

Doctors

Good location for you to build, near side Bloor, near Walmer-road, only 100 feet.

H. H. WILLIAMS & CO., 25 Victoria Street.

JULY 23rd FRIDAY

PROBS: Strong northwest winds; fine and cool.

\$4000

CENTRAL BUSINESS SITE must be sold at once to close an estate; corner lot 47 feet frontage and less at side; have conducted profitable flour and feed business for many years; situated near King and Church.

H. H. WILLIAMS & CO., 25 Victoria Street.

29TH YEAR

BRAND NAMES NEW FRENCH CABINET

Satisfies Radicals by Declaring His Determination To Complete Work of Clemenceau Ministry and Please President.

PARIS, July 23.—After a day of conference, Aristide Briand succeeded in forming a new French ministry and officially announced the success of his endeavors to President Fallieres at 10 o'clock to-night. The new cabinet is made up as follows: Premier and minister of the interior and of public worship—M. Briand. Minister of justice—M. Barthou. Minister of foreign affairs—M. Pichon. Minister of finance—Georges Cochery. Minister of education—M. Doumergue. Minister of public works, posts and telegraphs—M. Millerand. Minister of commerce—Jean Dupuy. Minister of agriculture—M. Ruau. Minister of colonies—M. Trouillot. Minister of labor—M. Viviani.

The portfolios of war and the navy will be filled to-morrow morning. These have been offered respectively to Gen. Brun and Admiral Boue de la Payre, and both are expected to accept. The post of under secretary of posts and telegraphs, which was held by M. Simey, whose resignation was demanded during the recent strike of postmen and telegraphers by the Socialists, will be suppressed. An under secretary of finance will be created and the office given to Rene Renault. M. Dujardin-Beaumetz will remain as under secretary of public works. Instructions to the new cabinet were given by M. Briand and considerable difficulty in appearing the appetites aroused by the fall of the cabinet and only satisfied by the Radicals who charged him with being a Socialist, by the statement, "I intend to complete the work of the Clemenceau cabinet and carry out the wishes of the president and form a Republican cabinet committed to Republican policies."

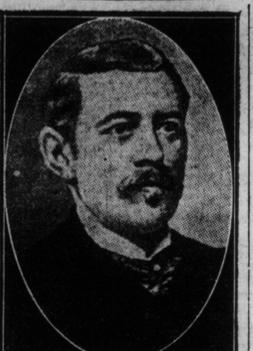
End Labor War. A ministerial declaration which was formulated and unanimously accepted by the members of the new cabinet states that the cabinet is committed to an attempt to end the war between labor and capital, which has disturbed France for so many years. M. Coehory, an official note says this declaration, after quoting the famous remark of M. Waldeck-Rousseau, "Capital must work and labor possess," insisted upon the necessity of an alliance between labor and capital and the avoidance of every cause of conflicts; the members of the cabinet, regardless of their political affiliations, resolve, with the aid of parliament, to ameliorate the moral and material well-being of the workers as far as in their power lies, but that the accomplishment of this end will depend upon the support of the workers themselves; that the latter must give security to capital or otherwise undertakings will be abandoned and the economic development of the country arrested.

BLOCK OF 16 ACRES SOLD EAST END REAL ESTATE

Market Garden at Jones Ave. and Gerrard St. Bought by W. Cecil Lee. A valuable tract of land containing 16 acres east of Jones-avenue, and north of Gerrard-street, has just been sold to W. Cecil Lee. The consideration is in the neighborhood of \$40,000. The property belonged to Thomas Phacum, and is under crop as a market garden. The sale was put thru by J. Nicholson of Westrop, Munaker & Co., 190 West King-street. It is understood that the block will be put on the market for building purposes.

LIKE THE PERIOD AFTER A SENTENCE.

Your hat is the final mark. It expresses your taste and breeding to a dot. It's the crowning touch of correct dress for the well-dressed man. Whether on Sundays, to business or special occasions, the man with a Dineen Straw Hat gets "away from the crowd." Store open till 10 to-night and three tables of Men's Straw Hats at special prices. Choice of lot No. 1, at \$1.00 and lot No. 2, at \$1.50, and lot No. 3, at \$2.00. Corner Yonge and Temperance-streets.



