

The Granite Town Greetings

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St. George, N. B., Wednesday, November 6, 1907.

No. 43

HOW ABOUT YOUR WINTER UNDERWEAR

Don't lose sight of the fact that we have the largest variety in town. LADIES' WINTER COATS just received. Then there's our range of DRESS SKIRTS; they are pretty hard to beat in quality and price.

Golf Jackets, Norfolks, Etc. CORSETS A SPECIALTY. You cannot help being suited. A large assortment of SHIRTWAISTS; white and colored BARGAINS IN BOOTS AND SHOES

J. SUTTON CLARK

St. George, N. B.

R. A. BURR, Eastport. Has a full line of Musical Instruments. Agent for Edison Phonograph and Victor Talking Machine. Full list of Records

News of the World

Was Rudyard Kipling sent to Vancouver by the Imperial Government to report upon the feeling of the people in British Columbia on the question of Asiatic and Hindoo immigration? This question is being asked in that city. Mr. Kipling while there asked countless questions on the subject, but never once indicated the object of his flying visit. Among the questions Mr. Kipling asked was how the people would receive a law which would permit Asiatic and Hindoo coolies to come into Canada for a stated period of years, work here and then be deported when the contracted time of service expired. This immigration plan has been used in some of Great Britain's colonies, notably South Africa. So far as can be learned, Mr. Kipling was told the people of British Columbia would never consent to such a scheme.

Canadian inland revenue returns for the month of September amounted to \$1,335,837, an increase of \$85,300 over the revenue accrued during September, 1906. The principal items of revenue during last month were: Spirits \$552,267; malt, \$114,139; tobacco, \$282,191; cigars \$102,552. The revenue from seizures was \$338.

Henri Reyes, son of the President of the Central American Republic of Colombia, a student at Queens College, Kingston, was in the Police Court and was fined \$10 and costs for misbehaving. A policeman found him throwing eggs on the walk in front of a restaurant. He was ordered to clean up the mess, but declined. He was arrested and fined.

An unusually well-informed correspondent, stationed in Madrid, who is in close touch with court news, and is not as a rule given to reckless statements, says that the greatest apprehensions are felt about the lungs of the King of Spain. Every effort, he says, has been made to conceal the truth, and, of course, the usual formal official denials will be used, although it is well known that they will convince no one. There can be no real reason for keeping the King's condition from the public. Fortunately, death is on the side of the young King and every possible care will be taken of him, so far as his own restless temperament will permit. But what leads special gravity to the King's case is, of course, the fact that it is inherited from a short-lived father. The small narrow chest, shallow complexion, and quick manner of the young King all tend to give physicians corroboratory impressions of the truth of what is now announced.

Alexander Dumas, who, eighteen months ago at Montreal attempted to take the life of Alphonse Desbordes by shooting him, is at last a free man. He was released from Longue Pointe Asylum on the order of the Attorney-General after being declared sane by two experts.

The long-waited criminal, Franz Kirsch whose daring and ingenuity render him the most remarkable thief and horse-breaker in Germany, has just been arrested at Hannover. Kirsch was notorious for the ambitious nature of his thefts and for the extraordinary skill of the coterie of accomplices whom he trained to assist in his raids, and whom he paid magnificently. He himself lived in the utmost luxury. So successful was he in simulating insanity when arrested that five times he was placed in a lunatic asylum, whence he always succeeded in escaping.

A sad accident occurred six miles north of Edmonston, when J. W. Cairney, farmer of this district, was kicked to death by a horse. Cairney was the owner of the stallion, and went into the stall to take the animal out. The horse bit him on the neck, throwing him down and

standing on him until he was lifeless. Cairney came to this county about eighteen months ago from Fargo, N. D., and was engaged in farming in the district since that time. He leaves a wife and two small children, aged four and seven years respectively. The appointment of Messrs. Greenlee and Edward Esen, two Boers, to fill vacancies on the Transvaal Legislative Council, constitutes a deliberate violation of the constitution. The result is to give the Boers a majority on the Council, while the Labor element is not represented. The Transvaal Government now possesses absolute control of the destinies of this portion of British South Africa. The constitution was so drawn as apparently to safeguard British interests by placing them in the hands of the Legislative Council, but with the balance of power transferred to the Boers this advantage disappears.

