

Scores Killed and Wounded By a Cyclone In Regina, Sask.

Tornado Tears Through Saskatchewan Capital Terrible Loss of Life

Terrific Storm on Sunday Razes the New Parliament Buildings, Churches, Hundreds of Residences, and Topples Over Many Grain Elevators.

MANY TELEPHONE OPERATORS PERISH WHEN OFFICE IS WRECKED

Telegraph Offices Destroyed and Few Details To Be Had of Terrible Disaster—Chaos Reigns and Troops Ordered Out to Prevent Pillaging—Help Being Rushed From Other Places.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Regina, Sask., June 30.—A cyclone which struck Regina about 5 o'clock this afternoon caused a death list which cannot be calculated now. The financial loss is estimated in the millions.

PATH OF THE CYCLONE.

The cyclone came from the south, and swept past the new two million dollar parliament buildings with fearful fury.

This building is of steel and concrete, and while badly shaken, still stands.

It then swept westward six blocks in width, through the fashionable residence district, along Victoria street, cleaning up the district and transferring it into a mass of wreckage.

AUTOMOBILES HURLED HIGH IN AIR.

Automobiles filled with people were hurled high in the air, and deposited blocks away.

From Sixteenth to Eleventh streets the cyclone carried death and destruction to 300 houses.

At Eleventh street the business section was reached, and wholesale houses, banks and retail stores were tumbled into heaps of ruins.

The whole air was filled with flying wreckage. Past Eleventh, Albert, Smith, Cornwall, Scarth, Hamilton and Rose streets, the retail district received the severest impact of the cyclone.

ELEVATORS TOPPLED OVER.

Then the Canadian Pacific tracks were reached. Six big grain elevators were toppled over on the tracks like top-pins, and grain and timbers were piled high in indescribable confusion on the tracks.

LARGEST BUILDINGS UNROOFED.

Crossing the C. P. R. tracks, the wholesale district was directly in the path of the cyclone, and several of the largest buildings were unroofed, heavily-laden floors falling in as the supports were unloosed.

Past the wholesale district the storm continued well into the settled country to the north, and reports coming in tonight indicated that there was no let up to its fury.

Two fires broke out, but fortunately the fire halls were in districts that escaped, and as there was a good pressure of water, the fires were confined to the ruins where they started.

All the power and light wires were rendered useless, and the city is in darkness with no prospect of light tonight. All the possible conveyances were pressed into service to convey the dead to the morgues and the injured to the hospitals. It is impossible at 9 o'clock to make any estimate of the actual loss of life.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

Regina, Sask., June 30.—With half the business section of the city lying in wreckage, and street after street throughout the southern and central residential portions razed to the ground for blocks at a time, Regina is tonight a city of mourning, where but a few hours ago it was a scene of almost gorgeous display in preparation for the celebration of Dominion Day.

FROM GAIETY TO DEATH.

Bunting and flags covered buildings everywhere, and networks of colored electric lights glinting in the sunshine were strung ready for illumination for Dominion Day. In the space of half an hour little was to be seen in many sections but building after building lying in the ruins on the ground, and scattered over the streets, swathed in their shrouds of gayly-colored bunting.

ESTIMATES OF LOSS.

Early estimates place the loss at between four and five millions while five hundred killed and injured is only a hazy guess at the casualties. At the present time, no idea can be obtained of the actual number of deaths. Every ambulance in the city has been working since 6 o'clock carrying the bodies to the hospitals, which were filled early in the evening, and to a number of improvised hospitals in some of the larger buildings.

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Greetings From Montreal

Ontario people ought to flood the city of London on the 1st and uphold the hand of these men if they want their fight to be successful. The cheers of this opening of the campaign will ring through Canada, and give positive force to the cause. Abolish the Bar. Anyway, they will find the speeches well worth hearing. —Montreal Witness.

STREET RY. AND CITY ARE AGREED

North End Extension To Be Completed By the First of November.

ALL IS PEACE AGAIN

Company To Be Given Permission To Take Up Wellington Street Line and Place It on Richmond Street.

