servedly in His Honor's hands. If he

cuss the question as if Mr. Dunsmuir were holding on to office perversely,

while knowing that he will not receive

Published by The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability

No. 27 Broad St. - - - Victoria, B. PERCIVAL R. BROWN, Manager.

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Delivered by carrier at 20 cents per week or mailed postpaid to any part of Canada (except the city) and United States at the

CHESEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST

TERMS STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

All new advertisements and changes of advertising, to ensure their being inserted, should be handed in to the business office not later than 6 p. m. Advertising will be accepted up to 8 p. m. at the business office, but insertion cannot be guaranteed. For urgent advertising after 8 p. m., con-

The Colonist is on file at the following Coast agencies, where advertising can be contracted for:

A. E. GOODMAN, Vancouver, B. C. WHITE'S ADVERTISING AGENCY, eattle, Wash.

A. H. BALLARD ADV. AGENCY, 615 Marquam Building, Portland, Ore. E. C. DAKE'S ADV. AGENCY, 64 Mer-

\$10 REWARD

Will be paid for such information as will lead to the conviction of anyone stealing the Colonist from the doors of subscribers.

PUBLISHERS' NOTICE

Reading notices or "locals" in connection with all minor public en-tertainments to which an admission fee is charged will be inserted in the Colonist at the rate of 10c per

LAURIER ON CANADA.

in strong contrast to the jeremiads with paratively few years. If fifty years ago not so much for political reasons, which, in strong contrast to the jeremiads with which Canadian ears were afflicted not many years ago. In this he voiced the sentiment of the country. There is many years ago. In this he voiced the sentiment of the country. There is abroad from one end of Canada to the other a feeling of the greatest confidence in the future. It was hard a score of years ago to believe all that was fore-to'd of the Dominion. Those people who remember the appearance of Senator Schultz' committee's report on the posting of the country. We mention this, not because the idea is new, but to show how true it is that we cannot foresee the end of electrical discovery.

be possible for men to stand nearly two thousand miles apart and exchange signals that would be as intelligible as is uttered in spoken conservation across a table, he would have been set down as the wildest kind of a visionary. We mention this, not because the idea is new, but to show how true it is that we cannot foresee the end of electrical discovery.

Cause of its bearing upon the future of Canada. The Colonist has for years contended that the building of a railway through Canada north of the Canadian Pacific will do more towards the building of a railway through Canada north of the Canadian Pacific will do more towards the building of a railway through Canada north of the Canadian Pacific will do more towards the building of a railway through Canada north of the Canadian Pacific will do more towards the building of a railway through Canada north of the Canadian Pacific will do more towards the building of a railway through Canada north of the Canadian Pacific will do more towards the building of a railway through Canada north of the Canadian Pacific will do more towards the building of a railway through Canada north of the Canadian Pacific will do more towards the building of a railway through Canada north of the Canadian Pacific will do more towards the building of a railway through Canada north of the Canadian Pacific will do more towards the building of a railway through Canada north of the Canadian Pacific will do more towards the building of a railway through Canada north of the Canadian Pacific will do more towards sibilities of the North West, will also remember that the strong statements therein made were looked at much in the light of a fairy tale. At least, if any one had occasion to quote from it, he invariably put in some sort of a saving clause to show that he did not endorse the statements therein made. Yet there was abundant proof from other and earlier sources that the possibilities of that part of Canada were incalculable. Palisser in his report made to the Imperial government over 40 years ago spoke in the highest terms of the North West. So did Hynde, who reported on the country in the early sixties and exhibited, both in Eastern Canada and Great Britain, a series of views on the usual ocean highways will never attitude on the average than the cortesponding part of the United States, a weak case, which he seeks to bolster the North Saskatchewan. The surveys for the Canadian Pacific contain much matter descriptive of country, even now unsettled, but, fit for immediate occupation. In 1876 wheat grown in the Peace river valley took first prize. So. there was really no excuse for not believing what was said of the country by the Senate Committee. The disbelief was probably due to the not unnatural willingness to accept such accounts of an unknown land. They seemed too good to be true. We know better now. We know now that Canada has breadth as well as length. It is worth mentioning that in 1888 the Bureau of Statistics officially denied that there was any considerable area of land in Cauada capable of producin wheat. The truth was that few people could be induced to accept the statement that there was any very large part of the North American continent fit for occupation and not occupied.

