

LAUDED IN LONDON

For His Last Message to Congress President Cleveland

IS ECONOMICALLY FELICITATED

By the Most Influential Newspapers in London.

He Has Shown Courage—Harrison Should Hang His Head—His Blushes—No Spread Eagleism in It—Scrupulously Fair—A Strong Man With a Definite Policy.

London, Dec. 5.—The Pall Mall Gazette, commenting on President Cleveland's message, says: The President has shown that his courage has not been diminished by his inexperience in reference to Hawaii should cause ex-President Harrison to hang his head and hide his blushes. Referring to the tariff it says: In face of a deficit it is outrageous to cheapen tariffs. The St. James's Gazette says: Nothing could be less spread-eagle than the statement regarding Hawaii, which is scrupulously fair. The United States has learned in a most convincing manner the elementary lesson that if you do not buy from your neighbor he will not buy from you. We are inclined to believe that Cleveland's cabinet will not be wanting in their efforts to turn the President's brave words into deeds. The Globe says: The message is a courageous one, and shows that the President is a strong man with a definite policy, which he intends to carry out.

Great Jewellery Robbery. New York, Dec. 5.—A daring and successful burglary was committed in Lambert Bros' jewelry store, 968 Third avenue, early yesterday morning. The thieves escaped with about \$10,000 worth of sterling silverware, open glasses and other articles. The jewelry store is on the ground floor of a tenement house. The thieves broke open the door leading into the cellar under the jewelry store. There they began work with augers and bored eighteen holes in the floor above. They then knocked out an opening about a foot and a half square. Through this they crawled into the store immediately in front of the big safe at the rear end of the store. There is no clue to the robbers.

MEXICO'S REVOLUTION. Bloody Battle Fought—More Railways—Prairie Fires.

El Paso, Tex., Dec. 5.—Three revolutionists arrived today from Chihuahua. They report that between Santa Cruz and Encinas on Saturday a bloody pitched battle took place between the revolutionists and the federal forces, in which the latter came off victorious. They killed four regular officers and killed many others. They then captured the survivors who readily joined their ranks. Americans who come from the scene of the conflict say the whole country is disturbed and the present insurrection cannot be put down. They predict by the way it is spreading that Diaz will see the futility of attempting to quell it and restore peace, and will yield everything asked for by the rebels.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—The City conventions of both the Republican and Democratic parties for nominating a candidate to fill the vacancy in the office of mayor occasioned by the assassination of Carter H. Harrison are being held today. The Republican convention was called to order at the North Side Turner hall at noon. Much time was lost in the preliminaries. It is conceded that Acting Mayor George B. Swift will be nominated, although complimentary votes may be cast for other representative Republicans. The Democratic city convention was called to order at the second regiment armory hall, on the West Side, at 11 o'clock, with a full attendance of delegates, who had been selected at primaries held under the Crawford law. John P. Hopkins is the leading candidate, although he is bitterly antagonized by the element of the Democracy that was in accord with the late mayor and is opposed tooth and nail by the Democratic Times. He also has the enmity of that section of the Democracy with which Frank Lawler is in particular favor, owing to the belief that he had no little to do with the turning down of Lawler as the applicant for the postmastership by President Cleveland.

Death of Bishop Cower. Dr. Powel, the Roman Catholic bishop of St. Johns, died yesterday afternoon. He took a cold a few weeks ago and it developed into bronchitis. He was in his church on Saturday evening, and his death was not expected. The Roman Catholics sincerely mourn the deceased. Dr. Powel was 62 years of age, a native of Ireland, and took charge of the diocese here in 1870. Dr. Brennan, the new conductor bishop, is now absent on a confirmation tour; he will probably succeed to the diocese.

