Hampton.

The weather is very dry, crops suffering badly. Very little rain has fallen the last month.

Reuben Chute is home from sea, after a year's absence.

Charles B. Mitchell is home from Massachusetts.

Mina Templeman is home from Lynn, Mass.

Lucy Brinton is visiting her parents and friends.

Miss Hardwick, of Annapolis, was visiting friends here last week.

Mrs. Herbert Burke and children, of Keene, N. H., are visiting friends here.

Our teacher, Mr. Dunn, and wife have returned home, so our young hopefuls are free to roam.

Flashlight Division is still to the front. On Saturday evening last three were initiated, after which the doors were opened to the public. The officers for the quarter were installed as follows: Laura Foster, W. P.; Luella Chute, W. A.; Arthur Foster, R. S.; Edith Mitchell, A. R. S.; E. B. Foster, F. S.; Fidelia Foster, Treas.; Robert Chute, Chap.; Anna Mitchell, Con.; Clara Simms, A. Con.; Vernon Dunn, I. S.; William Foster, O. S. The audience was then entertained with readings, recitations and vocal music.

Mt. Hanley.

C. K. Morse, from Williamston, occupied our pulpit last Sunday.

Mrs. Harry Chute from Bridgetown was the guest of her parents, a few days last week. Mr. Chute was also here on Sunday.

Our teachers have returned to their homes for their vacation—Miss Lila Balsor, Miss Bessie G. Miller, and Miss Lillian G. Brown.

Mrs. Francis Miller and Grandson Frank, were the guests of her sister, Mrs. Angeline Banks at Mt. Rose, on Sunday last.

Mrs. W. Phillips and daughter Grace, from Lynn, Mass. are at present the guests of Mrs. P's brother, Maitland Brown, for a few weeks.

Mrs. W. Balsor, and son Joseph, and daughter Reta from Port Lorne, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Balsor last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Balsor and family, from Port George, were the guests of Mrs. B's parents a few days ago.

Several of our farmers have already begun haying.

Mr. David Sinclair returned to his home last week, in Belleville, Ont.

Mrs. Margeson, from Williamston, was the guest of her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Emma Margeson for a few days last week.

Mrs. McKenzie and two daughters, from Mass, were also visiting Mrs. Margeson for a few days last week.

Springfield.

Holidays!

Miss Annie Layte returned to Boston on Saturday last.

Miss Annie Roop and Miss Lottie Grimm attended the provincial examination at Middleton.

Messrs. Sidney and Allister Conrad and sister Mary, of New Germany, spent Sunday the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Grimm.

Miss Emma Fletcher, of Boston, is spending her vacation at the home of her mother, Mrs. S. Fletcher.

Miss May Shupe, of Middleton, spent Sunday at Mr. J. C. Grimm's.

Mr. Arthur Richardson, of U. S. is spending the summer in this place.

Miss E. Beals and Miss L. Beale, of Inglisville, spent Sunday the guests of Mrs. Joseph Bent.

Miss Anna Langille is visiting friends at La Have.

Mr. Joseph Freeman was in Queens county on the 7th, 8th and 9th.

Mrs. J. Crouse and son Allister were at Bridgetown during a part of last week.

E. S. Mason and mother, Mrs. W. A. Mason, spent Sunday at Kingston Village.

Port Lorne.

Mr. P. R. Bentley, of the firm of Fred Bentley & Co., of Middleton, is here selling goods at Beardsley's store for two weeks. He is accompanied by his wife.

Miss H. Rosamond Morse, of Lawrencetown, has been a guest at the parsonage during the past week.

Miss Carrie Brinton returned to Halifax on Saturday, accompanied by her aunt, Mrs. John Graves.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Witham, of Clarence, were guests of Mrs. Ernest Reagh one day last week.

Mr. H. N. Stronach and cousin, Mr. Charles Ray, of Margaretville, were in the village on Sunday.

Capt. Joshua Brinton is very ill.

Miss Dessie Hudson, of Phinney Cove, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Alice Neaves.

Two picnics were held here last week; the first of the season.

Services Sunday, 15th, by Rev. Coldwell: Hampton, 10:30; St. Croix, 2 30; Port Lorne, 7.30.

Four pupils from our school attended the examinations at Bridgetown last week.

Lawrencetown.