M. BRIAND New Premier of France, who has succeeded in forming a new cabinet.

7 CANADIANS IN LAST STAGE

Truro, N.S., Man Wins Place in King's Prize in Shoot-off With 28 Others—Big Event To-day

BISLEY CAMP, July 23.—Staff-Sergt. Steek of Truro, N. S., in the shoot-off for a place in the King's Prize, third stage, was successful in winning one of the two places, which were competed for by 28 others. The total score in the third stage over the three ranges is 150-ten shots at each range. Sergt. Steek can equal last year's winning score of 325 by making 140 out of the possible 150 in this stage.

There are now the following seven Canadians in this final stage, which is shot off to-morrow. They are: Sergt. Major Huggins of Hamilton, Corp. McGinnes of Edmonton, Lieut. Morris of Bowmanville, Sergt. W. A. Smith of Ottawa, Sergt. Blackburn of Winnipeg, Sergt. Freeborn of Hamilton and Sergt. Steek of Truro. This is the present standing:

Table with 2 columns: Name and Score. Includes Sergt. Steek (91), Sgt. Major S. J. Huggins (91), Corp. D. McGinnes (90), Sgt. Blackburn (90), Col.-Sgt. Freeborn (89), Lieut. F. H. Morris (89), Sgt. W. A. Smith (89), Staff-Sergt. Steek (89).

The highest score yet made in this competition, that of 325, made by Pte. J. Gray of the 5th Scottish Rifles last year, can be equaled by either Sergt. Major Huggins of the 13th, Hamilton, or Corp. D. McGinnes of Edmonton, if they make only 135 out of 150 at the 800, 900 and 1000 yards (aggregate), ten shots at each distance. The places of all competitors in the second and third stages will be decided by the aggregate of the scores made by them in all the stages in which they fire. It is interesting to note that the man making the highest score in the first and second stages of the King's Prize has not yet managed to win the great trophy. Canada still has a good chance to lift it.

FINES HIMSELF \$5.

VANCOUVER, B.C., July 23.—Police Magistrate Williams adjudicated on his own case this morning. With two offences he was fined for exceeding his automobile. He pleaded guilty, fining himself the same as the offenders, namely, \$5 and costs.

TAR WILL WIN FIGHT OVER TARIFF

White House Callers Think His Firm Stand for Downward Revision on Raw Materials Will Be Successful.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—While no agreement was reached by the tariff conference to-day on coal, lumber, hides, cotton, iron ore, the cotton schedule or wool pulp and print paper, it was agreed that discussions should be carried out to-night by the conferees after an adjournment for the day that the prospects of settling these big questions to-morrow were excellent. Should the conference complete its work to-morrow, it would be impossible to report before Tuesday as the house, which agreed to the conference on the tariff bill and therefore under rules must receive it before the senate, would have to-day until Tuesday. Hered measures were put into operation to-day in an effort to compose differences existing between the senate and the house on the tariff bill and to carry out President Taft's program for a reduction of duties on raw materials. All except the actual conferees were excluded from the chamber and the conferees were admitted to the chamber after the conferees had agreed to the tariff bill.

After adjournment Senators Lodge and Craze, and Representative McCullough of Massachusetts had a long consultation with Senator Aldrich. It is not known what understanding, if any, was reached, but it would surprise very few outside of the conference chamber if an agreement is reached to-morrow substantially reducing the duties on hides and all leather goods. After the tariff bill is passed, the hides and leather goods, little difficulty is apprehended in reaching an agreement to put oil on the free list, and in compromising upon a duty of about 45 cents a ton on coal, a rate of \$1.25 a thousand feet on rough lumber, with proportionate differences on other materials, and a rate of about \$3 a ton on print paper.

Iron Ore Free. Many senators thought no objection would be made to placing iron ore on the free list, and this question generally was regarded as settled. Senator Burrows is making a stubborn fight for the retention of a revenue rate of 20 cents a ton on iron ore, and he is said to be confident that he will prevent the abolition of the duty. There was some disappointment when it was learned that the house had adjourned until Tuesday, as that action makes it impossible for the conferees to make a report before Tuesday. It was announced to-day that the increased rates of return on iron ore, on tobacco, which were adopted by the senate, will be accepted.

Senate Adjourns. After a session of little more than half an hour to-day the senate adjourned until next Monday, which is a day earlier than would have been possible under the unanimous agreements for adjournment on each third day while the tariff bill is in conference. The date was moved up in the hope that the conference report on the tariff bill might be in shape to be presented by Monday. The senate also listened to a representation from Mr. Culbertson concerning the Democratic course towards the tariff bill in the senate. He contended that the Democrats had been exceptionally harmonious and united and undertook to refute all statements to the contrary.

