London Advertiser.

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The Daily Advertiser.

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(OUR WEEKLY EDITION.)

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LONDON - CANADA.

JOHN CAMERON, President and Mang. Dir.

God's in His heaven,
All's right with the world.
—Browning.

London, Thursday, Sept. 23, 1897.

The Position of Ontario.

The Toronto News suggests that when Sir Oliver Mowat becomes Lieut.-Governor of Ontario the Departments of Trade and Customs, set up by the late Government, should be amalgamated, and one of the controllers done away with.

We have no objections to this or any other economical scheme that can be carried out without impairing the efficiency of the administration of affairs. But no matter what changes may be effected in the constitution of the Cabinet, care must be taken that the influence of the great Province of Ontario shall not be impaired.

At present Ontario, with nearly half the population of the Dominion, has five representatives in the Government, while the Maritime Provinces, with little more than one-third of the population of this Province, are represented by four Ministers. Then we have Quebec with five Ministers holding portfolios and two without them.

Reflection on these facts will no doubt suggest to the Prime Minister the propriety of making no change in the personnel of the Government which will in any degree dwarf the influence of Ontario in the councils of the nation.

The successor to Sir Oliver Mowat must be an Ontario statesman of the first rank, and the standing of the Ontario representation in the Cabinet, in point of importance of portfolios held, must not be reduced. In insisting on this view, we ask that simple justice shall be done to this Province while inflicting no injury on other sections of the Dominion.

The other day Edinburgh corporation entertained Alderman Faudel-Phillips, Lord Mayor of London. He will be remembered by some as a little gentleman who cut such a comic figure on horseback when he went to Temple Bar on jubilee day to receive her Majesty. His lilliputian person, astride of a fiery and untamed steed, with his civic robes floating in the wind, recalling as it did memories of honest John Gilpin, was too much for the Queen, and her Majesty, who rarely smiles, laughed outright. The Lord Mayor is a Hebrew. He is a brother-in-law of Sir Edward Lawson, the proprietor of the Daily Telegraph, who was better known some years ago as Mr. Edward Levy. When fortune began to smile upon him he changed his name. It was undoubtedly through the influence of the Daily Telegraph that Mr. Faudel-Phillips captured the civic chair. For many a year he sighed in vain for the dignity, but the surprising uprise of the Semitic race in the city of late—it is simply riddled with Hebrew financiers—enabled him to achieve his purpose. Now he is happy.

Make Streets Good and Permanent.

The mayor of Chicago, who is a close observer, has been on a trip through Eastern cities, examining the streets. His conclusion is that asphalt pavement, if properly laid, is the best and most endurable. He says:

"I saw a street in Pittsburg paved with old coal tar pitch which had been laid two years, and it was in splendid condition. I saw other streets that had been paved with asphalt 15, 18, and in some instances 20 years ago, and they are in good condition. Contractors must pave the streets that way in Chicago if they wish to do business with the municipal administration. I do not wish to reflect on any one in particular. Our streets are laid for repair and not for wear. In Pittsburg they require a ten-year guarantee, and in New York contractors must keep the pavement in good condition fifteen years after it has been laid. I am satisfied that is one reason why the pavement has lasted better. The conclusion as to our asphalt paving is it has not been properly laid. We should require a greater guarantee of the work.

This is another strong plea for streets being laid on a permanent plan. If highways are laid on a haphazard system, without any care as to the future, and if they are dug up every other week in order that drains may be connected with sewers, constant tinkering will result. London civic rulers have in recent years taken this view, and the result will be constantly bettered streets, for less money than was required to job over the thoroughfares

The Dominion Cabinet.

Sir Oliver Mowat has retired from the Ottawa Cabinet, and in all probability Hon. David Mills will fill the vacancy in the Cabinet. The name of D'Alton McCarthy has been mentioned in the same connection. But he is not a Liberal, and it is a Liberal Government that now reigns at Ottawa.—Kingston Whig.