Services for Sunday July, 15: Baptist, 11 a. m., Rev. L. D. Morse; Episcopal, 3 p. m. Rev. Amor; Methodist, 11 a. m. Rev. Astbury.

Rev. Higgins preached in the Baptist church last Sabbath.

Misses Lou Miller and Nellie Morse, spent Sunday at Malvern Square.

Mrs. Sandford, Bridgetown, and daughter Miss Blanche, are visiting Mrs. J. Hall.

Mr. J. A. Clark has returned home, after a few months in the U. S.

Miss Rose Morse, is visiting at Port Lorne for a few weeks.

Dr. J. B. Hall, of Truro, is home for the vacation, he was accompanied by Principal Calkin of the Normal School.

A Missionary Memorial under the auspices of the W. M. A. Society, will be held in the Baptist church here on Sunday, at 2 p. m. Rev. L. D. and Mrs. Morse will be among the speakers.

Arlington.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace, were the guests of Mrs. W's mother, Mrs. Wallace Marshall, last Sunday.

Mrs. Jane Johnson is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. Banks, and other friends.

Our Sunday school is well attended by the young people.

Mrs. Alford Marshall, spent Sunday with her mother-in-law, Mrs. B. Marshall.

Mr. Curtis Foster and family, spent Sunday with Mrs. W. A. Marshall.

Mr. W. A. Marshall is building a very fine residence for Stanley Marshall, at Clarence.

Mr. Joseph E. Marshall is confined to his home, having serious trouble with an abscess on his hand.

Mr. Brinton Marshall is in poor health.

Belleisle.

Mrs. Herbert Sanction and little son, of Oldtown, Me., are visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. O. H. Troop.

Miss Fannie B. Bent and Miss Florence Sawyer, of Lynn, Mass., spent last week with Miss B.'s parents, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Bent.

The ladies of the Church of St. Mary (Anglican) intend holding an ice cream social at the new hall on Thursday evening, 12th inst.

Last Sunday was the hottest day of the season to date. Mercury stood 102°—quick.

Hillsburn.

We have had beautiful fine weather of late and crops are looking fairly well.

The lobster fishing season just closed, proved more remunerative this year than last.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Clark are enjoying a visit from their son Wm. and his wife, and their daughter, Mrs. Maynard, of Lynn, Mass.

Mr. Harry Anthony, who has been teaching school here, closed his term on Friday last. Mr. Anthony had the good will of his pupils, and leaves us with best wishes for his future success.

Delaps Cove.

Elder J. A. Woodworth and family, of Scot's Bay, are visiting here for a short while.

Elder I. N. Archibald, late of California, came here last week and remained over Sunday, holding several meetings.

Mr. Stillman Purdy and son, of Clementsport, set up a forge here a few days ago to do the heavy iron work for the schooner repairing at the cove. She is fast nearing completion.

Not Sold Out.

Referring to the rumors in circulation that the Yarmouth Steamship Company had sold their steamers to the Dominion Atlantic Railway Co., we have it from the best authority that the former company have not sold out to the D. A. Ry., or any other company. The Y. S. S. Co. will run their steamers four trips per week, as per advertisement in this issue. 15 4i

THE CHINESE SITUATION.

Foreigners in Pekin May Still Be Alive.

London, July 9, 2.45 a. m.—The foreign Consuls at Shanghai met on July 7 and officially announced that the Legations at Pekin were safe on July 14. The foregoing statement, read with Consul Warren's despatch to the foreign office on Saturday makes it possible to believe that the Legations will hold out for a number of days yet.

Having fought to a standstill, the first outburst of fanatical fury, it is believed that something may intervene to save them. The news, after the sinister rumors of the last ten days is enough upon which to build up hopes.

Tien Tsin is still hard pressed. A Chinese force numbering from 80,000 to 100,000 men, as estimated by inconclusive reconnaissances floods the country about Tien Tsin. Communications between which place and Taku is apparently possible by river only.

A Che Foo despatch to the *Express* says the Russians have landed 8,000 men at Taku and the Japanese have discharged several transports. The Japanese pushed on to Tien Tsin leading in the subsequent assault upon the native city, in which their commander was killed. Ten more transports are engaged at Japanese ports. With the 10,000 British India troops afloat and fresh Japanese contingents is is quite probable that the allies will have 80,000 men ashore.