A Bisley Champion

PARIS, July 23.—John S. Wise, Jr., of New York, who is now visiting Paris, says that former President Roosevelt was in the city on his way from New York on his African hunting expedition, promised him and other Republicans in New York that he would return in time for the mayoralty campaign. Mr. Wise says he has not given up the hope that Mr. Roosevelt will head the mayoralty ticket in New York this autumn.

Power Price Reduced.

PETERBORO, July 23.—(Special.)—Central Ontario Power Co. has reduced the price of Burlington Falls power rights to the City of Peterboro from \$125,000 to \$120,000. The city council has decided to have R. B. Rogers, C.E., report upon the power before proceeding further. The company has given the city a further option of one month.

4-COUNT 'EM-4 More Super-Dreadnoughts

NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE, July 23.—Enquiries received by the Armstrong ship-building firm indicate that the government will give out almost immediately orders for four additional super-dreadnoughts, which, it is expected, will be armed with 13.5 inch guns.

Says General Otter Put Veto on Visit Of Kitchener Here

Marquise de Fontenoy Hears Hero of Khartoum Was Rebuffed by Chief of Canadian General Staff.

The Marquise de Fontenoy writes in The New York Tribune: While the Australians are urging General Lord Kitchener to visit them on his homeward trip, after relinquishing the command in chief of the British military forces in India a few weeks hence, the Canadians do not seem to be prepared to second his visit. The enthusiastic welcome in the Dominion which he had been led to expect when he promised to spend several weeks in Canada, and to examine the military resources and defences of Canada, after leaving Japan, where he is expected to attend the great autumn manoeuvres at the guest of the mikado, is not based upon a knowledge of the conditions of the country. This pronouncement on the part of General Otter, who was singled out for special distinction on the part of the King when last in England, has created something of a sensation at the war department in London, and it is not based upon a knowledge of the conditions of the country. For General W. D. Otter, who is the chief of the General Staff of Canada and a veteran of the great autumn manoeuvres at the guest of the mikado, is not based upon a knowledge of the conditions of the country. For General W. D. Otter, who is the chief of the General Staff of Canada and a veteran of the great autumn manoeuvres at the guest of the mikado, is not based upon a knowledge of the conditions of the country.

Whether Lord Kitchener will now accept the invitation of Australia, which he has hitherto declined on the ground of lack of time, remains to be seen. There is a rather delicate question involved. He would have to go to Australia from Japan, after having been most hospitably entertained by the Japanese monarch and government and made acquainted with all their military resources and secrets. Now, the one thing which the Australians fear more than anything else, and against which they are anxious to defend themselves, is the possibility of a Japanese invasion, which they regard as inevitable; and if they are anxious for the advice of Lord Kitchener in connection with their military resources and defences it is precisely in view of the possibility of an attack on the part of the Japanese. It remains to be seen what course Lord Kitchener will adopt. But it certainly does not appear very probable, after the singularly unfriendly pronouncement of General Otter and the fact that no attempt should have been made by the Dominion Government to repudiate it or cause its withdrawal, that he will visit the Dominion.

Want Roosevelt To Head Ticket Against Tammany

PARIS, July 23.—John S. Wise, Jr., of New York, who is now visiting Paris, says that former President Roosevelt was in the city on his way from New York on his African hunting expedition, promised him and other Republicans in New York that he would return in time for the mayoralty campaign. Mr. Wise says he has not given up the hope that Mr. Roosevelt will head the mayoralty ticket in New York this autumn.

EARL GREY HOME

Met at Quebec by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Sir Charles Fitzpatrick. QUEBEC, July 23.—Earl Grey arrived this morning on the Empress of Ireland. He was met at the landing by Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Lt.-Gov. Sir Alphonse Pelletier. His excellency is the picture of health. He was driven to the viceregal quarters at the citadel and left at 2 o'clock for Ottawa. A young woman from London, England, named McMullan, 38 years of age, died on board the Empress of Ireland during the voyage. She was accompanied by her husband and two children and was en route for Vancouver. Among the passengers by the Empress of Ireland was the Lord Bishop of Chichester, besides a number of prominent Canadians.

