DR. J. E. GRIFFITH, DENTIST,
Office 61 Union St., NEAR GERMAIN, (Formerly occupied by Dr. Pidler,
SAINT JOHN, N. B.
ARTIFICIAL TEETH INSERTED IN THE BEST MANNER.
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO FILLING AND PRESERVING THE NATURAL TEETH.
dec 19—1y

MANUFACTURES
OF THE
MISPECK MILLS, - - St. John, N. B.
ALL WOOL GOODS, viz:
HEAVY and LIGHT GREY CLOTH; HEAVY GREY and SCARLET FLANNEL;
MISPECK TWEED.
Heavy Grey Blankets.
ALSO:
FIRST CLASS COTTON WARPS.
The above named Seasonable Goods are all of SUPERIOR QUALITY, manufactured from the very best materials, and warranted to give satisfaction.
ORDERS FROM THE TRADE RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.
Warehouse—Reed's Building, Water Street.
sep 11—1yd&w J. L. WOODWORTH, Agent.

WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE,
55 and 57 King Street.
PER THE "MANITOBIAN" AND "SCANDANAVIAN," VIA PORTLAND:—
3 Cases Clarks Reels, 1 Case Elastic Goring,
2 CASES RUBBER BALLS,
FROM NEW YORK:—
6 Cases Newest Styles Paper Collars,
AT LOWEST PRICES.
We are receiving by every steamer to Portland NEW GOODS to keep up our assortment and we desire to say thate rders from the country will be promtly attended to.
EVERITT & BUTLER,
jan 24

BARNES & CO.,
Printers, Booksellers, Stationers,
AND
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS.
We have added new machinery to our Bindery, and are enabled to execute BINDING in the best style. Call and see Specimens.
BARNES & CO.,
nov 21 1y 58 Prince Wm. street.

MOORE'S
Sign Painting
ESTABLISHMENT,
47 Germain Street,
dec 5

WILLIAM DUNLOP,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Flour, Groceries & Liquors,
No. 40 CHARLOTTE STREET,
nov 21 1y ST. JOHN, N. B.

159 Union Street.
GEORGE MURDOCH,
Harness Maker,
AND DEALER IN
Driving and Working Harness, Whips Curry Combs, Brushes, etc., always on hand.
Strict attention paid to JOBBING and REPAIRING. nov 21 1y

IN AID OF THE
ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
SAINT JOHN, N. B.
THE President and Directors of the above named institution, in order to liquidate the liabilities of said building, and to render it worthy of the purposes for which it was intended, as a
Temple of Art and Recreation,
beg leave to announce to the public that they have arranged with a Committee of Management and Business Managers to give on
Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday,
MAY 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th, 1873.
FOUR GRAND
GIFT CONCERTS!
At which will be given away
30,000 Dollars in Cash
IN THE FOLLOWING DISTRIBUTION:

1	GRAND	CASH	GIFT	OF	$10,000
1	"	"	"	"	2,000
1	"	"	"	"	1,000
1	"	"	"	"	1,000
1	"	"	"	"	500
1	"	"	"	"	500
1	"	"	"	"	250
1	"	"	"	"	250
1	"	"	"	"	250
1	"	"	"	"	250
10	Grand Cash Gifts of $100			ea.	1,000
20	"	"	" 50	"	1,000
50	"	"	" 20	"	1,000
90	"	"	" 10	"	5,000
1200	"	"	" 5	"	6,000