The differences between the city and the London Street Railway Company have been amicably arranged, and as a result, the meeting on Tuesday will be merely a matter of form to finally dispose of the whole question.

There were several informal conferences on Saturday relative to the matter, and the whole proposition was thoroughly discussed. It was arranged that the company would agree to do what the city desires.

It is understood that this will mean that the company will build the north end extension first of all. This has been the crux of the situation, and from the information furnished, the Advertiser, this work will be commenced as early as possible.

The company will be given permission to move the line from Wellington street to Richmond street, and will probably start a law suit, and the work will likely be held up. The company will then be compelled to leave it over until later, in fact it is thought that nothing will be done until next year.

New Line by November 1.

The north end extension must be completed, however, by November 1, and the operation, if at all possible, by that time.

The company will have the assistance of the city in the application to the Dominion Railway Commission for a crossing at Adelaide street. The company favor a subway, and information has come to the city that the commission will recommend that construction. The percentage of the cost to be paid by each party will be adjusted by the commission also.

The double tracking of Horton street, the Hamilton road, and York street will be undertaken after the north end line is built. The company expect to rush the work in the north end, in order that it will be completed as early as possible, and then the lines mentioned will be double tracked.

Ald. Blandford Sanguine. "I had a conversation with Mr. T. H. Smallman regarding the matter," said Ald. B. Blandford, chairman of the special railway committee. "We talked the question over informally, and I am positive that they will agree to our terms, which I consider most reasonable. Further than that I cannot say at this moment. We will meet on Tuesday, when the business will be finally disposed of."

Mayor Graham also got in touch with the street railway directors, and the whole situation was thoroughly canvassed. It is understood that his worship and the directors also came to an agreement, practically the same as Ald. Blandford. If the agreement is ratified, as is expected, the council will pass it on Tuesday evening, and the incident will be closed.

CONGRESS SETS ASIDE MOTION TO CENSURE

Alleged Boycott of Convention By Bishop Fallon Not Discussed.

Quebec, June 29.—The French language congress today set aside the motion of Paul Ladue, censuring Mr. Fallon of London, Ont., for not permitting the priests of his diocese to attend the conference.

When the motion came up, Senator Choquette tried to speak to it, but he was prevented from doing so by the president, Mgr. Roy. Senator Choquette at once left the hall as a protest against the ruling of the chair.

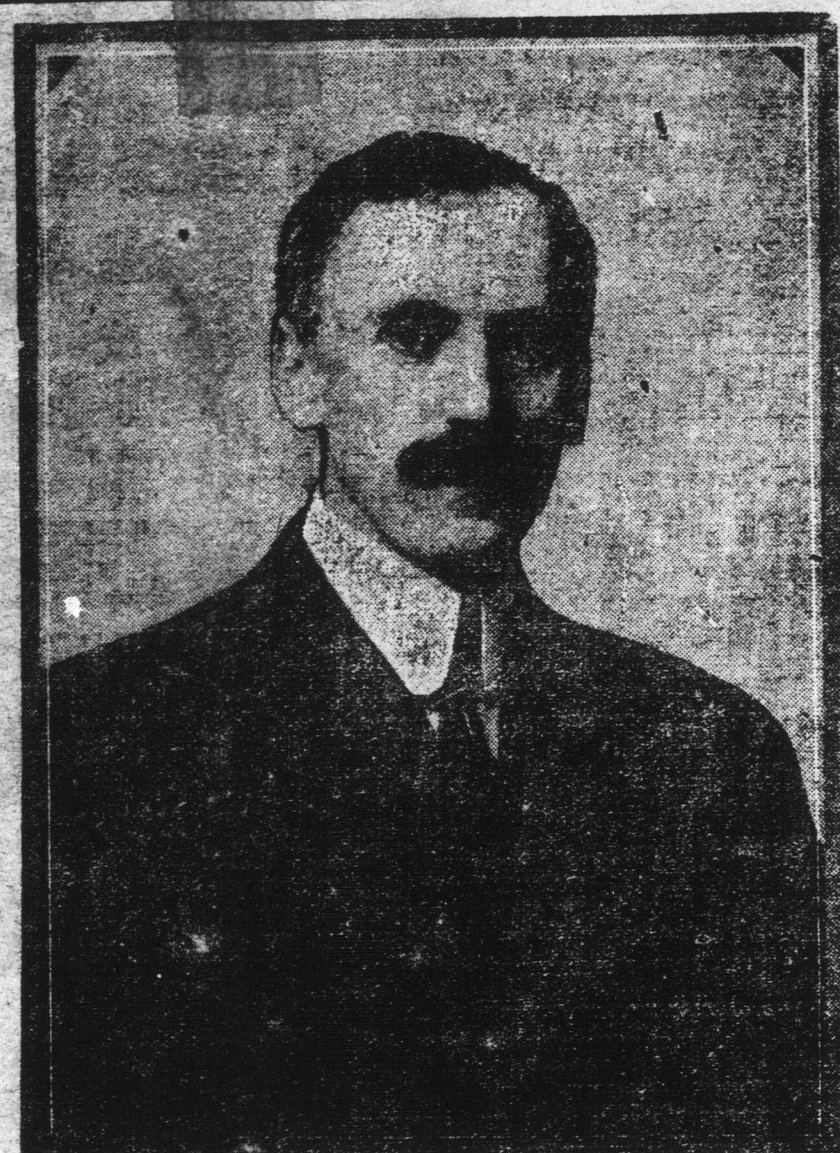
The congress passed resolutions endorsing the recommendations of the committee in regard to the following subjects:

Encouragement of national French language associations in preference to any others; celebration of St. John Baptiste Day in every French-Canadian centre; union of all the French associations of America; encouragement of the study of Canadian history and publication of books on same, and the creation of a permanent committee of the congress.

THE DAY IN LONDON

Rowell "Banish the Bar" meeting at Queen's Park, 2:15 p.m. Baseball, Tecumseh Park, 10:30 a.m. and 4 p.m. Dominion Day regatta, London Rowing Club, at Springbank. Band concert, Victoria Park. Seventh Regiment Band, at 8 p.m. East End League, at Queen's Park, morning game.

ABOLISH THE BAR



HEAR ROWELL IN QUEEN'S PARK THIS AFTERNOON.

Thirty-Two in Morgue List of Identified Dead

Regina, June 30.—There are 32 bodies in the morgue up to 10 p.m. The following have been identified:

Mrs. J. D. McKay and two children, South Regina.
A. Donaldson, contractor, North Regina.
Infant child, Clarence Loggie, South Regina.
George B. Craven, about 35 years of age, dairy expert from New Zealand.
One employee from Mulligan's Brewery.
Two Chinamen.
Miss Etta Guthrie, Lorne street south.
Mrs. R. N. F. Harris, Lorne street south.
Mrs. P. McIlmoyle.

ANOTHER LIST OF DEAD.

The dead reported in the cyclone so far are as follows:
Mrs. J. McIlmoyle, wife of J. McIlmoyle, stock-keeper, Fourteenth avenue; thinks three children still in cellar.
Fred Hindson, about 22 years, drug clerk, Lorne street south.
Miss Harris, rooming with A. J. Gibson, Lorne street south.
Miss Guthrie, Lorne street south.
Mrs. W. T. McDonald, 1415 Cornwall street.
James Scott, customs clerk, killed in Donaghue Block.
J. J. Bryan, manager Tudhope-Anderson Company, agricultural implements.
A large number of telephone girls are reported safe, but rescue parties removing the ruins are searching. The city is dark.

LONDON PEOPLE IN REGINA

Mr. C. B. Keenleyside, formerly of this city, who has been located in Regina for some years is expected to arrive in London, accompanied by his wife, tomorrow, so it is probable that he has already left the stricken district.
Among other Londoners who are thought to be in Regina are Miss Isabelle Armstrong, formerly of the Echo; Mr. Harry Glavin, Regina manager of the Huron and Erie of this city, his wife and family; Avery Casey, barrister; Beattie Martin, medical student; W. Childs, Wellington street north; Harry Vandermaede, Pipe Line road, with the Huron and Erie, and many others.