NOT FOR TWO YEARS.

A man who knows says that the C. P. R. will not want money for the new stock to be put on the market before that.

TEACHERS SCARE.

KINGSTON, July 23.—(Special.)—High school teachers are so scarce that the board of education may find it necessary to advance salaries to get help. Telegrams to all parts of the country brought no results.

Nova Scotia Mines and Keewatin Finds

COBALT, July 23.—(Special.)—Having read, when in Toronto, the report of the finds of new surface veins on the Nova Scotia mine, I decided to spend half a day in examining them. The mines of Cobalt camp distribute themselves more or less into groups centring on one or other of the little lakes that are so numerous in this country. The Nova Scotia, for instance, belongs to the Peterson Lake group and borders on that lake, as also does the Peterson Lake mine itself, one of very large acreage. The Nipissing also has its No. 49 vein approaching the shores of this lake, and the Little Nipissing is also working a lease from the Peterson Lake Company on its shores. Peterson Lake, some two or three years ago, had its level reduced considerably by drainage. The Nova Scotia mine is reached by the Kerr Lake road, and is over two miles from the centre of the town. This road is, as I said before, one of the best roads in the camp, and allows a horse and buggy to get to the mine in a few minutes.

I found the Nova Scotia mine to be a well-equipped concern, with an up-to-date plant, which cost over \$100,000, having also good quarters for its men, several shafts and shaft houses, store houses and all the other essentials of a good plant, including a commodious residence for Mr. A. M. Bilskey, the working engineer in charge, and a big man full of big energy. I understand that the Jacobs Exploration Company, of which Mr. Bilskey is the manager, assisted by A. S. McEwen, who has had a large and varied experience in the Reno, Nev., mines, works not only the Nova Scotia but its lease from the Peterson Lake and the Shamrock mine, some distance away.

Now for the finds: These discoveries, all made this month, are in the Keewatin rock, and, for this reason, the ground was not heretofore explored. Early in the history of the camp, people thought it was not worth while exploring the Keewatin; now this month Mr. Bilskey turns loose a gang of men on the hillside with spades to trench, and in two or three days, and day after day thereafter, they continue to uncover and strip magnificent veins right on the surface; and before a fortnight is over the mine whose reputation has not yet been made was turned into one of very high class. Not that the Nova Scotia has not excellent underground workings, but these surface discoveries are in the sight of all, and impress you in a moment.

The first vein, now called the Bilskey vein, found on July 3, is from 4 to 5 inches wide, and, according to the assay made, will run 2000 ounces of ore to the ton. It has been stripped for 93 feet, and the vein is well defined all that distance. There are one or two places where the vein is 8 inches wide. The reason why stripping ceased was the rock suddenly becoming "over-burdened," which means that an unusual amount of earth at this point happens to be imposed upon it. Instead of removing the earth, the men were changed to other work and a fresh gang ordered to begin sinking a shaft to this vein at a point farther back, where it was noticed that two parallel veins, now known as Nos. 2 and 3, which could be traced back for 225 feet, crossed the Bilskey vein. This new shaft is known now as shaft No. 4. Great headway has been made in sinking here, as the men are, at last advices, down 23 feet, and are enabled to keep up this rapid pace by running three gangs in eight-hour shifts. They are also working four drilling machines at the same time in the drift from shaft No. 1, two machines in each face with three eight-hour shifts, and are in this way getting rapid results. This is, perhaps, the first time that such rapid

PACKING PLANT FOR BRITISH GRUNT

American Interests Contemplate Concentration of Hog Industry at Toronto. Commissioner Coombs Says Canada Has Uplifting Effect Upon Immigrants From England. LONDON, July 23.—(C.A.P. Cable.)—Commissioner Coombs has completed the details of the organization of a colony in Canada. He says Canada has an uplifting effect upon all the degree of comfort, order, respectability and self-respect is higher there. In a year's time you can scarcely tell that English immigrants had come from the old country; even the British grunt dies away. The Salvation Army has had several colony schemes under consideration. That which has received most favor has been undertaken in co-operation with the Ontario Provincial Government, and lands in New Ontario have been home-steaded by many army-assisted immigrants.

