ROBERT CARRIE
27 front-st. e., advances Money on all kinds of Merchandise.
RELIABLE STORAGE
Issues Warehouse Receipts. Prompt attention to all business.

The Toronto World.

OVER 61,517
Business Merchants started Spring Business by Using
NATIONAL CASH REGISTERS
OFFICE, 63 KING WEST.
This is No Time for Levity.

FOURTEENTH YEAR | WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 27 1893 | ONE CENT.

REVOLTS AND RIOTS

Cause Serious Trouble in Three Continents.

A RELIGIOUS WAR PROBABLE IN INDIA

Measures to Suppress the Young Czechs in Bohemia.

The Argentine Rebels Capture and Threaten to Shoot Pellegrini—Cholera Riots in Hamburg—Matabeles Ready For Battle in Mashonaland—The Bombardment of Rio Continued—Police Hunting For the Anarchist Conspirators in Spain.

BUENOS AYRES, Sept. 26.—Ex-President Pellegrini has been recaptured by the insurgents at Tucuman and imprisoned by order of the Junta. There is danger of his being shot, as the Radicals when he first fell into their hands held him prisoner for 12 hours in a railroad car while telegraphing for permission to shoot him. On his release they announced their intention of shooting him if he was recaptured.

Rebel Torpedo Boats Captured After a Fight.

An exciting skirmish took place to-day in outer roads of this harbor between some torpedo boats which had joined the revolutionists and the vessels of the Argentine fleet. The attack was made by the torpedo boats, but the loyal men-of-war were prepared for it and not only beat off the insurgent vessels, but later took the offensive and captured the rebel boats and their crews. The fighting between the two fleets was very sharp for a time and many men were killed, including several officers. The National Guards, who have been mobilized, are trooping in to-day in large numbers to their various barracks. General Roca is directing operations against the rebels.

This Seems Contradictory.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—A despatch from Buenos Ayres, received late to-night, says Pellegrini met with but slight resistance at Tucuman.

A Newspaper Suppressed.

The newspaper La Nacion of this city has made itself offensive to the Government by the character of the articles it has published in regard to the Radical insurrection now in progress in several of the provinces and to-day an official order was issued suspending the publication of the paper for a week. This is taken as a warning that if upon the expiry of the period of the suspension the paper continues its attacks upon the Government it will be entirely suppressed.

Serious Rumors Current.

The telegraphic service to and from the interior has been stopped and the wildest sort of rumors consequently gain credence. One rumor is to the effect that the telegraph lines have been cut by the rebels in order to prevent the Government communicating with its forces in the field, but as this presupposes that the insurgents have got in the rear of the National army it is not generally credited.

Another report, and a far more serious one, is that the naval forces are likely to declare in favor of the rebels. Should this be the case the situation of the government would be greatly complicated. A change has been made in the ministry that is deemed to strengthen the government. Senor Cane, an ex-member of the Cabinet, has been appointed Minister of Posts and Telegraphs in place of the previous incumbent, who is a Radical. It is believed that Senor Cane is responsible for the cutting off of telegraphic communication to the interior to the public.

BOMBARDMENT OF RIO CONTINUES.

The Situation in Brazil Said to Remain Unchanged.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—A cable message from the branch of a London bank in Rio de Janeiro, dated to-day at 10 a.m., says the rebel squadron bombarded Rio again to-day. The forts replied, after which firing ceased. Fort Santos is still blockaded by the rebel squadron, otherwise the situation is about the same.

IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Matabeles for Battle—Terrific Storm Causes Loss of Life in the Transvaal.

CAPETOWN, Sept. 26.—A despatch from Fort Victoria says that preparations are continued in view of the expected Matabele attack. Natives report that the young warriors have broken loose from Lobengula's authority and that the Matabeles are preparing for a big fight. The Salisbury authorities have been requisitioned for all horses and saddlery fit for active service.

A terrific storm in Mashonaland and the Transvaal wrecked the telegraph lines, caused the loss of many lives and did much damage. Col. Selons remains at Fort Tuli to assist Col. Roaf, who is in command. Colonel Ferrira has offered to supply Governor Jamieson with 1000 Boers at a month's notice, their services to be given in exchange for farms.

CHOLERA RIOTS IN HAMBURG.

Efforts to Enforce Cleanliness Result in a Fight—One Man Killed.

HAMBURG, Sept. 26.—The awful mortality caused by cholera in this city and its suburbs last year did not have the effect of teaching the poorer classes the benefit of having everything in a good sanitary condition, and the efforts of the authorities to fight the disease this year have not met with the support of the classes referred to.

To-day a regular riot was caused in St. Pauli, a suburb of the city, by the attempts of the authorities there to enforce the sanitary ordinances, and during the fighting a policeman was killed.

