

CANADA WILL GIVE A MILLION BAGS OF FLOUR TO BRITAIN

Map of West Africa Will Change Before World-wide War is Over German Colonies Are Easy Prey

British Forces in Sierra Leone, Nigeria and Ashanti Will Co-operate With French and Give Teutonic Colonists a Warm Time.

With the news on Saturday that a British force has seized Port Loma and thus assured themselves of Togoland, the prophecy that in the event of war with Great Britain, Germany would lose her colonies in West and Southwest Africa appears to be on the eve of verification. Few people save those who have served there, have any idea of the vast amount of territory on the west coast of Africa over which the Union Jack flies. Naturally these possessions require a guardian force, and the force which does duty there is a very compact little army. Apart from the West Indian Regiment, which is stationed at Tower Hill Barracks, West Town, Sierra Leone, and the West African Regiment, which does duty in Sierra Leone, Protectorate, there is the West African Frontier Force, better known as the "Watts," which is spread over Northern and Southern Nigeria, Gambia and the Gold Coast.

This force, which is under the orders of the colonial office, consists of natives, led by white officers. During the past 10 or 15 years it has done a lot of excellent work and his figured in practically all the numerous little campaigns that have taken place. It now consists of artillery, mounted infantry and infantry under the command of Inspector-General C. M. Dobell, a former Welsh Fusilier officer, and a native of Quebec.

The officers under him have been seconded for service, and are drawn from practically every part of the British army. Of late years there has been no dearth of applicants for positions, in spite of the unattractiveness of the district, which for long was known as "The white man's grave." Things have not as bad now as they were 15 years ago, but the West Coast, particularly around Sierra Leone and the Gold Coast, is by no means a Riviera. Recognizing this, the authorities make the conditions of service as generous as possible. For every year of duty an officer obtains four months' clear leave at home. The pay is roughly about that paid to officers on home service, and as added inducement, there is always the chance of seeing active service.

The Nigeria regiment of infantry, which consists of four battalions, has regional headquarters at the following four points: Kano, Lagos, Calabar and Lagos. The mounted infantry battalion's headquarters is at Kano. There are two batteries of machine guns at Calabar, respectively. The Gold Coast regiment, which most likely figured in the attack on Togoland, has its regional headquarters at Kumasi. There is also a Sierra Leone battalion of the W.A.F.F. and a company stationed at Gambia. The accompanying photographs give some idea of the excellent harbor of Free Town, Sierra Leone. It is a naval coaling station and fairly well fortified.

The French own considerable territory bordering on Sierra Leone and the Gold Coast, their principal port being St. Louis, which is shown in the accompanying cut. This place is exceedingly well fortified and mined, and has a mole extending for some distance to the sea.

It is not unlikely that the British will organize expeditions and joining the French in the capture of the Kameruns and German Demara. In the latter case they could count on vigorous assistance from the Boers, who know this country well, and would have little difficulty in wresting it from their Teutonic neighbors. Moreover, it would give them what they need most—a seaboard. D.D.E.

BRITAIN AND FRANCE HAVE MADE PROTEST
Conversion of German Liners Into Armored Cruisers is Re-sented.
Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World.
LONDON, Aug. 9.—It is reported that Great Britain and France have protested against the conversion of the two German liners, New York and America, into armored cruisers, and that the United States Government has promised to take measures in case there is not an immediate adjustment.

CANADA'S GIFT OF OF MILLION BAGS OF FLOUR ACCEPTED BY BRITAIN

"We Can Never Forget Generosity and Promptitude of This Gift and Patriotism From Which It Springs," Says King George in Cable.

Special to The World.
OTTAWA, Ont. Aug. 9, 11:30 a.m.—The government offered one million bags of flour as a gift to the people of the United Kingdom to be placed at the disposal of the imperial government, and to be used for whatever purpose seemed best. The following reply has been received:
"On behalf of the people of the United Kingdom, His Majesty's government accepts with deep gratitude the splendid and welcome gift of flour from Canada, which will be of the greatest value for the relief of distress in this country. We can never forget the generosity and promptitude of this gift and the patriotism from which it springs."
The Canadian Government has since perfected arrangements for fulfilling their offer and shipment will begin in the immediate future.

The government contracted for the million bags of flour with the Western Canada Milling Company, the Ogilvie Company, Lake of the Woods Company and the Maple Leaf Milling Company. It is understood that the price was about \$2.80 per bag.

