

of Commons as representative of the county of Roscommon since 1831. As a politician the O'Connor Don was an ardent and consistent Liberal; the moral and social advancement of Ireland was among his most fervent and perpetual aspirations; as a Roman Catholic, he was an advocate for a more generalised system of church endowment; as a philanthropist, he was solicitous for the removal of the more rigorous enactments from our criminal jurisprudence; as an Irishman, he was a Repealer. The O'Connor Don was regarded as the Chief of the ancient family of the O'Connors, as his title indicated.

JOHN WALTER, Esquire.—This individual, who has been chief proprietor of the Times newspaper since 1803, and who had the principal management of that mighty engine—for good and for evil—up to a late period, died on the 23rd ult. The European Times, in an obituary of this remarkable man mentions an old copy of the Times, published 55 years ago, which it describes as being about one-sixth part of the dimensions of the same paper as now published; and the amount of letter-press on the Times sheet of its present size is twelve times as much as it was then.

RAILROADS IN CANADA.—We have been prevented hitherto from noticing an able pamphlet by George R. Young, Esq., M.P.P., being a series of articles which appeared in the Nova Scotia on the project of connecting Halifax and Quebec by a railroad, with the ultimate design of uniting the Atlantic and the waters of Lake Huron. They are distinguished for great ability, clear, bold, and energetic, like every thing which springs from the American continent. Of the advantages of the scheme there can be no doubt; of its present practicability, especially as a woe of the funds is to come from Great Britain, we fear Mr. Young cannot be sanguine. Time, however, and the rapid progress of events, must bring about these and similar improvements. In the meantime the Canadians can labour on in entire confidence, developing their own resources,—with the full consciousness that as they now so they will reap, since whatever political changes may happen on this side, they have the royal word that England will ever protect them with the whole weight of her power.

THE ARMY.—The Military Gazette, by this Mail, announce the exchange of Capt. Barker, of the 6th, and Capt. Edmunds, of the 8th Regiments; and of Paymaster Wardell, of the 93rd, and Paymaster Blake, of the Royal Canadian Rifles, announced from the War Office, July 16; and on the 23rd, the promotion, in the Rifle Brigade, of Second Lieutenant Arthur De Vere, Viscountcy of St. Tyrwhitt, Baronet, who retires.—Chronicle.

THE GREAT BRITAIN steamship was so disastrously raised, on the 29th ult., says the Star. There is to leave the keel completely visible, and the workmen were busy engaged in repairing the bottom, the vessel being suspended in the air by means of the lever, the wedge, the screw, and the large boxes of sand. Great hopes are entertained that she will be immediately got off.

FRANCE.—The annual celebration of the revolution, which expelled the Bourbons and placed Louis Philippe on the throne, has been celebrated peaceably, and the King was well received by his volatile subjects. It is stated, however, that placards had been found affixed to the walls, a few days previously, as was the case previously to the revolution, mentioned, with words tantamount to the advertisement: "Wanted.—Men to sweep a court, and to clean two chambers." The police was on the alert and tore them down.

SUPPLY OF WATER FOR MARSEILLES.—The Marseilles journals give an account of an interesting fête which took place on the 5th July on the occasion of the arrival of the waters of the Durance on the territory of that town. This ceremony had attracted upwards of 15,000 persons from Marseilles and neighbourhood, and they were collected on the heights of St. Antoine. The history of the canal of the Durance is well known. Marseilles, situated at the foot of an amphitheatre, commanded by hills, is dreadfully afflicted with drought. A few fountains, and some wells alone furnish the water which it consumes. The effect of this privation may be conceived when it is borne in mind that the population averages about 150,000; the cleanliness of the streets and houses, the purity of the air, and the general health are affected by it. In consequence, to bring to Marseilles by the means of a canal the waters of the Durance has for ages been the great desire of the Marseilles people. The undertaking has already cost twenty-one millions, and nine more will be required to finish it.—Paris Paper.

