The Garden.

ESSENTIALS TO A GOOD GARDEN.

not expect to get good results from poor not expect to get good tesults from poor or even fairly fertile soil. No, it must be very fertile. Garden crops generally are planted closer than field crops, hace it takes a greater amount of available fertility. A good garden is a pleasure as well as a profit. To have a good garden, uside from the fertile soil which is indispensable, one must have seed and a good grip our the hee handles or gorden plow. "Tillage is manure" a ever truer than when it comes 20 casing the garden truck. So we have the three things needful, good soil soil soil soil soil soil soil and good cultivation.

One should be liberal in every respect in the garden. Liberal with manure, liberal with seed, with work and with the soil, that is, make the garden largenough. Lean to liberality in everything but growing weeds, and here there should be no quarter given, but let every weed perish miserably and in its youth. This entails work and lots of it. Ye, mere than your wife can do and attend to the chickens milk the or even fairly fertile soil. No, it must

of it. Yes, more than your wife can do and attend to the chickens, milk the cows and do the housework for you and your chidnen and a possible hirst man. He liberal, Fend the garden yourself.—[A. N. Springer, Tipton Co. Ind.

WORK AMONG HOTBEDS.

It will often be necessary to cover the such with straw, mats, light manure, etc, on cold and frosty nights. Remove the covering when weather permits at about 9 a m or as soon as the sun rests. upon the glass, as every effort should in made to give the plants all the sun-

Is made to give the plants all the sunlight possible, as its rays are vivifying
1 a degree beyond the amount of its
heat, it having a chemical and physiclogical effect beyond explanation.

Even dult light is better than no light,
consequently it is a had plan to esser
the sash with mass except for direct
purpose of keeping out cold. Give a
little air about to m, cut off the air
in the afternoon as soon as it becomes
the least chills, then if necessary cover
with most, etc. about sunset to retain heat. Care should be taken to
keep cold winds from blowing in upon
the plants when such are removed to Respected winds from blowing in upon the plants when such are removed to admit air. Great care should be taken in watering botheds. Do not give too much water, for if this be done the seed is apt to become seggy and sour. Suc-cess depends upon bottom heat from the manure, too heat from the sun-water from daily application and air at midday. With ut plenty of air the other requisites will be fruitless. All seedlings should be transplanted to other hollests, odd frames or interme-diate beds when 2 in high.

A LITTLE KNOWN VEGETABLE.

Salsify is easily grown, may be entitvated without trouble, and is easily stored for winter use. The seeds are stored for winter use sometimes planted with a drill, but on the ends it is rather difficult to obtain an even distribution in this way, unless they are very thoroughly cleaned. They may be planted thickly, to be thinned later on, or the seeds may be thinned later on, or the seeds may be place. The soil should be rich, but with well-rotted manure worked deep and thoroughly. Upon the perfect condition of the seed deepends the straightness and smoothness of the roots, there being a tendency to branch where fresh manure is applied. The plants should be cut, it is and as paranily are. They are very hardy, are not affected by frost and may be left in the ground all winter without harm. But to have the roots reads for use they should be dug in the fall and a cred away in seed or sand where the temperature is lon. If expected to the air the roots become shrived and taxteless and are without value. Although the consumption is limited, pieces are high and remanerative and the amount grown is increasing. Whether or not it should be grown extensively in a question that the demand for the regulater will set the few are for earlies will set be manuffer its requisition of family use in cvery regetable garden.

The varieties Long White and Sandwich Island byte been letted by the Kan caper ata. There was little account of being so sharply curved at the ends it is rather difficult to obtain

difference in the total yield, Bandwich Island being ahead, but the roots of Sandwich Island had fewer interals and It goes without saying that a garden the yield was very nearly a pound to soil should be very fertile and one need the fout of row.

TRANSPLANTING THE CABBAGE.

Cabbage is one of the market gardener's best paying crops and should have good attention. A gross feeder you can scarcely make the soil too rich. It luxuniates in plenty of good coarse ma-nure. In In, we usually sow seed for

nure. In In, we usually sow seed for the early crop in hotbeds during late February or early. March, and when plants are 3 in high transplant to cold framer, and then set in the field in April as soon as the ground is in good working condition.

