

EIGHT

THE STAR, ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JULY 28 1909

MANY HEIRS TO EVANS ESTATE

Cropping Up in Many Quarters

NAMES OF CLAIMANTS

But Money is Not Forthcoming

Until Widow's Death

Heirs to the twelve million dollar estate of Robert D. Evans, the St. John boy who went to Boston and amassed a fortune in mining and rubber fields, are cropping up thick and fast.

In addition to those who lay claim to a share of the big fortune on account of kinship through William Scott, one of whose daughters was the millionnaire's mother, there are now a large number of claimants in this vicinity who aver relationship to Robert D. Evans on the father's side of the house. Among this number are Mrs. Baxter, wife of Police Sergeant George Baxter, and Mrs. Sproul, wife of Alderman James Sproul.

The Evans family from which the Boston man was sprung is originally from West Beach, also known as Evans Settlement, a country district between Piasa and Piasa River, situated about fourteen miles from this city.

The father of Robert D. Evans is said to have been a brother of the three original heads of the Evans family, who settled side by side at West Beach.

Each of the three has a number of sons and daughters in the city or its suburbs, and all are said to be in the vanguard of the millionnaire, making them related in the same degree as the cousins on the mother's side, whose names have already been published in this newspaper.

The brother who was Robert D. Evans' father is not so well known to those familiar with the family's history, but he is said to have been drowned in Boston harbor. The original Robert Evans of the four West Beach brothers died about 40 years ago and William had also been dead for seven or eight years. Richard removed from his home some years ago.

The next cousin on the Evans side is Robert Evans, formerly of the head office of the Bank of New Brunswick here. Walter Evans, who still resides on the farm at West Beach; Richard Evans, a driver of one of the city's cabs; Mrs. George Baxter, who was Miss Mary Ann Evans; and Mrs. (Ald.) Sproul, who was Miss Caroline Evans.

Another daughter of William Evans, Mrs. Wagner, died some years ago. Still another daughter, Mrs. John Wallace, who was Miss Jane Evans, formerly lived in the city, but removed from here some years ago.

"Captain Dick" Evans, formerly a member of the local police force, was a son of Richard Evans.

Those mentioned above are being the heirs of Robert D. Evans to nineteen in number. All are first cousins of the deceased. Those related to his mother's side are:

Robert McMurtry, William McMurtry and Thomas McMurtry, all of St. John, whose mother was also a sister of Mr. Evans' mother; William Scott of New Hampshire; Mrs. John Lundy of Brook street; Mrs. Melissa Finnegan of Somerset street; Miss Alice McMurtry of Amherst, Mass.; and Mrs. William Pelling of Gagetown.

By the terms of Mr. Evans' will his estate goes to his wife for her use until her death, and thereafter to her heirs and to his.

CITY OF DIRT AND SPLENDOR

Seoul, a Capital Where Ambition Is Dead

Fifty in Street and Houses, It Yet Contains Some Monuments of Past Greatness

Again the hammer of the Japanese is smiting at the century old institutions of Korea. Seoul, the capital, and for five centuries the centre of life in the peninsula, is all shaken and distraught by the swift moves of the country's present masters. An airship over its misty roofs could not add to the shock.

In Seoul Vincent Stone, the Japanese Resident-General, abolished the venerable War Office in a day. He also cleared the clutter of centuries from the courts by dictating that henceforth Japanese Magistrates shall administer Justice.

The old, decrepit Seoul in the rage of her past grandeur is trembling before the advance of the new order. Before many years unless a change on the chessboard of the Far East checkmates the bustling people from across the Japan Sea this remnant of a long dead civilization will no longer be the fascinating city of the shadow that it is.

It was in the fourteenth century that Ni Tzu, a warrior hero of the old fighting Koreans, overthrew the last of a decayed dynasty and established a new capital on the banks of the River Han. Tzu himself became King, the first of a dynasty, which is now represented by the imbecile puppet who the Japanese still allow to play at being Emperor. Being a warrior first, Tzu decided upon the proper fortification of his capital.

