entire clean grains of wheat, rye, barley, oats,

Indian corn, buckwheat and flax seed; "Feeding stuff" means any commercial feeding stuff, bran, shorts or middlings and chop

"Minister" means the Minister of Agriculture. 2. (1) That every sack, bag, bin, or other container of commercial feeding stuffs sold or offered, exposed or held for sale, shall have affixed thereto a tag or label in a conspicuous place on the outside thereof, containing a legible and plainly printed statement of, (a) the name, brand or trade mark of the contents; (b) the full name and address of the manufacturer; (c) the specific name of every ingredient contained in the feed; (d) the registered number; (e) the analysis as guaranteed by the manufacturer which shall show the percentage content of protein, fat and fibre.

(2) That in the case of car lots in bulk, the provisions of this resolution shall be held to be fulfilled if the statement required therein is attached to the invoice or bill of lading de-

livered to the purchaser.

3. That no make of commercial feeding stuff shall be imported into, distributed, sold or held for sale in Canada unless it has been registered with the Minister of Agriculture and a registration number assigned to it. Application for registration must be made by the manufac-turer and must be accompanied by a registration fee of two dollars, a sealed representative sample of at least one pound of such feeding stuff, and a statement of the contents of such feeding stuff in such form and containing such details as the minister by regulation may pre-The registration shall be for a period continuing until the first day of October following the date upon which it is granted, but such registration may be renewed from year to year. The conditions for renewal shall same as those for the original registration.

4. (a) That the minister may refuse to register any commercial feeding stuff under a name or brand which in the opinion of the minister, would tend to mislead or deceive with respect to the materials of which it is composed, or when the statement of the contents is in the opinion of the minister incomplete or misleading. The minister may also refuse to register more than one commercial feeding stuff under

the same name or brand.

(b) That the minister shall have power to cancel any registration which in his opinion has been made in violation of any of the provisions of the proposed Act or of any regula-

(c) That no change in the composition of a registered brand of commercial feeding stuff shall be made without re-registering it.

5. That every sack, bag, bin or other container of chop feed made from and consisting of more than one kind of clean grain, when sold or offered, exposed or held for sale, shall have affixed thereto a tag or label in a conspicuous place on the outside thereof, containing a legible and plainly printed statement of the ingredients contained in the mixture and the percentage by weight of every ingredient.

6. That every lot of bran, shorts or middlings sold or offered, exposed or held for sale must meet the requirements as to quality and chemical contents established for them respectively by regulations under the proposed Act, or be registered and sold as commercial feeding stuffs as required by the foregoing resolutions num-

bered 2 and 3.

7. That no grain, screenings or any other ingredient which contains in excess of the quantity allowed by regulation, any seeds, damaged grain or other material designated by regulation of the minister as injurious to the health of livestock or poultry, shall be used as a constituent of any feeding stuffs.

8. That no feeding stuff shall be sold, or offered, exposed or held for sale, which contains any vital weed seeds in excess of the

quantity allowed by regulation.

9. That if any make of feeding stuff imported into Canada be found to be adulterated or incorrectly or misleadingly labelled or named, or if in any way its sale constitutes an infraction of the proposed Act, its further importation may be forbidden by the minister.

10. That any purchaser of feeding stuff may have an analysis made thereof by an official analyst, and the certificate of analysis shall be accepted as evidence in any prosecution, and the minister may publish the result of the analysis or other examination of feeding stuff.

11. That any officer or person charged with the enforcement of this proposed Act shall have access to any elevator, warehouse or other premises where grains or other constituents of feeding stuffs are blended, or supposed to be blended, for the manufacture of feeding stuffs, and any premises or receptacles containing or supposed to contain feeding stuff, wherever they may be located, and may take any samples from any receptacle on payment of the value of such samples.

12. That the minister shall have power,-

(a) To appoint an advisory board which may at his request define for his guidance and recommend regulations that may be established

under the proposed Act;

(b) To make regulations prescribing the maximum amount of whole or ground weed seeds and other substances which may be allowed in any grain or other ingredients used for the manufacture of feeding stuffs, without affecting the right to describe it as clean within the meaning of the proposed Act;

(c) To make regulations establishing a standard of quality and contents for, and fixing the limits of variability permissible in any feeding stuff or ingredient or constituent

thereof;

- (d) To designate the kind of damaged grain, seeds or other material which shall be considered as injurious to the health of livestock or poultry within the meaning of the proposed
- (e) To make regulations prescribing the size, colour and character of the labels to be used for the purposes of the proposed Act, and the size and kind of printing to be used for any particulars required to be printed on such labels;

(f) To make regulations prescribing how samples of feeding stuffs are to be taken and analysed; and

(g) to make regulations for any other purpose deemed by him to be necessary for the carrying out of the provisions of the proposed

3. That any person accused of selling, offering, exposing or having in his possession for sale any feeding stuff which does not comply with the requirements of the proposed Act or of any regulations thereunder, who proves that the feeding stuff respecting which action was taken was bought by him directly from a manufacturer or merchant domiciled in Canada, that it was neither opened nor the state of the feed altered while it was in his possession, and that he had no reason to believe that the said feed-

[Mr. Tolmie.]