

est relief. Symptoms: she experiences great difficulty in making water, the calls to void urine being frequent, and the quantity small, its passage being attended by a scalding sensation, with much pain referable to the region of the bladder. There is a constant discharge of mucus, *streaked with blood*, amounting to, perhaps, a pint daily. This seems to be passed off independently of the urine. The patient supposes this discharge to be the "whites," for which she has been treated. Being permitted, I introduced the sound but found no evidence of the existence of calculi. On examining the urine, I found it extremely offensive to the smell, of a pale greenish colour and somewhat albuminous. At first I supposed it to be loaded with pus corpuscles, but subsequently discovered this peculiarity of appearance and odour to be due to an excessive deposit of the phosphate. My prognosis of this case was somewhat unfavourable; indeed, from the very anxious appearance of the patient and the duration of the disease, particularly as no previous local treatment had been directed to the bladder, I felt somewhat uncertain as to the result. After communicating my apprehensions relative to the result of the disease to the patient, who was a very intelligent woman, she expressed a strong desire that I should assume the treatment of the case, promising strict attention and faithful obedience in following all directions I might be inclined to give.

Treatment.—I directed the patient to take a sponge bath of salt and water every morning, and the skin to be rubbed dry with a coarse towel afterwards. The diet to be plain and nutritious, carefully avoiding an improper use of condiments and stimulating articles of diet to which she was somewhat addicted. I advised a wineglassful of good port wine at dinner, and just before retiring for the night. With the following:

R	Tr. Cinchona-Comp.	̄ iij.
	" Buchu	̄ iij.
	Aquæ ad.	̄ xij M.

of which she was to take a tablespoonful an hour before each meal. A suppository of three grains of opium rubbed up with castile soap was used every night. Having procured a double catheter with a syringe adapted for its use, I injected a solution of Arg Nit. (2 grs. to the oz.) very cautiously into the bladder every second day. This procedure being at first accompanied with much pain, I was loth to continue it, but after several injections had been made it was much better tolerated.

Aug. 30th. Finding that no perceptible benefit had been derived from the foregoing treatment, I have in consequence ordered:

R	Quina Sulph.	grs. xij.
	Tr. Ferri Murias.	3 ij.
	Aqua.	̄ xij M.