It appears that the people in one of the poorer districts of St. Pauli have long complained to one another of what they claimed to be the interference of the authorities with their way of living, and when to-day the health officials further interfered to enforce cleanliness there was trouble at once. The health officials were accompanied by several policemen, but the latter were powerless to prevent the crowd that had quickly gathered from attempting to drive the party out of the street. Stones were thrown and some of the officials were quite badly bruised.

During the melee one of the rioters was arrested, whereupon the mob turned their entire attention to the police and attempted to rescue the prisoner. The crowd made a determined rush upon the officer who had hold of the prisoner, knocked him down and then trampled upon and kicked him with their heavy wooden shoes.

The situation of the official party was critical, and word was hastily sent for military aid. In the meantime the police and health officials were fighting for their lives.

A detachment of soldiers were sent on the run to the scene, and they soon dispersed the mob. They were too late, however, to save the policeman, who had been trampled upon. When the crowd dispersed he was lifted up dead and carried to the police station. His face was unrecognizable and his body was a mass of bruises.

Many of the rioters are known to the police and eight of them have already been arrested on the charge of murder. Other arrests are expected to follow. The man first arrested was rescued by the mob, but he, too, is known. The police are looking for him.

HINDOOS AND MAHOMEDANS

Have Another Row in Calcutta Over a Cow.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 26.—A cow going to the butcher's to-day was seized by Hindoos in Clive-street, and a lively row ensued. An influential Mahomedan gentleman and a Hindoo jemidar (native officer) succeeded in pacifying the crowd. Eventually funds were raised by the Hindoo spectators to purchase the animal. Englishmen resident here regard the incident as significant and grave.

A Serious Rising Probable.

The Pioneer of Allahabad, referring to the inflammatory literature emanating and circulated broadcast by the leaders of the cow protection movement, says these writings have already had a marked effect on the ignorant Hindoos in Bengal, Oude, the Northwest Provinces and Bombay. They have not, apparently, had much currency in the Punjab or Rajputna, but the propaganda is of such a character that these provinces are likely to become the scene of operations in the sacred cause of Hindoo-ism. Unless every precaution is taken sudden convulsion, in comparison with which the riots at Bombay, Rangoon and Azimgurh, serious as they were, will sink into insignificance, is to be apprehended. Immediate action, The Pioneer says, is required while time yet remains to check the growing feeling.

SITTING ON THE SAFETY VALVE.

How the Government Hope to Overcome the Czech Agitation in Prague.

PRAGUE, Sept. 26.—Since the state of siege was proclaimed in this city in consequence of the violent Czech agitation against the Germans, which finally resolved itself into an anti-dynastic demonstration, 70 arrests have been made. The restrictions placed upon the people by military law are rigorously enforced, and they have apparently succeeded in restoring order. The feeling among the Young Czechs, however, has undergone no change, and it is only the presence of large bodies of soldiers that prevents an open outbreak. The censorship of the press is extremely rigid. Policemen are posted in the office of every opposition newspaper. It is stated the state of siege will be extended so as to include all towns in Bohemia that have over 10,000 inhabitants.

There have been no overt acts of consequence since the establishment of martial law, and the rioting that previously was of frequent occurrence has entirely stopped.

The streets of the city are in the possession of armed policemen, who do not allow the smallest gathering of the populace under any circumstances. Even in the case of an accident the people who attempt to gather out of curiosity are sternly ordered to proceed about their business and not the slightest information is vouchsafed to them. It is apparent that the people are thoroughly cowed by the measures taken by the Government. The city is infested with spies and the residents, even those who support the Government, are extremely guarded in their conversations. Everybody talks in an undertone, fearing that what may be said may be heard by spies and distorted reported to the authorities, in which event quick arrest is liable to follow. An uneasy and suspicious feeling prevails everywhere.

The official Prager Zeitung, in announcing the exceptional measures adopted by the Imperial Government to put down the Czechs' agitation, published a leading article stating the views of the imperial authorities. It is said that the population had been violently stirred up by a ruthless faction, which, heedless of the future of the people, inflamed their passions, used intimidation, incited the populace against persons, institutions and nationalities; while seeking the co-operation of the unruly elements of other parties, encouraged the latter to revolt against the authorities. Even the sacred person of the monarch was not respected.

Adverting to the constant disturbances of late and the public insults offered to the emblems of authority, the official organ declared that the ordinary forces of Government are no longer adequate and that the restrictions which the law permits to be placed on the freedom of the press, the right of public meeting and the like constitutional privileges were necessary. Consequently the exceptional measures in question have been put into force in Prague and its surroundings, for from there the movement is directed and there the effects of the agitation have been especially apparent.

SOCIALISTS INDIGNANT

At the Recent Police Raids by the Vienna Police.