Korean tradition says that in ninety days the great eighteen foot wall that surrounds Seoul was built by 200,000 workmen. Towering gate houses and loop-holed battlements for archers were added later. So well did those 20,000 build that today the solid walls of Seoul still stand. At night bolt studded gates are still closed against hypothetical enemies.

Could old King Tzu return to Seoul today he might pass from the South Gate to the North Gate and see but one thing in his capital city to surprise him—that an electric street car, put through the crooked streets by an enterprising American syndicate, in every other outward aspect Seoul is as it was 500 years ago.

The city lies caught in by close girdling mountains. From the height of Namhan Hill, the lowest of the surrounding mountains, the city seems to lie in the mouth of a rotten stump. A jumbled, crowded mass of thatched tiled huts squatters next the ground, the gabled roofs of a palace rising above the level of the mean dwellings. This is the city in panorama.

Over against the opposition horizon rise the precipitous heights of Puk-han, a jagged mountain of slag, trees and pinnacles with volcanic outcroppings.

Intramural Seoul is a place of indescribable decay. It is a scene of a small city in the Orient. It is slovenly as only an ancient Oriental city can be. But with all her dirt and her decay, her faded glory and tattered shreds of the past, Seoul still bears the stamp of something great.

Lead through alleys to palace gates and broken roof that is towered over by wonderful monuments of ancient art.

EMPEROR NICHOLAS AND FAMILY AT KIEL

Tried to Keep Wannamaker's Marriage a Secret

All Quiet Today at Melilla—King Edward Knights Blind Leader of the Blind.

KIEL, July 27.—Emperor Nicholas and Empress Alexandra of Russia accompanied by their children, arrived at Eckerforde at half-past seven this morning on board the royal yacht Alexander.

Immediately went aboard to extend his greetings. The Emperor is going to Kiel to meet President Paoliotti after which he will pay a visit to King Edward at Dover.

LONDON, July 27.—Rodman Wannamaker, son of John Wannamaker, of Philadelphia, and Violet, daughter of Eugene Golds, of New York, were married this afternoon at St. Margaret's church Westminster, by special license. Extraordinary efforts were made to keep the affair secret.

MADRID, July 27.—The general staff announces that all is quiet today at Melilla, Morocco, where recently fierce fighting has been going on between the Raby tribesmen and the Spanish forces on the Rine coast.

BOSTON, July 27.—In recognition of his work for those deprived of sight, King Edward of Great Britain has knighted William Campbell, formerly a resident of Newton.

Sir William, who is himself blind, introduced into England 40 years ago, American methods of caring for those similarly afflicted. His residence in this country was marked by his liberality to charity.

How to Avoid Sea Sickness

Take along a box of Mother's Seal and Train Sickness Remedy. It has recently been found that the sea sickness is caused by a certain germ which is carried by the sea breeze and is found in the stomachs of those who are afflicted. Recommended editorially by the Boston Herald and the Press generally in Great Britain. Analyzed by Sir Charles A. Cameron, M.D., of the University of Michigan.

For sale and recommended in St. John by A. Chipman Smith, G. A. Moore, Royal Pharmacy and G. A. Ricker.

TIN PLATE CO. TELLS ALL ABOUT ITS STRIKE

Issues Statement Covering its Operation Since July 1st.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 27.—The American Sheet and Tin Plate Co. yesterday issued a statement covering its operation since July 1st when a strike was declared by the Amalgamated Association of Steel, Iron and Tin Workers, who objected to the company's policy. At the end of the strike there were 113 mills in the sheet department operating, while a total of 124 were running, or 76 per cent. of the total serviceable capacity of the company.

Continuing, the report says the Guernsey, Pa., mill, which formerly was a union shop, was run by the company on the open shop plan after July 1st.

The report also states that the company's policy is to maintain the highest standard of quality in its products, and that it is determined to continue to do so.

Relative to the new efforts of the strikers to organize the non-union shops, the report says: "The company has no objection to the strikers' efforts to organize, but it is determined to maintain its policy of open shop."

The report also states that the company is determined to continue to do so, and that it is determined to continue to do so.

Relative to the new efforts of the strikers to organize the non-union shops, the report says: "The company has no objection to the strikers' efforts to organize, but it is determined to maintain its policy of open shop."

