

former requires chemistry, physics and practical chemistry; the second general anatomy and physiology, general surgery and pathology, dental anatomy and physiology, dental pathology and surgery, and practical dental surgery. The written examinations comprise general dentistry and physiology, general pathology and surgery, dental anatomy and physiology, and dental pathology and surgery. The practical examination embraces the treatment of dental caries, the mechanical and surgical treatment of irregularities. There is also an oral. I do not pretend to specialize the minutiae of the subjects. The most thorough requirements are exacted as to regular attendance on lectures, clinics, hospitals, etc. In addition to the Royal College of Dental Surgeons we have three other examining bodies—the Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh, the Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons of Glasgow, and the Royal College of Surgeons of Ireland. Instruction in dentistry is given in London at the Dental Hospital of London and London School of Dental Surgery, the National Dental Hospital and College, Guy's Hospital Dental School, while at ten other hospitals special provision is made for the general surgical practice and lectures required for the dental diplomas. Manchester, Liverpool, Birmingham, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Devon and Exeter, Sheffield, etc., provide all necessary theoretical and practical instruction. Provision is also made for additional medical qualifications such as M.R.C.S. Eng., L.R.C.P. Lond., etc. It is only necessary to look over the *personnel* of the staffs of all these schools to realize that the selections have been discreetly made.

Our meeting in Dublin this year was pleasant and profitable. Dr. R. Theodore Stack, the indefatigable President, who has devoted over twenty years of his professional life to advance the position of the dentist, paid a very graceful tribute to Mr. Corbett and Mr. Moore, who have practiced for over sixty years in Dublin. I was much pleased with his remarks about Mr. Jas. Smith Turner, of London, of whom he said, "I believe we all feel that the man now living who has done most for our cause is Mr. Turner."

As the social element is a national characteristic of all British societies, I wish to quote some of the remarks at the annual dinner, which was held in the dining hall of Trinity College—Dr. Stack in the chair.

The toast of the "British Dental Association" was proposed by Dr. Lombe Atthill. "You are all well aware of the great achievements which medicine and surgery have made during the Victorian era, and I am satisfied that while other branches of medical science have advanced, perhaps the greatest advance of all has been made by dental surgery. It has not only advanced, but there has been a revolution." "The Dental Act, imperfect as it is, was a