

CLEMENCEAU ADVOCATES 'BALANCE OF POWER' PRINCIPLE INSTEAD OF PLAN OUTLINED BY WILSON

French Chamber of Deputies Gives Vote of Confidence to the Premier, Who Does Not See Eye to Eye Yet With U. S.

WILL SUPPORT GREAT BRITAIN.
Paris, Dec. 30.—In addressing the Chamber of Deputies last night, Premier Clemenceau made it plain that it was his intention to support Great Britain in the peace negotiations on the question of the freedom of the seas, and he declared that his attitude in this matter was approved by President Wilson.

Paris, Sunday, Dec. 29.—Premier Clemenceau was given a vote of confidence 380 to 134 in the Chamber of Deputies today, after a stormy debate, during which the war aims of France were outlined by Stephen Pichon, foreign minister and his cabinet.

There was in an exceptionally

have given explanations whenever you have asked me. But it is not because Lloyd George has arrived from America. Mr. Wilson has arrived from America. I am obliged to explain myself and keep running to the speaker's rostrum.

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"Nothing of the sort," was the answer of the Chamber.

"Whether this Chamber gives me a vote of confidence or not I am ready to have a minute," he continued. "If you do not have a minute, I beg to show you the time to change your plot. If you cannot do it when I am under way, I will be back."

Reply to Chamber

Replying to charges made by Albert B. Brown, of the country nearest Germany, America was not taking her time to come into the war. She came at once at the call of Mr. Asquith. The British soldiers and men were moved down and our towns and villages were destroyed.

"Balance of Power"

"There is an old system of alliances called the balance of power. It seems to be broken down now, but before a balance had preceded the war. If England, the United States, France and Germany had attacked one of them attacked the whole world, the war would not have been so general. I think I am right. I do not renounce, will be my guiding thought at the peace conferences if you confidence is not given."

"I have been reproached with decei-

"The question of peace is terrible. It is a question which is one of the most difficult ever submitted to the nation at large. The only way to settle the preferences of delegates will meet at Paris which will settle the fate of nations in all parts of the world."

Mr. Premier Lloyd George has spoken, President Wilson has

U. S. Battleships
and Cruisers to

**UNEMPLOYMENT IN
BAVARIA CONTINUES**

Bring Home Troops
War Vessels Are Being Con-
verted to Transport
Barges

Washington, Dec. 30.—Fourteen battleships and ten cruisers have been assigned by the navy department to help bring American troops home from France. The work of altering the battleships to fit them for transport work is being rapidly completed, and several of them already are in service. All of the ten cruisers have been fitted up. And the navy department has announced that one had sailed from Boston with its first load of troops. Another one is expected to sail in a few days. The rest of the battleships and cruisers are reported to have left Brest with troops. The battleships assigned for this service are among the older on the navy list.

GERMAN 'MATERIAL' BEING SURRENDERED

Rifles, Cloth and Leather Are
Being Turned Over to
Americans.

Employed 2,180 men and 574 women during the week sought engagements as saleswomen and saleswomen in 34 jobs that were open.

The workers assert that they will leave the city for the country, where labor is needed. The ministry of the interior has ordered unusual agricultural projects to be carried out in order to provide work for returned troops.

The coal situation is steadily becoming worse. The imports of coal are small and insufficient. Coal mining is suffering for lack of labor. Since the war prisoners have gone.

Not a single ton of coal has come from Bohemia, which recently contracted to furnish 22,000 tons of brown coal monthly. The Saxon miners refuse to

Cologne, Dec. 27.—German war ma-

At Mauthausen, near Gelsen, American soldiers captured 100 German prisoners of war. Among the arms surrendered were 100,000 rifles, 20,000 of which were captured from the Allies. The heavy weapons included two gas guns manufactured in the last days of the war. Both guns were in first-class condition.

More than 200,000 yards of grey German uniform cloth has come into the hands of the Americans from the warehouses at Coblenz. It may be practicable to dye it and release it for use

Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 25; lowest, 19.

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STRIKING MINERS AND SOLDIERS CLASH

Parry Sound	12	Clear
Toronto	31	Snow
Kingston	24	Clouds
Ottawa	18	Cloudy
Montreal	6	Snow
Quebec	16	Fair
Hallifax	14	Cloudy
	18	Clear

Weather Notes.
Since Saturday morning an important disturbance passed northeastward across Nova Scotia, accompanied by gales and snow.
A pronounced area of high pressure with cold weather and snow, has come in from the west.

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