1790 Cash Gifts amounting to $30,000
Or, about ONE chance in NINE.
To render the Concerts superior to any yet given in St. John, the BEST TALENT on the Continent will be procured if possible. The sum set aside for such purpose being
$5,000.00.
16,000 Tickets only will be issued at.....$5 each.
Eleven Tickets for Fifty Dollars.
All Tickets will be numbered and registered in the Managers' Books, and NO TICKET GENUINE UNLESS PAID FOR.
All receipts from the sale of tickets will be deposited forthwith in the BANK OF NEW BRUNSWICK to the credit of a Special Fund subject only to the Joint Cheque of the Inspectors representing the Company and the public and one or other of the Managers.
Should the enterprise not succeed, the BUSINESS MANAGERS BIND THEMSELVES to return all money received from ticket holders.
The distribution of Cash Gifts will be solely under the control of a Committee to be selected by the audience from among themselves, assisted by leading citizens, and to take place during the period of the Concerts.
GEO. E. S. KEATOR, M. D., President.
DIRECTORS:
JOHN GUTHRIE, T. R. BUXTON,
A. M. RING, M. D. J. T. STEEVES, M. D.
J. R. ARMSTRONG, Secretary.
Committee of Management on behalf of the Company:
J. T. STEEVES, M.D. M. W. MAHER, M. P. P.
R. P. McGIVERN.
Committee of Reference:—SIMEON JONES, Esq., of S. Jones & Co., Bankers; R. P. BUTLER, Esq., of Everitt & Butler, Merchants; G. J. CHUBB, Esq., of H. Chubb & Co., Printers and Publishers; W. H. THORNE, Esq., Merchant; G. FRED RING, Esq., Merchant; JOHN MELICK, Esq., (Melick & Jordan, Ship Brokers.)
Inspectors:—WM. BREEZE, Esq., C. E. L. JARVIS, Esq.
Tickets for sale at the Bookstores of H Chubb & Co, J. & A. McMillan, T. H Hall, and the Music Store of E. Peter & Bro., and at the General Agency Office, 51 Prince Wm. St., and of Agents throughout the Province.
All Registered Letters, Post Office Orders and Communications must be addressed to
WM. H. OLIVE, } Business
WM. NANNERY, } Managers.
P. O. Box 485, St. John, N. B.
N. B.—RESPONSIBLE AGENTS WANTED.
jan 29

The Daily Tribune.

J. L. STEWART.....EDITOR.

MONDAY EVENING FEB. 10, 1873.

Fools and Frauds.

Many honest and virtuous men are, unfortunately, fools, and many intelligent men are far from being honest. These two classes are troubled over the following sentence in the New Brunswick Government's argument on the school question:

"No privileges were taken away by "the Common Schools Act of 1871, ex-"cept such as were secured by the sta-"tutes thereby repealed."

The thick-headed regard this as an unconscious confession that educational privileges were withdrawn, and dishonest publicists pretend to so regard it themselves. We can pardon the fools, but should like to see the frauds punished. After saying that "no privileges were taken away by the Common Schools Act of 1871, except such as were secured by the statutes thereby repealed," the argument proceeds to show that "the statutes thereby repealed"—the Parish School Act and the Acts in amendment thereto—secured no privileges to any sect or denomination whatever. No denominational privileges were taken away by the Common Schools Act except those secured by the statutes repealed; the repealed statutes secured no denominational privileges: *ergo* no denominational privileges whatever were taken away by the enactment of the Common Schools Act. Now we think this is so plain that the wayfaring man though a fraud cannot cause fools to err therein.

Lumbermen in Council.

A numerously signed call for a lumbermen's convention, to assemble at Bangor a week from next Wednesday, has been issued. The only New Brunswick signers are St. Stephen lumber manufacturers, but the call is addressed to New Brunswick as well as Maine. It should be at tended byour representative lumber manufacturers, as there are a great many knotty lumber questions that should be settled. Much confusion now arises from the various systems of surveying employed, and disputes are constantly arising between owners and haulers. The hauler surveys, figures up a handsome profit, and takes suthin' on the strength of it; and the owner surveys and makes the hauler in debt for supplies. The manufacturers cannot tell by their books how many logs they have afloat, as the survey of legs on the ice and the survey of lumber at the mill never agree. There is so little system in surveying—so great a variance in surveys—that it is customary for the contract between the owner and the hauler to name the surveyor whose measurement is to be taken in the final settlement. On the St. Croix log haulers never sign a contract without knowing who is to survey their logs. But this is only one of the questions to be discussed by the convention, and we hope our lumbermen will attend in force.

The Woodstock Tragedy.