A Boy Hero of France. Another name is added to the list of boy heroes of the French wars by the death of a drummer boy at the siege of Maubeuge 100 years ago. The circumstances, overlooked at the time, were brought to light by modern historians of the French revolution. Strach, or Strach, as it is also spelt, was a drummer of 14 in the French Royal Swedish regiment. It was on Oct. 15, 1793. The army of the convention had undertaken to raise the siege of Maubeuge by the use of the French to get up to the first houses of the village. By this time the Austrians had discovered how they had been played with, and were in no humor to forgive the author of their defeat. Strach ran for his life, but too late. Surrounded in front of the church by Hun- garian Grenadiers he fell, having him- self shot down several of his assailants. A peasant hidden in a loft had witnessed the whole scene. Some years later in

the army he met Strach's brothers, who were aware that the drummer boy had been killed, but were ignorant of the circumstances of his death until the peasant told them. In 1897, in opening the ground in front of the church of Dour- lers, a boy's skeleton was found among the bodies of 7 Hungarian Grenadiers. Thus the peasant's story, which appeared impossible, was proved to be an authentic confirmation.

NEW BRUNSWICK'S GOVERNOR.

Judge Palmer's Name Mentioned—Le- blanc Escapes Gallows. Ottawa, Dec. 5.—It is reported here today that Judge Palmer, of the supreme court of New Brunswick, will be appointed to the lieutenant-governorship of New Brunswick. Judge Palmer is likely to be impeached next session. This would put him out of the way.

It is understood Sir John Thompson has prepared a report to the council recommending a commutation of the death sentence passed upon LeBlanc of Man- itoba for the murder of Wilson. Riley, who was charged with the murder in this case, and who was more guilty than LeBlanc, was acquitted of murder, but on the other charge got 15 years' imprisonment. The chief justice of Manitoba made a report to the minister of justice recommending commutation of the death sentence upon LeBlanc to one of imprisonment, and Sir John Thompson has concurred in this but the matter has not yet been laid before the cabinet. There is, however, not the least likelihood of any interference with Thompson's report in such a case, and therefore LeBlanc may be said to have escaped the gallows. Sir James Grant has been elected by acclamation.

New Zealand Politics.

New York, Dec. 4.—Advices from New Zealand say that the parliamentary campaign, which will come to a climax in the general elections of next week, has considerably increased in intensity during the past month. The election will be noteworthy from the fact that women will be able for the first time to vote in the colonies of Great Britain to exercise the right of suffrage.

By a bare majority of two votes the last legislative council conferred the franchise on the female sex, and as a result the general election of next week will be held under the new law, and the coming year will see a small portion of the British empire governed by ministers elected by the equal votes of the male and female population. It will be the first English experiment in the di- rection of universal suffrage, and as a result it will be watched with intense interest by the advocates of political equality the world over.

Although the government supported the measure on the face of the arguments, it opposed it in the lobbies, and used its influence among weak-kneed members to bring about its defeat, and consequently its passage was something in the nature of a governmental defeat. Efforts have been made to render the law inoperative, but they have proved ineffectual, and according to the advices already referred to the women of the colony will exercise their right for the first time and to their fullest extent a week hence.

Electing Harrison's Successor.

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Stoll's Home Burned.

Baltimore, Md., Dec. 4.—Collections were taken up in every Roman Catholic church in this archdiocese yesterday as a nucleus to the fund for the purchase of the house in Washington now occupied by Archbishop Setoli as a permanent home for the papal legation. A proclamation setting apart the collection of to- morrow for this purpose was issued by Cardinal Gibbons several weeks ago, and most of the fashionable churches as well as those in the poorer districts were endeavor to outdo each other in the size of their offerings. Similar collections will be taken up during the next two months in every archdiocese in the country, and if the total amount raised is in excess of the cost of the property the balance will be held in trust as a fund to be devoted strictly to improvements and repairs.

Drexel's Vast Estates.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—Transfers of property recorded during the past few days show that the late Anthony J. Drexel, the famous Philadelphia banker, philanthropist and part owner of the Public Ledger, was the owner of property in this city and across the Indiana line valued in the neighborhood of three quarters of a million. The Indiana and South Chicago Des Moines property comprises nearly 500 acres of land, while on the north shore, in the neighborhood of the Potter, Palmer and Archbishop Pechean man- sions the banker owned building lots estimated at \$300,000 on present valuation.

CALLED TO ARMS

Latest Advices From Troubled Hawaiian Islands

IS OF RATHER AN ALARMING NATURE

Two Regiments Ordered Under Arms at Short Notice.

