

I. Analyze, according to the plan given above, the following sentences:—

(i.) *The moon threw its silvery light upon the rippling waters of the lake.*

(ii.) *Out steps with cautious foot and slow, And quick, keen glances to and fro, The outlaw.*

II. Parse the italicized words in the above.

III. Define accurately: relative pronoun, common noun, transitive verb, nouns in apposition, case, and analysis.

IV. Write the plural of gas, tax, money, society; the possessive plural of sheep, oxen, potato, aunt; the comparative and superlative of sweet, sweetly, late, evil, plentiful, happy.

V. Correct the following where necessary:

(i.) The ladies is sewing.

(ii.) The ladie's sewing-society has met.

(iii.) He saw five deers' bones.

(iv.) John and James has gone.

(v.) Jane is the tallest of the two.

(vi.) Two villages has been built.

(vii.) I aint well to-day.

VI. Write a sentence in which the subject is modified by an adjective or adjectives], by a noun in the possessive case, and by an adjective phrase: and in which the predicate is completed by an object, and by an adverbial phrase.

LITERATURE.

I. Write the following passages, using instead of the words and phrases in italics other words or phrases which will not change the meaning:—

(i.) This place was the *scene of a tragedy of more recent occurrence.*

(ii.) *Through vigorous exertion they might reach the bank perilously near the fall.*

(iii.) *Hast thou witnessed the angels' bright employ?*

(iv.) They are *dreadfully superstitious.*

(v.) The *intelligence was received with amazement and horror.*

(vi.) The *crashing of the fragments rivals the noise of the falls.*

(vii.) Their *stupidity rendered it of no avail.*

(viii.) England had *long regarded her naval supremacy as indisputable.*

II. Explain clearly the meaning of the following:—

(i.) The pleasures were far from exciting.

(ii.) He was in easy circumstances.

(iii.) One of the most stirring episodes.

(iv.) I was credibly informed.

(v.) And yet his chiefest comeliness is his sweet and serious air.

(vi.) There are teachings on earth, and sky, and air.

III. Who is called [lesson on the Battle of Queenston Heights] the "hero of Upper Canada?"

IV. Tell what you know of the following:—The Six Nations, William Penn, Montreal, Sir John Moore, Hudson Bay Company, Pontiac.

ARITHMETIC.

Full work required. Full marks to be given for correct solutions only. If the answer be nearly correct and the method quite correct, from 10 to 50 per cent. of the value may be given. In marking, neatness of arrangement, etc., should be taken into account. One hundred marks to count a full Paper.

I. Define multiple, H. C. F., improper fraction, abstract number, vulgar fraction.

II. A farm contains 127 acres, 142 sq. rods, 19 sq. yards. Of this, 19 acres, 158 sq. rods, 4 sq. feet are not cleared. The remainder is divided into fields each containing 8 acres, 29 sq. yards. How many fields are there?

III. Make out neatly a bill of the following:—James Hubbel bought of James Whytock,

41 lbs. oats, at 50 cts. per bushel,
65 lbs. rye, at 92 cts. per bushel,
9 lbs. 7 oz. meat, at 11 cts. per lb.,
47 eggs, at 13 cts. per doz.,
149 ft. of lumber, at \$9.50 per 1000 ft.

IV. From what number must we take $3\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{2} - 2\frac{1}{2} + 4\frac{1}{2}$ to leave $7\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + 6 + \frac{1}{4}$?

V. A farmer divides a farm of 480 acres among his three sons, John, James, and Henry. To James he gives twice as much as to John, and to Henry half as much again as James gets. How much does each get?

VI. A can dig 4 rods of ditch in a day, B can dig 8 rods, and C can dig 6 rods; what must be the length of the shortest ditch that