es. Every year the fallacy of this is felt unable to advise His Honeing more strongly demonstrated. The total exports of wheat from the United House meets, it would be his duty to States during the last five years has been 555,000,000 bushels, or an average of 111,000,000 bushels a year. Manihe felt that he had a majority of the toba and the Territories last year pro-duced 60,000,000 bushels, and at the rate would be his bounden duty to carry on, of increase now going on, it will not unless he had other reasons for de be many years before the exportable sur-plus of Canadian wheat will equal that The Times and some other papers dis of the United States. The total impor-tation of wheat and wheat flour into Great Britain runs from the equivalent Great Britain runs from the equivalent of 150,000,000 bushels of wheat to 180,000,000 bushels per annum, so that it will clearly not be a very long time before Canada can supply this quantity. Sir Wilfrid Laurier thinks it can be case, he has not been under the least which the Canadian Northern will pass, done after fifteen years, and the pres- obligation to tender his resignation to ent and prospective progress of Mani-toba and the North West fully bears out be forgotten that, while the Premier is the estimate. Other lines of produce, in different lines, might be referred to as showing what is capable of accomplishment, but this single illustration of the province, if the legislature ap-

proves of his conduct that is all the will suffice. Under such circumstances as can be Lieutenant-Governor will ask. Some readily discerned on even a cursory review of the condition of Canada, it is not surprising that the Premier has felt him a full cabinet. This idea is based to Washington seeking reciprocity. A declaration of this kind is timely, for never since the war of Secession has there been as strong a feeling in influential circles in the United States in the Un favor of reciprocal trade arrangements that no circumstances can arise when feet above sea level, that of the Northwith Canada. It is therefore highly sat- a Lientenant-Governor can take the ern Pacific 5,550 feet, that of the Canisfactory to see the Premier taking high reins in his own hands and disregard adian Pacific 5,400 feet, that of Yellow ground and giving our neighbors notice that the next offer must come from we were condemning the action of Lieumight not be a good thing. It is only this, for it is an essential feature of con- a recognition of the fact that Canada stiguiting government We claimed only to Western Development. The publicacommercially and industrially so strong-ly that her people do not feel the neces-ly that her people do not feel the neces-strated by the political unrest to which

the use of wire must be regarded as the The tone of Sir Wilfrid Laurier's remarks at Toronto, a brief synopsis of which was given in our telegraphic columns yesterday, will not fail to attract much attention at home and abroad. The Premier spoke with a certainty as to the future of the Dominion, which is a certainty as to the future of the Dominion, which is to the future of the Dominion, which is a certainty as to the future of the Dominion, which is to the future of the Dominion, which is a certainty as to the future of the Dominion, which is to the future of the Dominion, which is to the future of the Dominion, which is to the future of the future of the Dominion, which is to the future of the Dominion, which is to the future of the fu the end of electrical discovery.

> experimental stage. Two of the At- is a great mistake. lantic liners recently exchanged mes-sages when more than a hundred miles apart. The steamer leaving New York sent to the inbound steamer the latest news, which was a day or two later than anything which the east-bound steamer had to tell. It is proposed heretween America and Europe the thing fit for cattle raising. In other words, There have been quite enough of vas would be easily enough of accomplish- the ag icultural possibilities of the Can- assertions about the administration

CONSTITUTIONAL PRACTICE.