Reserves to be Mobilized—Shore Leave of the Warship Crews is Stopped—Three Parties Contending for Power—Queen Liliuokalani is at Her Home in Honolulu.

Port Townsend, Dec. 5.—The American barkentine Klickitat, Captain R. D. Cutter, in the lumber carrying trade to the Sandwich Islands, arrived from Honolulu last night, bringing the latest advices, having sailed four days after the steamer Alameda. Two nights before the Klickitat sailed, on the 18th, two regiments were ordered under arms on account of rumors floating about of a possible attempt to be made to take the palace. The source of the rumor could not be learned although the queen was in the city at her home in Wash- ington Place at the time. Every possible precaution was taken, such as putting re- sistant call, and suspending all shore li- berty of the crews of the United States steamers Adams and Philadelphia. Not- withstanding, however, had occurred up to the sailing date, 18th of November. No concise expression of opinion was prob- able as the people are divided in their views and split into three parties: Those favoring annexation, those favoring restoration and the last wanting a United States protectorate with the queen on the throne.

The policy adopted at the time of the overthrow is being adhered to except by a few who were disappointed at not re- ceiving an office under the provisional government, and have now become fierce royalists.

Washington, Dec. 5.—Mr. Dolph, Re- publican, Oregon, addressed the Senate upon the part of the President's message relating to Hawaii. Beginning with an expression of surprise at the President's persistence in forcing upon the people a provisional government in defiance of the unanimous sentiment of press and people, Dolph said it would have been more satisfactory had the President been a lit- tle more explicit as to how the alleged wrong was to be undone. He felt just- ified in assuming that something more than moral suasion must be exercised in restoring the queen. He believed the course of the President's action had been inspired by a desire to discredit the action and policy of his predecessor.

The President asked Senator Dolph if he favored securing the Hawaiian Islands and holding them as a colony. Senator Dolph replied that it would come to that after a while, but he de- clared in favor of annexation of the islands, giving them a suitable govern- ment and exercising control over them. Possible interference with the queen's government would be so flagrant a violation of law and justice that even foreign governments would be justified in interfering to prevent it.

Probably Bound for Hawaii.

San Francisco, Dec. 5.—The U. S. re- venue cutter Corwin sailed at 2 o'clock this morning. Her destination is not made public, but it is believed she carries important dispatches from Washington to Minister Willis and Admiral Irwin at Honolulu.

ANARCHY'S HOLIDAY.

Trafalgar Square the Scene of Another Red Flag Demonstration.

London, Dec. 3.—Anarchy today bade defiance to the law, while the authorities made an imposing display of police. It had been known for some time that the anarchists intended to hold a meeting in Trafalgar square today. Sir Henry Asquith, home secretary, ordered Sir Ed- ward Bradford, chief commissioner of police, to prevent the meeting. The an- archists announced their intention to hold a meeting in spite of the authorities. They had upon several previous Sundays held meetings in Trafalgar square, and had been tolerated by the authorities on the ground that they were not dangerous, and that the mere fact of suppressing them would call undue at- tention to a class of people whose va- porings were only dangerous when directed to public notice by an attempt upon the part of the police to prevent them, but the attention of the house of commons was called to the fact that the anarchists at the last meeting in Trafalgar square openly advocated a policy of blood and dynamite, and held up for glorification the dynamite used at Barcelona, Marseilles and other places. The result was that the home secretary did not dare to allow any further rope to the reds of London, and the police this afternoon mustered a strong force about Trafalgar square, while reserves were stationed in Regent street, Waterloo place, Charing Cross road, Northumber- land avenue and on the embankment.

The anarchists began to muster about 3 o'clock. The display of force caused many thousands to flock to the neighbor- hood. Male and female anarchists mixed among the people assembled about the square and began hawking anarchist lit- erature, which found ready sale among the people. Copies of the Common Weal, the organ of the anarchists of London, found ready sale, its frontispiece being an illustration of Samson pulling down the pillars of church and state. It also contained an article headed "Bombs" in which the writer welcomed the Barcelona outrage as "a great and good act." An- archist and socialist manifestos were also distributed broadcast through the crowds. Gradually the number of an- archists and socialists was augmented until it gained courage enough to push toward the centre of the square. Finally a large and excited crowd of anarchists and socialists collected inside the square. The police compelled the gate to move on. This caused the anarchists to wave hats and hoot the police, while some of the spectators cheered and others hissed.

