

Dominion News in Brief

Invermere, B.C.—Lionel Barrymore, and an all-star cast, under the personal supervision of E. H. Griffith, are at present in this district producing a new film based on Arthur Stringer's novel, "Snow Blind." The film is being made for Famous Players, and later will be released through some 7,000 theatres in Canada and the United States. It is of interest to note that during the past few years several large film producing companies have been using the magnificent scenery of the Canadian Rockies for exterior scenes, while the interior views are being taken in the East or California.

Calgary, Alta.—Considerable branch line construction will be made in Western Canada this year by the Canadian Pacific Railway, according to D. C. Coleman, Vice-President of Western Lines. Mr. Coleman states that it is proposed to complete the Lanigan northerly branch from the present terminal at Naicam to Melfort. Work will be undertaken on the Cutknife-Whiteford Lake line, which will be carried to the crossing of the Battle River this season. The first two sections of the Mildred-Empress line, 59 miles in all; the first two sections of the Leader southerly line, 50 miles, and the first section of the Wymark-Archive line, 25 miles, will be completed. Mr. Coleman stated it was also intended to build from Drumheller south to the Bull Pound, a distance of thirty-nine miles. Work is now proceeding on the first two sections of the Consul-Assiniboia branch.

Regina, Sask.—Saskatchewan now stands first in the world in regard to

the number of rural telephones per capita, with a telephone for every nine of the population. It is estimated that the Saskatchewan Government has \$11,000,000 invested in urban telephones with 81,800 subscribers, while rural companies in the province have invested \$15,000 with 58,000 subscribers.

Port Arthur, Ont.—Local marine men are looking forward to a busy season of navigation. There is considerable grain in store ready to move out and a large quantity of freight to come here from the East. The fleet on the Great Lakes will be augmented by 41 new vessels, the majority of which are now building for Canadian companies in Great Britain.

Quebec, Que.—It is reported that a gold rush is in full swing, which may bring about the development of more mining camps in the counties of Temiskaming and Abitibi, just east of the Ontario boundary. Gold was discovered in these two counties early in 1922, and a rush of prospectors began in March of that year. In October, 1922, 250 claims were staked, comprising about 50,000 acres of land, and this, with other claims staked earlier in the year, and since October last, would bring the total number of acres up to about 90,000.

Halifax, N.S.—Upwards of two hundred boys, most of them between the ages of twelve and fifteen, on their way to farms in the Canadian West, landed here recently. These boys were brought out under the auspices of various societies interested in child welfare work.



THE ROYAL FAMILY IN A VILLAGE SETTING
The Yorkshire village of Goldsborough was the scene of a royal family party when the King's grandson, Princess Mary's son, was christened in the village church. The tiny church held only the tenants and villagers, but thousands of visitors watched the party on its walk from Goldsborough Hall to the church. The picture shows Princess Mary and the King, followed by the nurse and baby, the Vicar of Goldsborough, and the Archbishop of York preceded by his Chaplain. Above Queen Mary, in a merry mood, who led the procession with her son-in-law, Viscount Lascelles.

it up into line with the rails within a day and to replace the shattered concrete with timber supports.

Although such acts of sabotage are officially disavowed on the German side, there is unofficial exultation when they are announced, and it is becoming more and more obvious that there is an official sabotage organization plentifully supplied with high explosives and directed by a staff of German engineers in selecting strategic points for destruction.

SCOURING MOUNTAINS IN SEARCH OF VALERA

Six Columns of Free State Troops Search Tipperary for Rebel Leader.

A despatch from Dublin says:—Six columns of Free State troops under General Prout are scouring the mountains in Tipperary for Eamonn de Valera, Dan Breen and other Republican adherents who escaped the National troops when Liam Lynch was fatally wounded and captured. This operation is the best organized effort yet made to capture de Valera.

The area in which the troops are operating is very mountainous, and little information regarding their movements is trickling through.

