



Mrs. H. D. West
of Cornwallis, Nova Scotia.

\$200 Worth Of Other Medicines Failed

But 4 Bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla
Cured.

"It is with pleasure that I tell of the great benefit I derived from Hood's Sarsaparilla. For 6 years I have been badly afflicted with

Erysipelas
breaking out with running sores during hot summer months. I have sometimes not been able to use my limbs for two months at a time. Being induced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, I got one bottle last spring, commenced using it, felt so much better, got two bottles more; took them during the summer, was able to do my housework, and

Walk Two Miles
which I had not done for six years. Think I am cured of erysipelas, and recommend any person so afflicted to use

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Four bottles has done more for me than \$200 worth of other medicines. I think it the best blood purifier known. Mrs. H. D. WEST, Church Street, Cornwallis, N.S.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache. 25c.

Third of the Series.

Interesting Match Between the Alerts and Stars.

The London Cricket Club Eleven Do Up the Doctors.

Arrangements for the Local Regatta—Sporting News from Various Quarters.

LONDON'S NEW FITTER.
The Alerts have signed a new pitcher. His name is Dan Hoadley and he comes from St. Thomas. He was the crack pitcher of the Browns, and is said to be a dandy. On May 24 he struck out fourteen of the Gulls at Galt. He will don the Alerts' uniform on Wednesday afternoon, and will endeavor to serve the Maple Leafs of Galt the same way. The latter nine are not mere talkers of former glory; in fact, they rank among the best in Western Ontario. It will be a great game, and Kensington Park should be crowded.

The Stars, too, have added another twister. He weighs 180 pounds, and is said to be a whirling dervish. His name is said to be Delavere. He was on the grounds Saturday, and is a fine specimen of brawn and muscle. His speed is said to be terrific. The catcher who holds him will have a very busy job. Look out for him, ye Veterans Alerts!

ALERTS VS. STARS.
The crowd that assembled at Tecumseh Park on Saturday afternoon witnessed the sharpest and most exciting game played this season. Both teams were in excellent condition, the hot weather being a factor in putting the pitchers in fine shape for business. Clever work was done by both teams, especially at critical times by the Alerts. On two occasions the Stars had the bases full, but were blanked. By neat work Sherris struck out Wiley and McLeod in the sixth, with the bases all occupied, at no time during the game was Sherris very hard, the six hits of the Stars being scattered. No two hits were secured in an inning. The support given Sherris was equal to his pitching. Johnson made two errors on ground balls, while Hiscott allowed one to pass through his legs. Player stepped some hard hits and threw across the diamond with the speed of a professional. Hutchinson expired two difficult fly catches.

The Stars also came in for a goodly share of deserved applause. To Sheppard most first houses be given. No one but a player of experience could command such coolness and nerve as he exhibited on Saturday. Several plays forced upon him demanded immediate handwork, and not once did he lose the play. He had seven field assists. McLeod caught a magnificent game, holding the well-pitching of Sheppard in fine style. His hands were quick, badly, but he was not willing to do without them. But after a hot head.

ACHE
is the name of so many ills that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. On one or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action cause all who use them, a walk at 25c. a box for \$1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Box, Small Dose, Small Price.

the first time and will remain there, so the Stars say.

It was not until the sixth that a run was scored. In that inning Player, for the Alerts, opened with a double. Fumbles by Delaney of Johnson's and Burton's hits sent Player across the plate with the first run. Sherris' single scored Johnson, while Burton was caught at the home plate. Sherris came home on Quinn's single. In the eighth, Sherris opened with his second hit, stole second, reached third on the throw and scored on Quinn's sacrifice to Wiley. Score:

	A.	B.	H.	P.	O.	A.	E.
Hiscott, a.s.	5	0	1	0	0	0	0
Hynd, c.f.	5	0	1	0	0	0	0
Hutchinson, r.f.	5	0	1	2	0	0	0
Player, 3b.	5	0	1	0	0	0	0
Johnson, 2b.	5	1	2	1	4	2	2
Burton, 1b.	5	0	1	16	6	0	0
Sherris, p.	5	0	1	0	0	0	0
Quinn, c.	4	0	1	2	2	1	0
Bell, Lf.	4	0	1	0	0	0	0
Totals	43	4	9	27	20	4	1

	A.	B.	H.	P.	O.	A.	E.
Delaney, a.s.	5	0	2	0	0	0	0
Quinn, c.f.	5	0	2	0	0	0	0
Farnsworth, r.f.	5	0	1	2	0	0	0
Morlin, 1b.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arthur, 2b.	4	0	1	3	0	0	0
Wiley, c.f.	4	0	1	3	0	0	0
Sheppard, p.	4	0	1	1	8	0	0
McLeod, c.	4	0	1	1	8	0	0
Totals	36	0	8	27	13	0	0

Alerts..... 36 0 8 27 13 0 0
Stars..... 43 4 9 27 20 4 1

Struck out—Hiscott, Sherris, Hutchinson, McLeod 2, Wiley.