The report also states that the company is determined to continue to do so, and that it is determined to continue to do so.

Relative to the new efforts of the strikers to organize the non-union shops, the report says: "The company has no objection to the strikers' efforts to organize, but it is determined to maintain its policy of open shop."

The report also states that the company is determined to continue to do so, and that it is determined to continue to do so.

Relative to the new efforts of the strikers to organize the non-union shops, the report says: "The company has no objection to the strikers' efforts to organize, but it is determined to maintain its policy of open shop."

The report also states that the company is determined to continue to do so, and that it is determined to continue to do so.

Relative to the new efforts of the strikers to organize the non-union shops, the report says: "The company has no objection to the strikers' efforts to organize, but it is determined to maintain its policy of open shop."

The report also states that the company is determined to continue to do so, and that it is determined to continue to do so.

Relative to the new efforts of the strikers to organize the non-union shops, the report says: "The company has no objection to the strikers' efforts to organize, but it is determined to maintain its policy of open shop."

The report also states that the company is determined to continue to do so, and that it is determined to continue to do so.

Relative to the new efforts of the strikers to organize the non-union shops, the report says: "The company has no objection to the strikers' efforts to organize, but it is determined to maintain its policy of open shop."

The report also states that the company is determined to continue to do so, and that it is determined to continue to do so.

Relative to the new efforts of the strikers to organize the non-union shops, the report says: "The company has no objection to the strikers' efforts to organize, but it is determined to maintain its policy of open shop."

WRIGHT MAKES A FINE FLIGHT

Up Over an Hour and 12 Seconds.

TRAVELS 50 MILES

Record for Both Time and Distance Broken Yesterday

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The world's aeroplane record for two men was broken in both time and distance this evening in a beautiful flight of one hour, 12 minutes and 40 seconds—averaging 50 miles—and at a speed averaging 40 miles an hour by Orville Wright at Fort Meyer with Lieutenant Frank P. Lahm of the army signal corps as passenger.

The former record was made last year by his brother, Wilbur at Le Mans, France, with Professor Painleve of the French Institute as passenger. That flight was one hour, 9 minutes and 31 seconds. Wilbur was an eager spectator of today's flight by his brother.

Cheering Led by Taft

The cheering which heralded the setting of a new mark in the conquest of the air was led by President Taft in person, who had sat an intensely spectator throughout the flight and who insisted at its conclusion upon personally congratulating the brothers upon their success. This success was all-important to the Wrights in that it completed the first of two crucial tests of their machine imposed upon them by the United States government—the so-called endurance test—which required them to remain in the air one hour with one passenger. Orville is now a regular term of three years as pastor of the church at Dayton, Ohio.

Through Freight Cars From Chicago to Havana

Will be Running Soon—By Rail to Knight's Key Thence by Car Ferry.

CHICAGO, July 27.—Through freight cars from Chicago to Havana will be running soon if the plans of the Chicago Association of Commerce are realized. The cars will arrive in Havana on the seventh day out of Chicago and will carry freight throughout without breaking.

The new and unusual service is made possible by the extension of the Florida Gulf Coast line to Key West, Fla. The cars will be followed by car ferry from the Key to Havana.

TIN PLATE CO. TELLS ALL ABOUT ITS STRIKE

Issues Statement Covering its Operation Since July 1st.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 27.—The American Sheet and Tin Plate Co. yesterday issued a statement covering its operation since July 1st when a strike was declared by the Amalgamated Association of Steel, Iron and Tin Workers, who objected to the company's policy. At the end of the strike there were 113 mills in the sheet department operating, while a total of 124 were running, or 76 per cent. of the total serviceable capacity of the company.

Continuing, the report says the Guernsey, Pa., mill, which formerly was a union shop, was run by the company on the open shop plan after July 1st.

The report also states that the company's policy is to maintain the highest standard of quality in its products, and that it is determined to continue to do so.

Relative to the new efforts of the strikers to organize the non-union shops, the report says: "The company has no objection to the strikers' efforts to organize, but it is determined to maintain its policy of open shop."

The report also states that the company is determined to continue to do so, and that it is determined to continue to do so.