The day before yesterday the Time bugles sang truce, but yesterday they gave forth another blast, which is al-most Delphic in its vagueness. It reads like a not very thinly veiled threat, but we are not prepared to believe that the Times has any authority to suggest that Canada has learned at last that she ment in the early part of the New Year

sisted it in every legitimate scheme. So whoever informs you that there are attempts by the older company to interfore with the younger giant is assuredly in error. The people of Canada would not countenance such; and the gentlemen directing the Canadian Pacific would not condescend to such practices. Everywhere, said Col. Hughes, there

are vast areas of the best land awaiting settlers, and to illustrate the colo limensions of the country, he said: There is more good land tributary to ton alone, within one hundred miles, than can be found in the whoie Western Peninsula of Ontario." Later

it is hardly necessary for the Colonist to speak. We have dealt with it very frequently, and our readers must be familiar with this aspect of the case. But we may add that this province alone has ample room, and can in the course of a reasonable time, supply business to two transcontinental lines north of the Canadian Pacific, and we are glad to see that Col. Hughes has been led by his observations to favor not only a line to the Coast by way of the Yellow Head Pass, but later on one by way of the Pine River Pass. It may be interesting in this connection, as showing the comparative altitude of the several transcontinental routes, that the summit on the Union Pacific is over 8,000 them. This is not to say that a fair tenant-Governor McInnes in regard to Peace River Pass 2,000 feet. In this reciprocity treaty with the United States Mr. Turner we were careful to admit connection we are glad to see in the a recognition of the fact that Canada stitutional government. We claimed only to Western Development. The publication of the full duty in that regard and has been able to build herself up commercially and industrially so strong.

strated by the political unrest to which his conduct gave rise. The power to get sity of asking concessions from any one. We are greatly pleased that Sir Wilfrid Laurier has spoken as he has in regard to the future of the country. He has given politics a note that was much needed. He has pointed out that there are other things to think about, to talk about and to write about than the old issues which divided the people of Canada for a generation. The whole of our political life will be the better for the high stand taken by the Premier. The Conservative Party will have none the less its duty to discharge because the Liberal Premier has taken a stand upon a platform, where great issues leave no room for little things, but it will have to approach the people with a policy. The rivalry between the two great parties in the Dominion must hereafter be as to which of them can present the best plans for the material advancement of the country.

MIRPLIESS TELEGRAPHY.

Strike of a minister, whose continued the development of the West, for which is conduct gave rise. The power to get in offect is undesirable from a pulstlorm, where a great is used in the pople with a policy. The rivalry between the two great parties in the Dominion must hereafter be as to which of them can present the best plans for the material advancement of the country.

MIRPLIESS TELEGRAPHY.

Strike of a minister, whose continued the development of the West. In its uncertain of the Conservative Party will have to approach the people with a policy. The rivalry between the two great parties in the Dominion must hereafter be as to which of them can present the best plans for the material advancement of the canada for a great stream, that a stone or strike the country.

MIRPLIESS TELEGRAPHY.

Marconi's great achievement in sending signals across the Atlantic without the use of wire must be regarded as the

Wireless telegraphy has passed the be, in a sense, hostile to that road. This Mr. J. Langlois Bell has been di ed from office without the cause bein Canada-Australian cable is laid, for a one as in the other. The wheat-growing we find it exceedingly difficult to be steamer plying between Victoria and area in the specified part of Canada is lieve that every one in Dawson, except to which she is going. On the run be- probably as extensive an area of land est and bent on ruining every one els ment. This is only one of the many adian area are as great as those of the Tukon. Not long ago the Colonis has been fully prospected, no one can ficient, and hence only gave the pla

speak with certainty on this point.