Left on bases—Alerts 8, Stars 7.

Bases on balls—Hiscott, Player, Bell, Dunn, Arthur, Delaney, McLeod.

Earned runs—Alerts 1.

Stolen bases—Burton, Player, Hynd.

Double plays—Burton to Player, Dunn to Morlin.

Three-base hits—Hutchinson 1.

Two-base hits—Hynd 1, Quinn 1, Wiley 1.

Wild pitch—Sheppard.

Umpire—Delaney.

Scorer—C. G. Moorhead.

Time of game—1:30.

NATIONAL LEAGUE SCORES—SATURDAY.

At New York—Early game—R. H. E.
New York..... 5 0 0
Washington..... 7 10 3

Batteries—Baldwin and Milligan; Meekin and Farrell. Umpire—McLaughlin.

At Boston—No game—Rain.

At Philadelphia—41 innings—R. H. E.
Philadelphia..... 6 8 1
Baltimore..... 4 11 2

Batteries—Carney and Clements; Hawke and Robinson. Umpire—Lynch.

At Pittsburgh—R. H. E.
Pittsburgh..... 7 9 3
Cleveland..... 8 2 2

Batteries—Young and Zimmer; Kilen and Miller. Umpire—Gaffney.

SUNDAY GAMES.

At Cincinnati—Attendance, 4,350.
Cincinnati..... 30 32 4
Louisville..... 12 15 7

Batteries—Jones, Chamberlain and Murphy; Rhodes and Grim.

At Chicago—Attendance, 11,955.
Chicago..... 12 15 2
St. Louis..... 16 12 2

Batteries—Parrott, Manick, McGill and Kitzinger; Gleason, Duvick, Fenz.

THE STANDING.

Won. Lost. Percent.
Brooklyn..... 15 15 .500
Philadelphia..... 26 15 .632

Boston..... 27 16 .625
Pittsburgh..... 24 18 .571

New York..... 22 22 .500
Baltimore..... 22 21 .512

Cleveland..... 18 18 .500
Cincinnati..... 19 22 .459

Chicago..... 18 24 .429
Cincinnati..... 18 24 .429

St. Louis..... 14 24 .369
Louisville..... 6 25 .194

CRICKET.

DOCTORS VS. LONDON CRICKET CLUB.

This match was played on the grounds of the London Cricket Club on Saturday afternoon, the London Cricket Club eleven winning by 51 runs. The low scores were due to the excellent bowling of Messrs. Grew and Sayers and Dr. Williams and Bacon. H. C. Becker being the only man to reach double figures, making 20 and 8, not out. The battery work of Messrs. Grew and Hyman was a noticeable feature of the game. As will be seen by the personnel of the teams, it was largely a contest of the batsmen vs. doctors, the former administering a dose of defeat to the medicine men. The score:

LONDON CRICKET CLUB.

First Inning—
E. Sayers, c. Bacon, b. Williams..... 1
C. H. man, b. Bacon..... 1

C. H. man, b. Williams..... 2
W. Snell, c. Bacon, b. Williams..... 2

C. Becker, not out..... 20
F. Grew, b. Williams..... 2

F. Grew, b. Williams..... 2
F. Reid, b. Bacon..... 1

F. Reid, b. Bacon..... 1
F. Reid, b. Bacon..... 1

F. Reid, b. Bacon..... 1
F. Reid, b. Bacon..... 1

F. Reid, b. Bacon..... 1
F. Reid, b. Bacon..... 1

F. Reid, b. Bacon..... 1
F. Reid, b. Bacon..... 1

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F. Reid, b. Bacon..... 1

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F. Reid, b. Bacon..... 1
F. Reid, b. Bacon..... 1

F. Reid, b. Bacon..... 1
F. Reid, b. Bacon..... 1

DEATH OF SHERIFF GLASS.

Sketch of One of London's Most Prominent Men.

His Parents and Early Life—His Business Career and Subsequent Public Appointment—A Man Esteemed and Forward in Good Causes—Continuous Resident of London for 62 Years.

