CHAPTER II.

PROMOTION OF COMPANIES.

- 1. Prospectus.
- 2. Prospectus must disclose contracts made by directors or promoters.
- 3. What contracts must be disclosed.
- 4. Effect of omission to disclose contracts.
- 5. MEANING OF "KNOWINGLY ISSUE."
 6. STATEMENTS AND REPRESENTA-TIONS IN PROSPECTUS.
- 7. MISREPRESENTATIONS IN PROS-PECTUS.
- 8. Remedies of person injured by mistatements in prospectus—action ex contractu; action ex delicto.

- 9. PROMOTOR.
- 10. Contracts of promotor with and at expense of the company.
- 11. ACTIONS AGAINST PROMOTORS BY THE COMPANY AND INDIVIDUAL SHARE-HOLDERS.
- 12. LIABILITY FOR CONTRACTS MADE BEFORE FORMATION.
- 13. PRELIMINARY EXPENSES AND CONTRACTS BEFORE FORMATION—RATIFICATION BY COMPANY,
- 14. WITHDRAWAL OF PROPOSED MEMBER BEFORE FORMATION.
- Prospectus.—The formation of a company is usually preceded by the publication by its projectors of a prospectus, setting forth the nature and objects of the proposed company, the number and value of shares intended to be created, and the amount of capital supposed to be required.
- 2. Prospectus must disclose Contracts by Directors or Promotors. —Under the Dominion Joint Stock Companies' Act,¹ "every prospectus of the company, and every notice inviting persons to subscribe for shares in the company, must specify the dates and the names of the persons to any contract entered into by the company or the promotors, directors or trustees thereof, before the issue of such prospectus or notice, whether subject to adoption by the directors, or the company, or otherwise; and every prospectus or notice which does not specify the same shall, with respect to any person who takes shares in the company, on the faith of such prospectus or notice, and who has not

¹ R. S. C., ch. 119, sec. 80. A similar provision exists in the New Brunswick Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1893, sec. 39, and in the Nova Scotia Act, R. S. N. S., ch. 79, sec. 83, but not in the Manitoba, Quebec, Ontario or British Columbia Acts.