VIENNA, Sept. 26.—At a large meeting of Socialists to-day the members protested that they had no connection with the Anarchists, and said that the recent raid on residences and clubs of Socialists was a put-up job by the police and warranted coercive measures on their part.

HUNTING ANARCHISTS.

Madrid Police Searching for Two Men Implicated in the Bomb-Throwing.

MADRID, Sept. 26.—The police are searching houses of all Anarchists here for two prominent Anarchists, who are supposed to be connected with the attempt on General Martinez Campos' life and who have fled from Barcelona. The entire press of Spain is unanimous in demanding that the strongest measures be taken at once to suppress Anarchism.

Behanzin Offers Terms.

LAGOS, Sept. 26.—King Behanzin of Dahomey has despatched envoys to Europe offering terms favorable to the French.

Protection of Foreigners in China.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 26.—In response to the joint protest of the powers against the laxness of Viceroy Chang Chi Tung, towards the nativist agitators in the Province of Hoo Po, the Central Government has determined to degrade that official the next time any outrages are committed against foreigners.

Percy Kleiser's recital, Oct. 2nd.

For proper and seasonable gentlemen's furnishings visit Harcourt & Son, 57 King-street west. Our latest importations in tennis suits and summer neckwear including the Oxford Scarf, have just arrived. 135

Microbe Killer is no experiment; time and experience have proven it a curative.

IS CONNAUGHT A COWARD?

CHARGED WITH SHOWING THE WHITE FEATHER IN EGYPT.

Excessive Mortality From Diphtheria in London—Trade in England Improving—New South Wales Recovering From the Depression—Cholera in Persia—Bismarck's Illness Critical.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—The Radical brought out to-day some new evidence as to the charge of cowardice made against the Duke of Connaught, the Queen's third son, commander at Aldershot, and the recipient recently of unusual honors during the manœuvres at Guens. Connaught was accused of seeking to escape danger in the battle of the British troops under General Wolseley with the Arabs at Tel-El-Kebir, Egypt, in 1882. The origin of the accusation has been much discussed, especially since Connaught was appointed to the Aldershot command. A special correspondent who was on the field at Tel-El-Kebir has now come out with a letter giving the full story. When the troops were formed for the attack, he says, the Duke of Connaught with his Guards brigade and General Allison with his Highland brigade were in the first line. Shortly after this formation was made a despatch from the highest quarter in England was handed to General Wolseley. It instructed him not to expose the Duke to danger in battle. Orders were given at once for a change in the line of attack. Connaught and his Guards brigade were marched to the rear and the Irish brigade were brought to the front. The purport of this change, says the correspondent, was understood perfectly throughout the army. Everybody knew that had the Guards not been under command of the Queen's son they would have retained their original post of peril and honor. This statement is generally accepted here as the bare truth. In the officers' corps the facts in it are said to have been known for years.

FRENCH DESPATCHES.

M. Zola Taken to Task—A Minister for the Colonies.

PARIS, Sept. 26.—Figaro says M. Zola was wrong when, at the recent meeting of the British Institute of Journalists, he attributed the French custom of signing political articles to national vanity. It points out the fact that the signature by writers is made compulsory by law.

Figaro says the Government has finally decided to create a special ministry for the colonies, and a decree promoting M. Declasse, Under Secretary for the Colonies, to the rank of a minister will be issued on Oct. 5.

According to the Paris papers President Carnot's stay at Toulon will last only a few hours. He will visit the Russian squadron and return immediately to Paris. As his visit will be exclusively confined to that fleet the papers here say there is no need of Italy being represented by an envoy extraordinary.

A despatch from Lens says that the Arbitration Committee of the Pas de Calais miners has written the judge de paix offering to accept conciliatory terms, stipulating only that he deal with a committee representing all the mining companies concerned.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—The Paris correspondent of The Standard says that the Government, finding that it has lost in revenue 3,000,000 francs since December by the new industry of cleaning playing cards so that they would appear like new, has impounded the whole plant. The owners have in consequence brought action against the Government. There is a heavy tax on playing cards in France.

WHAT WILLIAM SAID.

Text of the Guens Telegram That Has Caused So Much Talk.

BERLIN, Sept. 26.—The text of Emperor William's Guens despatch of the 19th to Prince Bismarck is as follows: "To Prince Bismarck, Kissingen: I have to my great regret only now learned that Your Highness has lately gone through a somewhat serious illness. As I have at the same time, I thank God, received news of your continued progressive improvement, I beg to express my warmest satisfaction at receiving this account."

Ten Telegrams Evidence of Reconciliation

BERLIN, Sept. 26.—Muenchner Nachrichten says that Prince Bismarck yesterday sent 10 telegrams to Emperor William, adding that this furnishes additional hope of complete reconciliation, as these telegrams are regarded as more than a mere interchange of courtesies.