The disorders in the province appear to be increasing in violence. A Chinese army is within forty miles of New Chwang and the foreigners are preparing to abandon their homes. The southern part of the Province is swept by raiders, destroying all works of the white man, except in spots garrisoned by Russians. Proclamations have been posted in all villages near Che Foo calling upon the local Chinese to rise and expel the foreigners for introducing among the pious Chinese an immoral religion. Every good buddhist is expected to kneel three hours daily, knock his head upon the floor thrice, and pray earnestly that sudden, cruel death may overtake all aliens.

The foreign settlement at Che Foo is at the mercy of two Chinese forts equipped with Krupp guns, which commands two sides of the city. Six warships, including the United States gunboat Nashville, are constantly cleared for action.

The provisional Government at Pekin appears to have designs upon the Southern Provinces. Besides having ordered Kwan Sei Kai to advance upon Nankin, which Kwan Shi Kai says he will not do, Prince Tuan has sent an army along the route of the Grand Canal.

Nankin is on the south bank of a river nearly a mile wide. The British cruisers Hermione and Diquel will assist in repelling attempts to cross. Six Chinese cruisers are there and 17,000 troops are at the disposal of Viceroy Liu Kunyi. The forts mount 34 high power modern guns. The foreigners in Shanghai are becoming uneasy. Everything depends, they say, on Viceroy Liu Kunyi.

Refugees from Tien Tsin arriving at Shanghai say that only five civilian foreigners were killed during the long Chinese bombardment. The foreign women became so indifferent that they walked through the streets unheeding the shells. Most of the civilians were deported to Taku thence to be conveyed to Shanghai.

The courier mentioned in Consul Warren's despatch gives a strange picture, says the *Daily Mail's* Shanghai correspondent of how life jostles in Pekin. Business apparently goes on as usual. The shops and theatres are open and the streets are full of people.

No Imperial troops except those of Gen. Tung Fuh Siang took part in the fighting. The *Courier* even asserts positively that provisions are being supplied to the legations, but by whom he does not say. The Boxers and General Tung Fuk Siang do not get along well. The Boxers assert that they do all the fighting and the latter all the looting and nothing else.

Gen. Kwan Thi Kai, Governor of Shan Tung, a correspondent of the *Daily Mail* avers, predicts that by July 11, the Boxers will disband and negotiations will be begun for peace. Nevertheless circumstantial rumors of dark things to come are in circulation.

All Ministers in Pekin Safe.

Washington, July 9.—The following telegram was received last night by the Minister from Sheng, the Director General of the Imperial telegraphs at Shanghai, dated yesterday:

July 3.—Two legations in Pekin still preserved. All ministers safe. Rebellious troops and rioters make attacks, but suffer many losses. Imperial troops are protecting, but meet with difficulty in doing so. It is feared that food and ammition are exhausted.

Hon. A. R. Dickey Drowned.

Hon. A. R. Dickey, of Amherst, one of its most prominent and respected citizens, and a leading barrister of the province, was drowned whilst bathing at the Amherst shore, a short distance from his home on Tuesday afternoon. At 1 o'clock that afternoon Mr. Dickey went out for a walk on the beach, saying that he would return at 3. He was not seen again alive. As he did not return some gentlemen went out to find him, but thinking it not serious, went in bathing themselves. At 7 o'clock they went down to the shore again, and found Mr. Dickey's clothing lying on a rock. After searching for a few moments they found his lifeless body lying in less than two feet of water. It is supposed that he was seized with cramps whilst in bathing. The remains were at once conveyed home and an inquest held. The entire community was thrown into mourning by this shocking accident, as no man was held in higher esteem than the late Mr. Dickey. The Mayor ordered flags to be hung at half-mast throughout the town.

Mr. Dickey, was 45 years of age, the second son of Hon. R. B. Dickey, senator. He practised at Amherst, in partnership with Judge Townshend, and was returned to the House of Commons in Cumberland on the resignation of Sir Charles Tupper in 1888. He continued to represent this constituency until 1896, when he was defeated by the present member, Mr. H. J. Logan. He held a number of positions of trust, and was at the time of his death President of the Canadian Electric Co., a Senator of Toronto University, President of the Amherst Boot and Shoe Co., and a director of the Rhodes-Curry Co. He leaves five children—two sons and three daughters.