A St. Petersburg telegram relates a terrible story of crimes which have just been discovered at Terekofski, in the government of Perm. For some years past a monk named Fedot has exercised a powerful attraction over the inhabitants of the neighborhood, especially women, by reason of his eloquent sermons. Women of all ages flocked to the hermitage which a rich merchant had built for Fedot in the midst of the forest near the town. A few days ago the wife of a young soldier who had gone to see the monk fell ill in her room, and the soldier proceeded to the hermitage, intending to force Fedot to disclose the woman's whereabouts. The monk was missing, and the soldier, who passed into the bedroom, saw a coffin lying upon the floor. Lifting the lid he was horrified to find in the dead body of his wife. In a cellar they found a number of other coffins lying side by side, and in each of them was the dead body of a woman. Up to the present all search for the missing monk has proven futile.

\$100 Reward, \$100. The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh of the Bladder. It is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing her work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Saskatchewan Wheat Crop Short 8,000,000 Bushels. Montreal, Oct. 30.—Mr. Walter Osborne, who is engaged in the grain trade at Moosejaw and is here on his way through to England for the winter, says that as he came through Regina on the way east he had figures placed at his disposal by the government of Saskatchewan that indicated exactly what the position of the Province would be as compared with last year in the matter of grain production.

"There have been," he said in an interview at the Windsor, "nearly two million acres under cultivation and the government experts have calculated from the reports that have come in from over a thousand localities that the yield is 29,000,000 bushels. Last year the yield was 37,000,000 bushels, from 1,700,000 acres. The average crop is thus about fifteen bushels an acre instead of 22 bushels."

"On some of the fields the crop was so poor that the farmers did not think it worth the expense of harvesting. Yet when all is said more money will come into the pockets of the farmers than there did a year ago. For that reason I

consider the condition of the Province satisfactory and business is sound. I cannot give you official figures for Manitoba and Alberta, but I think the Manitoba average will be pretty much the same as that of Saskatchewan. "That of Alberta, speaking generally will probably be found a little better."—Halifax Chronicle.

PULPWOOD AND ITS PROBLEMS. (J. S. Crote in Toronto Globe.)

Pulpwood cut on the Crown lands of Ontario, as previously explained, must be ground in this province. There is no restriction against the export of pulp, however, and United States mills may secure it, subject, of course, to the duties imposed by tariff of their own country. The idealist who claims that tariffs are unnatural things, a delusion and a snare, will find some interesting circumstances in support of his theories upon investigation of the pulpwood question.

At Fort Frances, for example, where has provided a mighty waterpower. An enormous expense, a plant is being installed and 50,000 horsepower will be generated there. The Rainy River is richly supplied with a possible ultimate development of 100,000 horsepower, which will equip the amount of electrical energy to be placed in Western Ontario by the Hydro-Electric Commission. The damming of the falls at Fort Frances was undertaken largely by Mississippi capitalists, who propose among other things to establish on the Canadian side of the river a pulp mill, and—note—the United States shore, a paper mill. In another sense, too, the restrictions here will operate peculiarly. The pulp manufactured in Canada will not be ground, dried and shipped to the United States in bundles, but will be forced across in liquid form by the hydraulic pressure to the United States paper mill, thus saving as the capitalists put it so plausibly, the cost of drying at the point of shipment and heavy freight charges. Would the economic conditions not be improved if the Canadian government said in so many words: "The pulp must not only be ground in Canada, but made into paper in this country!" Then would not the ingenious hydraulic pipe become unnecessary and both mills stand in their logical location—in the country which provides the material out of which the manufactured article is produced? No one thinks of depriving the United States of the pulp cut in Canada, but the only question at issue is, "Where are the mills to stand?"