Relative to the new efforts of the strikers to organize the non-union shops, the report says: "The company has no objection to the strikers' efforts to organize, but it is determined to maintain its policy of open shop."

The report also states that the company is determined to continue to do so, and that it is determined to continue to do so.

Relative to the new efforts of the strikers to organize the non-union shops, the report says: "The company has no objection to the strikers' efforts to organize, but it is determined to maintain its policy of open shop."

The report also states that the company is determined to continue to do so, and that it is determined to continue to do so.

Relative to the new efforts of the strikers to organize the non-union shops, the report says: "The company has no objection to the strikers' efforts to organize, but it is determined to maintain its policy of open shop."

The report also states that the company is determined to continue to do so, and that it is determined to continue to do so.

Relative to the new efforts of the strikers to organize the non-union shops, the report says: "The company has no objection to the strikers' efforts to organize, but it is determined to maintain its policy of open shop."

The report also states that the company is determined to continue to do so, and that it is determined to continue to do so.

Relative to the new efforts of the strikers to organize the non-union shops, the report says: "The company has no objection to the strikers' efforts to organize, but it is determined to maintain its policy of open shop."

The report also states that the company is determined to continue to do so, and that it is determined to continue to do so.

Relative to the new efforts of the strikers to organize the non-union shops, the report says: "The company has no objection to the strikers' efforts to organize, but it is determined to maintain its policy of open shop."

The report also states that the company is determined to continue to do so, and that it is determined to continue to do so.

Relative to the new efforts of the strikers to organize the non-union shops, the report says: "The company has no objection to the strikers' efforts to organize, but it is determined to maintain its policy of open shop."

FREE TO MEN

Until Robust Health, Strength and Vigor is Regained.

Perfect Manhood. The man of courage, of strong heart, iron nerves, good health, self-confidence and undaunted energy. The embodiment of success, popular in every walk of life, respected and esteemed by all. Such is the manly man.

For forty years I have been making strong, vigorous men out of the puniest weaklings. A man comes to me weak, nervous, despondent, discouraged, aged, with Drains, Losses, Impotency, Varicose Veins, Rheumatism, Lame Back, Kidney or Stomach Troubles. I give him my world-famed Dr. Sanden Electric Belt, with its powerful, absolutely free, to use for two months. Mind you, not one penny in advance, or on deposit. A few weeks' use convinces him that he has found the right remedy. It fills him with new life, joy, vigor and strength, and at the end of the time he is only too glad to pay me for the Belt and to recommend it to his friends.

This is the way I cure men. This is the way thousands every year regain their lost strength, without the slightest risk to themselves. For it is only too good to pay me for the Belt and to recommend it to his friends.

My great success has brought forth many imitations of my Belt, but my great knowledge, gained by forty years' experience, enabling me to guide and advise my patients, is mine alone and is given freely with the Belt. Be sure you get the genuine.

Call and take a Belt along. Or send for one and my two books on electricity and its medical use, which I send absolutely free.

DR. E. F. SANDEN,
140 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont.
Office Hours—9 to 5; Saturdays until 9 p. m.

CHEAP HOUSES OF CONCRETE

Cast in One Piece in Fourteen Days—Edison Perfects His System of Portable Moulds, With Which a Two Story House Containing Six Rooms and Bath May be Erected for \$1,200.

Two years ago Thomas A. Edison announced that he had invented a series of moulds with which any desired number of small houses could be cast in a few days time and at a cost of \$1,200. Two great objections were raised to Mr. Edison's plan when it was first announced. In the first place, he was told by expert builders and engineers, "A house of concrete could not be cast all in one piece, for the reason that the mixture of water, cement and broken stone would not flow smoothly through the many small channels of the mould."

Edison's answer to these objections was to hold the broken stone in suspension. In the second place, if the house were to be built cheaply it must be entirely devoid of ornamentation, and therefore would be as ugly as sin.

The accompanying illustrations, which are taken from photographs of actual models "poured" up by Edison in his workshop in Orange, would seem to indicate that he has overcome both of these objections. The Edison moulds have produced a mixture of cement, water and crushed granite which has almost the consistency of water, which will flow readily through the smallest channels, filling all interstices, and yet will hold in suspension its heavier aggregates. This has been accomplished by adding to the concrete a small portion of a certain colloid or clay.