William Glass, sheriff of the county of Middlesex, died at his home, 402 Colborne street, at 11:20 o'clock Saturday night, at the age of 66 years.

His death was not unexpected. For days he has been ailing with an ailment. Sometimes an improvement in his condition would seem so marked as to almost raise hopes of ultimate recovery; but these rallies were generally succeeded by relapses which left him weaker than before. His ailments began from what he suffered—which finally developed into blood poisoning—had too deeply undermined his once splendid constitution, and the best medical skill was unavailing. Up to the time of his last illness, a few weeks ago, the sheriff looked the picture of well preserved, vigorous health. No one was more generally known and esteemed in London and throughout the west than the deceased, and his death removes one who has been associated with the history, the growth and development, and the public and commercial relations of the Forest City from its infancy.

Sheriff Glass was descended on the paternal side from an old well known family of the county of Armagh, Ireland. The old farm homestead is still owned and occupied by his cousin, Samuel Glass. In the year 1819 Samuel Glass, father of the sheriff, at the age of 19 years, left his home to seek his fortune in Canada, having for his point of destination the township of Westminster, in the London district, where his sister, the late Mrs. Samuel Glass, had settled. In 1824 Mr. Glass was married to a Miss Williams, a daughter of Mr. Overy, a well-to-do retired merchant of the town of Donaghadee, Ireland. Young Glass induced Mr. Overy to accompany him to the township of Westminster, and there they both settled in the year 1829. Seven years subsequently Mr. Glass married Eliza, daughter of Mr. Overy, and purchased and settled upon the beautiful farm known as Mount Pleasant, now owned by Benjamin Davis, in Westminster, and this farm his son, William, inherited.

In the year 1830 Mr. Glass sold this farm and moved to the township of London, and in the following year removed to the village (now city) of London, where for many years he carried on the flour and grain business, and where he resided up to the time of his death. In 1877, having a short time previously celebrated his golden wedding, his five sons—William, David, Samuel, James and Archibald—with their wives and children, being present, William the subject of this notice, was born on May 20, 1827. At the age of 18, in company with his brother David, he commenced the flour and grain business. Two years afterwards the partnership was dissolved, William continuing the business and greatly extending it, having buyers in Chicago, Detroit and various points in Canada, to which was added a wholesale and retail grocery business, and extensive dealings in real estate, all of which were carried on with due caution and profit. In 1854 Mr. Glass was elected city councillor, which position he held for two years and then refused reelection. In 1855 he married Phoebe, daughter of John Guernsey, of Queensbury, by whom he has three sons living—Charles E. A. a barrister and a graduate of Toronto University; Samuel F., manager of the London stoneware pottery works at Pottersburg, adjoining the city, and John H., formerly of the firm of Glass, Bros. & Co., and inspector of the Canada Life Assurance Company at Detroit for the State of Michigan.

In September, 1858, Mr. Glass was appointed by the Government sheriff of the county of Middlesex. At the time he was considered very young for the post, but such an important office, but has given great satisfaction in the discharge of his onerous duties for the past 35 years, during which time he has been assisted by his brother Samuel, who has, during the same period, also been a partner in the business. Mr. Glass has owned and occupied as a summer residence the farm in London township on which his father lived 63 years ago. The scenery on this farm is said to be unsurpassed in Western Canada. The grounds have been made a charming spot, where his many friends were hospitably and pleasantly entertained. Mr. Glass had a well-established reputation for generosity and kindness, and was always ready to further any and all undertakings calculated to advance the interests of his native country. He was one of the founders and trustees of the Protestant Orphan's Home, and for many years treasurer of the Young Men's Christian Association, trustee and steward of the Methodist Church of Canada, of which he was a member. [Yesterday feeling reference to his death was made from the pulpit.] He was a founder and president of the Provincial Savings and Loan Company, director of the London Life Insurance Company, and president of the Sheriffs' Association of Ontario.

The sheriff was a man of considerable means, was an extensive land-owner, and honest and upright in all his dealings, temperate in his habits, of robust constitution and great activity. He did much by his well matured judgment and large experience to benefit the community among which he was so well known and highly respected. He was a man of great, broad, generous sympathy, always ready and willing to lend a patient ear and helping hand to all who might seek his counsel or assistance.

Deceased was heard to say a few months ago that to his knowledge he had lived a longer period in London than any living person. He was a continuous resident of this city for the last 62 years.