Bismarck's Illness is Serious.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—A despatch from Kissingen to The Central News says Prince Bismarck's illness is dangerous. His family does not approve of the suggestion that has been made that Emperor William visit him at Kissingen, as they fear that the slightest increase of excitement might prove fatal. The despatch adds that if the Prince's doctors give their assent Emperor William will, it is said, visit Prince Bismarck as soon as the latter is removed to Freidrschruhe. His return to his home at present, however, is impossible. Herr Allers, an artist who is a close friend of the Bismarck family, arrived here from Kissingen this evening. He gives an unexpectedly discouraging report of the Prince's condition. The most formidable of Bismarck's maladies, he says, has been acute pneumonia. The disease was not discovered by the physicians until Bismarck's condition had become critical.

TRADE IN ENGLAND IMPROVING.

But the Profits of the Past Will Not Prevail in the Future.

PLYMOUTH, Sept. 26.—The Associated Chambers of Commerce met at Plymouth to-day. Mr. Rollit, the President, said he thought trade was slowly improving, but it was doubtful if England would ever return to the profits of the past, as they are now more generally shared.

BRIGHT OUTLOOK IN AUSTRALIA.

New South Wales Will speedily Recover From the Financial Depression.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Sept. 26.—Parliament opened to-day. Hon. Robert Duff in reviewing the financial depression said there is every prospect of a speedy recovery of the prosperity of the colony. The outlook was decidedly bright.

GIGANTIC COAL COMBINE.

Sir George Elliott Proposes to Form a Company With $600,000,000 Capital.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—Sir George Elliott has issued a circular to all colliery owners in the United Kingdom asking their views in regard to his scheme for a great coal combination before he proceeds to organize a company with a capital of $600,000,000.

R. C. BISHOPS APPOINTED.

Rev. Paul Larocque Created Bishop of Sherbrooke, Que.

ROME, Sept. 26.—His Holiness the Pope has appointed Rev. Edward Dunne of Chicago Diocese to the Bishopric of Dallas, Texas, and Rev. Paul Larocque has been appointed Bishop of Sherbrooke, Que., Canada.

Father Larocque was born in the Province of Quebec, and for the past six years has been in charge of St. Hyacinthe parish. The vacancy in Sherbrooke was caused by the death of the Very Rev. Bishop Racine.

Artist Albert Moore Dead.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—Albert Moore, the artist, is dead.

Albert Moore was an artist of world-wide fame as a painter of classical subjects, his canvasses rivalling, if not excelling, those of Sir Frederick Leighton, President of the Royal Academy. His best known works are: "The Quartet" and "Violets," two paintings which have been widely reproduced by the illustrated periodicals. He was denied admission to the Royal Academy in consequence of a morganatic marriage.

MORTALITY FROM DIPHTHERIA.

The Disease Shows an Alarming Increase in London.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—Returns of the week show that 88 deaths from diphtheria occurred in London in the last seven days. This is not only three times higher than the average rate of mortality for the disease, but higher than ever occurred before here.

RAISED TO THE PEERAGE.

Lord Justice Bowen Made a Peer Under the Title of Baron Colwood.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—The Rt. Hon. Lord Justice Sir Charles Synge Christopher Bowen of Her Majesty's Court of Appeals has been created a peer of the realm under the title of Baron Colwood.

75 Per Cent. May Accept the Old Wages.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—Benjamin Pickard, M.P. for the West Riding of Yorkshire and Vice-President of the Miners' National Union, made a speech at Barnsley to-night in which he said he hoped three-fourths of the miners now on strike would be at work at the end of the month at the old rates. Many owners, he said, had agreed to allow them to return.

THIS IS THE DAY.

For Three Days a Grand Stock of Fashionable Furs Will Be Exhibited.

This notice is addressed to the ladies of Toronto, for they are especially interested in learning that Dineens' fur opening commences to-day.

Those who have never visited Dineens' show rooms we wish to reach. All the firm's old patrons are certain to return this season, and the object of this paragraph is to attract those who are as yet ignorant of the great resources of this celebrated establishment.

The new stock of furs includes everything that is fashionable, and the exhibition of circulars, jackets and other garments is one that cannot fail to please every lady who visits the showrooms during the opening days.

It would be useless to essay a description of the new styles of capes, jackets and circulars. A page of description could not convey an idea of their beauty. Only by seeing them can you know their good points.

The opening continues until Friday at the corner of King and Yonge-streets.

IN SOUTH LEEDS.

Capt. Carscett a Probable Candidate for the Local Legislature.

GANANOQUE, Sept. 26.—The name of Capt. T. M. Carscett, ex-deputy-reeve of the town of Gananoque, is mentioned as a candidate in the Conservative interest for South Leeds at the approaching provincial election.

A REFINED AND LOFTY LOVE STORY.

Why Constantinople Fell.