The Woodstock *Sentinel* says McDougall's name was James or Henry, and that he lately left Connors' camp, at L'Islet, and went in the woods for the Messrs. Gillmore, at Newburgh. The *Sentinel* says:

Small-pox has visited us and the intelligence spread with an effect only too visible in the consternation that shrouded the community. Possibly the authorities had been as prompt as circumstances would permit, and still they were not prepared. The circumstances associated with the announcement that an individual was in Town sick with the small-pox enables one to realize the description met with in print of scenes and incidents in other countries in presence of malignant disease. Think of the fact that in a Christian community a fellow human being should have to wander through the streets on a winter day, with no shelter to offer its protection; every door barred against him; shunned as if he were a mad dog at large—and this was the case on Saturday last in the instance of poor McDougall who so rapidly fell a victim.

The Mayor gives notice that Dr. Colter will vaccinate all persons free for two weeks

Dr. Smith has resigned his position as medical adviser to the Board of Health, and Dr. Colter has been selected for the position.

The Provincial Secretary has telegraphed that the Government will pay all the expenses incurred by the Board of Health, and the municipal mind of Woodstock is thus relieved of an oppressive weight.

Better Terms.

It is generally understood that the letter of the Commissioners to the Ottawa Government was despatched sometime last week, and that an answer is daily expected. We think it a pity that Parliamentary routine will not permit this *ultimatum* of the Commissioners to be made public until formally laid on the table of the Legislature. However, we believe, from all we can gather, that it will be found energetic and final in its arguments and expectations, positively indicating that New Brunswick does not expect, and will not accept, *No* for an answer. Clearly it will be the duty of the Legislature, if it would prove true to the people, to exhaust every means within the Constitution. We trust the Government and Parliament of Canada, if they would not destroy the peace of New Brunswick and endanger the Union, will do us justice without delay. There is no doubt that many, hopeless of the future under the present *regime*, are looking to a Maritime Union of New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland, and believe that Nova Scotia would not long hesitate to join. Once accomplished, Ontario and Quebec would find how little they gained from Manitoba and British Columbia, and that the end they aimed for in Confederation they themselves placed beyond their own reach. Once thrown back into the turmoil of their old political relationship, and deprived of all Maritime influence and territory, they would admit ere long the value of New Brunswick, although knowing it already they seem unwilling to acknowledge it. Once for all let all Canadians take notice, that whatever a few may say to the contrary, or however often they may merely strive to place weapons against us in our enemies' hands, the people of New Brunswick cannot and will not submit without coercion to things as they are. We are glad to learn therefore that the letter of the Commissioners, while probably not abler than that of 1871, is more explicit, and indicates clearly that the people must have fair play. We await further developments with not little anxiety. It is believed, as we intimated before that the Senators and Commoners of New Brunswick, in view of the emergency, will be invited to meet both branches of the Legislature in session,—probably about the 28th instant, and that every arrangement will be made so that they can attend the meeting and proceed on their way to Ottaway. This is well, and it will be observable thereby and at once who are really true, practically as well as in name, to the interests of New Brunswick. All may be assured, to which over Parliament they belong, that this question is daily becoming more completely the great question of practical politics in New Brunswick.

We learn from our correspondent at Fredericton that a rumor was current and credited there on Saturday, that the Ottawa Government had determined to refer the whole subject to a Parliamentary Commission, composed of certain leading members of Parliament, and to which the Government of New Brunswick will be invited to appoint members. We do not know the authority for this report, but are inclined to look on it as correct.

Poor Mexico is still disturbed by internal broils. The last report from the capital is that the forces of Lozada, the rebel and communist, were defeated before Guadalaja and Mazathan, and are fleeing before the government troops towards Tepis. Peace remains in the remainder of the republic. The next report may represent the rebels as victors and half the country in arms.

E. Willis, Esq., M.P.P., has been accorded all the post office printing for New Brunswick, and has accepted it. His friends regret this acceptance as it will prove fatal to his bright prospects for the Collectorship. When an applicant for a seat in Gen. Jackson's Cabinet accepted a pair of the General's old breeches he destroyed all his chances for elevation to the head of the Department, and Mr. Willis's acceptance of the printing will prove fatal to his chances for the Collectorship.