Drexel's Vast Estates.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—Transfers of property recorded during the past few days show that the late Anthony J. Drexel, the famous Philadelphia banker, philanthropist and part owner of the Public Ledger, was the owner of property in this city and across the Indiana line valued in the neighborhood of three quarters of a million. The Indiana and South Chicago Des Moines property comprises nearly 500 acres of land, while on the north shore, in the neighborhood of the Potter, Palmer and Archbishop Pechean man- sions the banker owned building lots estimated at \$300,000 on present valuation.

began a wild address to those who had rushed up to the steps with him, but the anarchist orator had hardly uttered his first sentence before a number of police- men charged up to the spot and disarmed the reds from the steps. The attempt of the anarchists to hold this meeting was followed by similar attempts, which re- sulted in some lively brushes with the police. During the dispersing of these an- archist groups a number of reds were pretty roughly handled by the policemen, who threw them from the steps. Event- ually the anarchists on the square be- came so demonstrative that a further de- tachment of fifty policemen was sent to the square.

Suddenly an anarchist rushed through the lines of the police, scaled a monument and began to address the crowd around him, but he had only uttered a few words when a policeman seized him and threw him bodily into the crowd. As the an- archist still tried to speak, he was seized by two policemen and hustled off to the station, followed by a shouting crowd. Shortly before 3.30 a further detachment of mounted police was summoned to Trafalgar square, and after drawing up in line charged the mob, scattering them in all directions, after which the south side of the square and the police on the square began to disperse the mob, who made but slight resistance. About 4.30 a large body of anarchists made a rush on Parliament street with the inten- tion of reaching Scotland Yard, the head- quarters of the police, and to have been left with only a small guard of police- men, but the superintendent of the di- vision policemen promptly dispatched a strong body of mounted and foot police to Scotland Yard, the horsemen reaching the point before the anarchists could get the assistance of police on foot. The mob was scattered after much scuffling. In other parts of Trafalgar square the police had their hands full keeping the secret of the police action. Additional police were sent for, and many charges down Northumberland avenue, past the Victoria hotel and Grand hotel. Mounted police also charged through Pall Mall, driving the anarchists before them. The police made a number of arrests, the prisoners being followed to the stations by angry and excited crowds of an- archists, who loudly cursed Home Secre- tary Henry Asquith.

DEATH OF TYNDALL.

The Famous Irish Savant Succumbs to a Severe Cold.

London, Dec. 4.—Prof. John Tyndall, LL.D., F.R.S., died to-night at his house, in Haslemere, county of Surrey. He had long been ailing, and recently his vitality had decreased steadily. His death was hastened by a severe cold. He was born about 1820, the village of Ledbury, Herefordshire, near Oxford, Ireland. His parents were in very humble circumstances, but gave him the best education in their power, and sent him to a school where he acquired a sound knowledge of mathe- matics. At the age of 19 he joined in the capacity of civil assistant a division of the ordnance survey which was sta- tioned in his native town. In 1844 he was engaged by a firm in Manchester, and for about three years was employ- ed in engineering operations in connection with railways.

The Famous Irish Savant Succumbs to a Severe Cold.

In 1848, having become acquainted with Dr. Frankland, resident chemist to Queenwood college, Hampshire, in which he had been to college, he was engaged to the University of Marburg, in Hesse Cassel, where they studied under Bunsen and other eminent professors. After- wards he prosecuted his researches in the laboratory of Magnus, Berzelius. In 1850 he was chosen professor of natural philosophy in the Royal Institution of Great Britain, succeeding Professor Faraday as superintendent. He joined Pro- fessor Huxley in a visit to the glaciers of Switzerland in 1856, returning there in 1857, 1858 and 1859, in which latter year he recommended his researches on radiant heat. He received numerous academic honors, and in 1872 went on a lecturing tour in the United States, in the course of which he delivered 37 lectures, which returned him \$23,100, which after paying expenses left a fund of over \$13,000. This before leaving Europe he placed in the hands of a committee, who were authorized to spend the interest "in aid of students who de- vote themselves to original research."