We have seen the name of D'Alton McCarthy mentioned in this connection, but there is probably not the slightest foundation for assuming that there was any intention to ask him to take the place vacated by Sir Oliver Mowat when he becomes representative of her Majesty at the head of the Government of Ontario. The fact is, as our contemporary indicates, public opinion, voiced by the press, is unanimously in favor of the advice of Sir Oliver Mowat being carried out, namely, that the Hon. David Mills be selected for the Cabinet vacancy.

The Christian Guardian, organ of the Methodist Church of Canada, referring to the new order of things in Canada, set on foot by the present Government at Ottawa, says: "It is important to remember that Canada is now a free nation, as well as a part of the British empire. With the denunciation of the German and Belgian treaties, we are unfettered and unhampered from all engagements of the Imperial Government. We shape our own course, and make our own destiny." The responsibillay is great, but we believe that our people are equal to it.

Electricity in Oil Pumping.

The raising of oil is another industry in which electricity will probably take the place of steam, judging by the satisfactory outcome of an experiment made in an extensive oil field in Canada. The wells of Petrolea are bored in all directions about the town, many of them in the back yards of the owners' houses, so that the visitor on approaching the town sees a forest of derricks, like the stumps of trees left after a fire has passed through a green forest. Under each derrick is a well, and it has been the custom to pump a group or "batch" of these wells from one engine, rods and scantling being connected from the engine to the "kickers," and walking beams. A dynamo was put into a small building alongside one of the old engine houses. The shed required for the purpose was only half the size of the steam power house, and no heavy foundation for boiler setting was required. The machine was placed on a frame consisting of two pieces of 10x10-inch timber on each side, one on top of the other, so as to give clearance from the ground for the driving gear. This simple apparatus was attached to sixteen heavy wells known as "water wells," running at much higher than the usual speed. All the work on these wells ever since has been done by electricity. No boy or man is needed for firing, and the machine requires no attention after it is started each day. One or two wells have before been equipped with dynamos in Ohio and Pennsylvania, a separate machine being used for each well, but the Canadian venture is believed to be the first case on record where a "batch" of wells has been electrically operated.

The poet of the London St. James' Gazette has been making a study of the German Emperor with the following result:

"My people, can you e'er repine
To know that my imperial line
Is almost, if not quite, divine;
And hence you should adore me?
'Responsible to God alone,'
I occupy this earthly throne,
And work my will, and hold my own,
Like grandpapa before me."

WOULD STRENGTHEN THE GOVERNMENT.

[Catholic Record, London.]

During the past week the papers of the Dominion have been discussing the question of the resignation of the Hon. Oliver Mowat, Minister of Justice, and his acceptance of the position of Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario. There is an almost unanimous desire on the part of the people and press of Canada that Hon. David Mills be called to the position, if the vacancy occurs. We feel bound to state that the Premier could not possibly make a more suitable appointment. In the political life of our country the Hon. David Mills occupies a unique position. During his whole career—and it has been a long one—those who have differed from him, no less than those who have agreed with him, acknowledge him to be a high-minded and exceedingly clever gentleman. His occupancy of the position in question, or any other in the Ministry, would not alone add strength to the Government, but would prove a gratification to all Canadians. Why he has not long since occupied a seat at the council board of the Liberal Government has been a matter of surprise and general regret.

WILL STAY THERE.

Ottawa Free Press.

At Toronto on Saturday, Mr. Whitney referred to himself as an "annex of Tupper." Perhaps Dr. Sproule, M.P., is there on behalf of his leader. Mr. Whitney's title and his friend's presence are both good indications of the result of the elections when they do come off. Meanwhile, as The London Advertiser says, "few people will grudge the Opposition leader the satisfaction of whistling to keep his courage up. That is ever the prerogative of those who are in the cold shades." And, it might have added, are going to stay there.

MERE DEMAGOGISM.

[Brantford Expositor.]