The Proposed Liquor License Board.

To the Editor of the Tribune.

DEAR SIR: In reading *The Telegraph and Journal* of the 8th inst., I notice a long list of resolves at a meeting of two or three persons in Horton's building, corner of Union and Charlotte streets, known as the Young Men's Christian Association. It appears that they have a long bill prepared to be presented to the Legislature of New Brunswick for their sanction to have a Liquor Board established in this city. I always thought this Young Men's Christian Association was a room for prayer where sinners met and on their two bended knees ask from the Great Giver of all good things pardon for the sins they have committed for the day, week or their whole life time. But in place of being that it seems to be nothing more than a political Association, and very possibly one of those resolvers wants to create another little paying office. Mr. Editor, you know we want a few more public men, and don't you think one of those Heavenly Saints by his moral conduct and plausible countenance would be the most suitable person to fill such an office as Governor of a Liquor Board? or perhaps he may be a candidate for our next Mayor. Who can tell what hidden ambition may be sleeping in the breast of this great reformer? We all must agree that for the amount of inhabitants of this city there are too many drinking saloons and too many drunkards, but don't you think the Common Council could make all the reforms that are needed without making a batch of more officers living on the hard earnings of the people, and let us have a little more money to keep our streets clean. I'll venture to say we have more little small unnecessary offices to keep in this city and more salaries to pay than would pay for paving a street each year, and those creatures represent nobody but themselves. Why should the tax payers lay under such abuse? Let any person with common sense look at this town and then look at the amount of taxes that is extracted out of the hard working people; then we might safely ask ourselves where does our money go? There is a certain individual in this city who, no doubt, would like one or two more small paying offices added to the calendar of his list. Those office seekers, why don't they appeal to the tax-payers, in place of a few rowdy boys that collect around Horton's corner, and see the amount of signatures they can get for the approval of such an enactment? Citizens, when such an office is made you and I and all of us have to keep it up; once it is established by law, they have the rope around our necks, and you must pay or go to jail; lose your liberty or fork over your dimes, and let your children starve for bread or freeze for the want of fuel or money to buy them. Pay your taxes and look pleasant, that is the order of the day As you all do know officers must wear good clothes, South Sea Seal coats, caps, and gloves; sport large gold chains, dyed hair, and artificial teeth to make their faces look round and captivate the ladies. Do all go in for a liquor Board for Saint John, like Philadelphia with her 800,000 inhabitants, make 21 new offices, say salary at $3000 per year; also fit them up a nice tape room; give them a law book; plenty of cigars and snuff, but no rum, and make me king. Yours truly,

ONE WHO NEVER WAS A DRUNKARD.

Autograph Books for Temperance Pledges.

To the Editor of the Tribune.

SIR: I have never been an advocate of total abstinence from the use of intoxicating liquors and have never been a member of any temperance organization. In common with perhaps one half of the male population of St. John, I have at times indulged in a "social glass," anticipating no evil result. But it appears to me there is no safety in this practice; the man who drinks at all is liable at times, through the force of circumstances, to drink too much—by so doing to impair his self-respect, his health, his prospects, and to fasten upon himself a habit, which, when it is too late, he finds it difficult, perhaps impossible, to break. Many realise their danger—many do not. Many would secure safety by allying themselves with some temperance organization, but they think the forms and practices of most of those sometimes puerile and childish—their feelings do not prompt and their time does not permit a regular attendance at the meetings of such societies, and the days go on, and dram drinking becomes a habit, and loss of character, health and position ensues,

Now I wish to suggest to our business men who realize the evil of dram drinking a plan for the stay of this practice, which, if adopted, I think would be followed by good results. It is this:—That several of our prominent business men will draw up a temperance pledge in a book of convenient form, affix their own signatures, label it autographs in large letters, and place it where it will be readily seen by customers and visitors. It will not be necessary for the party supplying himself with one of these books to obtrude the subject of temperance upon any one—a few words in the newspapers, and the import of these "autograph" books will be understood by all. No one can question the effect upon employes and friends:—who will try it?

OCCASIONAL.

Gift Concert Agencies.