HAND BETWEEN ROLLERS

Laborer at Canada Foundry Gets Hand Badly Crushed. When a steel plate rolling press out at the Canada Foundry was started yesterday afternoon, the rollers drew Matthew Connor's left hand in. Several men were engaged in starting the machine. Connor was resting his hand on the roller. When the power was turned on no one yelled out a warning and consequently Connor did not remove his hand. He shouted when he saw he was on the road to become a pancake, an idle machine was stopped before the hand passed all the way thru the fluting process. The fingers and palm were badly crushed, and they amputated the thumb and two fingers at St. Michael's Hospital. Connor is 62 years of age and lives at 186 Dovercourt-road.

CONNAUGHT RESIGNS

Complains of Ineffective Nature of Work of Mediterranean Forces. LONDON, July 24.—According to The Daily Express, the Duke of Connaught resigned the inspector-generalship of Mediterranean forces on the ground of "the ineffective nature of the work and the useless expenses to the nation involved therein." The Duke of Connaught was appointed in January, 1908, to a command comprising the garrisons at Malta and Gibraltar, and all the British troops in Egypt, the Sudan, Crete and Cyprus.

Grace Hospital Nurses Held a Dance

last night in the Nurses' Home. A party of about 40 attended.

ANDERSON CHASE ENDS AT HOTEL ON COAST

Bank of Montreal Ledger Clerk, Apprehended at Vancouver for Series of Forgeries Involving Large Sums Here and in Europe.

VANCOUVER, B.C., July 23.—(Special.)—Registering at the Hotel Vancouver as J. A. Anderson, the alleged bank absconder, for whom detectives from all over the continent have lately been looking, was arrested to-day by Vancouver police detectives. Anderson admitted this afternoon that he was John Alfred Graham Anderson, who as clerk in the Bank of Montreal at Toronto, is said to have secured thousands of dollars by stamp use of an "accepted" rubber stamp taken from the bank in which he had been employed. Anderson arrived here on Wednesday a week ago, and it is said that the detectives of the bank have known of his presence here for at least one day. Last evening he called on Manager Derovier of the Hotel Vancouver, stating that he was short of funds and asking that a cheque of \$1900 which he presented be cashed at this cash. It was this cheque that led to enquiries being made at the police department, and Anderson was arrested, as he sat on the balcony of the hotel. No "accepted" stamp was found among Anderson's effects. Anderson is now being held on the telegraphed request of the Toronto police and it is expected that an officer will be sent from that city for him.

Anderson's Operations.

After a holiday extending from March 9 last, John Alfred Graham Anderson, former ledger keeper of the bank of Montreal, Portland and Quebec streets, landed by the police at the Hotel Vancouver in Vancouver. He is wanted here and in many cities in the United States and Europe for forgeries upon which he secured amounts which run into several thousand dollars. He attempted to pass a cheque at the hotel in Vancouver and was taken to the bank. Detective Murray will leave immediately to bring him here for trial.

Others come in from the New Denial.

son Hotel, Indianapolis, Ind., April 16, for \$5; from J. L. Brandis & Son, Omaha, Neb., for \$450; from Chicago for \$200; from Los Angeles, Cal., for \$300; from San Francisco, Cal., for \$200; from New York, for \$750; from Burlington, Va., where he secured \$15 from the Y.M.C.A.; in Boston, from the Bank of Nova Scotia, he secured \$15. Then from Paris, France, came a cheque thru the Bank of France for \$250. In Canada, he cashed cheques at the Royal Bank, Montreal, for \$15; at the Quebec Bank, Pembroke, \$15; at the Imperial and Commerce banks, Galt, for \$25 and \$15 respectively, and also at Gananoque and Toronto. He has since been taken in Vancouver shortly after arriving there.

FIVE YEARS FOR SHEA AND ROAST FROM COURT

Brutal Methods of Labor Leaders Responsible for Prejudice Against Unions.

NEW YORK, July 23.—Cornelius P. Shea, the former president of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, who was found guilty on Wednesday of attempting to murder Alice Walsh, a former Chicago waitress, who he had lived with, was sentenced to-day to not less than five nor more than 25 years in prison. "Your services for humanity are urged in your behalf," said the court, "because you have been active in the affairs of organized labor. There is a prejudice against organized labor, and you cause such men as you dominate it with your brutal methods and your coarse, offensive personality, and a part of the community has come to look upon organized labor as being composed of brutes and securing their victories by brutal methods. But that is all wrong. I believe I am helping the cause of organized labor by ridding it of one such as you, and sending you to state prison."