Mr. Whitney argues in favor of "making the public schools more efficient, so that the children of the poor man may have greatly increased educational advantages." To accomplish this, the province would be compelled to greatly increase the educational grant, and yet Mr. Whitney is constantly warning the people of the nearness of direct taxation. This is mere demagogism.

Timber Lands Badly Burned.

Damage to Forests in the Mining Districts.

Their Preservation a Difficult Problem—Good Farming Lands Yet to Settle.

Toronto, Sept. 22.—Mr. Thos. Southworth, clerk of forestry, has returned from a trip which he made in company with other members of the forestry commission to some of the northern sections of the province. The journey began at Sault Ste. Marie, whence the commissioners proceeded to Point of Pines. From there they went to Fort Arthur, and, crossing Lake Superior by boat, visited a couple of townships within a radius of about 35 miles. Returning again to Port Arthur, the party next went in a southwesterly direction for some 60 miles by the P. A. and D. Railway into what are known as "the sand plains." The Lake of the Woods, Rainy River and Seine River districts were next visited, followed by a short excursion into the Manitou region. The last point inspected was the country lying around Missinaibi station, on the C. P. R. From here the commissioners went through Dog Lake and Crooked Lake to Moose River. While returning from a canoe trip to their camp on Crooked Lake on Sunday they encountered a snow storm.

Speaking of the character of the section of country traversed by the Port Arthur and Duluth Railway, Mr. Southworth said yesterday: "The country has been so thoroughly and repeatedly ravaged by fire that the white pine seems to have been cleaned out. There is, however, a vigorous growth of jack pine, which is generally never considered any good for commercial purposes, but which is there so large that it might prove to be valuable."

DAMAGE BY PROSPECTORS.

With respect to the Lake of the Woods, Rainy River, and Seine River sections, Mr. Southworth had this to say: "At one time the country was very heavily timbered, but it has been burned over in the past, and the same operation is going on today. It will continue so long as it is a mining country. In some places there is a depth of from a foot to a foot and a half of moss on the rocks, and, rather than clean it off, prospectors deliberately set fire to the vegetation. How to prevent this is a very difficult problem. In the Manitou and Rat Portage districts there is a very large amount of timber sufficient to last; for years, in fact. If, however, the miners continue burning the timber as they have been doing, the supply will speedily be exhausted. The difficulty for the mining companies in the future will then be how to obtain a supply of fuel.

"I noticed an interesting thing at Fort Frances. There the old Northwest Fur and Trading Company formerly had a fort, and some of the adjoining land was cultivated. Now quite a large forest of respectabe timber exists there, but traces may still be seen of the furrows which were made for the purpose of cultivation by the early pioneers.

"All along the C.P.R., on each side of the railway, fire has cut a wide swath in the timber, and the country bears a most desolate appearance. Much of the timber was destroyed by fire during the construction of the railway, and there have been frequent outbreaks since. In some sections it was reported that the fires were due to Indians, who are very careless in their habits. We came across one camp fire that was evidently left by an Indian, and extinguished it.

FINE LAND FOR SETTLEMENT.

"Along the banks of the Rainy River, from where it empties into the Lake of the Woods up to Fort Frances, there is a belt of as fertile land as you would desire to see. It is from 10 to 20 miles in depth, and some parts of the country are occupied by settlers, who only farm in a casual sort of way. The land should be very suitable for real farming operations. One man told me he got two tons of timothy to the acre as a first crop, and expected a second crop of nearly a ton and a half. Farming there ought to pay in view of the proximity of the mining centers, where agricultural products sell at good prices."

LETTERS TO THE ADVERTISER.