Canada has learned at last that she in capable of becoming a self-contained nation, and the Empire has learned how and the Canadian Pacific Col. Hughes said:

In answer to the equality whether on the properties of the great family of Beclish antions she may become. Perhaps what is of more immediate practical interest is the fact that the Imperial authorities have realized that Canadian Pacific, Col. Hughes said:

In answer to the equality whether on the properties of the great family of Beclish antions she may become. Perhaps what is of more immediate practical interest is the fact that the Imperial authorities have realized that Canadian Pacific, Col. Hughes stated that could be the contrary. Our contemporary speaks of doubt that may exist in the mind of the Jicetenant-Governor. If such doubts that may exist in the mind of the Jicetenant-Governor. If such doubts continued the contrary. Our contemporary speaks of doubts that may exist in the mind of the Jicetenant-Governor. If such doubts continued the contrary of the prevailed properties of public opinion at the policy would spell business disaster to the fact that the Imperial authorities have realized that Canadian Pacific, to sell them, but it is to sell from a suggestion in the properties of public opinion at the policy would spell business disaster to the fact that the countries engaging in it, but it is of the fact that the prevailed public public would spell business disaster to the fact that the properties of the fact that the properties of the fact that the properties of the fact that Canadian Pacific, Col. Hughes said:

Pacific and that its construction will fic allegation of anything except that If we take that part of Canada which alleged. We are not clear what right lies west of Lake Superior and Hudson's the Miner has to insist that the cause Bay and within ten degrees of the In-ternational Boundary, we have an area corresponding to the following states and parts of states of the American Union: correspondent and to the Miner that if after to keep the transports carrying troops from the United States to the Philippines constantly in touch with Washington, Idaho, Montana, North Da- they would specifically state what their that within the coming year the ships on the usual ocean highways will never altitude on the average than the corcept that the person making them has ada and Great Britain, a series of views painted by himself of the region along the North Saskatchewan. The surveys for the Canadian Pacific contain much be out of touch with each other and with the shore. Even on the Pacific ocean, where the distances are the long-est of any, it will be possible, after the so that wheat is as sure a crop in the matters to which the Miner refers, but the so that wheat is as sure a crop in the matters to which the Miner refers, but the so that wheat is as sure a crop in the matters to which the Miner refers, but the solution of the United States, and this difference in altitude in a great of the United States, and this difference in altitude in a great of the United States, and the solution of the United States, and the United States are the United States and the United States an Australia never to be out of touch with probably greater than in the specified the Miner, that is, every one in official the shore, which she has left, or that part of the United States. There is and banking circles, is absolutely dishonthings which may be expected as the result of wireless telegraphy. Much interest will attach to the result of experiments over long distances on land.

In this is only one of the many adian area are as great as those of the the thing ago the colonist the first things which may be expected as the result of wireless telegraphy. Much interest will attach to the result of experiments over long distances on land.

In this is only one of the many adian area are as great as those of the things which may be expected as the result of wireless telegraphy. Much interest will attach to the result of experiments over long distances on land. nominal damages, but "once bitten, twice In the specified part of the United States there are nearly 50,000 miles of railway, or nearly three times as much so the total railway mileage of Canada. Surely in view of this no one will doubt the expediency of opening another transcontinental line across Canada.

On the questions of Canada. On the question of rivalry with the it is sufficient, will print the charges, but

Catarrhal Diseases are Most Prevalent in Winter.

IS THERE NO WAY OF **ESCAPE FROM THEM?**

Pe-ru-na Never Fails to Cure Catarrh Wherever Located.

CATARRH

There are some things which are as sure as fate, and can be relied on to occur to at least one-half of the human family unless means are taken to prevent. First, the climate of winter is sure to bring colds.

Second, colds not promptly cured are sure to cause catarrh.

Third, catarrh improperly treated is sure to make life short and miserable. Catarrh spares no organ or function of the body. It is capable of destroying sight, taste, smell, hearing, digestion, retion, assimilation and excretion. It pervades every part of the human

body, head, throat, stomach, bowels, bronchial tubes, lungs, liver, kidneys, bladder and other pelvic organs. That Peruna cures catarrh whereve located is attested by the following tes timonials sent entirely unsolicited to

Dr. Hartman by grateful men and wo-men who have been cured by Peruna: Catarrh of The Head. Mr. D. R. Ramsey writes in a recent letter from Pine Bluff, Ark., the fol-

"My son, Leon Ramsey, four years of age, suffered with catarrh of the head for eighteen or twenty months. He took one bottle of your Peruna and could hear as good as ever."—D. R. RAMSEY, Emilie Kirckhoff.

