

The Courier

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A STAKE IN CANADA.

One of the best features of Canada's Victory Loan campaign, is their Canadianizing effect. The investor, whether of foreign birth or native born, has a stake in Canada. He has faith in the country and in its future and he will stay in it.

Across the line it has been found that the foreigner has been saving a great deal more money per head than the average native-born American. Evidence of this is supported by officials of the leading banks, who estimate that over a million and a quarter of these people are about to leave the United States and return home, carrying with them something like about four billion dollars.

In the Victory Loan native-born Canadians should lead the way by going their full limit, and the foreigner should follow his lead. The financial and industrial conditions of Canada will become sound in proportion as they buy Victory Bonds, and Canada will continue to be a country in which life and work are worth while for Canadians, whether native-born or naturalized.

Canada's Victory Bonds are a splendid means for concentrating wealth in the hands of the people who make it and who may be relied on to make Canada. They are the best investment into which those who wish Canada to become greater and stronger can put their savings.

PLAIN SPEAKING ON WHEAT SITUATION

Up to Western Farmers to Assist in Financing Sale of Crops.

"If through timidity," said Sir Thomas White, "we said we would not borrow any more money to make advances to Great Britain, it would mean that the grain raised on Canadian farms would remain here and would never get into the elevators, and be sold in the markets of the world, and there would be a panic all through the west and throughout the country."

Plain speaking, that; but the situation is one that demands plain speaking. The farmers and merchants of the west must make success in the forthcoming Victory Loan a certainty.

They can do it. It is Victory Loans which bring the \$2.15 figure for wheat to the west. It is simply up to the farmers to invest every cent they can scrape up in Victory Bonds.

Canada must stand on its own legs in this matter, and the farmers are urged to stand on theirs, and be independent of somebody else's support.

Buying Victory Bonds is a matter of sound common sense.

PRINCE OF WALES MADE GREAT HIT ON EDENWOLD VISIT

Strolled Around the Village and Met Many Farmers in General Store.

A report received from Eden wold indicates the Prince of Wales

DOCTOR PRAISES ZAM-BUK

"For sixteen years," writes Dr. A. P. Shibley of Washington, D.C., "I have used Zam-Buk in my practice, and am convinced that there is nothing to compare with it for skin troubles, from roughness and irritation to chronic skin diseases. Zam-Buk, without a doubt, has wonderful curative properties, and when I have occasion to recommend a balm to my patients, I always recommend Zam-Buk. I have found the results from its use to be perfectly satisfactory."

Members of the medical profession are noted for their caution in recommending a remedy—only doing so when they have absolute confidence in it. The fact that Zam-Buk is so highly recommended by doctors of the world over, and that in Dr. Shibley's experience it has stood the test of sixteen years' constant use, puts it, undeniably, in a class by itself.

In the home, in the office, shop and factory, on the farm and when travelling, Zam-Buk should be kept always handy. It is indispensable for all sores, eczema, boils, ulcers, blood-poisoning and piles, as well as for cuts, bruises, burns and scalds. All dealers 50c. box.



Bureau of Labor is in Position to Give 2,000 Men Employment

"The bureau of labor is now in a position to place some two thousand men," stated the Hon. Chas. A. Dunning, as the result of the canvass of available winter work which has just been made by the bureau, "and," added the Saskatchewan minister of agriculture, "special concessions are being offered in the way of an advance of travelling expenses where this may be necessary to assist farmers in straitened circumstances."

Mr. Dunning explained that owing to the financial position of many of the settlers a special arrangement has been completed whereby traveling expenses may be advanced to men going to the lumber camps from any of the government employment offices. The lumber companies are offering a wage of \$75 per month, together with board and blankets. Men going to work on construction or extra gang work of the C.N.R. will be furnished with free transportation upon application to any C.N.R. agent. For railway work 40 to 42 cents an hour is being offered and much of this work will continue well into the winter.

While it is realized that practically every settler has stock which will require attention, nevertheless it is felt that under the circumstances many homesteaders might club together, pay one of their number a wage to remain at home to feed and care for the stock of the others, while they go out to work. This would permit of a considerable number accepting work and thus improving their financial position.

Distribution of Clothing. As a further step in connection with the general work of relieving distress caused by a succession of

crop failures in certain parts of the province, the government has completed arrangements for the distribution of clothing and providing employment for settlers in the bad crop areas, according to an announcement made by Hon. C. A. Dunning recently.