HOLLAND TO CARE FOR WOUNDED MEN GERMANS CAPTURE A LIEGE FORTRESS

Red Cross Makes Big Efforts to Cope With War on Frontiers.
Special to The Toronto World.
LONDON.—Special from Rotterdam, Aug. 9.—Holland is making unexampled Red Cross efforts to cope with the war sweeping along the frontier. Hospitals, with an aggregate of 1000 beds, have been established at Maastricht, Eindhoven, Groningen and Limburg, and a great fleet of motor cars, lent by citizens, are ready day and night to proceed to any point. Dutch Boy Scouts are doing magnificently organized work. At a conference today between Dutch, German and Belgian authorities, it was arranged that the ground should be abandoned by the Russians, and the Polish people are welcomed by the Germans. The German cruiser Goeben demolished the French transport bases in Bote and Phillipville. One of the modern strong fortresses in Liege is reported captured by the Germans after thirty-six hours of fighting.

GERMANY FORCED TO CHANGE PLANS ARMY'S ADVANCE INSPIRES FRANCE

Relief of Pressure on Belgium Expected After French Victory at Muhlhausen.
BRUSSELS (via London), Aug. 9.—News received from the front late tonight is very encouraging from the Belgian point of view. The third division force, which plays such an important part in the defence of Liege during the first three days of the German attack, has returned to the city after routing the enemy. News of the French victory and occupation of Muhlhausen was received with great enthusiasm here. It is considered of great importance, not only because of the loss of thirty thousand Germans, but it is believed that the French victory will force the Germans to change their whole plan of attack, relieving the pressure on Belgium.

INVADERS OF BELGIUM IN DIRE NEED OF FOOD

Germans Said to Have Made Inadequate Preparations for Provisioning Army.
Canadian Press Despatch.
PARIS, Aug. 9.—The invasion of lower Alsace by a French army under the command of General Joseph Joffre, the French commander-in-chief, has awakened great enthusiasm throughout France. The French authorities, while recognizing that the occupation of Aitkirch and Muhlhausen by the French troops is not of high strategic importance, are of the opinion that the successful advance of the French army far across the German frontier will have considerable moral effect.

TREASURE TAKEN FROM BIG LINER

Millions in Gold and Silver Put on Train at Bar Harbor.
Special to The Toronto World.
BAR HARBOR, Me., Aug. 9.—Ten million dollars in gold coin in kegs and three millions in silver in bars, weighing forty tons, left here in four steel express cars guarded by forty armed express messengers and detectives late today, and will reach New York early tomorrow morning. The treasure was taken from the Kronprinzessin Cecilie by the revenue cutter Androcoquin, and a detail of marines availed the guard while the steamer was transferred from the cutter to the wharf in boats from the big liner.

U.S. STEAMER RAMMED BUT NO ONE IS INJURED

Berkshire Patched Up After Collision—Carried Seven Hundred Passengers.
Special to The Toronto World.
NEW YORK, Aug. 9.—The steamer Berkshire of the Hudson Navigation Co., which was rammed by the German steamer Iroquois of the Manhattan, off Ardancy, on the Hudson, now has been repaired sufficiently to allow her to proceed at 10 o'clock tonight. The damage will amount to about \$10,000. It was almost a miracle that not one of the 700 passengers aboard, nearly all of whom were asleep, was injured.

FATHER MINEHAN'S ADVICE.

Rev. L. Minehan, St. Peter's R. C. Church, at last evening's service, advised his congregation to attend the meeting at the Y. M. C. A., College street, tomorrow evening, when the matter of a hospital ship will be discussed.

Dunning's

You will find the surroundings clean, bright and attractive. Enjoy our special: Broiled Niagara Whitefish with Chip Potatoes, Beef Potatoes with New Corn Fritters. Phone 27-31 West King street, 28 Melinda street.

LONDON WELCOMES MUHLHAUSEN'S FALL

Importance of Stronghold From Point of Strategy Recognized.
No Credence Attached to Story of Occupation by Germans.
Germans in Liege City
Forts Still Hold Out—German Press Agency at Rotterdam.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—Londoners today received the welcome tidings that the French had taken Muhlhausen, an important strategic stronghold in Alsace, with a German loss of killed and wounded amounting to 45,000. The French loss was 15,000. The victory is the first serious engagement with Germans and will have an immense moral effect through Germany as well as France. French artillery demonstrated its expected superiority over German tactics. By attacking Liege in the old-fashioned massed bodies, it placed them to a great disadvantage, the enemy showed great bravery.