Mr. Herman Ehlke, 952 Orchard street, Milwaukee, Wis., writes:

"I am entirely cured of my catarrh of the time I wrote to you I was under the the nose by your Peruna. My case was a severe one."—Herman Ehlke.

The time I wrote to you I was under the care of my home doctor, and had been for four months. Catarrh of The Throat.

B. H. Runyan, Salesville, O., writes: "I suffered with catarrh of the throa for five years. I was induced to try Peruna. I have used five bottles and am perfectly well."-B. H. Runyan.

Catarrh of The Ear. Mr. Archie Godin, 188 Beech street, with no relief. I was getting worse all Fitchburg, Mass., writes:

the time.

Mrs. Emilie Kirckhoff, Ada, Minn., Peter J. Unger, Hawley, Pa., writes: "I think that I am perfectly cured of "Through a violent cold contracted catarrh of the kidneys by Peruna, as I last winter, I became afflicted with calus and the have no trouble of any kind."—Peter tarrh of the nose, which in a short time J. Unger. affected my lungs. I took Peruna which Catarrh of The Stomach.

Catarrh of The Kidneys.

cured me thoroughly. I now feel better than I have for forty years."—Mrs. A. W. Graves, of Hammond, Ind., writing to Dr. Hartman, says: "I am well of catarrh of the stomach Catarrh of The Bladder.

PE-RU-NA

CATARRHAI

A TEN STROKE FOR PERUNA.

Knocks All Forms of

Catarrh.

Cas

Motio

Thom

bers ye was m of Bar

proving late J. W. H. and La

peared Patton of the the date. B. Gand the was Jan Mr. Grathe adminot part of the January

claim.
the mor

approve

in regar

B. G. ton & B

In the B. C. Alissued by John L. schooner espective alleged is more charge of a settler

The Avs. Emp Exchequing at solicitors Martin, in be vator recovers to recover the tria of the jauthoriz report.

Thomas Justice pleaded ing the Margare hotel, Justice take a state of the Crowdefence.

The se of Victo ing at the purp for the

Sir,—Ai council it the propage loan ing of \$1 ing the a five district Rock B: and Cad their vointereste to do wi sion prenable tithe greas but an ethat \$10

Mr. John Smith, 311 S. Third street, after suffering two years. I have taken five bottles of Peruna and one of Manalin "I was troubled with catarrh of the and I feel like a new man now."—A. W. mrethra and bladder for two years. At Graves. Pelvic Catarrh.

Miss Katie Lochman, Lafayette, Ind.,

"I followed your directions but two "I had pelvic catarrh, pain in the months, and can say Peruna cured me of that trouble.—"John Smith. abdomen, back, had stomach treuble and headache caused by catarrh. I fol-lowed your directions; took Peruna and Mr. Henry Entzion, South Bend, Ind., Manalin according to directions, and how happy I feel that I am relieved ct "The doctor said I had catarrh of the such a distressing ailment."-Miss Katie bowels and I took his medicine, but Lochman.

A book on the cure of la grippe and "Peruna has cured me of catarrh of the middle ear. I feel better than I have for several years."—Archie Godin.

"Before I had taken a half bottle of catarrh in all stages and phases sent free to any address by The Peruna Medicine Entzion.

"Before I had taken a half bottle of catarrh in all stages and phases sent free to any address by The Peruna Medicine Entzion.

Peruna can be obtained for \$1.00 a bottle at all first-class drug stores in Canada. "The Ills of Life," which can be secured at all up-to-date drug stores and upon request is sent free to all, gives a short description of all catarrhal dis Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, U. S. A.

Catarrh of The Bowels.

Catarrh of The Lungs.

Atchison, Kan., writes:

for four months.