In the Philippines.

Manila, July 8.—The past week's scouting in Luzon resulted in eleven Americans being killed and 16 being wounded. One hundred and sixty Filipinos were killed during the week, and eight Americans who had been prisoners in the hands of the rebels were surrendered and a hundred rifles were turned over to the United States officials.

The enemy ambushed a waggon train between Indang and Naic. The third infantry lost nine men while on an expedition to punish the Ladrone in the Delta of the Grande.

In the Antigue province of Panay a running fight of three hours duration resulted in the killing or wounding of seventy of the enemy. There were no casualties among the Americans.

The insurgents are slowly accepting the amnesty provisions. In some instances the Americans are suspending operations, in order to give the rebels an opportunity to take advantage of the decree.

St. Martin, Que., May 19, 1865.

C. C. RICHARDS & Co.

Gentlemen,—Last November my child stuck a nail in his knee causing inflamation so severe that I was advised to take him to Montreal and have the limb amputated to save his life.

A neighbor advised us to try MINARD'S LINIMENT, which we did, and within three days my child was at right, and I feel so grateful that I send you this testimonial, that my experience may be a benefit to others.

Shall China Rule the Earth?

London, July 7.—Lord Wolseley, in a published interview says: 'China possesses every requisite for overrunning the world. She has a population of 400,000,000, all speaking the same language, or dialect, readily understood from one end of the empire to the other. She has enormously developed wealth, and still more enormous natural wealth awaiting development. Her men, if properly drilled and led, are admirable soldiers. They are plucky and able to live on next to nothing. Moreover, they are absolutely fearless of death. Begin with the foundation of millions upon millions of such soldiers as these men are capable of being made, and tell me, if you can, where the end will be."

Potash Better than Fine Gold.

New York, July 1.—Dr. Edward Atkinson, of Boston, has thrown another bombshell among the scientists gathered in Columbia University. The Doctor is an insatiable investigator and has an interest in practical problems. He presents them to scientific thinkers in a way that rudely awakens them from their theorizing. The geologists were discussing rare minerals.

"Where is the potash of the United States?" asked the Doctor. "The world now depends for its entire supply upon a single mine in Saxony, and yet there should be vast deposits of that mineral in the alkaline and salt plains of this country. Where are they? It is the duty of geologists to find them. When they are discovered the geologists who find them will confer a greater blessing upon this country than they would by unearthing all the gold and silver in the world."

Dr. Atkinson, in talking of the subject last night said that some years ago he had turned his attention to the subject of nutrition. He found that the necessary element of nitrogen is contained in the atmosphere in the proportion of seventy-seven per centum, and that it is dissociated from the atmosphere only through the processes of life, death and decomposition. The nitrogen is absolutely necessary. It is being rapidly exhausted from the soil, resulting in such impoverished lands that crops can no longer be produced.

The world will be in want of food by 1930, Sir William Crookes prophesied a few years ago, when he observed this rapid waste of nitrogen, and did not see where a new supply was to come from. But what the great British scientists did not see was seen by the small "pea vine" farmers of the Southern States. Compelled to get a living out of exhausted soil, they sought a means of enriching it. They finally hit upon the "pea-vine," regenerated their lands, saved themselves, and came to the relief of science, which soon discovered the reason for the thing.

The pea vine, the buckwheat, the bean—all leguminous plants—are breeding places for the kind of bacteria that dissociate the nitrogen from the atmosphere, and dying, bequeath it as a rich legacy to the earth, transmitting an impoverished soil into the fertility of the Nile Valley.

Crookes said the wheat eaters would have no wheat to eat by 1902. The Southern "pea-vine farmer" says he shall have wheat to eat so long as the earth shall be here to give forth its abundance.

"Some one asked me ten years ago," said Mr. Atkinson, "what was the next great discovery of science that was needed, and I replied, 'a cheap source of nitrogen.' Bacteria and the Southern farmer have solved that problem; and the great reservoir of the atmosphere is now available, in combination with phosphates and potash to maintain the perpetual fertility of the soil."

Phosphate has already been found, according to Dr. Atkinson, in sufficient quantity in the coast lands of South Carolina, Florida and Georgia and in Tennessee to last at least a century. Potash is now the problem that agriculture must face.