Thomas Keating, one of the Southern irregular leaders, died on Thursday from his wounds in the Dungan Hospital. Keating, with a party of irregulars, was surprised by troops operating at Coolnasnear, near Dungan, County Waterford. The irregulars refused to surrender and were fired upon, Keating receiving a mortal wound. He was one of the most active of the Southern irregulars.

Considerable discussion took place in Dail Eireann Thursday over the position of the Free State army, the contention having been raised in some quarters that the military branch is not sufficiently under civil control.

President Cosgrave arose and declared that General Mulcahy, Minister of Defence, had his entire confidence and that there was no intention of disturbing him in his direction of military affairs.

SCOTLAND YARD RAIDS IRISH HOMES

Active Propaganda Work in London Halted by Detectives.

A despatch from London says:—Another secret raid upon persons suspected of plotting in behalf of the Irish Republican cause was made in London Saturday morning, according to the Daily Express. The paper mentions Greenwich, Woolwich and Bermondsey as the districts where the police operated.

Scotland Yard detectives went in automobiles to the various districts and swooped suddenly on numerous houses. The occupants were taken completely by surprise; many of them were abed. Important documents referring to the activities of the workers for the Irish rebels are said to have been discovered in the search, which occupied some hours, but the Express does not state whether there were any arrests.

Since the round-up of March 10-11, the paper adds, it has become known that a considerable number of men, women and girls, belonging to the Irish revolutionary party, were continuing active propaganda work in London. This led to exhaustive inquiries and Saturday's raids.

CANADA PUTS STOP TO SILK SMUGGLING

Vigilant Officials Stamp Out Illicit Traffic Along the Niagara Frontier.

A despatch from Bridgeburg says:—Collector of Customs and Excise Frank T. Pattison believes that the backbone of the silk-smuggling industry has now been broken. With additional preventive measures that have been taken, it is his belief and the belief of other officials that silk smuggling has been practically stamped out along the Niagara border—a far different condition from that which existed two years, or even a year ago at this time.

Officers stationed at this frontier port have been active and on the job 24 hours a day for some weeks in efforts to secure the upper hand of the smuggling combine.

Cigarettes are about the only problem left with which border Customs officials have to cope. This later traffic is likewise being cut down to a minimum although it is difficult entirely to stamp it out.

The frontier port of Bridgeburg has come through, with honors, a difficult task in stopping the activities of the silk smugglers, and it is now predicted that the textile trade, struck several bad blows through successful coups by the rivermen who were handling the smuggling, will now revive considerably. It will be impossible totally to check silk smuggling, but at the same time it is believed it is now as closely confined as it is possible to keep it.



The Queen of Holland, Queen Wilhelmina of Holland, who was crowned twenty-five years ago. She has been invited to visit New York next year to join in the celebration of the three hundredth anniversary of the founding of Dutch colonies in the New World.

Apples, pears, beans, poultry, oysters, frozen meat, bacon, flour, and bars for copper-making helped to make up the 10,000-ton miscellaneous cargo of an Atlantic liner which recently reached Liverpool from New York.

The number of forest rangers engaged in the work of forest control, with the object of preventing fires in the vicinity of the borders of Quebec and Ontario, will be tripled during the coming season, according to a statement made by the Provincial Minister of Lands and Forests. It is anticipated that a similar protection will be afforded the forests on the Quebec-Maine line.

DISSOLUTION OF ONTARIO PARLIAMENT WITH ELECTIONS LAST WEEK IN JUNE

A despatch from Toronto says:—The fifteenth Legislature of Ontario is to be dissolved on or about May 4, and the Provincial general election will follow in the last week of June.

This announcement was made by Premier Drury to the Legislature when the House met on Thursday afternoon. It followed a busy morning of conferences with the Ministers and a meeting of the Cabinet in Council. The sensational episodes of the overnight sitting had left the atmosphere at Queen's Park tense with expectancy, and many rumors of "developments" were afloat.