ROME.—A conspiracy against the Papal Government has been discovered at Rome which was to have broken out on the 17th, the anniversary of the amnesty. Paid agents were to have created an alarm among the multitude assembled on the occasion, and to have thrown daggers at the feet of the soldiers, to induce a belief that it was intended to murder them. Fifty malefactors were to have been let loose from the prisons into the Piazza del Popolo, shortly before the fireworks, in order to occasion confusion. The popular chief Cicciacuocchio discovered the whole on the 15th. The people immediately demanded the suspension of the feast, and the Pope having ordered the immediate armament of the National Guard, upwards of 2000 of the most respectable citizens applied to the authorities for arms, and succeeded in maintaining public tranquillity. Cardinal Ferretti, the new Secretary of State, arrived at Rome on the 16th, and judged with his own eyes of the terror and indignation prevailing in the capital. The people received him with acclamation, and in the evening there was a general illumination. The first act of Cardinal Ferretti was to dismiss and exile Monsignor Grassellini, the Governor of Rome, allowing him only twenty-four hours to quit the city. M. Grassellini opposed no resistance, and instantly set out for Naples.

A number of persons, some of them high in rank, have been arrested, and several only just made their escape. Some cardinals, opposed to reform, are said to be implicated in the criminal enterprise which has, thus, timely been defeated.

ROME, JULY 8.—I went out last Sunday to witness an extraordinary scene—four thousand of the Roman rabble had come out on the invitation of "Cicero-whackio" to sit down in the open campagna at a monster picnic of pork-sausages and cheese. The object of this gathering (at which the Government winked) was to afford the man of the people an opportunity of haranguing his fellow-plebeians in favour of the Jews in the Ghetto. Pius wants to let them out, but a very strong prejudice against that liberal act lingers among the mob. Hence the Pope resorts to the instrumentality of the popular oracle. The result was a general cheer for the children of Israel. But the crowning absurdity was the uprising among the crowd of the American deputy-consul, a Mr. Clark, who keeps a boarding-house in the Corso, and who volunteered a long harangue to show how trade would not suffer by letting the Jews loose on the city, so far as in free and enlightened America no damage had arisen from

the non-existence of a Ghetto in New York! and concluded by a toast to the "stars and stripes," or, as he called them, *Le stelle e le righe di America*, about which rig the mob, being in a state of blessed ignorance, kept a dignified silence, and quietly went home.—Daily News.

GREECE.—A general election has taken place in this distracted country which, through violence, causing some effusion of blood, has resulted in the return of members nearly all belonging to Colotti's party.—Relations with Turkey are not restored to a friendly understanding. No suitable reparation having been offered by the Greek cabinet, the sultan has suspended commercial relations between Turkey and Greece.

PORTUGAL.—By the Iberia steamer we have accounts from Lisbon to the 19th and Oporto to the 21st ult. When the Iberia left Lisbon all was quiet. A squadron had sailed from the Tagus for Madeira and the Western Islands, consisting of the Sydon and Greyer steamers, the Amazon, 19, and Hermit brig, the French frigate Armada, and the Spanish frigate Villa da Biltina, with the intention of vindicating the sovereignty of the Queen in the foreign settlements of Portugal. Colonel Wylie has returned to England.—The political prisoners, including the Count das Antas, have all been set at liberty, without any of the obnoxious conditions which the arbitrary party sought to impose upon them. The country was tranquil after a fashion.

RUSSIA.—The Circassians have successfully defeated an attack made on the fortified village of Dengebil, by the Russians, led on by General Count Woronzow himself who has convinced himself that nothing but the force of artillery will drive the determined enemy from that fastness. A terrible combat is also said to have taken place on the 5th of June, between a division of the Russian army and the mountaineers, in which 5,000 fell on the field, and neither party claimed the victory.

SWITZERLAND.—The seven Roman Catholic Cantons, Lucerne, Uri, Schwytz, Unterwalden, Zug, Fribourg, and Valais, are now in open opposition against the remainder of the Swiss Confederation, and it is difficult to see how a collision can be avoided.

IRISH ASSOCIATION.—British commerce in these parts is acquiring growing importance. Mr. Brooke, whose influence is deservedly great, has received his commission as Consul General for the West-India, and the treaty recently concluded with the Sultan of Turkey is considered as most satisfactory.

NEW ZEALAND.—Halifax papers of the 11th inst. give the result of the late general election, which had terminated in favour of the Liberal and Reform party. From the *London Recorder* we learn that of 100 members of the late House, the general election has effected the removal of 21, as by retirement, and 15 by defeat in the contest. The list of defeated members of the former Assembly embraces 10 Tories and 5 Liberals.—*News Chronicle*.

PACIFIC ISLANDS.—A delegation with the petition from the inhabitants of the Island to the Imperial Government, praying that Her Majesty would not sanction the longer continuance of Sir H. V. Huntley in the government, were to leave for England on the 12th.