No danger from frost need, be feared, as the cabbage plant, if properly hardened up in cold frames, will stand any frost likely to occur. If not properly hardened up when set and there is danger of frost, cover plants with earth by locing soil over them, which is better than covering with any other mater than covering with any other ma-terial. If weather continues cold and dry, no damage will occur to the plants dry, no damage will occur to the plants for 3 or 4 days. Henderson's Improved Jersey Wakefield is as good an early variety for this locality as we have tried. Early Winningstadt is a good second early. Premium Flat Dutch for late is one of our best keepers.—[W. S. Foltz, Museraline Co. In. ultz. Muscatine Co. In.

A Labor Saving Dibber—Take a stick, a, 412 ft long, about 112 in in diameter for a handle and fix an iron point on one

Cut a groove square across the handle about 1 ft from the pointed end, & & in deep. I in wide, and make a small hole in center of groove. Take another stick, c. 3 ft long. % in thick and 1 in wide and make holes in it, same size as make holes in it, same size as the one in handle, at 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 24, 25 and 30 in from one end. Fasten to handle with a small bolt

end. Fasten to handle with a small hold lig in long using a small light with a small hold light with a small hold same distance from end of stick that plants are to be apart. When using the libber, have ground marked out with rows proper distance apart. Take diliber and point the measuring stick ahead directly with the row. Make first hole by pushing point of handle into the ground, and notice where end of stick is, make next hole at this place. Now reverse diliber, having stick pointed back of way you are walking, put end at last hole made, nucle next, and so on. Holes can be made nearly as fast as one can walk, and will be enabled to do the work without the usual fastigue experienced when using the ordinary diliber.—IJ. G. Allshouse, Armstrong Co. Pa.

Succession in Sweet Corn-For early, Succession in Sweet Corn—For early, Cory is very hardy. Qualcy Market follows in a few days and is a log cropper of large and sweet ears, Potter's Excelsion and Original Crosby are good sorts to follow Quincy Market. Country Gentleman, a very thin-kerneled and sweet variety, comes next. Then follows Stowell's Evergreen and Exception to wind up the season.—[J. J. H. Gregory, Mass.

A recised estimate of the wooded area of the U.S. is that II per cent of the country is in the woods

In other to introduce their Low M tills Wide Then, the Engage M impant, Quiter, III, have these upon Parmer's Handry Wagon that is only M first with 22 and 30 both wheels with and reld led only \$21.50.



RES RHEUMATISM

A Simple Remedy That You May Try Without Spending a Cent---Cured Many Cases of 30 and 40 Years' Standing.

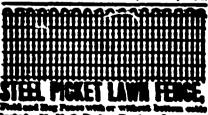


A2 Years of Age. Entirely Cured of Rhe olism After Havior Saftred 42 Years

If you have rheumatism, write to me and will success of a harm between the contact at that juckage of a harm less remedy, which cured me and thousands of others, among them cases of over 30 years stands there, among them cases of over 30 years stands the contact and in ender that every suffering reader may learn about it. I will glolly send them a Trial Tackage free. Many a cintressing case of themsatism, among them some which defied the other physicians consider. I fatal. Her. C. Bund of limitation are the contact and include a successfully cared in Benjam, bid., it cared a successfully cared in Benjam, bid., it cared a holy who then cared the contact and includes making the cared by the contact and the successfully cared in Benjam, bid., it cared a holy who then cared the contact and the successfully cared in Benjam, bid., it cared a holy who then cared the contact and the successfully cared in Benjam, bud., it cared a holy who then care defined by the contact and the successfully cared in Benjam, bud. It cared a holy who then care defined by the contact and the successfully cared in Benjam, bud. It cared a holy who then care defined by the cared by the contact and the successfully cared and other physicians consider. I fatal. Her. C. Bund of the successful that the promote a successful to the cared in the cared a late of the cared and the cared and







CENTURY

DUBABLE CEMENT