All the potash of the world, he said, is now supplied by a mine at Stossturt, Saxony, Germany. This was discovered by accident. There was a salt mine there and when it was exhausted the owners thought they could find more salt by boring deeper. They bored, throwing the borings to one side as trash.

A chemist wandered by, was attracted by the looks of some of the borings analyzed them and discovered that they were rich in potassium. The diggers had unwittingly found a mine far richer than Potosi, Golconda or El Dorado.

Dr. Atkinson thinks that the history will be repeated in the West. He said last night that he thinks potash should be found by deep borings, in the neighborhood of those springs of the West, which contain so much potassium that ranchers have to keep their cattle from drinking their waters. It may, also, be found in all that region extending from West Virginia to the arid lands of New Mexico and Arizona.

Life of a Child Saved by Trainmen.

(Manchester Daily Mirror.)

As Engineer William E. Littlefield and Fireman John Gesner looked out of the cab window of the engine of the Portsmouth train, due in this city at 2 10 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and saw 2 year-old Eva Burrelle sitting between the tracks and laughing into her chubby fists that were filled with sand, their hearts gave an awful bound as they realized they might not be able to stop in time to save the life of the child.

They were on the grade between Belmont and Valley streets and had left the curve behind when they saw the child, seemingly within a hundred feet of them. Littlefield seized the lever and his running mate leaped for the cab entrance and down upon the step.

"If you can't hold 'er Bill, I'll jump and run for it," shouted Gesner back to Littlefield, who had already put on brakes and had reversed his power.

Gesner was now hanging to the handle bar and as soon as the machine slowed so that he could run for it, he jumped and forged so quickly ahead of his engine that he was at the baby's side when the big grinding wheels ceased to revolve ten feet away.

Baby was sitting there laughing at him, and as he picked her up in his big strong arms and held her close to his begrimmed blouse, he petted and kissed her and never said a word about the trouble she had made, as most men would have done under the circumstances.

Then he turned and here the little one to her mother, who had watched the noble and timely deed, and who, though but a little distance away, was so paralyzed with fear that she could not go herself to her imperilled babe.

Other women in the vicinity were in a condition bordering on hysteria, for they had seen the whole thing and could only cry out in their fear and do nothing. The child is the daughter of Joseph Barrelle, of 679 Valley street.

Gesner then swung himself back into his cab and picked up his shovel and went on firing as if nothing had happened.

Littlefield swung her open and she train was off, and neither men seemed to realize that he had done anything at all worth mentioning instead of a brave timely action that had saved a child's life. Yet the lives of railroad men are full of such deeds, too often passed by untold.

[ED.—We are informed that the trainman referred to, erroneously reported as John Gesner, is Jacob V. Gesner, formerly of Belleisle.]

Bryan for President.

Kansas City, Mo., July 5.—William Jennings Bryan, of Nebraska, was tonight unanimously placed in nomination as the Democratic candidate for President of the United States, on a platform opposing imperialism, militarism and trusts and coinage of free silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

The nomination came as the culmination of a frenzied demonstration in honor of the party leader, lasting twenty-seven minutes and giving utterance to all the pent up emotions of the vast multitude.

It followed also a fierce struggle throughout the last thirty-six hours concerning the platform declaration on silver and on the relative position which the silver question is to maintain to the great issues of the day.

The vast auditorium was filled to its utmost capacity when the moment arrived for the nomination to be made. When the call of States began, for the purpose of placing candidates in nomination, Alabama yielded its place at the head of the list to Nebraska, and Oldham of that state made his way to the platform for the initial speech, placing Mr. Bryan in nomination for the Presidency. This was a signal for the demonstration of the day and in a common purpose the great concourse joined in a tribute of enthusiastic devotion to the party leader.

Next to the demonstration for the party candidate, the announcement that imperialism was to be the paramount issue of this campaign was the most spontaneous and significant of the day. Senator Tillman read the platform and with measured force brought out the fact that imperialism was now given the first and supreme place among the issues of the party.

That the delegations were in complete sympathy with this expression was shown by the terrific and long sustained applause lasting over twenty-two minutes, and exceeding the ovations usually accorded the favorites of the party.

The platform has been written in the way of Bryan's adherents with 16 to 1, but silver is no longer the paramount issue.

British Losses in South Africa.