On the occasion of his receiving the honorary degree of D. C. L. from the University of Oxford, June 18, 1873, Dr. Huxley, Margaret professor of di- versity, presided against the speaker on the ground that Professor Tyndall had "signaled himself by writing against and denying the credibility of miracles and the efficacy of prayer, thus contravening the whole tenor of the book which, with its open page inscribed 'Dominus illuminatio mea,' the univer- sity still bears as her device, and there- fore still professes to acknowledge as her guide." The professor was a voluminous writer, some of his books and lectures having been resented as calculated to unsettle religious belief. Professor Tyndall married in 1876 Louisa Claud Ham- ilton, eldest daughter of Lord and Lady Claud Hamilton.

The French Government.

Paris, Dec. 4.—The declaration of policy of the new ministry, which will be read by Premier Casimir Perier in the chamber of deputies to-morrow, was ap- proved at a cabinet council held to- day. The declaration is said to be as emphatic as that of the Dupuy cabinet against an income tax, for revision of the constitu- tion and separation of church and state. A peaceful foreign policy will be per- sisted. The Gaulois says Casimir Perier is anxious that the public should know that he alone will be responsible for the ministry's declaration and that neither Casimir nor any of his colleagues will be held responsible. The declaration is said to be as emphatic as that of the Dupuy cabinet against an income tax, for revision of the constitu- tion and separation of church and state. A peaceful foreign policy will be per- sisted. The Gaulois says Casimir Perier is anxious that the public should know that he alone will be responsible for the ministry's declaration and that neither Casimir nor any of his colleagues will be held responsible.

Well-Made Grog.

New York, Dec. 6.—The steamer Amer- ican, Captain Voge, arrived this morn- ing from Rotterdam. The first officer reports sighting a sea serpent on Dec. 2. The serpent was apparently fully 100 feet long, and thrashed the water with its forked tail. Its color was darkish brown. It was in view only five min- utes.

Killed by Gas.

Warren, O., Dec. 4.—Late on Tuesday night two men, Saunders and Mahon, were in the Hitchcock mill, suddenly dropped dead as the result of inhaling gas from a blast furnace.

All Hands Perished.

Highland Light, Mass., Dec. 6.—At daylight this morning it was seen that the ship Jason had broken in two amid- ships. Her main and mizzen masts are gone. Her crew of 26 all were lost.

Settlement of the Strike.

Bethlehem, Pa., Dec. 6.—The Lehigh strike has been settled, and the corre- spondence between President Wilbur and the state board of arbitration, which set- tled the difficulty, has been published. The state board of arbitration, in a com- munication to President Wilbur, prom- ised to terminate the strike at once if the company agreed to take back any old men they could find places for, with- out prejudice, and divide the available time among those re-employed, so as to make no distinction in future promotions between those now employed in the ser- vice and those re-employed, and confirm

BLOOD MUST FLOW

The American Executive Now Recognizes the Fact

THAT HAWAIIANS WILL NOT SUBMIT

To Queen Liliuokalani's Rule With- out a Struggle.

Minister Willis in an Awkward Position—Fresh Instructions Have Been Sent Him by the Corwin—Only By Force Can Royalty be Restored in the Islands.

San Francisco, Dec. 6.—The Examin- er's Washington correspondent tele- graphs that he has succeeded in securing some "inside" information in reference to the administration's plans in dealing with Hawaiian question. The pur- pose of President Cleveland and Sec- retary Gresham now is not to attempt to restore the Queen by force, but to lay the entire matter before congress and secure the sanction of the legislative branch to any new move on the islands. Definite instructions have been sent Minister Willis not to take any decided action until further instructions are sent him. It seems certain that new instructions have been sent him to this effect by the Corwin. It is believed now that the president and secretary of state, from in- formation received from Willis, have de- cided that the queen cannot be restored without force, and that this course can- not be followed without the sanction of congress.