FALLS FROM BRIDGE INTO GRAND RIVER

Harry Payne, Brantford Painter, Meets a Tragic Fate. [Special to The Advertiser.]
Brantford, June 30.—Harry Payne was killed here Saturday evening when he fell off the T. H. and B. railway bridge into three feet of water in the Grand River. Some men fishing saw him fall, but when they recovered the body he was extinct. It is not known what caused Payne to fall. A widow and family survive. Deceased was a painter by trade. No inquest will be held.

TAKEN FROM THE RIVER.

Windsor, Ont., June 30.—The body of an unknown man was taken from the river opposite Amherstburg last Friday night, and is being held to await his identification. The remains, which are in a fair state of preservation, are those of a man about 30 years old, 5 feet 9 inches tall, weighing about 200 pounds. The left arm bears tattoo marks. The coroner thinks the man may have fallen from a passing steamer.

THE WEATHER.

TODAY—FINE AND WARM.

Toronto, Ont., June 30.—Comparatively cool weather has prevailed today in Alberta and Ontario, while elsewhere in Canada it has been warm, and in Manitoba and Saskatchewan the intense heat has continued. Rain has fallen heavily in many parts of Alberta and Saskatchewan, and in the latter province there has been some severe local storms.
Minimum and maximum temperatures: Calgary, 48—50; Swift Current, 52—58; Winnipeg, 62—84; Port Arthur, 56—62; Parry Sound, 46—76; Toronto, 54—66; Kingston, 59—66; Ottawa, 48—73; Montreal, 48—70; Quebec, 42—70; Halifax, 46—62.

Forecasts.
Western Ontario—Moderate variable winds; fine and warm.
Lower Lakes—Northerly and westerly winds; fine, with a little lower temperature.
Maritime Provinces—Northwesterly winds; fine and cool.
Lake Superior—Fresh to strong easterly and southerly winds; fair and warmer.
Local Temperatures.
The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 3 p.m. on Sunday: Highest, 75; lowest, 57.

BAR MILITATES AGAINST SOCIAL BETTERMENT, SAYS THE LIBERAL LEADER

Mr. Newton W. Rowell Tells Why He Places Its Abolition in the Leading Planks of His Platform.

IMPORTANT THINGS TO BE SAID TO THE WORKINGMEN OF LONDON

Head of the Ontario Opposition Will Deal With Workmen's Compensation and the Control of Corporations—Premier's Attitude Towards the Western University.

So long as the open bar continues it severely militates against all efforts at social betterment.—N. W. Rowell.

Mr. N. W. Rowell arrived in the city late last Saturday evening prepared to begin his great battle for social reform. The young leader was in fine fettle when seen by The Advertiser Saturday night, and expressed much gratification at the assurances of support, which are pouring in from all over Ontario. While the abolish-the-bar slogan will be the rallying cry of the campaign, Mr. Rowell will have many other worthy issues to present to the people of Ontario, notably measures dealing with the welfare of workmen and taxation reform.

"The underlying principle of Liberalism, as I understand it, is to secure for every man equal opportunity," said Mr. Rowell. "In the past that has involved struggles for great constitutional reforms in order to secure the right of the people to govern themselves. In the future it involves great measures of social reform so as to better the moral, social and industrial condition of the masses of the people. It is my intention to press upon the attention of the people of this province the urgent need of imperative measures of social reform, and in this programme I have put first the abolition of the bar. So long as the bar continues it seriously militates against all other efforts at social reform."

In addition to his remarks on the bar question, Mr. Rowell announced that he should have a good deal to say about things of paramount importance to the workingman. Among others he mentioned workmen's compensation, and the control of corporations.