MR. ATTWOOD'S REJOINDER.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

I have read Mr. T. B. Scott's criticisms of the report in your issue of the 13th inst., of my purchase of the Lindal farm, and my "rash vow," as he calls it. Mr. Scott's head is a little narrow. Still, it is usually level; but in this case he is off his base entirely. To redeem properties which are called homesteads, and which our fathers have given us, but which we may have lost through no fault of our own, is usually regarded as a meritorious act. But it can be done only upon two conditions. First, that the property comes again into the market, and second, ability to do so. If Mr. Scott will turn to your issue of the 13th inst., he will see that my desire to recover was based upon those conditions, and which existed in the case of the last purchase; but as, at any rate, one of those conditions does not exist in Mr. Scott's case, he is in no way compromised by my desire to recover. Now, I have no desire for a free boom, but as Mr. Scott has advanced a query, which might be reduced to a simple rule of proportion, viz., if it has taken 40 years to redeem 50 acres, how long would it take to redeem 105 more. As he appears to regard the query a very sharp one—even suggests a possible solution of the question by the School of Pedagogues, and as he, to my mind, appears to be unduly interested in my financial standing, and although of a modest and retiring disposition, I feel inclined to relieve him of so much anxiety and trouble. Before my last purchase I owned 200 acres of land, which even now has not the scratch of a pen against one of them. I have one of the largest and best kept, and perhaps best paying orchards in the county, which of itself is worth a farm. I have still a little money to my credit in cash in two banks in London, and also some loaned to my neighbors. If Mr. Scott would place his 55 acres (which I at one time owned) on the market, and make the price right, I could buy it from him today, and, if necessary, pay him the cash within a week, and still have a small nest-egg left. I do not say this boastingly, but rather with thankfulness, and would not now do so only for the above reasons given. Trusting the foregoing will be satisfactory to Mr. Scott, I will close, with the advice to let A. C. alone, as there is no judging how far a dog may jump by the length of his tail.

Yours truly, A. C. ATTWOOD,
Vanneck.

[Both gentlemen having been heard, the correspondence ends, so far as The Advertiser is concerned.]

Times Have Changed.

No Alliance of the Provinces to Get More Money at Ottawa.

The Story That Premier Hardy Has a Compact With Mr. Tarte a Canard.

Premier Hardy, speaking at the Erin, Ont., gathering, said: The Mail, and sometimes our opponents assume that an alliance has been made between the provinces, including Ontario, to make a raid on the Dominion exchequer. I know not what other provinces have done. I speak for this province alone. There has been no such alliance, there is no such alliance, there will be no such alliance. When we met in Quebec in 1886 and passed resolutions, the situation was entirely different from what it is now. The Dominion then had a high protective tariff. At Confederation they had taken away our revenues from tariff and from excise, and they had been receiving, except in two years, from four to six millions from their tariff upon their ordinary expenditure. One year there was a large expenditure and a large deficit—the year of the Northwest rebellion. Apart from that, they were receiving a large surplus every year, and thereupon we said, "having taken away all these receipts which had been so enormously increase, a certain proportion should go back to the provinces." When a new government came into power, and adopted a moderate system of taxation, taking only as much as they wanted to carry on the administration, the situation was entirely changed and we shall not need to call upon them. I repeat that there has been no such alliance, and that there is not likely to be any such in the future.

NO ALLIANCE WITH MR. TARTE.

The Mail says that there is an alliance between Tarte and Hardy. Some people do not like Mr. Tarte. A great many Conservatives do not like Mr. Tarte because he told about them. He had been an old Conservative; he had been in their camp, in the inner ring. He knew all about what was going on, and he told part of it. Perhaps he could tell a great deal more; I have no doubt he could. But since he told part and cut off the head and expelled from parliament one of the leaders he should have expelled more. It reminds me of what Dr. Johnson said while he was courting his wife: "I am very poor," he said. "I cannot say much of my character, because I had a relation hanged." His future wife replied: "I am just as poor in the matter of money as you are, and, although I never had a relative hanged, there are 50 of them that ought to be hanged." (Laughter.) If Mr. Tarte had told all, there would have been a good many heads go into the basket. I do not know much about Mr. Tarte, and therefore I pass no opinion upon his past character. It is for Sir Wilfrid Laurier to guard. it is for Sir Wilfrid Laurier to justify, as he has taken him into his ministry. As for an alliance between Hardy and Tarte to carry the provincial elections, I may say that I never had five minutes' conversation with him in my life, and you can judge how much truth there is in that statement in the Mail. It is only another illustration of the great truth-teller of the Mail. (Laughter.) We have given you for a quarter of a century good government. It is a testimony to us that there has