Conflicting News of Liege.
News about Liege is conflicting. The Weekly Despatch publishes a map purporting to show the positions of the Germans all around Liege, while Rotterdam despatches confirm this, adding that Liege itself is in the hands of the Germans, while the forts are holding out. Germany is said at the same time to have established a press agency in Rotterdam, the nearest available point to get out colored news to the enemies' countries.

Official news from Liege says that a junction of French and Belgian armies was safely effected and the position of the defenders is hourly improving. Italy is again being threatened by German advances, but the reason why Austria has not declared war against England is, it is possible, to compel England to help Austria, but thus affording a pretext for enforcing Italy's obligations to her allies under the triple entente. But this World's patriotic front page repeat that the Italian Government would provoke civil war if it took up arms against England and France, but that, apart from this, the Italian Government has no intention of doing so. Except for the greater crowds on the streets, London is having as normal a Sunday as being placed in a position to disable her from repeating the performance.

SHIPPING BILL BEFORE SENATE

Hope Felt of Relieving Commercial Conditions—Other Important Business.
Special to The Toronto World.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 9.—The senate begins today with the so-called shipping bill, designed to admit foreign built ships to American registry, still pending before it. The Democratic leaders are anxious to dispose of this measure, which is looked upon as an emergency measure to relieve conditions in the shipping industry of the European war, and they have the support of a number of Republicans in this desire.

KITCHENER'S CALL NOBLY ANSWERED

Recruiting Officers Throat Britain Are Deluged With Applications.
Canadian Press Despatch.
LONDON, August 9.—Recruiting officers throughout the country are besieged by men desirous of joining the colors in response to the appeal of Earl Kitchener, secretary of state for war, in which he stated that 100,000 men were wanted immediately. The men are examined and those chosen sent to the training camps where they are taken in hand by sergeants. The streets of London have assumed the appearance of a military post since the appeal of the Prince of Wales for funds to relieve distress has received splendid response. The total received in London up to tonight was \$2,000,000. The Duke of Westminster subscribed \$75,000 and a large manufacturing firm \$125,000, according to committee reports. Many subscriptions are coming in from Americans. Queen Mother Alexandra has subscribed \$25,000 to the Red Cross fund.

FRENCH ATHLETES TAKE PLACE IN WAR

Carpentier, Champion Boxer, Attached to Aviation Section at St. Cyr.
Special to The Toronto World.
PARIS, Aug. 9.—Carpentier, the champion boxer, has volunteered for service and has been placed in the aviation section of the Saint Cyr. Col. Marchand, the hero of Fashoda, has been recalled to active service. Bolland and Regal, champion drivers at automobile races, are chauffeurs of Generalissimo Joffre. Duval Arnould, municipal councillor of Paris, has gone to the front with his five sons. Millard, former minister of war, is serving as a simple lieutenant.

CHOLERA INVADES AUSTRIAN CAMP

Servians Also Said to Suffer From Scourge—Austrians Alsace Bound.
Canadian Press Despatch.
ROME, via London, Aug. 9.—It is reported that cholera has broken out among both the Austrian and Servian troops. The German cruisers Goeben and Breslau, which they were forced to leave Messina, Sicily, are reported to have succeeded in passing through the Straits of Otranto into the Adriatic Sea. Forty-eight train loads of Austrian troops from the Tyrol arrived at Leopoldsdorfer in Baden, to the northwest of Basel, Switzerland. They were on their way to Alsace to assist the Germans.

SERVAINS TO TAKE OFFENSIVE IN WAR

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World.
ROME, Aug. 9.—Saturday morning official reports from Nish say that the Austrians have made seven attempts to cross the Danube and have been repulsed each time. The mobilization of the Servian army is now complete. The prince regent has appealed to the nations and this is taken as an indication that the army will take the offensive. No Austrian soldiers are now in Servian territory.

FALL OF WARSAW IS FALSE REPORT

No Credence Attached to Story of Occupation by Germans.
NO NEWS FROM RUSSIA
Only Trifling Skirmishes Reported From Berlin—Austria Wants Peace.

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World.
LONDON, Aug. 9.—No credence is attached here to the despatch via Washington, that the Germans have occupied Warsaw, as it would have been reported without delay from Berlin. There has been no news for days of any operations on the Russo-German frontier, except German accounts of unimportant skirmishes. There is today also a lull in the despatches from Liege, the position of the defending force there has been improved by a junction with French forces. The frenzied outpourings of the Kaiser are taken as a sure indication that he is maddened by the discredit which reverse suffered at the hands of the Belgians. The true facts are still undisclosed in Germany, according to the latest arrivals.