There would appear to be a particular fitness at this time for the appearance of General Lew Wallace's dramatic and highly picturesque historical novel, "The Prince of India." Its latent religious significance is hardly less than the force of its superb dramatic pictures. Its vivid human interests are not confined to the epoch in which its most stirring action occurs—the 15th century and the ruin of the Eastern Empire before the aggressive Mahometan. John P. McKenna, 80 Yonge-street, bookseller and newsdealer. Political intrigue and romantic passion, schemes and conspiracy, military life in camp and in citadel, earnest debate upon creeds and state politics, royal loves and fervid ambitions—all have their place in the book.

See Hobberlin's hat windows. Your choice for $1. 350 and 352 Queen east. 36

Agnes Herndon as Portia.

Richard Mansfield proposes to begin his engagement at Herrmann's Theatre a week from next Monday with an elaborate revival of "The Merchant of Venice."

He has offered the role of Portia to Agnes Herndon. Last season Miss Herndon starred in "La Belle Helene." This season she has been idle. She is considering the offer, and will probably accept it. Mrs. Mansfield (Beatrice Cameron) is to appear as Jessica.

Latest styles fall hats at 50c and $1 at Hobberlin's, 350 and 352 Queen-street east. 36

A Peerless Display.

Just now the passers in King-street west are attracted by a window display of neckwear that never had a counterpart in Toronto. The entire window stock is of a subdued indigo shade, is made in the newest shapes from a soft rich English silk, and has a magic card attached bearing the legend 50c. Although only one color is shown in the window, it must be remembered that quite a stock embraces many hundred patterns, some of them of as delicate a shade as ever shone in the petals of a flower.

Try Watson's Cough Drops. ed

1892, "The Cream of the Havana Crop "La Cadena" and "La Flora" brands of cigars are undoubtedly superior in quality and considerably lower in price than any brand imported. Prejudiced smokers will not admit this to be the case. The connoisseur knows it. S. Davis & Sons, Montreal. 136

Percy Kleiser's recital, Oct. 2nd.

U. S. Tariff Revision.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—In conversation to-day Chairman Wilson stated that he had already commenced work on his tariff bill, that unless some unexpected difficulties arose there would probably be no subcommittees appointed on the several schedules, as was done in the case of the McKinley bill, and that no announcement of the progress made would be given until the completed bill was ready for presentation to the House.

SAID HE WAS JESSE JAMES.

Particulars of the Attempted Highway Robbery in Roncesvalles-avenue on Sunday Evening.

Mr. G. C. Warburton of Mimico, who was held up by a highwayman at Roncesvalles-avenue and Queen-street Sunday evening, furnishes The World additional particulars of the affair.

Accompanied by his wife, Mr. Warburton was driving home from his duties as choirmaster of St. Barnabas' Church at Roncesvalles-avenue and Queen-street; he was going very slowly on account of a break in the roadway, when a man rushed across and took him by the arm, announcing himself as "Jesse James." He demanded to know if Warburton had a revolver, and if so, to instantly hand it over to him. Warburton struggled to release himself and managed to slip over to the opposite side and got out, the highwayman still pulling at Warburton's arm. The latter called for help, being held fast across the rig and was powerless to close with his assailant. Mrs. Warburton then struck at him with her parasol and her husband wrenched himself clear. The man aimed two vicious blows at Mrs. Warburton's face, which she fortunately warded off. Warburton then quickly jumped up as though to fire on the man, when he instantly ducked and dashed off. There was another man watching in the shadow of a telegraph post some 20 yards off, who was no doubt waiting to lend a hand or give an alarm if necessary. He, too, disappeared. The man who made the attack was of respectable appearance, apparently 25 years of age, about 5 feet 8 inches in height, dark hair, thin, sharp-featured, clean-shaven face, pale, and dark coat and vest, black felt hat. The assault by two men on the Misses Hill took place about the same time, 9.30, and a short distance from Mr. Warburton's encounter. They were probably the same parties.

An Alleged Highway Robbery.

Friday last at 8.30 p.m. Patrick Maloney, 23 Scott-street, claims he was assaulted in West Market-street and robbed of $30. Yesterday Detective Davis arrested Alex. McIntyre, 383 King-street west, and Fred McVinney, who gave his address as the Armory Hotel, on the charge of highway robbery.

PAUL WEBBER'S WICKED TWINS.

He Worried Over Their Ways so Much That He Hanged Himself.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—Partly because he was out of work, but mainly because his twin sons made life a burden to him by coming home intoxicated and raising rows in the house, Paul Webber, 55 years old, a machinist, took advantage of the absence of his family from their home on the third floor of No. 302 East 103rd-street yesterday afternoon and hanged himself to a gas pipe in his bedroom. These, at least, are the causes which his widow assigns for the suicide.

A DOG GNAWED THE CORPSE.