London, July 3.—The war office today issued a return of the British casualties in South Africa since the beginning of the war. The total losses, exclusive of sick and wounded, have been 29,706, of which the killed in action were 254 officers and 2,403 non-commissioned officers and men; missing and prisoners, 65 officers and 2,624 non-commissioned officers and men; died of disease, 133 officers and 4,204 non-commissioned officers and men; invalided home, 844 officers and 13,433 non-commissioned officers and men.

Natural Cure of Consumption.

PEACE, PLENTY AND PURE AIR.

Overfeeding, rest and pure air are the three essentials in the cure of consumption, says Mr. James Arthur Gibson, a Belfast chemist, who has written his experiences in search of health at Dr. Otto Walther's Nordrach establishment, in the Black Forest, for 'The Nineteenth Century." His case had been pronounced desperate by physicians, but the Nordrach treatment restored him to strength in three and a half months, and since 1895 his lungs have remained perfectly sound. Mr. Gibson quotes Dr. Walther as declaring that sanatoria in England should be as successful as those in Germany. No consumptive, he thinks, need relinquish hope for, given the requisite conditions, all can be cured 'on the spot.'

With regard to the gastronomic feature of the cure, the doctor's theory is that there can be no benefit without weight-gaining; 'he carries this to its logical conclusion, and stuffs his patients to their utmost capacity.' The consumptives eat twice or three times as much as they feel inclined to, and their weight increases rapidly, a gain of eight pounds in a week on one occasion being vouched for by Mr. Gibson, who assures us that this 'causes no ill effects.' 'I am sure,' he adds, 'that there is no place where there is so much food consumed per head as at Nordrach—and that by dying consumptives, who are generally supposed to have no appetite.' There are three meals of ordinary food, and no snacks are allowed between whiles. An hour's rest is ordered before each meal. No medicines are ever given, 'as they can do no good, and only upset the stomach.'

As for rest, Dr. Walther impresses it upon his clients that 'even too great intentiness in reading a novel or the excitement of listening to a concert is injurious,' and that more consumptives kill themselves by doing too much than in any other way. So he requires them to take and record their own temperatures four times daily, and prescribes rest in bed or long or short walks accordingly. Walking, by the way, is usually uphill and always at a snail's pace. Ten hours of sleep per night is the invariable rule.

The ventilation of the patient's room is very complete. All windows are kept wide open, though the climate is much the same as in England, with an equal rainfall the year round and more cold in winter. 'So pleasant does living in the open become, and so hardy is the patient made, and so invigorated, that on his return to this country it is the greatest misery for him to have to remain in a room with closed windows.' Hundreds have passed through the sanatorium, staying an average of five months, and 90 percent are reported as successfully cured. Consumption, Mr. Gibson insists, is not hereditary; the children of consumptives are naturally weakly constituted, and therefore liable to take this or any other infectious disease. Living in the same unhealthy surroundings and bad circumstances as their parents, and being badly nourished, either from necessity or through a constitutional distaste for proper nourishing foods 'they naturally sooner or later meet likely contract the disease.' But if brought up rationally and healthfully, they would be quite as free and immune from the disease as the children of the healthiest parents.'

'The Hospital' also deals with the subject this week. It says, 'Men, like pots of jam, will grow mouldy in damp, warm and unventilated rooms, only we call the mould by another word and speak of it as consumption.' While welcoming every curative and preventive measure against the disease, our contemporary considers that the conditions of life in house and workshop must be altered radically to affect its disappearance.' —*Christian World.*

Church Services, Sunday, July 15th.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—Rev. Ernest Underwood, Rector. July 15th, fifth Sunday after Trinity:

In St. James' Church, Bridgetown:
8 a. m. Holy Communion.
9.45 a. m. Sunday School.
11 a. m. Matins, Litany and Sermon.
7.30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

At St. Mary's, Belleisle,—
3 p. m. Children's Flower Service with offertory for the Sunday school.

WEEK SERVICES:
Bridgetown: Wednesday, 7.30 p. m.
Belleisle: Thursday, 7.30 p. m.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev. F. M. Young, Pastor. Bible Class and Sabbath-school at 10 a. m.; preaching service at Bridgetown at 11 a. m.; evangelistic service at 7.30 p.m. B. Y. P. U. Wednesday evening at 7.30, general social service on Friday evening at 7.30 o'clock. Preaching service at Granville Centre on Sunday next at 3 p. m.