San Francisco, Dec. 6.—In its editorial comments on the Hawaiian situation this morning the Chronicle says: "All that we can see and judge is that Mr. Willis has found that he cannot carry out his orders, and that he is waiting for fur- ther instructions. But it was Mr. Cleve- land's duty to have told congress as much. To have communicated the nature, if not the text, of his instruc- tions, and for his neglect in this regard he should be called to account."

The call has to say: The suggestion was made some days ago that Minister Willis needs reeving. He spreads over too much space when he assumes that Grover Cleveland holds the fate of the islands in his hands. He forgets that Grover Cleveland is not a dictator, and he overlooks the fact that the islands, which was offered the govern- ment of the United States.

Evans and Sontag.

Fresno, Cal., Dec. 6.—Al. Witty, broth- er of George Witty, was not on the stand this morning and testified that when he approached Young's cabin he had no knowledge of Evans and Sontag being there. Burke was picking water melons when the firing began from the cabin. He saw Wilson and McGinnis fall and Evans and Sontag run out of the house. Evans shot at him and Burke. One shot struck Witty in the back and he fell in the arm. He went to the cabin half an hour afterwards and found Wilson and McGinnis dead.

The Lehigh Strike.

Jersey City, Dec. 6.—There is very lit- tle change in the situation in the Lehigh yards. The strikers are holding out and claim the chances of winning the strike are better than at any time since the strike began. Freight and passen- ger trains have been moved by the com- pany. Superintendent Donnelly, in the eastern division of the Lehigh road, said this morning the company is in the fight to win, and he added: "It is not true that we are employing green hands; our new men are competent railroad men and were strikers at one time themselves. They are employees of the Burlington, Reading and other roads, and lost their places by striking." No more attacks on freight trains have been reported. Easton, Pa., Dec. 6.—A dispatch re- ceived at the Lehigh railroad offices here this morning from ex-Manager Voorhees says the strike has been declared ended, but that it will still be in force in the existing conditions.

A Hotbed of Intrigue.

Berlin, Dec. 6.—There is increasing agitation against the Russian and other commercial treaties and against Chan- cellor von Capri personally. This anger the emperor. Should the chancellor resign office the emperor will not accept his resignation, preferring rather to dis- solve the Prussian landtag, which he con- sider to be a hotbed of intrigue.

President Dupuy.

Paris, Dec. 2.—In the chamber of de- puties to-day Dupuy was elected presi- dent. He received 251 votes; there were 213 for Brisson.

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the rules posted by Mr. Voorhees on August 7th last. In his answer Wilbur agreed to the propositions of the board of arbitration and promised to abide by them in case the strike was declared at an end.

A Suspected Infernal Machine.

London, Dec. 6.—Great dismay was caused this morning among some sher- iff's officers who had been sent to dis- train some furniture of a man named Schneider, living at Hampstead. The officers found a suspicious-looking trunk in Schneider's apartments. On opening it they discovered what they believed to be an infernal machine. It was taken to Bow street police station for examina- tion. Schneider recently arrived in this country from America. He has not yet been arrested. The authorities announce- ed after examination that the contrivance was harmless. The sensationalists tried to connect the unfortunate Schneider with the Irish dynamite party or the an- archists.

Chronicle Sued for Libel.

San Francisco, Dec. 6.—J. A. Scott and M. H. De Young to-day for \$100,000 for libel. He complains of a dis- patch from Sacramento published in the Chronicle of December 4th, 1892, in which he was represented as having swindled his wife and robbed an old wo- man. It was also stated that he was suspected of having murdered a young girl.

Heavy Opium Seizures.

San Francisco, Dec. 6.—Customs off- ices yesterday seized 150 five-tal boxes of opium shipped from Victoria to New York and re-shipped there in trunks to a Chinese firm. The boxes were unstamp- ed. The officials also seized 50 cases that came from Portland on the Oregon railroad and 20 five-tal boxes of opium. Thirteen thus addressed to another Chi- nese establishment were also confiscated. It is all of good quality. This opium was shipped from Port Townsend through Wells Fargo & Co., and was marked "cash." On it were government labels that had been "sweated" off other boxes.