NEVER BEEN A CHARGE

or the slightest shadow of proof or foundation that any money has been improperly applied or improperly appropriated during all that period, which can probably be said of no other government in the world. We ask you to take this into account. In legislation we have not been behind. We have made laws, not merely for Ontario, but for every province in the Dominion, and for nearly every state in the Union. They have copied and adapted and appropriated them as fast as we have made them. We have legislated for the continent, instead of for the province. There have been no scandals, no blind shares, no money taken out of the treasury and spent in th constituency of a minister. No $300,000 was taken out of the treasury and loaned to a bridge company, as was done by perhaps the best of the late Dominion ministers in his own constituency, not a dollar of which was ever paid back, nor have they expressed any intention of paying the interest. These are some of the reasons why we say we have given you good government. You have also good government at Ottawa. Tell me, if you will, when Canada has been pushed to the front so much as she has since the Laurier government came into power. Tell me when her name has been better known, not merely in England, Ireland and Scotland, but in Europe, in Germany and in Belgium, who have heard of her to their cost. Sir Wilfrid Laurier has entered the privy council of England, and has assisted to make her treaties. He has done for Canada in one single year what Sir John Macdonald was trying for forty years to accomplish, and failed. He has come back, after one year's experience in office, with the same honors heaped upon him and the same titles that Sir John Macdonald got after thirty years in public life. In addition to that, you hear on every hand, in the street, the store and the market-place, that an era of good times has dawned. The signs of it are visible in the horizon, and before another year has passed by we shall have good times, such as the country has not seen for twenty years. (Loud cheering.)

INTERESTING INFORMATION.

[Buffalo Express.]

There is a new gag. You ask:

"What kind of a noise annoys an oyster?"

After the victim has given it up he is told:

"A noisy noise annoys an oyster."

ITCHING SKIN DISEASES

SPEEDY CURE TREATMENT for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin and scalp diseases with loss of hair.—Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), and full doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures

Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG & CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston.
"How to Cure Itching Skin Diseases," free.

RED ROUGH HANDS Softened and Beautified by CUTICURA SOAP

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF is safe, reliable and effectual because of the stimulating action which it exerts over the nerves and vital powers of the body, adding tone to the one and inciting to renewed and increased vigor the slumbering vitality of the physical structure, and through this healthful stimulation and increased action the cause of the PAIN is driven away, and a natural condition restored. It is thus that the READY RELIEF is so admirably adapted for the CURE OF PAIN and without the risk of injury which is sure to result from the use of many of the so-called pain remedies of the day.

IT IS HIGHLY IMPORTANT THAT EVERY FAMILY KEEP A SUPPLY OF

Radway's Ready Relief

Always in the house. Its use will prove beneficial on all occasions of pain or sickness. There is nothing in the world that will stop pain or correct the progress of disease as quick as the Ready Relief.

For headache (whether sick or nervous), toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and weaknesses in the back, spine or kidney, pains around the liver, pleurisy, swelling of the joints and pains of all kinds, the application of Radway's Ready Relief will afford immediate ease, and its continued use for a few days effect a permanent cure.

A Cure for All

SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

A half to a teaspoonful of Ready Relief in a half tumbler of water, repeated as often as the discharges continue, and a flannel saturated with Ready Relief placed over the stomach and bowels will afford immediate relief and soon effect a cure.

Internally—A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heartburn, Nervousnessness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Flatulency and all internal pains.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure fever and ague and all other malarious, bilious and all other fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

Price 25c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Radway's Pills

for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Dizziness, Vertigo, Costiveness, Piles, etc.