The funeral takes place Tuesday afternoon at Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

Change in Time for New York via Erie Railway.

The Erie Railway are running a very fast train from Buffalo to New York.

Down two hours. By leaving London at 12:15 p.m. you will arrive in Buffalo at 5:00 p.m., and leave Buffalo at 7:30 p.m. arrive in New York next morning at 7:30 a.m. and leave London at 3:45 a.m. 6 p.m. and 11:40 p.m. The latter is a magnificent train, solid vestibule; not a single change between London and New York, and dining cars attached to all trains for meals. For further particulars apply to S. J. SHARP, 70 Yonge street, Toronto. 301

For fine styles and low prices of all kinds of furniture go to Wm. Traill, 55 King street. Upholstering and repairing by skilled workmen.

SENSATIONAL ARRESTS.

Two of the B. N. A. Bank Hands in the Cells.

Messrs. Harvey and Wilson Charged with Fraud—The Amount Estimated at \$2,000—The Prisoners Remanded.

De Montmorency Harvey, teller of the Bank of British North America, and Richard D. Wilson, a clerk in the same establishment, are in the county jail.

The charge preferred against them is that of fraud, and the amount mentioned in the warrant is \$2,000 between them. The arrests were made at the instance of the bank manager, and the events leading up to the arrest are as yet very clear. Mr. Cumberland, the manager, refused to say a word with reference to the matter, but states that the particulars will be made known in due time.

THE ARREST.
Both men were suspended Saturday morning by the manager. About 2 o'clock in the afternoon a telephone message came from the bank to the police station requesting that the chief should step over for a few minutes. Mr. Williams went across and found Mr. Cumberland closeted with Mr. Harvey. He passed then to the police station and swore out a warrant for Harvey's arrest, which he executed a few minutes afterward in person.

Another warrant was then issued for the arrest of Wilson, and as he had not been summoned he was suspended in the morning it was thought that he had hurriedly left town. It was not until between 8 and 9 o'clock at night that Detectives Rider and Nickle found him at his residence on Princess avenue and placed him under arrest.

REMANDED UNTIL FRIDAY.
He was taken before Ald. John Moule and remanded until next Friday, the 23rd. Harvey had previously been remanded to the same date by Magistrate Clarke. It is said that the defalcation extended over a considerable period of time. Both prisoners are married men, and Wilson has a family of two children. They both occupy a high social position and are widely known.

A SENSATION
has been caused by the fact of their arrest, and it is expected that friends will step into the breach and help them out of the difficulty. It is understood that the prisoners had been suspected for some time previous to the suspension. A close watch was set and an investigation of their books and accounts made.

SALARIES IN ENGLAND.

Incomes of the Law Officers of the Crown.

How They Compare With Those of Other Public Servants.

(G. W. Smalley's London letter to New York Tribune.)

Sir Charles Russell told the House of Commons recently that it had cost him \$10,000 to be an attorney-general during the period of less than six months when he first held that honorable office. It is understood that his present loss is much heavier. The attorney-general and the solicitor-general were, until the present government was formed, permitted to continue their private practice. Under pressure, it is believed from that austere economist, the prime minister, they have relinquished that privilege or some part of it. They may still take cases before the House of Lords and the privy council.

It does not follow that these learned gentlemen are reduced to a condition of actual beggary. They have, to begin with, salaries. The attorney-general has \$30,000 a year; the solicitor-general, \$30,000 a year. They have, in addition to the salary, fees for contentious business. These amounted in 1886-87 to \$25,000 for the attorney-general and \$12,500 for the solicitor-general. Apparently for an incomplete year. Their income of the attorney-general is, therefore, at least \$60,000 a year for his public duties only, plus such wrecks and waifs from his private practice as are to be gleaned from the House of Lords and the privy council, where fees are offered to be paid on the highest scale. Moreover, the fees paid by the treasury for contentious public business are to be increased. Mr. Hanbury, who raised this subject in the House, asked Sir Charles Russell whether the solicitor-general would not amount to another \$15,000 a year, a question to which no direct answer was returned. It may probably be assumed, therefore, that this increase does occur; so, the total public income of the attorney-general is \$75,000 a year.

