

London Advertiser.

TWO DAILY EDITIONS AND WEEKLY.

The Leading Medium for Advertisers in Western Ontario.

THE LONDON ADVERTISER COMPANY (Limited).

LONDON, ONTARIO.

London, Tuesday Nov. 4.

A Stultified Party.

Mr. Borden's lieutenant, Mr. Monk, has thrown off all disguise by coming out flatly against the British preference in a speech to the electors of L'Assomption. Mr. Borden during his Northwest tour equivocated on the subject, and the majority of his followers have been equally uncanonized. They are in reality opposed to the preference, they criticize it in a general way, but as a party they have not had the courage to formally demand its repeal. There may be more party advantage in letting the question lie around loose. It need not be openly attacked in the English-speaking provinces, while Mr. Monk may denounce it in Quebec, as a feature of his anti-imperialist crusade. The Conservative party of Canada has claimed almost a monopoly of British sentiment in this country. It has been the boasted champion of imperial preferential trade. Now it finds itself arrayed against the imperialist policy of every self-governing colony in the Empire. The premiers of Australia, New Zealand, Natal and Cape Colony have agreed to recommend to their respective governments preferential treatment of British goods, as a means of bringing the members of the Empire into closer trade relations. The Conservative party in this country has placed itself at the head of this movement and now scoffs at its old ideals.

Glasgow Defended.

Some time ago we published a digest of an article in the London Times, dealing in a very critical spirit with Glasgow's experiments in public ownership. A four-column reply appears in the Times of Oct. 24, from the lord provost of Glasgow, who makes a vigorous defense of the city's policy. "Will your correspondent," he asks, "go on to argue that the water supply should revert to a private company, in order that private traders should get increased profits and investors larger interest, while the citizens should pay 1s 4d per pound on their rental for their entire domestic water supply, as they used to do, instead of 5d, as they do now, and that the gas should be similarly dealt with, the citizens paying 5s 5d as formerly, instead of 2s 3d, as now? Or again, would he prefer that the tramways should have been continued in the hands of an old company, giving an unsatisfactory service, paying its servants unsatisfactory wages, working them unsatisfactory hours, while the citizens paid 2d for a ride which they can now get for a penny? If your correspondent wishes these things, let him say so, and, if not, let him cease his wail."

The lord provost admits that the city's debt, chargeable against the rates, has increased from £2,788,297 in 1888, to £4,089,583 in 1901, but points out that the assessable rental has increased in the same time from £2,364,502, to £4,952,964, while the population has grown from 449,956 to 761,709, and the area of the city from 6,111 acres to 12,688 acres. This shows an actual decrease of the debt per capita. The increase in the debt has been incurred by the purchase of public parks, the extension of infectious diseases hospitals, and the purification of the city's sewage. The provost also admits that the tax rates have increased from 2s 6d in 1888 to 3s 2½d in 1902, but says the addition consists almost wholly of increase in the parks, public health, roads and bridges, and sewage purification rates, the last named being entirely new. Six hundred acres of land have been purchased for pleasure grounds, eleven new bridges erected, and eleven open spaces acquired for children's playgrounds. Against this debt the city has assets of £17,288,336, but the provost claims that in addition to this there is the market value of the gas, water, street railway and other franchises, for which private companies would offer millions of pounds. By the extension of the park area and the sewage schemes, the death rate had been reduced from 24.2 per thousand in 1890 to 20.6 in 1901, a saving of 14,620 lives in ten years. The total revenue from the street railway or tramway for the year ending May 31, 1902, was £814,412, and the working expenses £238,147. The sum of £576,265 was set apart for depreciation, leaving a gross balance of £238,267. After paying £96,315 interest and sinking fund and £12,500 to the corporation, for the general fund, £100,452 was added to the reserve fund. The provost asserts that the amount set apart for depreciation is ample, and the sinking fund is calculated to wipe out the debt in 31 years. The mileage of track has increased from 30 in 1894 to 68½ in 1902; the average fare per mile has decreased from .894 to .470, and the number of passengers annually has increased from 54,000,000 to 170,000,000. The municipalization of the telephone system has been justified also, the provost claims. Before the corporation entered the field £10 was the minimum cost of a telephone in Glasgow. The city now gives an unlimited service for £5 8s, while the private company has reduced the rate to £3 10s for a limited service, at one penny per call. The modern lodging houses erected by the corporation have yielded a depreciation fund of 1 per cent per annum, and a return of between 4 and 5 per cent on the money invested, but the best service they render is the set-

ting up of a high standard for other lodging-house keepers to follow. The gas and electricity departments had, in addition to the statutory sinking fund, laid aside a depreciation fund of £58,896. The provost seems to have made out a strong case for municipal ownership of public utilities. After all, the theory is generally conceded to be sound, but in practice everything depends upon the honesty and efficiency of the administrators. Glasgow has been fortunate in that respect.