Sick Headache,
Female Complaints,
Biliousness,
Indigestion,
Dyspepsia,
Constipation and
All Disorders of the Liver.

Observe the following symptoms, resulting from disease of the digestive organs: Constipation, inward piles, fullness of blood in the head, acidity of the stomach, nausea, heartburn, disgust of food, fullness or weight of the stomach, sour eructations, sinking or fluttering of the heart, choking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, dimness of vision, dots or webs before the sight, fever and dull pain in the head, deficiency of perspiration, yellowness of the skin and eyes, pain in the side, chest, limbs and sudden flushes of heat, burning in the flesh.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system of all the above named disorders.

Price 25c a Box. Sold by Druggists or Sent by Mail.

Send to DR. RADWAY & CO., No. 7 St. Helen street, Montreal, Canada, for "Book of Advice."

LAXA-LIVER PILLS

CURE

BILIOUSNESS
CONSTIPATION
SICK HEADACHE
AND ALL LIVER TROUBLES

As a laxative, one pill acts perfectly, and if a stronger action is desired a cathartic effect is produced by two pills. In obstinate cases, where a purgative is necessary, three pills will be found sufficient. These pills leave no unpleasant after effect.

One pill taken each night during thirty days will cure constipation.

PRICE 25C. OR 5 FOR $1.00

Brass and Iron . . .

BEDSTEADS.

TILES, GRATES, HEARTHS AND MANTELS. . . . .

GAS RANGES, HEATERS, FIRES

Rice Lewis & Son,

LIMITED,

Cor. King and Victoria Sts., Toronto

BEAUTY

Ladies all over the world express daily their gratification at the grand results obtained by the use of Dr. CAMPBELL'S SAFE ARSENIC COMPLEXION WAFERS AND FOULD'S ARSENIC SOAP, the only real true beautifiers in the world. Guaranteed perfectly harmless. They remove permanently all facial disfigurements, such as Pimples, Freckles, Moth, Blackheads, Redness, Oiliness, Sunburn, Tan and all other beauty-marring defects, whether on the face, neck, arms or body. Wafers, by mail, 50c and $1.00 per box; six large boxes $5.00. Soap 50c per cake. Address all orders to H. B. FOULD, 144 Yonge Street, Toronto.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

24tf w

FRIDAY

Sept. 24, 1897.

Bargain Day

LOW as our regular prices are, they go still lower every Friday. We do this price pruning, not because we think the goods are dear at the original price, but simply because we want to offer you inducements to pay our big store a visit. Once you trade with us, you will always remain our customers. Here are our bargain inducements for this Friday:

DRESS GOODS.

1st—Fifteen pieces Plaid Dress Goods, the greatest value we ever had, only 25c per yard.
2nd—Ten pieces Changeable Cloth Serge, worth 25c yard, for 15c yard.
3rd—Fifteen pieces heavy All-wool Tweed, both light and dark colors, worth 50c yard, for 25c yard.
4th—Five pieces Fancy Dress Goods, new goods, easily worth 45c yard, for 30c yard.
5th—Ten pieces All-wool Black and Colored Mixed Dress Goods, worth 75c per yard, for 50c per yard.
6th—Five pieces All-wool German Wrapper Flannel, the regular price is 50c per yard, we have five pieces left in one pattern going at 17c per yard.

HABERDASHERY DEPARTMENT.