For the collection of clothing an appeal is being made to the more fortunately situated people of the province, and for this work the government sought and was readily accorded the hearty co-operation of the I.O.E., the Red Cross, Women's Grain Growers and Homemakers' clubs. Clothing collected by the women's organizations, referred to will be banded and shipped to a central distributing warehouse in Regina where a staff is provided for sorting, fumigating and reshipping to families in need. Local associations making shipments should place on each shipment, or inside the bundle, the name and address of the organization making the donation, and ship collect by express or freight, whichever is cheaper, addressed to the Saskatchewan Government, Bureau of Labor, Regina. The method to be followed is substantially the same as in 1914 when the bureau received and distributed tons of clothing to families.

Distribution of clothing will be made through the reeves and councillors of the municipalities in the affected districts, and applications from parties desiring clothing should be made to their local councillor. In the districts where no municipal organization exists applications should be made through the local women's organization, local minister, or other responsible party.

The clause in Mr. Jacobs' bill, which made provision for the filling of vacancies which occurred within 60 days was also changed. The amendment provides for the filling of such vacancies within six months.

The afternoon sitting on October 9 was devoted to consideration of the bill under which the operations of the grain board will be continued after the proclamation of peace.

D. D. McKenzie was disposed to think the method of handling the Canadian wheat crop adopted by the government was absurd, while Mr. Robb complained that the price of wheat was lower in Canada than in the United States because of the wheat board's control of importation and exportation of wheat.

Sir George Foster vigorously defended the plan adopted and it was likewise approved by Hon. T. A. Creer. Sir George told the house that approximately 50 per cent of the surplus wheat crop had been disposed of by the grain board. He would not undertake to state the ultimate price the farmer would receive, because the sale of the remainder of the surplus would spread over several months.

On second reading of the bill to permit the temporary manufacture, importation and sale of oleomargarine, Donald Sutherland, J. H. Sinclair and other members renewed their objections, but Dr. Michael Clark, who defended it as a food, and as a free trader favored this importation. Finally, Frank Glass, Middlesex, moved the six months' hoist and after some further discussion, this was declared lost without a division.

In reply to Mr. Campbell, the minister of railways said that 425,000 ties were taken from the Hudson Bay railway during the years 1917 and 1918, and turned over to the Canadian National railways. Negotiations which will result in the acquisition by the government

Dominion Parliament (Continued from page 1.)

may extend the time prescribed by the Patent act for the filing of documents or payment of fees in connection with patents, if it is shown that the patentee was prevented from doing these things by reason of active service.

The bill was reported and given third reading.

Double representation of constituencies in the Dominion parliament will not be permissible in future if amendments to S. W. Jacobs' bill to change the House of Commons act agreed to by the privileges and elections committee are approved by parliament.

Mr. Jacobs' bill, as originally introduced, provided that a member elected for two seats must, within thirty days, make a choice as to the seat he proposes to represent.

The committee, on October 8, after considerable discussion, agreed to an amendment providing that no person shall be eligible for election to the house of commons in more than one electoral district at the same time. The further provision is made that if a man accepts nomination in two constituencies such nominations will be null and void. The law will apply to by-elections as well as to general election contests.

OPERATION WAS NOT NECESSARY

"Fruit-a-tives" Restored Her To Perfect Health

153 PAPINEAU AVE., MONTREAL. For three years, I suffered great pain in the lower part of my body, with swelling or bloating. I saw a specialist who said I must undergo an operation. I refused.

I heard about "Fruit-a-tives" so decided to try it.

The first box gave great relief; and I continued the treatment. Now my health is excellent—I am free of pain—and I give "Fruit-a-tives" my warmest thanks.

Mme. F. GAREAU. 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

of the Grand Trunk railway system were completed on October 10 and the details of the arbitration plan were placed before the parliament. This will give members of the house an opportunity to study them when parliament resumes on Tuesday after Thanksgiving holiday.

When the house met at three o'clock, Sir George Foster, the acting prime minister, was able to announce that legislation would be introduced. In the afternoon, the resolution embodying the terms of the agreement were made available and at the evening sitting Hon. Arthur Meighen read a mass of correspondence concerning the negotiations, setting forth the terms of the agreement as covered by the resolution presented and placed on the order paper of the house.

Payment for common and preference stock will be made by the issuing of new non-voting four per cent stock redeemable after 30 years, instead of acquiring 999-year lease. The debenture stock will be taken over and the Government being responsible for interest.

Foster's Weekly Weather Bulletin

WASHINGTON, D.C., Oct. 11. — Warm waves will reach Vancouver about Oct. 10, 14 and 19, and temperatures will rise on all the Pacific slope. They will cross crest of Rockies by close of 11, 15 and 20; plains sections 12, 16 and 21; meridian 90, great lakes, middle Gulf States, Ohio-nesses valleys 13, 17 and 22; eastern sections 14, 18 and 23, reaching vicinity of Newfoundland about Oct. 15, 19 and 24. Storm waves will follow about one day behind warm waves and cool waves about one day behind storm waves.