On Wednesday the American news paper publishers will hold a special meeting at the Waldorf-Astoria in New York city for the purpose of considering the scarcity of paper. Every member of the United Press Association has been urged to attend, as their interests are seriously menaced. This condition of affairs has been well known for some time among the Canadian publishers. It is the direct result of the tariff that taxing of the United States publishers may now sit down and contemplate the possibilities of devastation, "during which no thought was taken for the future."

The situation in northern New England is little better, and United States enterprises have already bought up considerable areas of pulpwood lands in Canada. The present century, which has already revealed some of the possibilities of the great north, may speedily find its water powers driving the grinders and lighting the corridors of a hundred great pulp and paper mills.

A tickling cough, from any cause, is quickly stopped by Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. And it is so thoroughly harmless and safe, that Dr. Shoop tells mothers everywhere to give it without hesitation even to very young babies. The whole of some green leaves and tender stems of some green-leaved shrub, furnish the curative properties to Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. It cures the cough, and heals the sore and sensitive bronchial membranes. No opium, no chloroform, nothing harsh used to injure or suppress. Simply a restorative plant extract, that helps to heal the lungs. The Spaniards call this shrub which the Doctor uses, "The Sacred Herb." Demand Dr. Shoop's. Take no other. Sold by all Dealers.

LORDS' COVE. The people of this place have been caused considerable inconvenience owing to the inefficiency of the Str. Viking. For some time after Mr. Owsie's death the Str. Viking was unable to carry passengers, on account of not being able to obtain a properly licensed engineer. After this difficulty was removed, she was unable to make regular trips owing to defects in the engine. On one occasion the engine refused to revolve, and the Henry F. Eaton while attempting to tow her to her destination, collided with her, and did her considerable damage. The Viking is at present undergoing repairs at St. Stephen and Capt. Guy Penfold is carrying the mail in the Beattie Archibald. The young people of Richardson, celebrated Halloween by having a cabbage supper. Some of the minors also had a party. There is a rumor that some of the fishermen had their boats seized for illegal fishing. Mr. Marvin Martin has sold his estate to Mr. Arch. Lambert, and will reside at Lebec in the future. Mr. Henry Bishop and family have returned home from Lebec, where they have been spending the summer. King Simpson arrived from St. Stephen Friday and returned home Monday. Some of the men are talking of leaving for the Maine lumber camps soon. Bert Lambert has returned home on a short visit bringing her lady friend with her. The baptism of Beatie Lambert and Angus Hoffman took place last week.

Col. McLean's Reasons. Col. H. H. McLean, the nominee of the Liberals for the Counties of Queens, Sanbury, N. B., at the approaching election, gives among his reasons for entering politics the following: "The principles and policy of the Liberal party specially appeal to young men. They stand for progress, advancement of all interests that would be of benefit to Canada and the development of the natural resources of this great country. "I have been asked why I should go into politics, that I have large business interests to look after and could I afford the necessary time that is required to carry out a successful campaign? I feel that the experience I have gained in connection with the large business interests that I have control of will be of great assistance to the people of Sanbury and Queens. I will trust this nomination as a retainer. You know when a lawyer takes a retainer he is bound in honor to do his utmost for his clients, consistent with honesty and fair dealing. "Another reason why I want to be in Parliament is that Canada is now taking a position among the nations of the world. Our country is larger in extent than any other in the world with the exception of Russia. Our population is growing in a marvellous manner, and the future of our country promises to place it in the front rank with the nations of the world. Canadians should be proud of the greatness of Canada, its extent of territory, its resources and its fitness for maintaining in comfort and prosperity a vast population. "Canada has enjoyed an almost miraculous growth, which is due not merely to its natural resources, with which God has endowed us as a people, but to the lofty spirit of statesmanship and a wise government given by the Liberal party under the leadership of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. I say and believe that Canada will be the greatest country in the world. It may be said that this is a dream, but it is a dream which is calculated to stimulate and inspire every one who cares for the future of the country. The policy of the Conservatives may be stated about as follows: "They do not know what they want and are bound to have it."