Body of a Baby Found on the Sidewalk in Kingston.

KINGSTON, Sept. 26.—This morning at about 9.15 o'clock, as J. T. Parker and Joseph Reid were driving up Garrett-street, Mr. Reid noticed a bundle lying on the boardwalk, at which a dog was busily gnawing. Mr. Parker got out of his wagon and took a look at the bundle, which, to his horror, he found contained a well developed male child.

The supposition is that the child's body was put under the walk last night, as from all appearances death had occurred within 24 hours previously. When found, however, the body was lying on the walk wrapped in a torn pillow-case, which was in turn enclosed in a piece of paper. One arm had been torn off and there was a bad bruise on the face. Dr. Mundell held an inquest and post mortem examination this evening when the enquiry was adjourned.

The Connolly-McGreevy Case.

OTTAWA, Sept. 26.—The Connolly-McGreevy case was called first at the meeting of the assizes here to-day. Justice Rose was on the bench. After some talk about the absence of W. H. Cloney, one of the witnesses, and the alleged death of Murphy, the case was adjourned until Nov. 14, when Justice Rose will sit specially on it.

Next Week at the Grand.

Next week's attraction at the Grand Opera House will be Mr. John Stetson's version of Dumas' celebrated play, "Le Demi Monde," called in English "The Crust of Society." This play was one of the great successes of last season throughout the United States and created more discussion than any other play of the kind has in the past decade.

A Dwelling in St. Mary's Burned.

ST. MARY'S, Ont., Sept. 26.—The two-story frame dwelling in Queen-street east, St. Mary's, owned and occupied by Mr. James Guest, was totally destroyed by fire between 1 and 2 o'clock this morning. The contents on the first flat were mostly saved, but all on the second flat were a total loss. The loss on the building is about $2500 and on the contents $2500. It is insured in the Imperial for $1200 on the building and $1200 on contents.

Big Blaze at Alexandria Bay.

WATERTOWN, Sept. 26.—Fire at Alexandria Bay on the St. Lawrence last night destroyed the St. Lawrence Hotel, post-office, Grub's clothing store and Keeler's general store, and for a time threatened the Crossman House and other buildings near by. The firemen succeeded in confining the flames to the buildings first named. Loss estimated at $30,000.

A Polish Town Destroyed.

WARSAW, Sept. 26.—The town of Brzeznica, in Russian Poland, was burned yesterday and the inhabitants are sleeping in the fields. The fire was started by an incendiary. Several lives were lost.

Black duck and jelly. Clow's.

Taxes.

The second instalment of taxes, which includes the local improvement rates, must be paid not later than Monday, the 2nd of October.

Citizens have the privilege of making these payments at the City Treasurer's office (City Hall), thus showing in a practical way that collectors are not necessary.

An unerring cure for indigestion in every form. Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum. Take no worthless substitute.

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Citizens have the privilege of making these payments at the City Treasurer's office (City Hall), thus showing in a practical way that collectors are not necessary.

"Clear Havana Cigars."

La Cadena," and "La Flora." Insist upon having these brands. 136

The most marvelous discovery of the 19th century for indigestion. Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti, beware of worthless imitations.

If you are troubled with biliousness, stomach or kidney troubles the best remedy is "Sprudel" Mineral Water. If you are in doubt about it ask your physician.

Try Watson's Cough Drops. ed

SIR JOHN THOMPSON'S TOUR

ENTHUSIASTIC MEETINGS AT CLINTON AND STRATFORD.

The Premier Gives His Views on the Temperance Question—Mowat's Plebiscite Denounced as Repugnant—When Canada Is Ripe for Prohibition He Will Have An Honest Policy.

CLINTON, Sept. 26.—Clinton put on its gala dress this afternoon to welcome Sir John Thompson and his party. The day was a glorious one and everything helped to make the demonstration successful.

On the way to Clinton the train stopped at Seaforth, where Mayor D. D. Wilson and the Town Council were gathered to welcome the Premier. Sir John stepped to the platform amid the cheers of 500 people. The address of welcome was read by the Mayor, and as the Prime Minister began his speech Miss Marie Kidd presented him with a beautiful bouquet. Sir John thanked the Mayor and citizens for their warm welcome. The members of the party were shown around the schools and factories.

Hon. Mr. Foster made a witty speech to the school children, and what gave them greater delight the Prime Minister secured for them a half holiday. The party then boarded the train and soon were at Clinton.

At the station they were met by Mayor McTaggart, who extended the freedom of the town to the distinguished visitors and read an address of welcome from the municipality. The party proceeded to the town square, where fifteen hundred voters of South Huron had gathered to welcome their leader. As the ministers ascended the platform there was a burst of cheering.