GORDON MEMORIAL CHURCH (Presbyterian).—Rev. H. S. Davison, Pastor. Public worship every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p.m. Sabbath-School and Pastor's Bible class at 10 a. m. Congregational Prayer Meeting on Wednesday at 7.30 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. Prayer Meeting on Friday at 7.30 p. m. All seats free. Ushers to welcome strangers.

PROVIDENCE METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. E. B. Moore, pastor. Sunday services at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p. m., Sunday-school at 2 p.m. Class meeting every Monday evening at 7.30; Prayer-meeting every Wednesday evening at 7.30; Epworth League every Friday evening at 7.30. Strangers always welcome.

Granville: Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a.m and 3 p.m., alternately. Prayer meeting every Tuesday at 7.30 p.m.

Bear ville: Preaching every Sabbath at 3 p.m. and 7.30 p.m., alternately. Prayer-meeting on Thursday at 7.30 p. m.

Mountain Mission: Preaching fortnightly, Durling's Lake at 10.30 a.m., Hill at 2.30 p.m.

Births.

HUDSON.—At Belleisle, July 7th, to Mr. and Mrs. Avard Hudson, a daughter.

WYNOT.—At Upper Granville, July 7th, to Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Wynot, a daughter.

POOLE.—At Granville, July 10th, to Mr. and Mrs. C. Poole, a son.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Haying Tools

Scythes, Snaths,
Rakes, Forks,
Whet Stones,
Fork Handles, &c.,

Just arrived and for sale at bottom prices.

Flour, Meal & Feed

Five Roses, Hungarian,
Tilson's Pilgrim,
Tilson's Pride,
Delight, White Coat
and Puritan,

At Market Prices.

CLOTHING
CLOTHING

Men's Black Serge Suits, $10.00.
Other Suits from $5.00 to $12.00.
Men's Pants from $1.00 to $3.00.
Overalls, Jumpers, Top Shirts,
Underclothing, &c.

JOSEPH I. FOSTER
June 27th, 1900. - Bridgetown.

New Advertisements.

"No Eye Like the Master's Eye."

You are master of your health, and if you do not attend to duty, the blame is easily located. If your blood is out of order, Hood's Sarsaparilla will purify it.

It is the specific remedy for troubles of the blood, kidneys, bowels or liver.

Heart Trouble—"I had heart trouble for a number of years and different medicines failed to benefit me. I tried Hood's Sarsaparilla and three bottles completely and perfectly cured me." MRS. C. A. FLINT, Wallace Bridge, N. S.

A Safeguard—"As I had lost five children with diphtheria I gave my remaining two children Hood's Sarsaparilla as they were subject to throat trouble and were not very strong. They are now healthier and stronger and have not since had a cold." MRS. W. H. FLECKER, Pembroke, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

WAR DECLARED

On High Prices.

I have decided to sell out my entire stock of Boots & Shoes, Clothing, Farming Implements and everything carried in a first-class general store at

40 per cent below cost.

This is a genuine slaughter sale.

Call and get my prices.

T. A. FOSTER.

1900 SPRING 1900

We have just opened for the Spring trade the following lines of goods, all extra value.

Lace and Frilled Curtains,
Art Muslins, Sateens, &c.
Carpets, Straw Mattings,
Floor Oil Cloths,

3 cases Ladies' White Wear,

Ladies' Blouse Waists,
Ladies' Sailor Hats,
Ladies' Wrappers,
Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits,
Jackets and Skirts.

Men's, Youths' and Boys' Ready-to-Wear Suits, Spring Overcoats, Hats, Caps, &c., in variety.

STRONG & WHITMAN.

N. B.—Miss Sexton, the lady Corset Fitter, representing Weingarten Bros. of New York, makers of the celebrated W. B. Corsets (America's greatest favorite) will be at our store from May 8th to the 12th, fitting and selling these Corsets. Do not miss this opportunity to get a PERFECT FIT.

Deering Ideal Mower

Always Imitated! Never Equalled!

There is no waste of power or lost motion in the Deering Perfect Bearings, direct transmition of power and serrated ledger plates make the action of the "Ideal" so positive that it will start cutting in any grass as soon as the tugs tighten on the horses.