American News.

San Francisco, Dec. 6.—James P. Dowling, a pioneer lumber dealer of this city, died last evening from morphine poisoning. It is supposed he took an overdose by mistake, as he is a man of means, and no reason is known why he should commit suicide.

New York, Dec. 6.—The Commercial Cable company, at its meeting yesterday, made arrangements to pay off in Jan- uary the \$400,000 bonds remaining out of the original \$3,000,000 bearing 6 per cent interest.

Washington, Dec. 6.—In the house to- day Mr. Grover offered a resolution giving the names of 1,800 Ohio pension- ers who had been dropped from the rolls, and asking for the reason and other in- formation from the secretary of the in- terior, Hon. Hoke Smith. In the senate Voorhees opened his pension campaign this morning.

New York, Dec. 6.—George Gould de- nies the story in the morning papers that he is being sued by Mrs. Nicholas for \$40,000. He says he never gave the woman a cheque. About a year ago he gave her money to enable her to get to Chicago. She did not go, and afterwards called several times, but he declined to see her.

Washington, Dec. 6.—A dispatch was received at the state department this morning from Minister Thompson an- nouncing the arrival of Mello's flagship, the Aquidatan, at the quarantine sta- tion, La Grande. The admiral's ap- pearance there indicates that he has re- considered his determination to give bat- tle to the American and Nicaraguan on the high seas.

New York, Dec. 6.—Stocks opened firm at 1-8 to 3-4 higher. Atchison was steeper at 19 1-4 to 19 3-8. American sugar was in demand at 88 3-4 to 88 7-8.

San Francisco, Dec. 6.—A bill of health was issued this morning to the United States steamer Ranger for Mexican and Central American ports. This disposes of the story published in a morning paper that the Ranger was going to Honolulu. Hazelton, Pa., Dec. 6.—Four miners who were hewn in by fire in the Crystal Ridge mine last night were rescued unhurt this morning. The fire is not burning furiously. The destruction of the mine seems inevitable.

San Francisco, Dec. 6.—Passengers by the steamer Walla Walla for Victoria are: J. Nichols and son, Captain L. A. E. White and wife, John D. Allen, Dr. W. Pinlayson.

Albany, N.Y., Dec. 6.—By the explosion of a calcium light tank in the People's Steamboat line office this morning three persons were fatally injured.

Newark, N.J., Dec. 6.—The will of ex-Mayor Henry J. Yates was offered for probate to-day. The property, which by a conservative estimate is worth between \$300,000 and \$400,000, is left to the widow in trust, and at her death to all seven of the grandchildren of deceased, of whom there are a dozen.

General Dispatches.

Dublin, Dec. 6.—Two arrests were made yesterday of men supposed to have been concerned in the recent dynamite outrage at Aldborough barracks.

Hong Kong, Dec. 6.—The C. P. R. company's steamship Empress of Japan arrived here this morning.

London, Dec. 4.—In response to a ques- tion asked in the House of Commons to- day by Thomas Sexton, anti-Parnellite member for South Kerry, William Wood- all, financial secretary of the war office, speaking in the absence of Mr. Morley, chief secretary for Ireland, said that the Irish constables had been instructed not to interfere, directly or indirectly, with the collection of funds for the benefit of evicted tenants.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Treasury officials refuse to either deny or affirm the re- port that the revenue cutter Corwin, now at San Francisco, has been ordered to prepare for a trip to Hawaii. The belief, however, is general that the Corwin will start for Honolulu with government mes- sages to Minister Willis by Wednesday next.

Rome, Dec. 4.—The following ministry has been formed: Zanardelli, premier and minister of the interior; Barateri, foreign affairs; Fortis, public works; San- marzano, war; Racoli, marine; Coccuri huslandry; Risoli, posts and telegraphs; Vaccelli, treasury; Callo, education. Bo- selli was offered finance, but has not yet decided. The minister of justice has not yet been selected. General Sanmar- zano had an interview with King Hun- bert and consented to accept the port- folio of war. It is expected the cabinet will be completed to-morrow and parlia- ment convoked December 7.