

- opinion on important questions of law or fact touching provincial legislation or the appellate jurisdiction as to education and any other matters.
- April 29. The first of the new C.P. R. steamers arrived at Vancouver from Yokohama, beating the record by over two days. The mails were landed in Montreal in three days and 17 hours from Vancouver.
- June 6. The Right Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald, G.C.B., Premier of the Dominion, died.
1892. April 17. Death of Hon. Alexander Mackenzie.
- May 24. Death of Sir Alexander Campbell, Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario.
- September 28. Legislative Council of New Brunswick abolished.
1892. December 5. Resignation (from ill-health) of Sir J. J. C. Abbott, K.C.M.G., Premier of the Dominion. Sir John S. D. Thompson called upon to form a Government.
1893. Legislative Council and Assembly of Prince Edward Island merged into one body.
- April 4. The Court of Arbitration, respecting the seal fisheries in Behring Sea, which met formerly on 23rd March, began its session. Arbitrators: Baron de Courcel (Belgium), Lord Hannen (Great Britain), Sir John Thompson (Canada), John M. Harlan and J. P. Morgan (United States), Marquis Visconti Venosta (Italy), and M. Gram (Norway and Sweden).
- October 30. Death of Hon. Sir J. J. C. Abbott.
- June 8. First steamer of the new Australia-Canada line arrived at Victoria, B.C.
- Title "Honourable," as conferred by the Queen in the Duke of Buckingham's despatch, No. 164, of 24th July, 1868, explained by Earl Ripon to extend to all parts of Her Majesty's Dominions. See Official Gazette (Canada) August 5, 1893.
- Canadians awarded 2,126 prizes at Chicago Exhibition.
1894. June 28. Opening at Ottawa of the Colonial Conference to discuss matters of interest to the empire. The Imperial Government, New South Wales, Cape Colony, New Zealand, Victoria, Queensland and Canada were represented.
- July 23. Canadian readjusted Customs Tariff assented to by Governor-General.
- August 27. United States Congress Tariff became law without the signature of President Cleveland.
- December 12. Death of Right Hon. Sir John Thompson in Windsor Castle.
- December 21. Hon. Sir Mackenzie Bowell became Premier of Canada and formed a new Ministry.
1895. March 21. Remedial Order relating to Manitoba Schools passed.
- September 10. Sault Ste. Marie Canal opened.
- October 2. Proclamation giving to the unorganized and unnamed portions of the Northwest the following names: Ungava, Franklin, Mackenzie and Yukon districts.
1896. January 2. Six Ministers resigned during debate on address. Sir Mackenzie Bowell reformed his Cabinet.
- April 27. Resignation of Hon. Sir Mackenzie Bowell as Premier. Governor-General sent for Hon. Sir Charles Tupper, Bart., who formed a Ministry.
- June 23. General elections. The Liberals won.
- July 6. Order-in-Council enlarging the boundaries of the Province of Quebec to the shores of Hudson Bay, and adding 118,450 square miles of territory to the province.
- July 11. Hon. W. Laurier accepted position as Premier.
- July 13. Liberal Ministry sworn in.
1897. February 11. Fire in the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa. Loss estimated at a quarter of a million.
- March 25. Opening of the second session of the Eighth Parliament of Canada.
- May 11. Provincial Election in Quebec. The Flynn Government (Conservative) overthrown.
- May 22. Hon. E. J. Flynn, Premier of Quebec, tenders his resignation to Lieut. Gov. Chapleau.
- May 24. Hon. Mr. March is entrusted by the Lieut.-Gov. of Quebec with the task of forming a ministry.
- May 31. The preferential clause in the Canadian Tariff, providing for the admission of British Products at a Twenty-five per cent reduction in the rate of duty, is finally adopted by the Dominion Parliament.