7th—Ladies' Black Wool Hose, special for Friday 20c.
8th—Ladies' Black Ribbed Wool Hose, worth 30c, Friday 25c.
9th—Ladies' Black Ribbed and Plain Cashmere Hose, Friday 25c.
10th—Ladies' Colored Cashmere Gloves, worth 25c, Friday for 15c.
11th—Ladies' Tan and Black Kid Gloves, worth 75c, Friday 50c.
12th—Ladies' Undressed Kid Gloves, worth $1, Friday 50c.
13th—Ladies' Fancy Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, worth 18c, Friday two for 25c.
14th—Ladies' Stock Bows, black and colored, regular 25c, Friday for 21c.
15th—Ladies' Black and Colored Belts, regular 25c, Friday 22c.
16th—Ladies' Golfers, in black and assorted colors, worth $1 25, Friday $1.
17th—Misses' Vests and Drawers, sizes 2 to 6, choice Friday 23c.
18th—Ladies' Fancy Neck Ribbons, all shades, a bargain 20c, Friday 15c.
19th—Ladies' "Own" Dress Steels, worth 10c, Friday 5c per set.

MANTLE DEPARTMENT.

20th—Twenty only Print Wrappers, worth $1 75, for 90c Friday Bargain Day.
21st—Twenty only Flannelette and Eiderdown Wrappers, worth from $1 75 to $2 50, for $1 25 Friday.
22nd—Sixteen Children's Coats, in Eiderdown and Cashmerette, worth from $1 50 to $2 50, on Friday for 75c.

OUR MILLINERY OPENING.

There is a busy flutter in our MILLINERY DEPARTMENT, for on THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY of this week our opening is to be held. Come and see the newest styles and the lowest prices.

STAPLES DEPARTMENT.

23rd—Twill Sheeting, unbleached, 2 yards wide, worth 15c, for 12½c.
24th—Bleached Table Damask, full 2 yards wide, worth $1, for 69c. Only one cloth to each customer.
25th—Art Sateens, new patterns, light and dark, worth 20c, for 15c.
26th—Reversible Cretonne, wide width, best colors, worth 18c, for 12½c.
27th—Best Feather Ticking, worth 25c, for 18c.
28th—German Plush Table Covers, Chenille borders with fringe, beautiful goods, worth $5, for $2 50.
29th—Unbleached Table Damask, all linen, worth 30c, for 24c.
30th—White Crochet Quilts, large size, worth $1, for 75c.
31st—Flannelette, very heavy, plain colors, worth 10c, for 5c.
32nd—Navy Serge, for boys' suits, fine quality, double fold, worth $1 50 for $1,

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

33rd—Fawn, Blue and Gray Silk Lined Fall Overcoats, regular price $9 50, Friday $7 75.
34th—Men's All-wool Melissa Waterproof Coats, regular price $14, Friday $7 00.
35th—Men's All-wool Tweed Sack Suits, regular $8 75 kind, Friday $6 95.
36th—Big Boys' Long Pants Tweed Suits, regular $4 kind, Friday $2 29.
37th—Boys' 2-piece odd lines in Tweed Suits, some were $3, Friday $1.

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

38th—Men's Fine All-wool Tweed Suits to measure, regular $18 kind, for $14 75.
39th—Men's Blue and Black Scotch Serge, made to measure, regular $18 50 kind, for $15 75.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHINGS.

40th—Men's Heavy Ribbed Underwear, worth 40c, Bargain Day 33c.
41st—Men's Fine Ribbed Wool Underwear, worth 75c, Bargain Day 65c.
42nd—Men's Fine Union Underwear, worth 50c, Bargain Day 37½c.
43rd—Men's and Boys' Navy Blue Peak Caps, worth 30c, Bargain Day 20c
44th—Men's Heavy Wool Socks, worth 25c, Bargain Day 20c.
45th—Men's All-wool Socks, worth 15c, Bargain Day 3 for 25c.
46th—Men's Fine Natural Wool Socks, worth 40c, Bargain Day 25c.
47th—Men's Fine Silk Knot Ties, worth 25c, Bargain Day 20c.
48th—Men's Black and Brown Fedoras, worth $1, Bargain Day 75c.
49th—Men's Fine Light Underwear, worth 50c, Bargain Day 29c.

CHAPMAN'S

126 and 128 Dundas St.,

LONDON - ONT.