ONE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-TWO LIVES LOST.—The ship *Shannon*, Capt. Patten, from Liverpool, arrived here last evening, and reports that on Monday morning, 9th instant, in latitude 44° 25' longitude 98° 30', about 10 o'clock, during a dense fog, came in contact with a Swedish bark *Iluna*, from Hamburg, for New York, with two hundred and six passengers on board. Immediately after the collision, the *Shannon* lowered two boats, which with one from the bark, saved thirty-four persons. As the bark went down in thirty minutes after the collision, it was impossible to save any more. One hundred and seventy-two perished, among them Capt. Ernst Andreas Moberg, the commander of the bark.—*Boston Post*.

UPPER CANADA COLLEGE.—The annual Examinations for the Exhibitions at Upper Canada College took place last Saturday and Sunday. There were seven candidates, and the examinations proved highly creditable to all parties; those who did not succeed in gaining a prize, answered ably. The Classical portion of the examination was conducted by Mr. Wood, A. B., of King's College, and the Mathematical by Mr. Gwynne.

The successful competitors were as follows:—1st E. H. HURD, of Guelph; 2d W. C. PALMER, of Guelph; 3d A. M. WELLS, of Brockville; 4th F. FRELAND, of Toronto.

The two first were educated by the Rev. Arthur Palmer, of Guelph; the third by Mr. Wyndol, of Brockville, and the fourth at Upper Canada College. The correctness and impartiality of the examinations, which took place in presence of many of the most respectable and learned gentlemen of the city, are highly spoken of.

The annual Recitations and Distribution of Prizes took place on Wednesday 11th inst., in the great room at the College, which was absolutely crowded with spectators. Most of the recitations were delivered in good style. The Elocution prize was most justly awarded to Master Armour. The Governor-General's prize was awarded to Master George Palmer; this young gentleman took the first Exhibition in 1843.

The pleasure in the proceedings of the day was, however, sadly marred by an accident which happened the evening previous, to one of the College boys, named Bull. He was playing with one of his school-mates, and by some accident received a blow from a stick in his left eye which was injured severely. Immediate attention was given by Doctors O'Brien and Nicol, and we hope that the eye will not suffer to the extent that was apprehended.

UPPER CANADA COLLEGE. PRIZE LIST, 1847. I. His Excellency the Governor General's Prize, Palmer, G. A. II. The Classical, Barber, G. A. III. The Mathematical, Evans, G. M. IV. The French, Freer, C. V. The English, Armour, J. VI. The Hebrew, Evans, G. M. VII. The German, Palmer, G. VIII. The Hon. J. H. Cameron's Prize, Next Year.

THE PRINCIPAL'S PRIZES. Head Monitor, Palmer, G. GOOD CONDUCT. I. Evans, G. M. 2. Cameron, A. FOR THE GREATEST AMOUNT OF VOLUNTARY EXTRA WORK. I. Grier, J. G. 2. Palmer, G. [The above is cut from the Kingston News; it is followed up by a long list of prizes awarded in the different forms.]

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE NEAR GUELPH.—A Fire was discovered this morning, about three o'clock, in the Flouring Mill belonging to Drs. Clarke & Orton, situated on the north side of the Town of Guelph, on the River Speed. As soon as the alarm was given, the inhabitants of all ranks hastened to the spot, and every effort was made to put an end to the conflagration, but in vain—nothing was left but a portion of the walls of this extensive and valuable building. *Galt Recorder*.—This conflagration being attributed to incendiaries, a meeting of the inhabitants was held, at which a subscription was entered into, to the amount of £250, to be offered as a reward for the apprehension of the perpetrators of the crime.

THE MONTREAL RACES.—It will be seen from our account of the races, yesterday, that Lord Mark Galt got a severe fall at the first hurdle in riding his own horse *Mormon*. His Lordship was in an insensible condition when he was taken from the Course; but he revived a little afterwards, and he was well enough to be taken home in the course of the afternoon. We learn, however, that his condition was still considered somewhat dangerous.—*Herald*. The patient was recovering, according to the last advices.

MONTREAL.—Emigrant Hospital, Point St. Charles, last Friday: Number of sick, 1319 Deaths, during the last twenty-four hours, 33

GRASSE ISLE.—Tuesday's *Mercury* states the number in hospital on Sunday last, 2048, Deaths during the week 355.