To the Editor of the Tribune,

Will the writer in the *Morning News* of this date, over the signature of "Stock holder," have the manliness to appear over his own name. It is pretty hard, Mr. Editor, to have all our actions and intentions misrepresented by assassins who delight to stab in the dark. In the future we shall not answer scribblers, who evidently have the intention, if possible, to frustrate the enterprise, which we feel confident will be a success. As soon as our agencies are complete, we shall publish a list of them, so that the public can see for themselves whether they are responsible or not; and any person wishing any other information can obtain it by calling at our office, 51 Prince Wm. street.

W. H. OLIVE, WM NANNERY,
Managers Gift Concert.

The case of McElhaney, the Boston wife murderer, illustrates the value of the testimony of learned experts on the subject of insanity. While the attempt was being made to secure the commutation of McElhaney's sentence, Dr. Walker, Superintendent of the South Boston Insane Asylum, gave it as his opinion that the man isnot insane now, but was sane when he committed the crime, while Dr. Taylor, another great authority, thought he was insane when the crime was committed, but is perfectly sane now. Other doctors disagreed almost as widely.

LIFE-LIKE AND MORE DURABLE THAN OIL—J. Hinch, Prince William street, is now producing enlarged photographs, finished in India ink, that are marvels of beauty and finish. Portraits by this process are exhibited in the window of Messrs. Barnes & Co., Stationers. tf

THY WILL BE DONE.

BY J. G. WHITTIER.

We see not, know not. All our way
Is night. With thee alone is day.
From out the torrent's troubled drift,
Above the storm—one prayer we lift—
Thy will be done!

The flesh may fail, the heart may faint,
But who are we to make complaint,
Or dare to plead, in times like these,
The weakness of our love of ease?
Thy will be done!

We take with solemn thankfulness
Our burdens up, nor ask it less;
And count it joy that even we
May suffer, serve, or wait for thee.
Thy will be done!

Though dim, as yet, in tint and line,
We trace thy picture's wise design,
And thank thee that our age supplies
Its dark relief of sacrifice—
Thy will be done!

And if in our unworthiness,
Thy sacrificial wine we press;
If, from thy ordeal's heated bars,
Our feet are seamed with crimson scars,
Thy will be done!

If for the age to come, this hour
Of trial hath vicarious power;
And blest by thee, this present pain
Is Liberty's eternal rain,
Thy will be done!

Strike, then, the Master, we thy keys;
The anthem of the destinies!
The minor of thy loftier strain,
Our hearts shall breathe the old refrain—
Thy will be done!

NOTES AND NEWS.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Halifax boys are trying to kill themselves and others by coasting in the streets.

On the night of the 29th ult., in Truro the thermometer registered 27 below zero, and on the morning of the 3rd inst. it was three degrees lower. The weather has been colder in Truro than in any other part of the Province.

The Windsor *Mail* learns with a feeling of great satisfaction that the Windsor and Annapolis Railway company contemplate laying out on their road in the spring, in rolling stock, repairs of bridges, etc., the very handsome sum of £100,000 sterling.

J. W Longley, editor of *The Mayflower*, has purchased the paper from Cahil O'Toole & Co. Next week "Minnie Thornton, a tale of the St. John River," written by Christopher Colebroke of this city, will be begun.

A correspondent at Guysborough writes that eight dead bodies were washed ashore at Cape Canso a few days ago, supposed to be those of the crew of the brig Florence, from Halifax bound to Cow Bay, and lost with all on board about a week ago near Canso.

The old Temperance Hall in Lower Horton, lately used as a School House, was destroyed by fire early on Saturday morning last. The fire was, says the *Star*, without doubt, the work of an incendiary, and was probably set by the porsons who burnt two school houses in the same district previously.

The troop-ship Himalaya sailed from Halifax on Thursday, for Bermuda and England. As she passed down the harbor the band of the 3rd Brigade Royal Artillery on board played lively airs, and the troops on the deck exchanged parting cheers with their friends on the wharves. A number of women and children, whose husbands and fathers are in the 3d Brigade Royal Artillery and married without leave, have been left behind, the regulations not allowing them to be taken with the Brigade in the Himalaya. They will probably be sent to England by mail steamer.

