

upon which I operated, I think it was the right side, there was little or no difficulty in separating the sac from the cord. Then I simply tied up the sac as high as possible. The second case was somewhat different. In this case I used the Holstead operation. I found in this case the sac was closely adhering to the cord, and without a very great deal of tearing I was unable to separate it. I cut down on the sac at each side of the cord and left the portion of the wall adhering to the cord; in this case stitching up the upper portion of the sac as far as possible, closing the whole canal by means of tape. For five days the child did remarkably well. At the end of that time suddenly the temperature went up to 102 or 103. Considerable swelling took place over the wound. I immediately opened it up, removed the stitches and drained. The temperature dropped, and a good result has obtained.

**Case of Tetanus.**—Dr. THISTLE reported a case of Tetanus with the following history:—B. T——, aged 8; sent into Victoria Hospital by Dr. Wilson, October 31st. Illness began October 26th, when he complained at tea-time that the bread was too thick and that he had difficulty in opening his mouth. There was some contraction of the muscles of the jaw on attempting to open the mouth widely. That night he was restless and complained of pain in shoulders and stomach, increased on movement.

October 27th.—Better, but still had painful muscular contractions.

October 28th.—About the same, but pains rather more severe and lasting longer.

October 30th.—Was worse, and the family physician was called in and the following condition found: Temperature, 100°; pulse, 120; respiration, 24. Examination excited intense general spasm, tonic in character. Opisthotonos complete and trismus. During the spasm he could not separate his jaws to the slightest degree.

October 31st.—Seen with Dr. Wilson. Condition about as previous day, but somewhat modified, as chloral had been given. During examination a small black puncture was discovered in right heel. The mother stated that on October 12th he complained that his boot hurt him, and on examining the heel the puncture was discovered, and also a projecting nail on the heel of the boot standing up  $\frac{3}{8}$  of an inch. Wound poulticed and probed, but no pus found. At time of examination it was quite healed. In the hospital he was put upon chloral and bromide of potash in full doses, and the wound was excised. We endeavored to secure some Tetanus Antitoxin, sending to Pasteur Institute, New York, to Johns Hopkins, Baltimore, and to McGill, Montreal, but without success.

November 1st.—Temperature, 99 $\frac{1}{2}$ ; pulse, 126; respiration 32.