Dr. Verran has been sent up, very ill of fever. Dr. Wallace has had a relapse, and is now as bad as ever. Dr. Dumas is complaining. Dr. McGrath has returned to town, unwell, but not with fever. He is better, and is able to go about. Dr. Dickenson has resumed his duty.

Three vessels, arrived at the station, with 1236 passengers, had 279 sick, and 112 deaths.

AN EXPLOSIVE TIMBER was detected on Friday of last week, in an attempt at robbery in the Albion Hotel; his apprehension was followed up by search at his residence and that of others connected with him, which has led to the discovery of a variety of articles, including some of those which were abstracted from the English Cathedral, some time ago.—The Rev. Mr. Mackin's gown among the rest, transformed into an article of dress for a lady. The article's name is Samuel Lomon, for some time engaged at various hotels and on board the *John Brown* steamer.

HEALTH OF THE CITY.—We learn from Tuesday's *Mercury*, that on Tuesday last the Inspector reported 181 fevers.

Most of yesterday's Gazette has the following paragraph:—We are sorry to see that discord, the usual result in this country of a number of persons being called in to set for the public, prevails in the Health Committees and Corporations both at Quebec and Montreal.

Tuesday's *Mercury* enters somewhat more largely into the state of things, in an article from which we cut the following:—

"As matters now are, we conceive the Board of Health to be entitled to the support of their fellow citizens in opposition to the City Council; a body by whom they have been most inconsiderately trifled with, and who have finally ended by a virtual expression of repudiation. Indeed their resignation is in a manner sought for."

The practical result of the state of things to which these paragraphs refer is, that this city has no Hospital, to this day, for the reception of its Fever Patients.

WEEKLY RETURN OF SICK IN THE MARINE & EMIGRANT HOSPITAL Quebec, from August 15 to August 21, 1847. Descrip. Remin. Sick. To. Dis. Died. Re- maining. Men 591 181 712 123 43 571 Women 245 61 309 37 31 271 Children 45 32 77 15 19 44 Total 881 274 1128 175 97 856

THE WEATHER, which we had to report unfavourable, in our last number, changed on Sunday last, and has been beautiful since that time; the hay has been housed, and early grain crops are coming in.

SHIPPING NEWS. Arrived, among others: Big Glance, Gales, Liverpool, Gillespie & Co. general cargo. Schr. Tadousac, Bernier, St. George's Bay, (N.B.) H. J. Noad & Co., fish. Indian Queen, Borneir, Halifax, for Montreal, general cargo. Ship St. Andrew, Lorb, Liverpool, Tibbits & Co. general cargo.—2nd voyage. Brig Naïad, Davies, Cardiff, for Montreal, with rail road iron. Schr. Independence, Blais, Miramichi, grind stones, 23 pas.

PASSENGER VESSELS. Ayshire, From Newry 321 passengers Larch, Stgo 440 " Ganges, Liverpool 393 " Saguenay, Cork 417 " Napiarima, Dublin 229 " Chieflain, Liverpool 4cabin Chieflain, Limerick 92 " Emma, Liverpool 4cabin Agenor, Liverpool 4cabin

BIRTHS. On Monday last, 23rd instant, Mrs. H. S. Scott, of a daughter. In Montreal, on the 16th inst., Mrs. J. H. DALEY, of a son.

DIED. On the 16th instant, at his residence, in Montreal, ANDREW MACMURDOX, Esquire, formerly of the Honourable Hudson's Bay Company Establishments. On the 19th instant, at Wigginton Lodge, Scarborough, after a short illness, the Rev. CHARLES WINSTANLEY, A. M., aged 68 years. At William Henry, County of Richelieu, on the 5th instant, Dr. ROMUALD STRECHER, formerly a Captain in Watteville's Regiment, after a long sickness contracted in the exercise of his profession. In London, on the 2nd inst., aged 70, Charles F. FULVOYE, Esq., father of George Fulvoye, Esq., formerly of this city.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE. THE next mail for ENGLAND (via Boston) will be closed at the Quebec Post-office, on SATURDAY the 28th August.—PAID letters will be received to THREE o'clock; and unpaid to FOUR o'clock, afternoon. Post-office, Quebec, 16th August, 1847.