It was evident from the moment when Ministers and members started to arrive at the Buildings that all parties and groups took for granted the imminence of an appeal to the people. Pre-election preparations got under way openly. Group conferences took place at various party headquarters. A full attendance of members and crowded, curious galleries greet-

ed Mr. Speaker when he took the chair at the formal opening of the House.

The Premier did not leave any doubt as to the procedure upon which the Government had determined. Immediately following his announcement of pending dissolution he introduced in blank three electoral bill—redistributive, proportional representation and the single transferable vote system in single-member ridings. Those bills are to be first dealt with by a committee consisting of 11 Government members, 5 Liberals, 5 Conservatives and 1 Independent, with the Speaker as Chairman.



Guide Chief in Canada, Lady Olave Baden-Powell, wife of the founder of the Boy Scout and Girl Guide movements, who is in Canada with her husband, and is being greeted by the Guides in all parts of the country.

Canada led the world in 1922 in the export of raw furs to the United States. The total fur catch for that year was over 4,000,000 pelts, valued at \$16,000,000. While the general price of raw furs shows a downward trend, the total catch shows a remarkable increase.

Nearly four thousand persons designated as farmers, ranchers and fruit growers in Canada were registered as shareholders in Canadian chartered banks in 1922, according to a report tabled in the House of Commons. By provinces, these shareholders were distributed as follows: Alberta, 216; British Columbia, 93; Manitoba, 830; New Brunswick, 65; Nova Scotia, 245; Ontario, 1,188; Prince Edward Island, 38; Quebec, 465; and Saskatchewan, 747.

The Week's Markets

TORONTO.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.30 1/4.

Manitoba oats—Nominal.

Manitoba barley—Nominal.

All the above track, Bay ports.

Barley—Malting, 59 to 61c, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 75 to 77c.

Rye—No. 2, 77 to 79c.

Peas—No. 2, \$1.45 to \$1.50.

Millfeed—Del., Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$28.50; shorts, per ton, \$28; middlings, \$28.50; good feed flour, \$2.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 white, \$1.14 to \$1.16, according to freights outside.

Ontario No. 2 white oats—49 to 51c.

Ontario corn—Nominal.

Ontario flour—Ninety per cent. pat., in tube bags, Montreal, prompt shipment, \$5.10 to \$5.20; Toronto basis, \$5.05 to \$5.15; bulk seaboard, \$4.95 to \$5.

Manitoba flour—1st pats., in cotton sacks, \$7.10 per barrel; 2nd pats., \$6.90.

Hay—Extra No. 2, per ton, track, Toronto, \$14; mixed, \$11; clover, \$8.

Straw—Car lots, per ton, track, Toronto, \$9.

Cheese—New, large, 26c; twins, 26 1/4c; triplets, 28c; Stiltons, 29c. Old, large, 31 to 32c; twins, 33 to 34c; Stiltons, 35c.

Butter—Finest creamery prints, 60 to 61c; ordinary creamery prints, 47 to 49c; dairy, 30 to 33c; cooking, 24c.

Eggs—New laid, loose, 33 to 34c; new laid, in cartons, 37 to 38c.

Live poultry—Chickens, milk-fed, over 5 lbs., 25c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 25c; over 5 lbs., 24c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 21 to 24c; do, 2 to 4 lbs., 18 to 21c; hens, over 5 lbs., 28c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 26c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 22c; roosters, 17c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 30c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 28c; turkeys, young, 10 lbs. and up, 30c.

Dressed Poultry—Chickens, milk-fed, over 5 lbs., 35c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 33c; do, over 5 lbs., 30c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 28c; do, 2 to 4 lbs., 25c; hens, over 5 lbs., 30c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 28c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 24c; roosters, 24c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 30c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 29c; turkeys, young, 10 lbs. and up, 40c.

Beans—Can., hand-picked, lb., 7c; primes, 6 1/2c.

Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., \$2.50; per 5-gal. tin, \$2.40 per gal. Maple sugar, lb., 23 to 25c.