These storms will dominate the weather of this continent from near Oct. 10 to near Oct. 24. Temperatures will fluctuate, but while the season calls for a general trend downward of about 9 degrees, I expect the average trend to be upward more than 10 degrees from Oct. 9 to 21 and then a cold wave that will bring a great fall, causing frosts to threaten northern parts of the cotton belt.

The two principal storms of the month come within this 14-day weather period and they will largely increase the amount of precipitation which will continue to be in about the same sections as for the past three months. These principal storms of October will occur during the five days centering on Oct. 12 and 25 and last storm will probably develop two sets of storms, one, described above, the other a tropical storm which may develop into a hurricane.

These hurricanes are not well understood; they constitute one cause of the occasional failures of these forecasts. The hurricanes often destroy the transcontinental storms, turning a high temperature wave upside down and into a cold wave or blizzard. Mr. Glines, of Winnipeg, did more than any other man in furnishing means for solving these great weather problems, but he died before we reached the important question of tropical hurricanes. The transcontinental storms and the cropweather controlled by them have been solved. If the tropical hurricane was solved—and it can be—North America would be immediately benefited. Whoever provides for solving that problem will accomplish a great work for his or her race.

These storms will greatly benefit the principal Winter wheat sections, particularly where Winter grain is sown for pasture, but in the Spring wheat sections, north of the high ridges that run east and west, precipitation will continue short because the moisture must come from the Gulf of Mexico and will be precipitated on the south side of those ridges. Precipitation will continue to be heaviest in the cotton States and in the Arizona-New Mexico country.

OUR ORGANISED GRAIN GROWERS

Commendable Work Amongst Non-English Speaking People

An interesting visitor to the recent convention of Constituency executives, which was held in the city of Regina on September 17th and 18th, was Rev. A. M. Wick, of Kyleville, in the Kindersley federal constituency.

Rev. Mr. Wick is a Swedish clergyman, who, in addition to preaching the gospel on Sundays, is a busy farmer on the week-day, having taken up a homestead in this district during the year 1911. His is another case of finding the busy man to accept additional duties, as Mr. Wick was appointed a member of the constituency executive, and amidst his multifarious duties, found time to attend as a delegate to the recent convention. When he is not otherwise employed he is also the president of the local Grain Growers Local.

A Live Rural Wire

It was in no vain, boastful way that Mr. Wick related to a member of the Central office staff some of the work which is being done amongst his people along educational lines and in the interests of good Canadian citizenship and it is safe to say that when Canadian people as fully realise the important task, and forsooth, the really easy task, of making good Canadians out of foreign population and set about it in the same good earnest as is being done by Mr. Wick the foreign problem will cease to exist.

That Mr. Wick is something of a real, rural live wire is clearly established by the work which he has already accomplished. Last Grain Growers' Sunday he organized services in his district, which were so largely attended that the edifice was insufficient to accommodate the crowds who came from far and near to the doors. All the ministers of the district, irrespective of their denominational leanings, were invited to attend and participate in the services.

Caring For The Flock.

In addition to caring for his own people, however, Mr. Wick has the unique distinction of undertaking work, which probably no other minister in Canada has assumed. It is quite customary for English-speaking ministers to attempt to care for the spiritual welfare of the foreign population, but the cases are rare indeed, where ministers in charge of foreign churches are attempting to care for the spiritual welfare of the English-speaking population. But this is exactly what Mr. Wick is doing. As there are no other churches in that portion of the province, and as there are a number of English-speaking Protestants scattered throughout the Swedish colony, Mr. Wick conducts services in English for their benefit.

Interested in G.G.A.

As an illustration of the keen interest taken in that district by the Swedish people, in the work of the Grain Growers' Association, Mr. Wick informed the writer that there are five locals in that district, over which he has ministerial charge; viz: Clearwater, North Landing, Horse Butte, Whitebear and Nokota. During the month of August they put on a membership drive and formed a new Local, which is called Neosho Local, and as a result of the drive, it commenced with a membership of 95. At the

conclusion of the drive, which took place in the middle of the harvest, they all left their binders and hay-rakes in the middle of their fields and took a day off to celebrate the occasion.

To Form Co-operative Society.

As it is expected that the proposed C.N.R. extension from Eston to Dublance will be completed next summer, arrangements are being completed for erecting a Co-operative elevator and a Co-operative Store in that locality, which is known as the White Bear district, next spring. Canvassers are out already soliciting capital to the amount of \$50,000, which will include the above locals, to be formed into one big co-operative society.