London, but for the presence of large number of Territorials and the absence of motor cars, is steadily resuming its normal aspect. The monetary difficulty has been removed, and war news is awaited with calm confidence. Austria Wants Peace.
An extraordinary situation exists between Great Britain and Austria. Austria is said to have declined to assist the German cruiser Goeben in the Mediterranean because she is not at war with England, while at the same time a despatch is published from Brindisi that an Austrian cruiser was chased into port half sinking after an encounter with three British torpedo boats. Despite a strong demand that the Austrian ambassador, Count Mensdorff, be handed his passports, he still remains, and it is rumored in diplomatic circles that he has been making further proposals within the past two days with a view to peace. But Germany will get no peace now from the triple entente and Belgium without paying a heavy penalty for her acts of brigandage and being placed in a position to disable her from repeating the performance.

Additional British Force.
PARIS.—Following the arrival of 22,000 British troops at Calais and Dunkirk, it became known today that an additional English force numbering 2000 men is on the way to join the Belgian and French operations against the Germans near Liege. Germans in Cul de Sac.
LONDON.—Following the fall of Liege, the city proper seems to have surrendered to prevent property damage, but the German force taking city, which detoured past now appears to be in a cul de sac, with Belgians in force to north. French reinforcements are moving south, and advancing English on west.

More German Losses.
ST. PETERSBURG.—It is officially stated that Germany has lost 100 men killed, wounded and prisoners in a day's fighting near Eydtkuhren, East Prussia. Viegrad Evacuated.
NISH, Servia.—The Austrian troops evacuated Viegrad, the capital of the Novipazar. The Servian troops immediately reoccupied the place. Foreigners Can Stay.
VIENNA.—Foreign residents in Austria will be allowed to stay in the empire to attend to business. They will not be expelled, but will be treated on equal terms with Austrians.

Forcing Italy's Hand.
ROME.—Germany and Austria have informed the British cabinet that in the stand of neutrality they will declare war, and Austria will invade Venetia and Lombardy. Rejoicing in Berlin.
BERLIN.—Following the fall of Liege spread with lightning rapidity through Berlin and created boundless enthusiasm. The emperor sent an aide-de-camp to announce the capture of the city to crowds that assembled outside the palace.

Another Victory.
LONDON.—A Daily Mail despatch from Brussels says: "It is persistently reported that the French scored a great victory over the Bavarian (German) army in Luxemburg." Accept Hospital Ship.
LONDON.—The admiralty has accepted the offer of the German steamer "Carnegie" as a hospital ship for the British navy.

No Communication.
LONDON.—Despatches from Brussels say that at noon Sunday communication with Liege was cut off. It was possible to communicate as far as Tongres, eleven miles to the northwest. Driven to Suicide.
NEW ORLEANS.—J. H. Kuckuk, a German, committed suicide as the result of the war early today, after writing a letter to his mother in Koenigsberg, Germany, that he could not return.

Fights at New Orleans.
NEW ORLEANS.—More than 100 fights have occurred in different parts of the city during the past week as the result of the war, men of all nations being mixed up. While none were seriously hurt, a number are in the hospital. Allies Have Joined.
BRUSSELS (via Paris, p.m.).—News that the French, Belgian and British troops had effected a junction across the lines of the German advance in Belgium caused great rejoicing here today. The crowds sang the national anthems of the three allies.

Holding Out at Seven.
BRUSSELS (via London, 7:30 p.m.).—At noon today the forts of Liege were still holding out. The German bombardment had become very intermittent, but it was believed, having run short of shells. 3000 Prisoners.
LONDON (6:28 p.m.).—A semi-official despatch from Berlin today says: "Liege is in our hands. Between 2000 and 4000 Belgian prisoners are en route to Germany."

"We Hold Fast."
AMSTERDAM (via London, 6:30 p.m.).—A semi-official message from Berlin says: "We hold fast. Liege is in our hands. The losses of the enemy were considerable. Our losses were not. The transport of 3000 to 4000 Belgian prisoners to Germany has already begun. We were faced at Liege by a quarter of the total Belgian army."

No Confirmation Yet.
LONDON (8:45 p.m.).—No confirmation of the report published in Berlin of the fall of Liege has been received in London, and nothing on the subject has reached London since the report was announced last night. The Belgian legation refuses to give the report any credence. Germans Are Concentrating.
BRUSSELS (via Paris, 2 p.m.).—The German advance, checked by the resistance of the Belgians at Liege, appeared today to have been entirely suspended. The Germans remained passive in their positions beyond the line of the Belgian forts. It was understood they were concentrating their forces.