The Windsor *Mail* claims that Hants owns the largest vessel in Nova Scotia, Senator Churchill's ship Quebec, despite the statement which has appeared in several papers that Yarmouth has the largest. The statement was natural and unavoidable, in consequence of a wrong measurement of the Quebec by the Custom House Officer of the port of Hantsport, N. T. Harris, but she was remeasured in New York, by a surveyor of that port and measured 1600 tons English measurement, and over 1800 American measurement. Her dimensions are 200 feet keel, 42½ feet beam, 25½ feet hold. Harris made her tonnage 1454 and so she stands on the registry at Windsor.

UNITED STATES.

A lucky Iowa editor won a very nice bet on the Presidential election. A young lady, presumed to be pretty, agreed to kiss him once a month for four years if Grant was elected, and is keeping her word like a man. We hope for the sake of the editor's peace of mind that he is not a married man.

A Joint Special Committee of the two Houses of the Massachusetts Legislature is doomed to listen to arguments on the subject of woman's suffrage. If anything new and fresh is presented on the subject, advocates of peculiar ingenuity must have been found; if not, that committee must be for a few hours of all men miserable.

The lumbermen of Embden, Maine, are blessing the beavers for damming the forest streams years and years ago. Logs in great numbers are coming to the surface in ponds produced by these industrious quadrupeds, which are perfectly sound and good, and which were brought down by the overflowing waters in which they have been preserved these many years.

The most cowardly and unchivalric method of securing the maiden of one's choice is that adopted by a young man in Webster City, Iowa. He got a friend to secure the affections of the lady's sister and lead her to the altar, and having got that far the friend refused to go a step further unless the sister of his affianced should then and there become the wife of Peter Brown, the timid but ingenious youth aforesaid. The maiden consented on the spot, and thus by diplomacy did Peter win his blushing bride.

It is a good thing to have the extent to which a man may indulge in the recreation of wife beating definitely fixed by judicial decision. A sapient judge in North Carolina has declared that a man may give his wife "three licks with a switch"—this is the judicial language—without incurring any penalty. Men to whom it is a joy thus to chasten those they love will need only to go to old Carolina to have their fill of this luxury, provided they take it in mild doses of "three licks with a switch" at a time.

Bold Abduction of a Beautiful Girl at Dartmouth, N. S., and her Almost Marvelous Escape.

Thursday evening just after day, a young and very pretty Halifax girl living as a favored domestic with a Dartmouth family, went through the garden to the gate in response to a voice that called her name. She saw no one and turned towards the house again. She had scarcely proceeded half a dozen steps, we quote from the *Reporter*, when she was seized from behind, and a wet cloth thrown over her face. From that moment she became powerless to resist or to cry out. The cloth evidently contained chloroform, the more securely to enable the ruffians to carry out their nefarious purposes The gentleman of the house came out a few minutes after, for the purpose of taking the boat for the city, and was surprised to find a bow and an apron belonging to the girl at the gate, and the footprints of persons in the snow. This circumstance aroused his suspicions, and retracing his steps, he discovered that the young woman was not in the house. Knowing that she would not willfully or unknowingly absent herself, he felt convinced, from the first, that she was the victim of some foul plot. He made all the possible inquiries of the neighbors residing in the vicinity, but was unable to ascertain anything concerning the girl. He afterward communicated with her people, who reside in the city, but she had not been over to the city, as far as they knew.

THE ESCAPE.