Honey—60-lb. tins, 11 1/2 to 12c per lb.; 5-2 1/2-lb. tins, 12 1/2 to 13 1/2c per lb. Ontario comb honey, per dozen, \$3.75 to \$4.50.

Potatoes, Ontario—No. 1, \$1.10 to \$1.15; No. 2, \$1 to \$1.10.

Smoked meats—Hams, med., 25 to 27c; cooked hams, 35 to 40c; smoked rolls, 26 to 28c; cottage rolls, 32 to 35c; breakfast bacon, 80 to 33c; special brand breakfast bacon, 35 to 38c; backs, boneless, 34 to 40c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 50 to 70 lbs., \$18.50; 70 to 90 lbs., \$18; 90 lbs. and up, \$17; lightweight rolls, in barrels, \$38; heavyweight rolls, \$35.

Lard—Pure tines, 16 to 16 1/2c; tubs, 16 1/2 to 17c; pails, 17 to 17 1/2c; prints, 18 1/2c. Shortening tines, 14 1/2 to 15 1/2c; tubs, 15 1/2 to 16 1/2c; pails, 16 1/2 to 17 1/2c; prints, 17 1/2 to 18 1/2c.

Heavy steers, choice, \$7.50 to \$7.90; butcher steers, choice, \$6.75 to \$7.25; do, good, \$6 to \$6.50; do, med., \$5.25 to \$6; do, com., \$4.50 to \$5; butcher heifers, choice, \$6.75 to \$7.25; do, med., \$6 to \$6.50; do, com., \$4.50 to \$5; do, \$4 to \$5; feeding steers, good, \$5.75 to \$6.25; do, fair, \$5.50 to \$6; stockers, good, \$5 to \$5.50; do, fair, \$4 to \$5; calves, choice, \$9 to \$11; do, med., \$7 to \$8; do, com., \$4 to \$5; milch cows, choice, \$4 to \$5; do, med., \$3 to \$4; canners and cutters, \$1.50 to \$2; butcher bulls, good, \$4 to \$5; do, com., \$3 to \$4; feeding steers, good, \$5.75 to \$6.25; do, fair, \$5.50 to \$6; stockers, good, \$5 to \$5.50; do, fair, \$4 to \$5; calves, choice, \$9 to \$10; do, med., \$7 to \$8; do, com., \$4 to \$5; sheep, choice, \$8 to \$9; do, culls, \$4 to \$5; hogs, fed and watered, \$11 to \$11.25; do, f.a.b., \$10.25 to \$10.50; do, country points, \$10 to \$10.25.

MONTREAL.

Corn, Am. No. 2 yellow, 98 to 99c.

Oats, Can. west, No. 2, 67 to 68c; do, No. 3, 62 to 63c; extra No. 1 feed, 60 1/2 to 61c; No. 2 local white, 59 1/2 to 60c.

Flour—Man. spring wheat pats., 1st, \$7.10; do, 2nd, \$6.60; strong, \$6.25. Rolled oats—bag of 90 lbs., \$3.10 to \$3.20. Bran—\$26 to \$28.

Shorts, \$28 to \$30; middlings, \$33 to \$35. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$13 to \$14.

Cheese, finest Easterns, 20 to 21c. Butter, choicest creamery, 43 to 44c. Eggs, selected, 35c. Potatoes, per bag, car lots, \$1.20 to \$1.25.

Heavy dairy bulls in fair flesh, \$4; com. cows, \$3 to \$4; med. to fairly good calves, \$5 to \$5.50; good veals, \$6; com. thin calves, \$4 up; hogs, select and good quality butchers, \$11.50 to \$11.75.

It takes at least six years to produce sufficient seeds of any new type of wheat to test it for milling purposes. If it fails then, the variety is discarded.

ISN'T IT EXASPERATING?

HEY! CENTRAL / I WAS TALKING TO SPRING 1-9-2-3!



—Louisville Courier.

REG'LAR FELLERS