For high class Watch and Jewelry Repairing go to R. A. BURR, 82 Water Street, Eastport. Daniel McQuade returned Friday, 25th from Jonsport, Me. where he has been employed by the Underwood Canning Co. Rev. J. F. Carson held the Mission here on Monday, Oct. 28th. Mrs. Dan Gillis has concluded a pleasant visit with her daughters, Mrs. Lewis Connors and Mrs. F. W. Connors and has returned to her home at Tignish, P. E. I. Rev. J. F. Carson baptised the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Connors on Monday. The little one received the name of Bernard Delmas. Miss May Connors who has for two years efficiently filled the position of Stenographer for Connors Bros. Ltd. has severed her connection with that firm and left Thursday for St. John followed by the best wishes of a host of friends. Messrs. Joshua Justason and Daniel McQuade drove to St. Andrews Thursday. E. W. Wallace Sr. has purchased a fine Jersey cow from Rev. J. F. Carson. Miss Beatie McLeod of Manassas, has accepted the position of Stenographer for Connors Bros. Ltd. Owing to the scarcity of ardues the price has reached \$3.50 per hogshead. Mr. J. Sutton Clarke of St. George, and Mr. McDonald of Deer Island were in the village Saturday on business. A number of the young folks attended the Halloween concert at Beaver Harbor. Messrs. Peter and John Hill visited George Saturday. Mr. D. Bassen was in the village Friday. Miss Laura Connors who has been visiting friends in Fredericton for the past two months returned home Wednesday. Mr. Jas. Thompson will move into his new house this week. Bernard Connors went to Fredericton Monday and accompanied his sister Miss Laura home.

BACK BAY. A very successful pie-social was held here on Saturday evening. The sum of fifteen dollars was realized, proceeds for the village church which is nearing completion. Miss Im McVicar of L'Etang, is visiting Mrs. Alice Kinney. James Kinney who has been visiting friends here returned to his home in Eastport, on Saturday last.

BONNEY RIVER. Sydney Gillmor of Anoka, Minn., arrived on Saturday's train and will spend the winter here. He reports lots of work and good wages in the west. A farewell party was given Mrs. Charles Ames at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Goss last week. A large number were present and the evening passed all too quickly with games, music and dancing. Charles Ash of Miss., is the guest of his father Mr. James Ash. Mrs. Charles Ames and family left for their home in West. Co. after six months spent here. The Misses Frost have returned from St. Andrews where they have been employed during the past summer. Mr. McDougall and wife of Boston, Mass., are the guests of Mrs. Ronald Campbell. Mrs. Alex. Herron and children and Mr. James Campbell are the guests of Mrs. H. B. Goss. Mrs. Taylor has returned to the home of her daughter, Mrs. H. D. Gillmor after spending two months in different parts of Nova Scotia. William Condel has returned home after a week spent at Magaguadavic Lake. Rev. J. F. Carson has returned to her home after a few days spent with Mrs. Frost.

WHEN YOU ARE COLD AND HUNGRY GO TO BROWN'S RESTAURANT AND HAVE A HOT DOG (Frankfurts) and a Hot Cup of Bovril OR IF YOU ARE THIRSTY GET A GLASS OF Old Homestead Ginger Beer It is a sure cure for throat troubles Try our Peppars. Always fresh roasted and a new lot every week. Cigars, all kinds and all prices. Tobacco, Camels, Dubs. ARTHUR G. BROWN PROPRIETOR

Post Office With Receipts of 25c. Sometimes complaints are heard in and out of Parliament that the Post Office Department is not active enough in meeting the wants of the growing population of this country. The best answer to such charges is Canada where the receipts do not commence to pay the cost of maintenance has been long known, but that the Government maintained post offices at places where the revenue did not exceed half a dollar per annum, comes as a surprise to most people. Yet there are eight such cases noted in the annual report of the Postmaster General for 1907:

Table with 3 columns: Location, Revenue, Salary. Locations include Migouasha West, Que., Second Westcock, N.B., Charlottetown, N.B., Becharie, Sask., Foxton, Man., Charlottetown, N.B., Reser Judique Chapel, Spring Point, Alberta.