About half past nine o'clock—two hours after the girl was seized—she returned to the house almost dead with freight, with her hair dishevelled, her clothes torn, and her face and arms scratched. As soon as she recovered breath, she related the circumstances attending her abduction. It appears that after she was seized in the garden, and the chloroformed cloth thrown over her face, which rendered her insensible, she was lifted up and carried away. She has a distinct recollection of being carried for a long distance, all the time, however, in a stupor from the effects of the chloroform, and unable to cry out, or make any resistance. The next thing she remembers was being thrown down against some hard substance, which brought her to consciousness, and when she opened her eyes, she perceived two men standing near her, one of whom was in the act of cutting the cords which bound her hands. Both men were closely muffled, and one of them held her by the left arm. Glancing hurriedly around she perceived that she was in the vicinity of

THE BLACK ROCK,

opposite Richmond, and over a mile from her place of residence. With returning consciousness came the horrible thought of the motives of her abductors, whither they were taking her, and for what terrible purpose? While those questions arose in her mind, one of her captors slipped on the ice, and fell over a hillock of ice and snow. His companion swore at him for his stupidity and blundering, and accused him of being chicken hearted. The idea of escape then occurred to her, and quick as thought she threw herself against the other, wrenching at the same time her arm from his grasp. The suddenness of the attack disarmed him, and losing his balance, he fell over the same embankment as his companion. The young woman, finding herself free, shouted "murder" two or three times, and ran away in the direction of the town of Dartmouth, fear lending wings to her flight. Whether her persecutors followed or not she does not remember. A desire to escape from a fate that filled her with horror rendered her for the time unconscious of everything, save and except the desire to save her life. She finally reached home, breathless and exhausted, from the struggles she had undergone, and from the severe exertions she made in escaping from the clutches of her kidnappers.

LOCALS.

For a list of Agents for the sale of the DAILY TRIBUNE see first page.

For advertisements of WANTED, LOST, FOUND, FOR SALE, or TO LET, see Auction column.

New Advertisements.

Advertisers must send in their favors before 12 o'clock noon, in order to insure their appearance in this list.

Amusements—
Academy of Music Gift Concerts
do Victoria Skating Club Carnival
do St. Andrews Ch Concert
Lost—
Office Desk Wanted— Daniel Patton
Wanted— do
Dry Goods Rhyme— J W Montgomery
Postponement— Mechanics' Institute

Brevities.

The Portland Town Council meets this evening at 8 o'clock.

Prince Edward Island's revenue is about $10,300 in excess of last year.

There will be no lecture at the Mechanics' Institute this week, as Rev. Mr. Grant, the lecturer, will be unable to come over from Halifax.

Rev. Geo. M. Armstrong, in St Mark's Church, yesterday, preached against the grand gift concerts of the Academy of Music, and urged those connected with it to withdraw from the enterprise.

Rev Mr. Ouilette lectured on temperance last evening in St. Malachi's Hall. The lecture is very highly spoken of, and quite a number signed the pledge at the conclusion.

The Gift Concerts.

Messrs Everitt & Butler have mailed from five hundred to one thousand circulars of the Academy of Music Gift Concerts, in envelopes stamped with their name, to their numerous customers throughout the country. This introduces the scheme to many who perhaps otherwise would not have given it a thought.

Temperance Meeting.

The second Sunday evening temperance lecture was delivered in the Academy of Music last evening by the Rev. I. E Bill. The lecturer took as the basis of his remarks the question "Who is on the Lord's side?" and for about an hour spoke extempore on temperance and morality. His remarks were especially addressed to young men, whom he urged to lead temperate and moral lives. His lecture was a picture of the moral evils produced in society through intemperance, without any of the usual final denunciation which characterizes many temperance lectures. W. H. A Keans, Esq., occupied the chair and introduced the lecturer.

The DAILY TRIBUNE *is not excelled as a city advertising medium.*

Mr. Murray alias Eaudevine.

The Halifax *Citizen* quotes one of our complimentary personals on Jas. Murray, and adds:

This fellow has been operating in this Province under the names of both Eaudevin and Murray. Under the former name he lately swindled parties in Montreal. He is a thorough paced rascal.

The police are informed that this fellow may be found at Anderson's, in Sheffield street.

Educational Meeting at the Cathedral.

After vespers yesterday afternoon, His Lordship the Bishop addressed the congregation on the subject of Education. He entered into the history of the work of the Catholic schools. During the past year, $2,000 had been contributed as a free-will offering from the Catholics of St. John on behalf of their schools, and he said about the same sum would be required for the next year. A subscription list was started and a considerable of the money required was subscribed by those present. Resolutions were moved declaring it to be the duty of Catholics to support their schools, and expressing a hope that the Local Government would modify the School Law and make it acceptable to Catholics. The speakers denounced the School Law, and all agreed that the law in its present form, could never be accepted by the Catholics, and expressed their intention of calling in the aid of Catholics in other Provinces.