The Domestic Help Problem.

The Wisconsin State Labor Bureau has been collecting reasons why girls prefer work in factories and stores to household service. Inquiries were sent to 769 persons. Among the answers were these:

If ladies would only give girls better rooms, kinder treatment and warmer beds and let them live independently more girls would do housework.

I went into the factory because I wished to be treated like a human being.

The reason I won't do housework is because I will not be treated like half a slave and always a nobody.

I love housework, but like a host of other girls, I refuse to do it under present conditions.

None of the girls I know would do housework, because a girl who does it is always looked upon as a kitchen drudge, always on duty and seldom treated justly.

I am treated better in the factory in every way, and, besides, I am no longer obliged to entertain in the kitchen or receive my friends at the back door, since I can live at home with my own people.

The conditions of the domestic help problem are the same everywhere in the United States and Canada. The answers given by young women in Wisconsin would be given by young women in Ontario. As long as domestic service is a social disparagement the problem will remain. All the blame cannot be placed on one class. The only remedy is a higher appreciation of the dignity of household work. This appreciation is growing and one result is the introduction of domestic courses in the schools. The girls are being educated to the fact that the care of the home, especially the culinary details, demands skill and intelligence, and is not unattractive or degrading. With this spread of scientific training, domestic work will take as high a place as any other occupation in woman's sphere of labor.

There seems to be method in the Mullah's madness.

When the servant girl problem is finally solved, the ladies will lose a prolific source of conversation.

The case against the Liberal member for South Wentworth has collapsed. The petitioner laid 57 charges and then declined to face the court.

The United States elects a new Congress today. Good times are usually good for the party in power. The prospects are that the Republicans will not lose a great deal.

The Port Stanley public school was very properly dismissed while the lifeboat crew was attempting the rescue of the crew of the Mineral State. What nobler lesson could the children have than this exhibition of heroism?

Why deride the monocyte? The Kaiser has adopted it, and Mr. Chamberlain and his eyeglasses are never seen apart. Neither Wilhelm nor Pushkin Joe is a sybarite. Both are types of the strenuous life. Perhaps the monocyte is like long hair—worn only by men who are geniuses or fools.

Mr. Hanbury again asserts that the British Government will not remove the embargo on Canadian cattle. There is no pretense that the embargo is any longer necessary as a precaution against tuberculosis. It is simply a measure of protection for the British graziers against foreign competition. How do Canadian protectionists like this application of their own theory?

For the first time in the history of Canada, the Postoffice Department shows a surplus. In six years, Hon. William Mulock has been able to convert a deficit of \$751,152 into a surplus of \$5,000. In addition he has cheapened the English rate of postage from 5 cents to 2 cents, and the domestic and United States rate from 3 cents to 2 cents. His critics said it couldn't be done, and they'll never forgive him for doing it.

At the annual meeting of the second ward Conservative Association, Toronto, last night, speeches were delivered strongly denouncing the ballot frauds alleged to have been committed by wicked Grits. After the speeches, the association proceeded to elect a president, and the scrutineers found 23 bogus ballots had been cast. The delegates understood that the moralizing had been intended only for the Grits.

A Man of Family.

[Exchange.]

"Are you a man of family, sir?"

"Yes, sir; my third son-in-law moves in today."

A Slander Refuted.

[Exchange.]

Jaggsby—"I understand, sir, that you said I drank like a fish."

Waggsby—"It's a lie. I never knew you to take a drink of water in your life."

A Popular Man.

[Washington Star.]

His clothes may be tattered and torn. His hat may be battered and worn; Let the populace shout.

And his language ill-timed, But so one will use him with scorn.

Receive him with garlands and songs; Salute him with shawls and tongs; While the bells peal out.

With "dings," not omitting the "dongs."

His coming brings joy to the soul, Though he claims a most liberal toll. The town will be seen.

In a rivalry keen, For the man who is putting in coal.

Ruthless Time.