President J. Irvine of the South Huron Conservative Association read an address of welcome, to which the Prime Minister replied. He then took up the questions of the day and warmly defended the policy of the Government. He was followed by the Hon. George E. Foster, who detailed the causes of the enlargement of the national debt. The Hon. John Haggart, Hon. Clarke Wallace and Dr. Montague, M.P., also spoke, and the meeting was closed with a round of cheers.

THE STRATFORD MEETING.

Thousands Turned Out to Welcome the Ministers.

STRATFORD, Ont., Sept. 26.—Warm was the greeting that Stratford extended to the Prime Minister and his colleagues to-night. The city was gay with flags and with lights in honor of the leader of the Government, and thousands turned out to welcome him heartily. It was 7 o'clock when a train pulled into the depot. "That's the one," shouted one of the waiting crowd, "three cheers for Sir John." The cheers were given with a will, and as Sir John appeared they were renewed.

Mayor Monteith and Aldermen Goodwin, O'Donoghue, Stock, Youngs and Jones were the committee appointed to bear the welcome of Stratford to the Premier, and did so in a neat address, which was read by the mayor.

Who Were There.

Headed by the 28th Battalion Band the party were driven to the Victoria Skating Rink, which was already thronged with people. President D. D. Campbell of the North Perth Conservative Association took the chair, and there were on the platform besides the Cabinet Ministers T. Magwood, M.L.A., W. R. Davis, Mitchell; A. St. George Hawkins, Mayor Monteith, S. R. Hesson, ex-M.P., E. Sydney Smith, Fred Sharp, St. Mary's; Nelson Monteith, John Pearson, David Scrimgeour, Ald. O'Donoghue, Jones, Vanstone, Stamp, Ingram, James Sharman, G. W. Lawrence, George Hess, Ex-M.L.A., and A. C. Steele.

Addresses were read by Mayor Monteith on behalf of the North Perth Conservative Association and by A. C. Steele for the Young Liberal-Conservatives. As the Premier stepped forward to respond the pent-up stream of enthusiasm that had remained quiet up till now burst forth. Men jumped upon chairs and waved their hats as they shouted for Sir John. Women waved their handkerchiefs and joined in the applause. For nearly five minutes the cheering continued.

The Temperance Question.

When it subsided the Prime Minister began a telling and forceful speech. He touched on the temperance question and unhesitatingly declared his opposition to the settlement of the question by a plebiscite. On that question he said: "I have been asked to address you upon the question of temperance. We have had this problem pressed upon us with the greatest earnestness. I will tell you what the difficulties are that have presented themselves and how we have endeavored to deal with them. As you are quite aware, the question has been raised by no less an authority than Sir Oliver Mowat whether the power of prohibition lies with the Provincial or Dominion Government. It was admitted by the most reasonable temperance men that the first requisite was that the overwhelming sense of public opinion should be in favor of it. If a prohibitory law were forced upon the country by a Parliament when the people were not in accord with it, it would not be efficacious. The first thing was to ascertain by the closest investigation the interests that are involved. We have appointed a commission, which has carried on its labors in every part of Canada, and we fully expect that the report of that commission will be laid before Parliament at its next session.

"We thought that information was essential not only to us but to the people of the country before they should be asked to make up their opinions on this subject. No responsible man of any party nor no responsible Minister will assure you in advance what measures will be adopted by Parliament for the furtherance of temperance, because measures in the interests of temperance shall be advanced in so far as it is in the power of the National Government to deal with them.

Plebiscite a Repugnant Subterfuge.

"Mr. Laurier has stated that he is in favor of submitting the question of a plebiscite. We think that method of avoiding responsibility for any measure is repugnant to the constitution of this country. [Applause]. It is a subterfuge to which we will not resort. [Cheers]. When the time for that question has come we will put before the country our policy upon that question and stand or fall by it." [Cheers].

When Sir John concluded little Nettie Patterson stepped forward and presented him with a bouquet. This was the signal for another outburst of applause.

The Hon. George E. Foster discussed the tariff at length. He was listened to with great attention, and his contrast of the utterances of the Liberal party leaders with the practicabilities of a revenue tarifi was received with loud applause.

The Hon. A. R. Angers followed, and made a speech full of vim.

Dr. Montague spoke for a very few minutes, and made way for Mr. N. Clarke Wallace. The Comptroller of Customs exposed the free trade claims of the Liberal leaders and their public utterances in favor of protection. Hon. John Haggart spoke briefly, and after three hours of enthusiasm the meeting was ended with cheers for the Queen and Sir John.

ELOPED WITH A LAUNDRYMAN.

A Former Torontonian Deserts His Wife and Seven Children and Clears Off With Another Woman.

Until a few months ago William H. Bullen conducted a laundry in Queen-street west. He was a tanner by trade and came to Toronto from King, York County. In April last Bullen removed with his wife and seven children to Peterboro, where he established the I.X.L. Laundry. Among his employes was Mrs. Brown, wife of Robert H. Brown, a teamster.

