

gomery, Associate Professor of Dermatology and Venereal Diseases in Rush Medical College, Chicago. Seventh and revised edition. In one octavo volume of 938 pages, with 107 engravings and 35 plates in colours and monochrome. Cloth \$4.50, *net*; leather, \$5.50. *net*. Lea Brothers & Co., Philadelphia and New York, 1904.

This standard work on diseases of the skin has undergone complete revision, and is thoroughly up to date. Due prominence is given to every fact of importance that the fruitful fields of recent investigation have yielded, while mere theorizations receive critical discussions, the authoritativeness of which is attested by the prominence of the writers.

The sections devoted to radio-therapy and to photo-therapy are unusually full and contain all needful details for the successful application of these forms of treatment, the indications for their employment being elaborated under the various diseases for which their use is to be recommended.

The most advanced discoveries in the etiology of such disease as scarlatina, variola, pyroplasmiasis, blastomycosis, etc., are mentioned and subjected to critical scrutiny, and a new chapter on the general pathology of the skin has been added, to keep pace with the progress that has lately been made in this direction.

F. W. C.

Simon's Physiological Chemistry. A Text-Book of Physiological Chemistry. For Students and Practitioners of Medicine. By Charles E. Simon, M.D., late Resident Physician Johns Hopkins Hospital; author of Simon's Clinical Diagnosis, etc. New (2d) edition. Revised and enlarged. Octavo, 500 pages. Cloth, \$3.25, *net*. Lea Brothers & Co., Publishers, Philadelphia and New York.

Dr. Simon has here treated Physiological Chemistry in a manner adapting his work to the wants of the medical student, and of the physician, who has previously been unable to devote to the subject the attention which it merits. It deals with foods, their origin, classes and decomposition products, their digestion, reabsorption and excretion, the chemistry of the tissues and organs of the body, the substances resulting from their activity and their relation to physiological function. The early call for a new edition has enabled the author to include the results of the very active research in this field to date. The chapters on the Albumins Nitrogenous Katabolism and Gastric and Tryptic Digestion have