[William Shakespeare.]

Time hath, my lord, a wallet at his back,

Wherein he puts alms for oblivion.

A great-sized monster of ingratitudes:

Those scraps are good deeds past; which

are devour'd.

As fast as they are made, forgot as soon

As they are done; perseverance, dear my lord,

Keeps honor bright; to have done is to hang

Quite out of fashion; like a rusty mail

In monumental mockery. Take th' instant way.

The New Manager.

[Brantford Courier.]

The directors of the new Metropolitan Bank, which is about to establish branches throughout Canada, have appointed as general manager F. W. Baillie. The latter is only 27, but he has gone ahead like sixty.

We're Annexing Too.

[Hamilton Spectator.]

The New York Sun is again annexing Canada to the United States. And Canada is now annexing the United States by the thousand.

If Joe Chamberlain blows into this country with a carload of snowshoes, moccasins and fur coats, we'll wash our hands of him.

A Study in Elevation.

[Washington Star.]

"Are you trying to elevate the stage?"

"Not any more," answered Mr. Starnington. "It is an old story. A man starts in by trying to elevate the stage, and ends by trying to raise money."

For the Good of the Navy.

[Toronto Star.]

Hon. A. G. Blair, Minister of Railways, on his recent Western trip said he sometimes in his dreams saw the Intercolonial Railway extended clear across Canada, giving the people a national highway owned and controlled by themselves, carrying produce at rates that would pay working expenses. He did not believe the country would feel the burden, and did not consider the scheme too visionary for fulfillment. Sir William Mulock has declared in favor of nationalizing telegraph lines.

The minds of men everywhere are turning in the same direction. In responsible offices and handling large affairs are no longer afraid to confess their faith in principles once called "Socialistic," and hence deemed dangerous by the uninquiescent general run of people. Nor do men of solid parts fear today that they will be thought impractical by confessing their adhesion to such principles.

Great Little Men.

[Marquise de Fontenay.]

A most great men have been small. This sounds paradoxical. But an indignant Briton has taken exception to my remarks in these letters the other day about the 5 foot 7 inches of King Edward, and I wish, therefore, to soothe his ruffled feelings by pointing out to him that grandeur of intellect does not always go with greatness of stature, or with the enormity of bulk.

Thus, the great Emperor Napoleon was a little bit of a man, about 5 foot 3 inches in height, and Frederick the Great, the most famous of all the rulers of Prussia, a bonnet of about the same number of inches. Alexander the Great was 5 foot 4. King Charles XII. of Sweden, one of the most heroic figures of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, was 5 foot 2. Prince Eugene of Savoy, the celebrated general and fellow commander of the first Duke of Marlborough, was 5 foot 2. While the duke just mentioned was 5 foot 6. Voltaire, Messier, Kent, Richard Wagner, Thiers, Mozart and Cavour were all exceptionally small men, and, indeed, one of the only figures in history that I can recall whose grandeur was in keeping with his size was the little Prince Bismarck, the first chancellor of the German Empire.

So that there is no reason whatsoever for my English reader and correspondent being offended at my calling attention to the fact that King Edward is rather below than above what is called medium stature. Even with his 5 foot 7 he is at least an inch and a half taller than his son, the Prince of Wales, a head taller than the King of Italy, half a head taller than the Emperor of Russia, and about the same size as his nephew, the German Emperor.

The Small American Family.

[Harper's Weekly.]

The Americans like children, but they hesitate to become responsible for the welfare and comfort of large families. Four children in a family are an unusual number; six make a big family nowadays, and eight invite the imputation of extravagance and prodigality. If Europe is safe from an American invasion until American families grow bigger, it can rest easy in its mind. At present the tendency seems to be the other way. They say that the French are growing more peaceable, more thrifty and richer. They are not invaders nowadays in commerce, and they are less and less disposed to aggressive war. They have no spare population. So it may be with us. American families can ill spare their sons for foreign service, either military or commercial. There are too few of them born.

AWFUL PAIN

Quebec Man Suffered Terrible Torture With Pains in the Back and Loins.

Mantane, Que., Nov. 3.—Mr. D. Dionne, of this place, has at last found a cure for the excruciating pains in his back and loins which have troubled him for so long. The suffering Mr. Dionne has endured has been almost beyond belief. He tried many medicines, but nothing seemed to do him any good until he was led to use Dodd's Kidney Pills.