Belgium Is Warned.
BRUSSELS.—The Derniers Heures, in a special edition issued today, says that Germany has telegraphed a warning to the effect that if Belgium persists in her present attitude towards Germany the outcome will prove disastrous to Belgium. First Colonial Contingent.
LONDON.—A despatch from Sydney, New South Wales, says that an expeditionary force is sailing from there immediately. The destination of the force is not given. Germans Advancing.
LONDON (7:35 p.m.).—The discrepancy between the Belgian and German reports on the situation at Liege is believed by military men here to be accounted for by the retreat of the Belgians, who, which had held the routes between the forts, and that the town of Liege has been taken by the Germans. The Germans continue to advance on a line between Huy and Louvain, leaving part of their army to besiege the Liege forts.

THE LATEST BULLETINS

Japs Want to Fight.
VANCOUVER, B. C.—The Vancouver News, a Japanese newspaper of Vancouver, has issued an extra calling on Japanese here either to go home and join their regiments or to form a regiment in Vancouver to fight under the direction of the government of Canada.

Rejoicing in London.

LONDON.—Capture of Muhlhausen, Alsace-Lorraine, by French confirmed. Great rejoicing here.

At Liege Again.

BRUSSELS.—Belgians have again entered Liege, according to advices from there dated midnight Saturday. Forts never have been out of their possession.

Buffalo Germans Increased.

BUFFALO, N.Y.—Twenty thousand assembled at the German National Alliance gathering and adopted resolutions condemning the anti-German coloring of the war news. A boycott of the newspapers was suggested.

Turned Austrians Back.

BUFFALO, N.Y.—Trains crossing the Niagara River from Canada were unusually delayed today by increased activities of the Canadian Immigration authorities. Several Austrians were turned back. An Austrian recruiting station across the river in Welland, Ont., has been raided.

G.T.R.'s Action Protested.

DETROIT, Mich.—It is stated that a protest against the alleged breach of the neutrality of the United States by the Grand Trunk Railway, which will carry Canada, was sent to President Wilson today by Dr. Emil Rosenberg, secretary of the Detroit "Solidarity" party.

Teachers Stranded.

STRAUBEN, N.Y.—A hundred school teachers from Central New York are bottled in France, Germany and England. These include the principal and Prof. A. C. Plick of Syracuse University. Prof. H. M. Williamson of Hobart College, besides many teachers at grade schools from Auburn, Oswego, Oneida and other places.

Appeal to Wilson.

STRAUBEN, N.Y.—Germans here believe the war unnecessary, and appeal to President Wilson to do all in his power to stop the conflict.

GERMAN CRUISER OFF GOLDEN GATE

Leipzig Understood to Be Preparing to Convey German Oil Tankers.
Canadian Press Despatch.
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 9.—The German cruiser Leipzig is reported by unofficial sources to be lying some distance off the Golden Gate for the purpose of conveying within safe distance of this port a number of oil tankers which are to intercept several British coal carriers presumably to replenish her supply of coal, which is said to be depleted.

Coincident with this report comes a new version of the German steamer Alexandria's dash early Friday to make San Francisco bay without interference from the Canadian cruiser Rainbow. According to this, the Alexandria for the greater part of her run up the southern Californian coast was conveyed by the Leipzig, which had left Mazatlan August 3. Holding a course barely four miles off the shore, the steamer, laden with a \$600,000 cargo, was followed at a distance of several miles by the cruiser, the fog aiding both.

When both were within a few miles of the Golden Gate it is said the Alexandria under full steam headed out for a pilot on the lightship, the Leipzig also making for the open, where she remained. The Alexandria arrived in port a few hours after the Rainbow, which after taking on the fifty tons of coal limited by the neutrality laws, sailed yesterday. At the time the Rainbow ran close to the coastwise steamer, Bear, of the San Francisco and Portland Steamship Company, Friday. The Alexandria was sighted and identified by both the German steamer and cruiser a few miles astern.

CONSTABLES TO GUARD MAIN LINE OF C. P. R.

NORTH BAY, Aug. 9.—North Bay's first experience of a contingent of fifty special constables arrived from Montreal under charge of Sergeant Bowley. The men will be placed along the C.P.R. line from this point to Port Arthur.