We have again accepted the agency for this celebrated Mower, and in doing so we are confident that we have the best one on the market.

BRIDGETOWN FOUNDRY CO'Y LIMITED.

GROCERIES
FRUITS
PROVISIONS
CHEAP AND GOOD.

Ferona,
Shredded Wheat,
Quaker Oats,
Grits,
Rolled Wheat,
Rolled Oats,

Graham Flour,
Ralston Breakfast Food,
Hygenic Whole Wheat Flour,
Arlington Wheat,
Celebrated Swiss Food.

GOOD VALUES IN TEAS.

A heavy stock of Flour, Feed and Meal in Popular Brands.

Corner Queen and Granville Sts. } J. E. LLOYD.

We sell Shoes that Fit!

We are not of the belief that any make of Shoes are good enough for you to wear. Feet must not be tortured by misfit shoes. We don't charge for fit, we simply charge for honest, reliable, good wearing Shoes. Saving prices and high quality are linked together at our store.

Our Men's Dongola Kid, Laced or Congress Boot at $2.00 are extra good value.

Our Men's Russian Calf Tanned Balmoral or our Men's Chocolate Dongola Kid, with cloth top, at $2.00, are exceptionally good value.

Our Women's Vice Kid low Oxford Shoes, broad or narrow toe, at $1 00, $1 25, $1 50 and $1 75, are low priced and good value. You should see them.

MURDOCH'S BLOCK, - E. A. COCHRAN.

Staple Dry Goods

LOWER THAN EVER.

Millinery, Room Paper,
Dress Goods,
Sun Umbrellas and Shades

NOW OPENING.

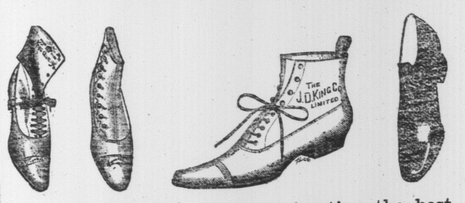
A few Coats, Capes and Costumes.

We are still busy and ever opening new goods.

McCormick Store, Queen Street. B. HAVEY & CO.

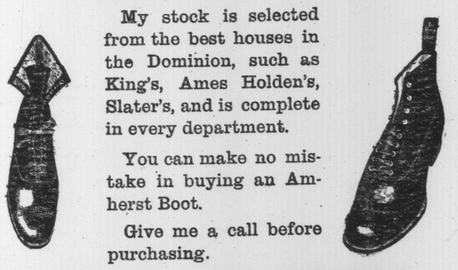
TRADE MARK
KING QUALITY

I do not KEEP the "KING SHOE,"
But I SELL it every day.



I sell Footwear to people wanting the best leather solid goods (smooth, good easy fitters) Boots that are easy and can be worn from start to finish without fear or punishment in what is known as "breaking-in a new boot."

GOOD HONEST SHOES AT LOW FIGURES.



My stock is selected from the best houses in the Dominion, such as King's, Ames Holden's, Slater's, and is complete in every department.

You can make no mistake in buying an Amherst Boot.

Give me a call before purchasing.

W. A. KINNEY.

COME ONE! COME ALL!

And buy your Goods Where you can get them the cheapest. That is at the

Bridgetown Central Grocery

Having purchased the stock of E. J. RICKETSON, together with a large and well assorted stock of our own, we are prepared to offer to the public at the lowest cash prices all kinds of Groceries, Crockeryware, Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles, Choice Confectionery, etc.

For next 30 days we will allow a special Discount on Crockery for cash.

SHAFNER & PIGGOTT.

MECHANICS WANTED

A good man to work at the bench in door and sash factory. Also a good wood turner. Apply to the Kingsport Planing and Moulding Mills, Kingsport, N. S. 52 tf.

BRIDGETOWN MEAT MARKET

Having purchased the business formerly owned by W. M. Forsyth, Esq., we are in a position to supply our customers with everything in the line of Flour and Feed, Fine Groceries, Fresh and Salt Meats, Fish, etc.

Butter and Eggs taken in exchange for goods.

MESSENGER & HOYT.

CALL AT
B. M. WILLIAMS'
FOR YOUR
Beef, Veal,
Fresh Pork,
Ham, Bacon, etc.

Also Fresh Salmon, Halibut, Cod and Haddock.

Always a variety to select from