This remedy has completely restored Mr. Dionne to good health and he has no longer the slightest pain in his back or any other part and is feeling splendid.

It was a most remarkable cure and one which has done much to make Dodd's Kidney Pills still more popular with the people of this neighborhood. They will cure Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, or any other Kidney Trouble.

The 4-months twin son of Albini Labute died yesterday from whooping cough at his home in Walkerville. It is expected the dead child's twin brother will also die.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills cure Anemia, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Weakness, Palpitation, Throbbing, Faint Spells, Dizziness, or any condition arising from Impoverished Blood, Disordered Nerves or Weak Heart.

WESTERN ONTARIO

The customs collections at Windsor for October amounted to \$35,608.82. Hugh Ferguson, of the Traders' Bank, Ridgeway, has been appointed manager of that bank at Dutton.

The inland revenue receipts at Windsor for last month are \$70,957.50, an increase over September and over October, 1901. The old Grand Trunk bridge at Walkerville was on fire. The flames were extinguished before much damage was done.

During the last summer 40 new dwelling houses were erected in Walkerville. All have been engaged by families from Detroit, and nearly 200 people have moved to that town.

Torturing Piles

First symptoms—Moisture; intense itching, stinging; desire to scratch; most at night. If allowed to continue, tumors form, which often protrude, ulcerate and bleed. Instant relief; no pain; no knife. Certain cure—simply use

Swayne's Ointment

Harmless; healing. Half a century's test proves that it never fails. At drug stores. 50 Cents. To try before you buy, address, Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia, who will gladly mail a plain wrapper, A SAMPLE BOX FREE.



No range is complete without a practical basting door—should be just large enough to baste a roast, shift a pan, etc., and yet not large enough to chill the oven.

Famous Active Ranges

are equipped with this and all other devices necessary for good cooking.

Has a rich nickel dress and a handsome design, which makes it an ornament in the neatest kitchen.

Write for catalogue.

Makers of the "Sunshine" Furnace and "Cornwall" Steel Range.

London, Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver, St. John, N.B.

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Baby's Own Soap



PURE, FRAGRANT, CLEANSING.

ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO., MFRS. MONTREAL.

Not Yesterday, Neither Today, but Tomorrow Will Commence the

GREATEST SALE OF DRYGOODS KINGSMILL'S

The store so long used by James Wright & Co., we have purchased. With this ground added, we will have sufficient space to build a modern warehouse, in every respect up-to-date. To enable us to carry this out we are compelled to move our entire drygoods stock, manufacturing departments and tailoring to the premises where we are selling off the

BANKRUPT STOCK OF RUNIANS, CARSON & McKEE.

This stock was very large, amounting to \$67,460, and an exceptionally good stock, as the people were a comparatively short time in business. Think of the price, only 55c on the dollar. The stock is not quite two months on the market. We have kept the best for the last, and a large stock bought so cheaply enables us to give you goods at very low prices.

TO ADD TO THIS ATTRACTION our own stock will be all remarked

AWAY DOWN IN PRICE,

as we don't want (if possible) to carry anything back to the new building.

Do You Want Carpets?

If so don't buy until you come to

London's Greatest Carpet Warehouse

Greatest in size,

Greatest in experience,

Greatest in volume of stock,

Greatest in variety,

Greatest in capital,

Greatest in giving the people the best possible value for their money.

OUR ADVICE—Don't buy Carpets until you see the greatest stock and know the right prices.

We only advertise what we have. We don't place a visionary value on our goods to make reduction attract attention.

We don't sell cheap-made, low goods, and call them best.

We can sell you Carpets much less than the small dealers can buy them.

Kingsmill's Greatest Carpet Warehouse.

Carling Street, London.

Last year the Paris Omnibus Company had 16,572 horses at its service; now it employs nearly 2,000 less, while more than 2,000 other horses have been replaced by automobiles.

see a person whose hands are covered over with warts. Why have these disgusting growths on your person, when a sure remover of all warts, corns, etc., can be found in Holloway's Corn Cure?

THEY DROVE PIMPLES AWAY—A face covered with pimples is unsightly; it tells of internal irregularities which, should long since have been corrected. The liver and the kidneys are not performing their functions in the healthy way they should, and these pimples are a sign that the blood is impure. Parmentier's Vegetable Pills will drive them all away, and will leave the skin clear and clean. Try them, and there will be another witness to their excellence.