The following are the

RESOLUTIONS:

Resolved, That it affords us great satisfaction to learn from the statement made by his Lordship the Bishop, that the Catholics of the city have been so well sustained by the whole Catholic people during the past year; that the attendance of children has been so large and so regular, and that the value and disinterested labors of the Christian Brothers, and of the Sisters of Charity have been productive of results so gratifying. Proposed by Mr Carvill. T. McCarthy, M. Corkery.

Resolved, That it is our duty to make any sacrifice that may be necessary to support these schools in which our children receive so excellent an education and in which they are imbued with the knowledge and love of God and of his holy religion, the richest inheritance we can bequeath to them.—Proposed by T. Furlong, J. Guthrie and H. McCullough.

Resolved, That we hope that the Government and Legislature of this Province will, at their approaching session, having regard to the almost unanimous expression of opinion of the Federal Legislature, amend the School Law so as to remedy the great injustice done the Catholics, or otherwise repeal it.—Moved by C Doherty and seconded by John McSorley, John Sweeny and Peter Sharkey.

Resolved, That our faith and religious principles being as immutable as the God we worship, we can never accept this School Act or any modification of it which does not enable us to secure a religious education for our children; and that we will use every legal and constitutional means in our power to prevent the operation, in our regard, of a law, so unjust and oppressive, and to procure its amendment or repeal.—T. W. Anglin, John Nugent, John Cobolon, John McNamara.

Resolved, That we appeal again to the Catholics of the Dominion and to the just and truly liberal of all denominations to aid us by their sympathies and moral support in our efforts to obtain justice for ourselves and our children Dr. Travers. Seconded—J. Duffy, M. McDonough.

Resolved, That a subscription for the support of our schools be now opened. Jno. McCarthy, John Callaghan, Michael Gallagher, Stephen Thompson.

Our Chief Should be Rewarded.

When Wm. C. Murray, the defaulting cashier, reached New York, a thorough search of his person resulted in the finding of $4,000 in gold certificates and $1,000 in greenbacks, being the greater portion of the money taken away. Mrs. Murray has been sent to her parents. The Bangor authorities were paid $250 for Murray's arrest. Now, why should they be rewarded for the labors of our own Chief of Police? It is hardly fair that Chief Marshall should seek and find the culprits, watch them day after day, incur the anger of the *Telegraph* by his wisdom in keeping his lips sealed, accompany them to Bangor and point them out to the authorities, and then see other men pocket the reward. Chief Marshall should receive $1,000 for his services. If it had not been for him the money would not have been recovered.

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The Buckets Again—Begging Matches and Money and Assaulting with intent to Rob.

On Saturday evening two young men, strangers in St. John, and not thoroughly acquainted with some of our customs, paid a visit to a house in St. James street. After an hour or so the young gentlemen started for home. Walking along St. James street they were stopped by three young men, apparently about twenty years of age, but, as near as could be told by the pale moonlight, pretty hard looking tickets, and asked for some matches. The matches were given them, and the young men started for home, followed by the roughs, who finally overtook them. One of them told a tale of having been on a spree and using up all his money, concluding by asking for a quarter to get a cocktail in the morning. The fellow appeared to be honest enough, and the quarter was given him, and again the young men walked off towards home, still followed at some little distance by the trio. When near Reed's Point the roughs stole quietly up behind, so quietly that the first intimation of their presence was a blow received on the head from a heavy stick by one of the young men. He fortunately had a hard felt hat which broke the force of the blow, the only damage sustained being the broken hat. His companion turned and, quick as thought, delivered a blow with his fist that laid one of the assaulting party low, and then turned on the others who, however, did not feel inclined to show fight but moved off. The young men, after delivering a lecture on their base ingratitude in striking them after receiving their matches and money, wended their way to their hotel without any further trouble.

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