This is greatly in excess of any other known income in English public life; the church, the royal family and vice-regalities excepted. The lord chancellor has \$50,000 a year; \$20,000 as judge of the House of Lords and \$30,000 as judge of the House of Commons. The lord chief justice has \$40,000. The prime minister, as first lord of the treasury, is content with \$25,000, and the same sum is thought to suffice for the lord justice's principal secretary, the attorney-general and the solicitor-general. Other ministers struggle on for smaller rewards. The first lord of the admiralty has to support life on \$25,000. The high secretary has a trifle less. The secretary for Scotland, the chancellor of the Exchequer, the president of the board of trade, of the local government board and of the board of agriculture, get \$10,000 apiece. The lords of appeal and the master of the rolls enjoy an average of \$20,000 a year; the lord justices and the judges of the high court of justice, including the chancery division, the queen's bench division and the probate, divorce and admiralty divisions, receive each the yearly sum of \$25,000, and do so by themselves. The speaker of the House of Commons has \$25,000 a year, and is cheap at the money.

Whether, therefore, you take the standard prevailing in politics, or the standard prevailing in law, at least, among the judges, the income of the attorney-general does not, on the face of it, seem inadequate. I enter upon no comparison with the state of things in America, where the public service is, in all its higher branches, simply a monopoly of the rich, they are undoubtedly entitled to hold and to act upon what may seem to others a self-denying view, and a view detrimental to the public service.

The highest salaries paid in England are either ornamental or clerical. The queen's privy purse is \$500,000 a year, out of a civil list of more than six times that amount; a civil list, all rigorously parcelled out, the privy purse excepted, and paid for salaries of the royal household, expenses of the royal household and sundry smaller items. The Prince of Wales has what is

called an annuity, meaning an annual payment from the treasury of \$200,000, increased each year to over \$500,000 by the revenues of the duchy of Cornwall. The princess has \$50,000 to herself—just the sum thought sufficient for the president of the United States. The children of the Prince and Princess of Wales are entitled, under a recent vote of Parliament, to a yearly lump sum of \$180,000—in the hands of trustees. The brothers of the Prince of Wales, the Dukes of Edinburgh and of Connaught, have each an annuity of \$125,000; his eldest sister, the Empress Frederick of Germany, has \$40,000; the other sisters each \$30,000. The salary of the lord lieutenant of Ireland is \$100,000.

I have called all these posts and personages ornamental, and so they are. It does not follow that some of them are not useful. The Queen, for example, is perhaps the most industrious woman in the kingdom, and gets through an amount of business—of state business, implying great abilities and great energy of mind—which not many, if any, ministers would care to do continuously for fifty-five years. What keeps ministers alive in this country are the compulsory vacations they take when an ungrateful country prefers to be governed by their opponents.

If the pay of the great dignitaries of the Church of England is not on a scale so splendid as that of the royal family, it is still splendid. The Archbishop of Canterbury is not thought to be overpaid by a salary of \$75,000. He is, next after her majesty, the head of the church and its ruler, and the church is a great establishment, as well as an addition to their incomes. The Episcopal body salaries range from \$10,000 to \$25,000. The minimum pay of the English successors, if successors they be, to St. Peter, is \$10,000. They all, I think, have palaces, as the royal family also have, greater or lesser, and have much else that is a real addition to their incomes. The ferocious Radical, of late years, has been inquiring into these matters and cutting down the liberal allowances of old, but a good many of what he calls abuses survive, and life is the easier for them to a great many persons high in social position. But let us get back to the attorney-general. There can be no indecency in discussing his private affairs, so far as they depend on his professional services and income, because they have been discussed at length in the House of Commons; by himself and others. And it is admitted by everybody that, liberal as the present remuneration may seem, Sir Charles Russell is, in fact, a loser by the new rules and rates. His income at the bar exceeded, and exceeded very considerably, what he receives as attorney-general, and from such private practice as he is allowed to retain.

LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD,
General and Nervous Debility,
Weakness of Body and Mind. Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble Manhood fully Restored. How to enlarge and strengthen weak, undeveloped organs and parts of body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment—Benefits in a day. Mentisfory from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

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KOFF NO MORE!
WATSON'S COUGH DROPS

WILL GIVE POSITIVE AND INSTANT RELIEF TO THOSE SUFFERING FROM COLDS, HOARSENESS, SORE THROAT, ETC. AND ARE INVALUABLE TO ORATORS AND VOCALISTS. R. & T. W. STAMPED ON EACH DROP. TRY THEM.

John Ferguson & Sons
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First-class in all appointments. Telephone—House, No. 373; Store, No. 543.

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New York, Southampton, London, every Saturday.

CHESTER..... Saturday, June 24, 2:30 p.m.
FAIRHURST..... Saturday, July 1, 7 a.m.