In a Berlin insane asylum is a patient, it is said, whose hair changes color with her temperature. When she is cool and quiet her hair is a light yellow, but when she is restless and excited it becomes auburn.

Completely Fagged Out. The tired, full of sickly, despondent, tired, enervated people, all hoping to be well some day. The surest road to health is a diet of wholesome food without fear of indigestion or dyspepsia. This results in the rapid formation of an abundance of red, vitalizing blood, which will restore the nerves, increase flesh and vigor, and nourish and feed every organ of the body. Ferrozone is an ideal restorative and invigorant. It is a tonic of unequalled merit that anyone can use with benefit. Price 60c per box, or six boxes for \$2.50, at druggists or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Systematic inquiries into the present condition of bird life in Missouri bring to light the surprising fact that within the last fifteen years insectivorous birds have decreased 62 per cent and game birds 80 per cent.

Hayward's Yellow Oil is good for man or beast. Relieves pain, reduces swelling, allays inflammation, cures cuts, burns, bruises, sprains, stiff joints, etc.

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Best Hotel Location in the City. Absolutely Fireproof European Plan.

Located in the Amusement and Shopping district, the most interesting part of the city. Twenty principal places of amusement within five minutes' walk of the hotel. Family and Transient Hotel.

CHAS. A. ATKINS & CO

The Best. 100 YOUNG MEN WANTED to qualify for positions as stenographers at the CANADA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Chatham, Ont., Positions at \$50 and \$60 per month are today going begging for young men to fill them. We have now eleven unfilled calls for male stenographers alone, and the number keeps increasing. It offers the best of male employment, steady, bright, capable young men. Write for particulars and catalogue, D. McLAUGHLIN & CO., Chatham, Ont.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS. MONTECAL to LIVERPOOL via MOVIE. RATES OF PASSAGE. First cabin, \$50 and upwards; second cabin, from \$25; third class, \$15 to \$20. LIVERPOOL, Derry, Belfast, London, Glasgow, MONTREAL to GLASGOW direct—S.S. Sicilian, November 13. First cabin, \$30; second cabin, \$25; third class, \$20. London Agents: E. De La Hooke, W. Fulton, P. B. Clarke.

ALLAN LINE. ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS. MONTECAL to LIVERPOOL via MOVIE. RATES OF PASSAGE. First cabin, \$50 and upwards; second cabin, from \$25; third class, \$15 to \$20. LIVERPOOL, Derry, Belfast, London, Glasgow, MONTREAL to GLASGOW direct—S.S. Sicilian, November 13. First cabin, \$30; second cabin, \$25; third class, \$20. London Agents: E. De La Hooke, W. Fulton, P. B. Clarke.

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THE MOST NUTRITIOUS.

EPPS'S COCOA

An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact, fitted to build up and maintain robust health, and to resist winter's extreme cold. Sold in 1-4 lb tins, labelled JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd., Homeopathic Chemists, London, Eng.

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PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED. We solicit the business of Manufacturers, Engineers and others who realize the advantage of having their Patent business transacted by Experts. Preliminary advice free. Charges moderate. Our Inventors' Help, 35 pages, sent upon request. Marion & Marion, New York Life Bldg. Montreal, and Washington, D.C. U.S.A.

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RAILWAYS AND NAVIGATION.

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Winter Tourist Tickets Now on Sale.

Excursions to: Cleveland, O., Oct. 20th and 21st New Orleans, La., Nov. 11th, 12th and 13th Chicago, Ill., Dec. 1st, 2nd and 3rd

Particulars at city ticket office, 335 Richmond street. Phone 265.

O. W. RUGGLES, general passenger and ticket agent, Chicago. JOHN PAUL, city passenger agent, London.

WHITE STAR LINE.

United States and Royal Mail

New York, Queenstown and Liverpool

GERMANIC, NOV. 5, NOON. TEUTONIC, NOV. 12, NOON. CYMRIC, NOV. 19, NOON. OCEANIC, NOV. 26, 3:30 A.M. MAJESTIC, NOV. 3, NOON. CELTIC, DEC. 2, 7:30 A.M.

Saloon rates from \$40 up. Second saloon from \$25 up, according to steamer and accommodation. Third class rates to Liverpool, London, Glasgow and Derry, £3 and 25s.

Accommodations for all classes of passengers unexcelled. E. DE LA HOOKE, CLOCK CORNER, Sole Agent for London.

ALLAN LINE.

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