Sunday Bullen and Mrs. Brown eloped, and are believed to have returned to Toronto. Before leaving Bullen disposed of his laundry to two local residents.

WILLIAMS MAY RETURN.

Said To Be Only Rusticating in Muskoka for a Few Days.

Edward N. Williams, late head bookkeeper for Buntin, Reid & Co., is understood to have made up his mind to return to the city.

The auditors who have been examining his books have completed their work, and it is said his accounts are perfectly correct.

David Bowman, a clerk in the Conger Coal Company's offices, who has just returned from a visit to Muskoka, states positively that he saw Williams while up north.

Mr. Buntin yesterday declined to discuss Williams' disappearance further.

STRANGLED WITH A COW-TIE.

A 12-Year-Old Lad From Toronto Fegan Home Commits Suicide.

Superintendent Brace of the Fegan Boys' Distributing Home, 295 George-street, has been notified of the suicide of a 12-year-old boy from the home at Quesnston. The lad, who left the home last spring to work for S. Shepperd of that village, was found by his employer hanging dead from a post with a cow-tie twisted around his neck. It is believed that the lad deliberately strangled himself.

The authorities of the Home sent a man down to investigate, but were satisfied there was no foul play.

Herdic Coaches on the Belt Line.

Things are getting lively in regard to furnishing accommodation to the public on Sundays. Several schemes are in the air for bringing about a satisfactory service on all the lines upon which street cars run during week-days.

A gentleman writes The World that he, with others, are arranging to secure ten Herdic coaches to form a Sunday service on the belt line. Certain it is that next Sunday will witness a great improvement over last Sunday in the means of communication between the different parts of the city by busses. People in town who own horses, and who are in a position to secure busses, have begun to realize that money is to be made out of any kind of a decent service on Sunday. It seems pretty certain that within the course of a week or two the public will be well supplied with means of getting about on Sundays.

They Are the Real Old Stuff.

Mr. William Tirrell is a great Home Ruler, but nothing in this line compares with two of his confreres, who are agents for large estates in Ireland, and who have been boycotted and threatened with buckshot on account of their stand in regard to rent-paying and the carrying out of leases. On Sept. 14 there was quite a long debate in the House of Commons between Mr. Morley and Mr. Russell in regard to offering some kind of protection to the Tirrell party. Mr. Tirrell says that the boys are of the real old stuff and won't give in until they have to.

One Day's Accidents.

James Hogg, who drives cab 90, fell off his seat in Adelaide-street west yesterday and had his head badly bruised.

William Skethens, 99 Duke-street, got his hand caught in a press at 97 King-street west yesterday, and it was so badly crushed that it will probably have to be amputated at St. Michael's Hospital, where he was taken.

Richard Charles, a plasterer, attempted to drive across the street car track at Queen-street and Euclid-avenue yesterday in front of a westbound trolley. The wagon was demolished by the motor and Charles was thrown out and badly cut about the face and head. He was taken to his home, 22 Foxley-street, where his injuries were attended to.

R. O. Fleming, a lad living at 64 Parliament-street, in the employ of Rev. T. C. S. Macklem, while exercising a pony in Mackenzie-avenue fell and broke his arm. He was taken to Mr. Macklem's house and attended by Dr. Wilson.

At 5.30 last evening a cyclist wheeling on "the devil's strip" opposite Cowan-avenue had a miraculous escape from death. His attention was so fixed on a westbound car close behind him that he did not notice an approaching motor in the opposite direction. Turning out to avoid the first, the downtown car struck him, hurling man and machine onto the sidewalk. He was picked up by Sergt. Lobb and Mr. Thomas Babe, but declared he was unhurt. The wheel was a complete wreck. The bicyclist refused to give his name.

Mushrooms on toast. Turtle Hall.

Canadian Hunters.

Mr. John Bratton has purchased during the last two weeks some of Canada's best horses. He made his headquarters at Grand's Repository, and through Mr. Silver, the able manager and auctioneer of that establishment, has selected 30 head of high-class harness horses and hunters very hard to equal. Several of our best judges declare that they have not seen such a grand lot of high-class horses shipped from Canada in a long time. He has several hunters got by the celebrated sires Orange Boy, Milesian, Mikado and Marquis, and harness horses by Ryshank, Royal George and Old Clear Grit. Some of these horses have taken prizes at the late Toronto and London Exhibitions, and they will, no doubt, be prize-winners on the other side. Mr. Bratton says that Canada is the only place to get hunters this side of the Atlantic. He has wide experience with this class of horses, as his father was one of the largest handlers of hunters in the North of Ireland. When at home Mr. Bratton acts as auctioneer at the Philadelphia Tattersall's, and he says that Mr. Silver