"I am in hearty sympathy with the 'Stay in Ontario' movement," said Mr. Rowell. "I think the matter of keeping our farm population at home is a most important one. I have said publicly that I believe the farmer can do as well for himself here in Ontario, as in part of the Dominion."
The Western University.
Asked as to his view of the attitude of the Government toward Western University, the Liberal leader said: "There is no excuse for the manner in which the department of education has dealt with this question. The status of the university should be clearly defined. No uncertainty should exist as to the qualifications of its graduates. When the question of money for the hygiene institute was before the House I inquired whether it was intended in the interest of the university, or entirely apart from it. Mr. Beckett said it was. Mr. White said it was not. My position was that the Government should say exactly for what purpose this money was intended in order that the people might not be voting under a misapprehension. So far it has been impossible to obtain any statement concerning the Government's attitude toward the London school."

Strong for Temperance.
Returning to his temperance policy, Mr. Rowell announced that reports from all sections showed the utmost enthusiasm for the cause. "Not in many years," he said, "has Ontario Liberalism been so active and confident. Conservatives, as well as Liberals have assured me of their support in this campaign against the bar."

Warning From the United States.
After discussing the issues in Ontario, Mr. Rowell glanced at the political situation in the United States, which in his opinion is fraught with a great lesson for Canadians.

"The most significant factor in the whole situation," he said, "is the evidence afforded at both conventions of that social unrest which is rousing the people of both parties against what they look upon as domination of the moneyed interests."

"We should remember that as our country continues to grow and develop we shall ultimately face the same conditions in Canada. The only remedy lies in legislation which shall put corporate wealth under proper restraint now before the struggle has reached the acute stage manifested by conditions in the republic."

More Meetings.
Mr. Rowell announced that his opening address would be followed by another in Belleville. At the end of July he will start north and make a tour through Northern Ontario for the purpose of getting in touch with the needs of the newer parts of the province.

DEMOCRATS TAKE 26 BALLOTS WITHOUT SELECTING CANDIDATE

Woodrow Wilson Makes Notable Gains While Clark Drops Back—Bryan Spurns Tammany and Throws the Convention Into an Uproar.

Convention Hall, Baltimore, June 29.—The Democratic national convention at 11 o'clock tonight adjourned until 11 o'clock Monday morning. The convention had cast 26 ballots in a vain effort to choose a presidential nominee.

The motion to adjourn was made by Delegate A. Mitchell Palmer, of Pennsylvania, a Wilson supporter.

Palmer's motion followed close on the heels of an announcement that Speaker Clark had left Washington for Baltimore.

The standing of the candidates on the 26th ballot was:

Clark 463½ Poss 43
Wilson 407½ Harmon 29
Underwood 112½ Bryan 1
Marshall 30 Absent 14

Harmon Re-Enters.

Clark continued to lose strength on the 26th ballot, though few of those who deserted him went to Wilson. Harmon re-entered the race with 29 votes from Ohio. Wilson also took the two in Massachusetts which had been going for Clark. The result was: Clark 463, Wilson 405, Underwood 108, Poss 43, Marshall 30, Harmon 29, Ollie James 3, Bryan 1.

Before the 22nd ballot the Clark forces asked for a recess. The Wilson men objected and demanded a roll-call, which was ordered.

The result as first announced showed the motion carried, but on a recapitulation ordered by Chairman Jones, the result was shown to be 547 against to Clark and 4 to Wilson, therefore, 529½ for the convention, therefore, proceeded at once with the roll-call on the 22nd ballot.

The first surprise of the ballot was the switch of 34 votes to Poss. The remaining two were for Clark. Harmon's vote in Ohio left him, 28½ going to Clark and ½ to Wilson.

Clark Leaves for Baltimore.
Washington, June 29.—Speaker Clark left Washington suddenly for Baltimore tonight.

Bryan Spurns Tammany.
Convention Hall, Baltimore, June 29.—Under the guise of expunging a change of vote in the Nebraska delegation, William Jennings Bryan got another hearing in the Democratic national convention today, and again threw the delegates and spectators into a disorderly uproar.
Bryan, who, under primary instructions had been voting for Champ Speaker Clark left at 10:15. The Continued on Page Eleven.