The method of pouring is quite simple and inexpensive. After the forms have been set in place and bolted together the concrete will be mixed in large rotary mixers and dumped into tanks placed on top of the moulds. A number of pipes will lead the mixture to various points in the roof, whence it will flow down and fill all parts of the moulds. On the first floor will be a living room 14 by 23 feet and a kitchen 14 by 20 feet. On the second floor will be two bedrooms, one 14 by 12 feet, the other 14 by 15 feet, a large hall and a bathroom. The attic floor will contain two more bedrooms, each 25 by 10 feet. The cellar, which extends under the whole house, will include the boiler, washbasin and coal bunker.

The entire house—walls, floor, roof, stairs, partitions, door frames and window frames—will be cast in one piece. Even the laundry tubs, the bathroom fixtures, the interior decorations and the ornamental panels will be included in the solid shell. It is claimed that the surface left by the moulds will be sufficiently smooth to require no added finish except tint or paper.

The cost of the house—\$1,200—Mr. Edison claims, will include the installation of heating and plumbing system, as well as the mere erection of the shell. He says particular emphasis, however, on the fact that this minimum price is possible only where the houses are to be put up in large numbers and the materials bought wholesale.

Thomas A. Edison's original scheme was to design a set of moulds for a two family house. This plan was abandoned in favor of the one family dwelling. The moulds that have been finally adopted are of cast iron about an inch thick and are made of a material which is possible only where the houses are to be put up in large numbers and the materials bought wholesale.

From Eastern Canada reports are not so favorable. The late spring and drought during June militating against large yields. Recent rains have, however, considerably improved the situation, and eastern farmers will probably realize a good average return from their crops this year. The Ottawa district, says Dr. Saunders, is showing the best crops in Ontario. The root crop of the province will be the best in some years.

WESTERN CROP YIELD

TO BE A BUMPER ONE

OTTAWA, Ont., July 27.—Word was received here today by relatives that Mrs. Louis Donald of Mobile, Ala., daughter of Dr. S. E. Davidson, until recently king's printer at Ottawa, had been accidentally shot with a revolver, the bullet entering her forehead. She is now in the hospital at Mobile, and the surgeons expect she will recover.

Mrs. Donald was handling the revolver when it accidentally went off. Dr. Davidson is at present seriously ill.

Dr. Wm. Saunders, director of experimental farms, who has just returned from an official tour through the Canadian west, reports that the crop yield this year will considerably surpass the yield of last year. The area under crop is greater than ever before, and prospects throughout the west are uniformly good.

From Eastern Canada reports are not so favorable. The late spring and drought during June militating against large yields. Recent rains have, however, considerably improved the situation, and eastern farmers will probably realize a good average return from their crops this year. The Ottawa district, says Dr. Saunders, is showing the best crops in Ontario. The root crop of the province will be the best in some years.

The child was attended by Dr. Case immediately after the accident. Later Dr. Roberts and Dr. Mott were in attendance.

The deceased was of a loving disposition and was beloved by all acquainted with her. Her parents and her three brothers have the sympathy of the circle of friends on account of the untimely end of a bright young life.

The members of the family themselves are greatly grieved. The girl upon her bed of suffering made a determined fight for her life. In the early stages of her illness there seemed to be some hope of recovery, but the terrible burns about the body were too much for the little body.

FILES

Files. See testimonials in the Press and other newspapers about it. You can use it and get your money back if it fails. 50c. a box. Dr. Chase's Ointment, 25c. a box.

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT.

Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and guaranteed cure for all skin diseases, such as eczema, psoriasis, etc. It is made of the finest ingredients and is guaranteed to give you relief in 10 days.

Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and guaranteed cure for all skin diseases, such as eczema, psoriasis, etc. It is made of the finest ingredients and is guaranteed to give you relief in 10 days.

Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and guaranteed cure for all skin diseases, such as eczema, psoriasis, etc. It is made of the finest ingredients and is guaranteed to give you relief in 10 days.