QUEBEC MARKETS. Corrected by the Clerks of the Markets up to Tuesday, the 24th Aug., 1847. Beef, per lb. 0 4 a 0 6 Mutton, per lb. 0 3 a 0 6 Ditto, per quarter 2 3 a 3 9 Lamb, per quarter 1 6 a 4 0 Potatoes, per bushel 0 4 a 0 5 Maple Sugar, per lb. 2 0 a 2 6 Hay per hundred bundles 25 0 a 35 0 Straw ditto 17 0 a 22 6 Fire-wood per cord 10 0 a 12 6 Cheese per lb. 0 4 a 0 5 Butter, fresh, per lb. 1 0 a 1 3 Ditto, salt, in tins, per lb. 0 8 a 0 10 Veal, per lb. 0 5 a 0 6 Do., per quarter 1 6 a 5 0 Pork, per lb. 0 6 a 0 7 Eggs, per dozen 0 10 a 1 0

WANTED, A GOVERNESS, capable of teaching English, French, Music and Drawing; she must be an elderly lady and a Protestant. For further particulars address Letter Box No. 25, Post-Office, Quebec, 23d August, 1847.

MACKEREL, HERRINGS, &c. For Sale at the Subscriber's Stores: 100 BARRELS MACKEREL, 200 do. Herrings. ALSO—500 Boxes Stockdale's Superior Liverpool Soap. J. W. LEAYCRAFT. 26th August, 1847.

WANTED FREIGHT FOR NEW YORK—UNITED STATES. THE fine fast sailing American Bark POMONA, of 377 tons—now daily expected to arrive at this Port from Bremen—will take any Freight offering and have prompt despatch.—Apply to J. W. LEAYCRAFT. Quebec, 4th August, 1847.

FOR SALE. 3 CASES MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, ex Robert & Isabella, from Hamburg. C. & W. WURTELE, St. Paul Street. 25th July, 1847.

RECEIVING FOR SALE. BEST and Common English BAR IRON, Tin and Canada Plates, Boiler Plates, Sheathing and Boaziers' Copper, Camp Ovens, Bake Pans, and Sugar Kettles, Sheet Lead and Patent Shot, Blister and Cast Steel, Smith's Bellows and Anvils, Spades and Shovels, Chain Cables and Anchors. C. & W. WURTELE, St. Paul Street. 10th June, 1847.

FOR SALE. A PIANO FORTE. Apply to C. & W. WURTELE, St. Paul Street. 5th July, 1847.

BAZAAR. A BAZAAR will be held, (D. V.) on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, the 5th and 6th of SEPTEMBER next, at 1 o'clock A. M., by the Ladies of the Protestant Episcopal Church, on the heights of Pointe Levis, for the purpose of aiding in the erection of a NEW CHURCH in that place. The following Ladies have been appointed a managing Committee, by whom contributions will be thankfully received. Such as are kindly disposed to assist, are requested to send their contributions not later than the 26th of August, with the price affixed to each article. Admission 1s. 3d., children under 12 years, half price. Mrs. H. N. PATTON, Mrs. D'ARCY, Mrs. TIBBETS, Miss M. CHAPMAN, Mrs. JENKINS, Miss MACKENZIE, Mrs. ROBERTS, Mrs. TORRANCE. Quebec, 5th July, 1847.

NOTICE. THE BRITANNIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY having reduced their rate of Premiums, the subscriber is prepared to receive proposals according to the new scale. R. PENISTON, Agent. India Wharf, October, 1846.

COALS! COALS!! FOR SALE—NEWCASTLE AND SUNDERLAND GRATE and d: s: NUT COALS. Apply to H. H. PORTER, No. 36, St. Paul Street. Quebec, June, 21st 1847.

Mutual Life Assurance. SCOTTISH AMICABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. HEAD OFFICE, 11, BUCHANAN-STREET, GLASGOW. THE Constitution and Regulations of this Society insure to its Members the full benefits which can be derived from such sums as they are willing to devote to the important duty of LIFE INSURANCE. The whole profits are secured to the Policy holders by the Mutual System on which the Society is established, and their allocation to the Members is made on fair, simple and popular principles. It is provided by the Rules, that the whole Directors, Ordinary and Extraordinary, shall be Members of the Society, by holding Policies of Insurance for Life with it, of more than three years' standing. This rule secures to the Public that those Noblemen and Gentlemen who appear as Directors of the Society, have practically approved of its principles. For further particulars, with tables of Premiums, apply to R. M. HARRISON, Agent for Canada. Quebec, August, 1845.

