived here on Wednesday a week ago, and it is said that the detectives of the bank have known of his presence here for at least one day. Last evening he called on Manager Derovier of the Hotel Vancouver, stating that he was short of funds and asking that a cheque of \$1000 which he presented be converted into cash. It was this cheque that led to enquiries being made at the police department, and Anderson was arrested, as he sat on the balcony of the hotel.

No "accepted" stamp was found among Anderson's effects. Anderson is now being held on the telegraphed request of the Toronto police and it is expected that an officer will be sent from that city for him.

Anderson's Operations.
After a holiday extending from March 9 last, John Alfred Graham Anderson, former ledger keeper of the bank of Montreal, Portland and Quebec branch of this city, was yesterday landed by the police at the Hotel Vancouver, in Vancouver. He is wanted here and in many cities in the United States and Europe for forgeries upon which he secured amounts which run into several thousands of dollars. He attempted to pass a cheque at the hotel in Vancouver and was cashed by the bank. Detective Murray will leave immediately to bring him here for trial.

Anderson, who had been employed in the bank for a number of years and was widely and favorably known being the son of a well-to-do doctor at Newcastle, Ont., left the bank March 9, saying that he was tired and wanted a holiday. He said that he intended to travel and was given a send off by his friends. When he went he took with him the stamp with which he marked cheques "accepted." This has been his great asset in his series of swindles. "Accepted" cheques upon reputable banks are easy to cash the world over.

Shortly after his disappearance the worthless cheques began to arrive, yet it was not for some time that he was suspected. It would appear that he cut down into the States and thence crossed the ocean. In April cheques were cashed for \$15 at the Dominion Bank in Windsor, and the National Bank, Detroit.

Others came in from the New Denison Hotel, Indianapolis, Ind., April 16 for \$85; from J. L. Brandis & Son, Omaha, Neb., for \$450; from Chicago for \$200; from Los Angeles, Cal., for \$300; from San Francisco, where he made his biggest haul of \$750; from Burlington, Va., where he secured \$15 from the Y.M.C.A.; in Boston, from the Bank of Nova Scotia, he secured \$15. Then in Paris, France, came a cheque thru the Bank of France for \$250.

In Canada, he cashed cheques at the Royal Bank, Montreal, for \$15; at the Quebec Bank, Pembroke, \$15; at the Imperial and Commerce banks, Galt, for \$25 and \$15 respectively, and also at Gananoque and Toronto.

It is known to have been at Gananoque a few days ago and must have been taken in Vancouver shortly after arriving there.

FIVE YEARS FOR SHEA AND ROAST FROM COURT

Brutal Methods of Labor Leaders Responsible for Prejudice Against Unions.

NEW YORK, July 23.—Cornelius P. Shea, the former president of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, who was found guilty on Wednesday of attempting to murder Alice Walsh, a former Chicago waitress with whom he had lived, was sentenced to-day to not less than five nor more than 25 years in prison.

"Your services for humanity are urged in your behalf," said the court, "because you have been active in the affairs of organized labor. There is a prejudice against organized labor, but cause such men as you dominate it with your brutal methods and your coarse, offensive personality, and a part of the community has come to look upon organized labor as being composed of brutes and securing their victories by brutal methods. But that is all wrong. I believe I am helping the cause of organized labor by ridding it of one such as you, and sending you to state prison."