Exploiting Foreign Vote.

Discussing politics in general, especially amongst his own people, Mr. Wick entered a heartfelt protest against the attempts made to exploit the foreign vote, for purely political purposes. "No attempt," declared Mr. Wick, "has been made by either of the old political parties to instruct the foreigners in Canadian institutions and ideals and the main instrument employed is the importation of intoxicating liquors around election times."

In this connection Mr. Wick paid a very high compliment to the educational work of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers Association as "the only organization in Canada which has undertaken the task of bringing the foreign people together and making good Canadian citizens of them."

Mr. Wick also made the interesting announcement that a movement is on foot for the establishment of a new Swedish paper, which is being started by the former editor of the one which is now being published in the city of Winnipeg. The latter was compelled to resign his position on account of his refusal to comply with the demands of certain capitalists who appear to have secured control, and who desire to dictate a policy which the organizer of the new venture declines to subscribe to.

CUNARD LINE BUYS "IMPERATOR"

Announcement has been made from the Cunard offices in New York that former Hamburg American liner Imperator had been acquired by the Cunard Steam Ship Company, Limited, under assignment from the British ministry of shipping and at the earliest practicable date would sail under the Cunard House flag from New York to England. It is probable that in due course, the Imperator will join the two famous Cunarders "Aquitania" and "Mauretania" in providing a weekly service from New York to Cherbourg and Southampton. It will be recalled that the Imperator, one of the largest ships in the world, was in Hamburg when

Grayson District ATTENTION! FARMERS! ATTENTION!
Don't Miss JOHN BANK'S Big AUCTION SALE
 on SATURDAY, OCTOBER 18th.
 C. H. Schulz, Auctioneer.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS
DAILY TRAIN SERVICE
 COMMENCING SUNDAY, OCTOBER 5th.
 BETWEEN
WINNIPEG — VANCOUVER and WINNIPEG — TORONTO

WEST BOUND		EAST BOUND
LEAVE REGINA—Daily	9.15 A.M.	LEAVE REGINA—Daily
ARRIVE VANCOUVER—Daily	7.00 P.M.	ARRIVE TORONTO—Daily
		4.30 P.M.

BEST IN EQUIPMENT Day Coaches Tourist and Standard Sleeping Cars. Observation Cars between Winnipeg and Toronto and between Edmonton and Vancouver

ENQUIRE ABOUT CHOICE OF ROUTE BETWEEN WINNIPEG and TORONTO

Local Agent will be glad to give you all information or write to Passenger Department, Saskatoon.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS
 "THE LINE OF TRANSPORTATION THAT BINDS AND BUILDS THE NATION"

ROYAL YEAST CAKES
 Royal Yeast has been the standard yeast in Canada for over 50 years, and it is a well known fact that bread made with Royal Yeast possesses a greater amount of nourishment than that made with any other.

the war broke out and stayed there until after the signing of the armistice. When she was assigned to the work of repatriating American troops. When she was launched, shortly before the beginning of hostilities, the Imperator received wide attention because of the luxurious nature of her appointments and her enormous size. She is 919 feet long, has a beam of 90 feet, is of 30,000 tons register, and 62,000 horse power. There are nine decks from the water line to the bridge and they contain a Pompeian bath and swimming pool, a complete Turkish bath establishment, a gymnasium, and a Lacerte restaurant and winter garden in addition to the usual public rooms. The Imperator is at present in dock in the Hudson river refitting before assuming her new role as a passenger ship. An announcement as to her sailing dates will shortly be issued by the Cunard Line.

DISASTROUS FLOOD IN SPAIN

MADRID, Spain. — Many casualties have resulted, it is feared, from the floods and from the excessive rains throughout the country, particularly in the city of Cartagena, the inhabitants of which spent a night of terror last night, owing to the inundation of the lower parts of the city. The town was in complete darkness, owing to the interruption of gas and electric light service. The inhabitants, who had taken refuge in the upper floors, crowded the windows and balconies, appealing for help. The mounted police did their utmost to rescue them, swimming their horses neck deep in water to rescue the terrified inhabitants, but were eventually obliged to abandon their efforts in consequence of the rising waters.

First reports gave twenty-two casualties in Cartagena, and it is feared that there have been many more victims, especially in the suburbs. Damage from the floods is widespread, particularly in the provinces of Valencia, Alicante and Murcia. Railroads are out of commission in many places. Traffic in Valencia, a town of almost 200,000 inhabitants, is stopped. Telegraph and telephones are down. No newspapers are published.