FOR SALE, EX MARY & ANN, HENRIETTE, ROCKSHIRE AND CORSAIR. 100 (3 Gall.) Demijohns. Window Glass, assorted sizes. Galvanized Sheet-Iron. Sheet-Zinc, Tin and Canada Plates. Best and Common Bar Iron. Boiler Plates. Chain Cables and Anchors. ALSO—25,000 best Fire Bricks. C. & W. WURTELE, St. Paul Street. Quebec, 19th August, 1847.

THE EPISCOPAL RECORDER. THIS is a weekly Periodical, published in Philadelphia; and edited by a Clergyman of the Episcopal Church; it has been twenty-four years in circulation, during which period its columns have zealously, and faithfully, advocated evangelical truth in connection with Episcopal church government; it has been one of the first periodicals found in array against the Tractarian Heresy. Clergymen and the lovers of truth in general will find in it a valuable acquisition to their store of literature. Terms, 15s. per annum exclusive of postage, or 12s. 6d. if paid in advance. Applications addressed to the undersigned, at the B. & C. School, post paid, will receive immediate attention. E. AHERN, Agent. Quebec, August 11th, 1847.

FOR SALE, EX CORSAIR. THIRTY BASKETS BEST ENGLISH CHEESE. C. & W. WURTELE. Quebec, 19th Aug. 1847. St. Paul Street.

SUPERIOR CHOCOLATE. THE subscriber has received and will constantly have on hand Clark's celebrated Chocolate, comprising—Sweet Milk, flavoured with Vanilla, Ditto " plain, Ditto " in sticks for Children. M. G. MOUNTAIN, No. 69, St. John Street. Quebec, 12th August, 1847.

CHOICE WINES. THE Subscriber having completed his spring importation of Wines, now offers for sale at his vaults, 500 dozen choice WINES, comprising—Sparkling Hock and Champagne, Blandys and Blackbourn's Madeira, Gold and Brown Sherry, Hunt's Prime Port, Companhia do, Claret of various brands. ALSO—London and Dublin Porter, in qts. and pts., Alloa and Burton Ale, Pine's Pale and Coloured Brandy, Real Islay Whisky. And constantly on hand: Penner's clarified Cider—in wood and bottle. M. G. MOUNTAIN, No. 69, St. John Street. Quebec, 12th August, 1847.

CLAYED SUGAR. A SUPERIOR article for Preserves. For Sale by M. G. MOUNTAIN, No. 69, St. John Street. Quebec, 12th August, 1847.

REED & MEAKINS, Cabinet Makers, ST. DENIS STREET, MONTREAL.

A BUILDING LOT FOR SALE, IN ST. JOACHIM STREET, ST. JOHN'S SUZANNE. Inquire of the Rev. C. L. F. HANSEL, No. 15, Stanislaus Street.

PRESERVED OYSTERS. A SMALL lot in Bottles, just received from New York. ALSO—A small lot of fresh FIGS, for sale by M. G. MOUNTAIN, No. 69, St. John Street. Quebec, 12th August, 1847.

YARMOUTH BLOATERS. FEW kegs of the above excellent and rare Fish just received, and for Sale, apply to M. G. MOUNTAIN, No. 69, St. John Street. AND—Daily expected, a supply of SMOKED SALMON. 12th August, 1847.

FOR SALE. O LIVE Oil in Pipes and Quarters. WELCH & DAVIES. Quebec, 24th June, 1847.

NOW LANDING, FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS. WHITE LEAD, Genuine Nos. 1, 2, 3, Dry, Red and White Lead, Red and Yellow Ochre, assorted dry colours, Rose Pink, Chrome Yellow, Turkey Umber, Letharge, and Vandyke Brown, Paints in Oil, assorted colours, Black Lead, Putty and Window Glass. C. & W. WURTELE, St. Paul Street. 3rd June, 1847.

FOR SALE. THAT pleasantly situated House in St. Anne Street, at present occupied by Mr. BOURG—with a spacious Yard, Stabling and Out-houses. Apply to ARCHD. CAMPBELL, N. P., St. Peter Street. Quebec, 27th January, 1847.

FOR SALE. A SERIES OF FAMILY PRAYERS FOR TWO WEEKS, selected from various approved manuals, by the Rev. CHARLES BANCROFT, M. A., Minister of St. Thomas' Church, Montreal. Price 7jd. April 23th, 1846.