DR. J. COLLIS BROWN **CHLORODYNE**

Vice Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated publicly in court that Dr. J. Gollis Browne was undouttedly the inventor of Chlorodyne, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was literally untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to.—Times, July 13, 1864. Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is the best and most certain remedy in Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, etc.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is prescribed by scores of Orthodox practitioners. Of course it would not be thus singularly popular did it not "supply a want and fill a place."—Medical Times, January 12, 1885.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is a certain cure for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Colics, etc.

Caution—None genuine without the



Vernon Gaol.

Sealed tenders, indorsed "Tender for Vernon Gaol," will be received by the un-dersigned up to noon of Saturday, the 21st December, 1901, for the erection and com-pletion of a Gaol at Vernon, B. C.

Plans, specifications, forms of tender and contract may be seen on and after 5th De-cember, 1901, at the Governent Offices in Victoria, Vancouver and Vernon.

Tenders will not be considered unless made upon the printed forms supplied for the purpose, and the agi-ement to execute a bond, appended to the form of tender, is duly signed by the contractor himself and two other responsible residents of the province in the penal sum of \$2,000 for the faithful performance of the work. The lowest or any tender not nec

Deputy Commissioner of Lands and Work Lands and Works Department. Victor

After Work or Exercise

Notice to Contractors

COMBINED TRAFFIC AND RAILWAY BRIDGE FOR FRASER RIVER, AT WESTMINSTER, BRITISH COLUMBIA, CANADA.

Sealed, separate or whole tenders, properly superscribed, as the case may be, "Tender for Substructure, Fraser River Bridge," "Tender for Superstructure, Fraser River Bridge," "Tender for Fraser River Bridge," will be received by the undersigned up to and including 8th day of January, 1902, for the manufacture, erection and completion of the bridge in accordance and completion of the bridge in accordance with the drawings and specifications to be seen on application at the Lands and Works Department, Victoria, B. C., at the Government Office, New Westminster, B. C., and at the office of Messrs Waddell and Hedrick, Consulting Engineers, New Nelson Building, Kansas City, Mo., on and after the 5th day of December, 1901.

any of the above named offices may ob-

any of the above named offices may obtain, upon payment of ten (\$10) dollars, copies of drawings and specifications for either substructure or superstructure, or twenty (\$20) dollars for both.

Each tender must be made out on the form supplied, and must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque or certificate of deposit on a chartered bank of Canada or National Bank of the United States, made payable to the undersigned, or by gold, in the sum of five thousand (\$5,000) dollars, which will be forfeited if the party tendering decline to enter into contract when called upon to do so.

The cheques or cash deposit, as the case may be, of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned when contract is awarded.

The agreement on the form of tender to furnish a bond for \$50,000, or eaulyalent satisfactory security, for the due fulfilment of the work, must be signed by the tenderer and his sureties.

The Department is not bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

W. S. GORE,
Deputy Commissioner of Land and Works,
Lands and Works Department, Victoria,
R. C. 2nd November 1901.



ombined Traffic and Railway Bridge for Fraser River, at New Westminster, British Columbia, Canada.

Extension of Time for Receiving Tenders. The time for receiving tenders for the above bridge has been extended to Saturday, inclusive, the 25th January, 1902. W. S. GORE,

Deputy Commissioner of Lands & Works. Lands & Works Department, Victoria, B. C., 18th December, 1901.

SERV FINE MISS LADIES' PURSES

Pope Stationery Co.

Tel. 271. 119 Government St.

and man that the efflict of dischibe laid service they can where to houses, streets is comparathey exalong the service they exalong the sewerd of the the resus districts sewered pointment of the resus mon-real normal sewerd pointment of the resus mon-real normal sewerd factory, some of the resus tanks the sewerd finished be satisful to the resus tanks and the sex of the resus tanks and the sex of the resus and the sex of the resus and the sex of the resus tanks and the sex of the results and the sex of the results and the sex of the results and an analysis of the revenue results and an either factory, some of the revenue results and an either factory a