

Sole Agents for Newfoundland Marshall Brothers,

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& Portrait Co.

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COCKE KEEK KEEK Class

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HUTTON,

nd Organ Store. DOCKEN MAKENDO

Evening Telegi

## o-Day's Cables.

TRALIZATION OF SHIPPING.

and war Allies are operated under tarter. The British long have urged arrangement of this kind and onthe ago sought to have the United tes enter an inter-Allied chartering terence. Centralized control auterials and the state of the control auterials and the state of the control auterials. tion with this action official on and Paris as permanent represen-sities of the U. S. in shipping mat-ers. Representatives on the other de will seek to accomplish the same

sought by the creation of the addition they will represent the d States in the allocation of neu-onnage, obtained by agreements, ion to give control to the overseas transportation, eals said, will accomplish the signation of rail and water apportation facilities, which has portation facilities, which has sought since the beginning of the Such welding, it was declared, impossible until the railways under Government control, as ined to-night by shipping board to-night by shipping board. much to speed up loading and ig. It was declared that at southern ports. Charleston and Savanhah will be the ports through which most of the freight diverted from New York will be moved. All cotton and other products coming from the South will go largely through these ports and no more will be shipped to New York to be stored until ship space can be obtained for its transportation. Food stuffs, to a large extent, will be sent out of Gulf ports under a plan tentatively adopted to-day other materials will be sent to ports in which there is no congestion and in which an abundance of bunker coal may be obtained. Ships before leaving the other side will be directed to ports at other side will be directed to ports at which goods that should be moved

most promptly are awaiting shipment. Thus it might turn out that a British Thus it might turn out that a pitches ship is carrying American materials while an American ship is transporting British goods. An effort will be made to bring about a maximum in efficiency in unloading on the other side of the Atlantic, and Stevens and Rublee will address themselve this problem. Arrangements will be obably throughout the entire year. railroad congestion is cleared, howver, increasingly large amounts of oods will be shipped out of northern

A NEW GOVERNMENT.

STOCKHOLM, To-day. The Provisional Social Democratic renment which has been formed at Isingfors is headed by Senator mer with Siorola as Minister of reign Affairs, and O. Toko, former mier, as Minister of Food Sup-

NEW ORDERS FOR RAILBOADS

NEW YORK, To-day. the concentration of export freight ined for Entente Allies and its ement, in solid trains, to the seadestined for Entente Allies and its movement, in solid trains, to the seaboard as expeditiously as possible was ordered to-night by A. H. Smith, divisional director of railroads. In a circular sent to the railroad executives, A. H. Smith explained that thirty thousand cars of export freight, having permits over embargoes, hadn't been started from the originating point; more than 12,000 cars originated at Chicago, St. Louis and points west of those cities; shipments from chicago or territory tributary to that city are to be concentrated there and assembled in trains. Similar directions apply to East St. Louis for territory to Buffalo, for Canada, Michlean and surrounding territory, and Pittsburgh for territories south of Ohio River or for freight which logically seeks that gateway. Roads are directed to report daily by telegraph how many cars are being held for shipment. To further expedite the movement of export freight, Mr. Smith directed that as many ships as possible be fied up at the docks in this city and other seaports because of the hortage of lighters and turs.

to the development of British and Canadian after-the-war trade, was made to-day at the office of the Cunard Line. The Cunard, Anchor, and Anchor Donaldson Lines were joined under one management Jan. 1st and will be operated, so far as the Candian business is concerned, under the supervision of Robert Reford Co., instead of through American offices as heretofore. Joint offices have been established in Winnipeg and Vancouver.

That Lan Operation.

rge of the operations of all ships right of the operations of all ships and incoming vessels with the said ships and the shipping board, the war and the shipping the movement of railroads, the director general of supplies to the problem of the country. The enemy suffered heavy losses and two of his divisions were nearly to the problem of his divisions were nearly to the problem of the completely destroyed. War booty specified but includes, so far, more than 100 officers and 2,500 men, six guns of various calibres, about 100 machine guns, very numerous trench mach of the Clyde and Mallery da, head of the Clyde and Shipping are not to contrary some thousands of rifes and a very large amount of ammanition a very large amount of ammanition and very large amount of ammanition of hostile artillery on the positions taken, was violent. Our fire to form of haining weapons. Italian success against the Austrians in the mountaing height on Asiago, an extensive artillation of the railroad administration. Of the railroad administration of the railroad administration of the railroad administration of the supplies that, here, much of the supplies that, here is not the first of t

BERLIN, To-day.

The German official statement to-day says: There was artillery and mine-throwing activity at various points. Infantry activity was limited to reconnoitering encounters. Our aviators made successful attacks on aviators made successful attacks on other fronts. to reconnoitering encounters. Our aviators made successful attacks on England and the North Coast of France. Bombs were dropped on London, Southend, Dunkirk, Gravelines and Calais. Eight enemy airplanes and two captive balloons were brought down in air fighting yesterday. In Macedonia an enemy attack on Bulgarian posts north of Lake Doiran was repulsed.

AMSTERDAM, To-day.
Vorwaerts says that the largest flour mill in Kaiser Ebersdorff in the environs of Vienna was burned down on Saturday. All grain, flour and machinery was destroyed. The damage is considered irreparable as the mill played an important part in provisioning Vienna.

WILL NOT BREAK THROUGH.

OTTAWA, To-day.

By cablegram received by the Prime
Minister from Sir Ed. Kemp, Overseas,
the Minister of Militia describes the
conditions at the front as entirely

AMSTERDAM, To-day.
Vossiche Zeiting, Berlin, of Tuesday's date reports that all workmen in Kiel shippards, including the Government vordes. ernment yards, went on strike on Monday and that all baker shops have been guarded since Friday by armed troops. A Hamburg paper says all workmen in Vulcan works struck on Monday and marched in procession throught the main streets to the Trade Union building where they held a stormy meeting. All demands were for better food supplies. There were no disturbances. An Essen despatch to the Vossiche Zeitung says that on Monday there were 4,000 strikers in the Rhenish Westphalian mines where the Rhenish Westphalian mines where hundreds of thousands are employed. Nine mines are effected.

AN ATLANTIC PORT, To-day. AN ATLANTIC PORT, To-day.

While breaking ice in the Channel near here to-day a battleship of the pre-dreadnought type went aground on a sand bar and to-night was still fast. She was said to be resting easily and the officers expected to float her undamaged at high tide. It developed to-night that the older battleships of the navy have been used on several occasions opening up shipping channels, clogged with ice during the cold weather the past few weeks.

GERMANY IN THROES OF GREAT UPHEAVAL.

aviators made successful attacks on England and the North Coust of France. Bombs were dropped on Longing. Bombs were dropped on Longing. Southend, Dunkirk, Gravelines and Calais. Eight enemy alrplanes and two captive balloons were brought down in aff nighting yesterday. In Macedonia an enemy attack on Builgarian posts north of Lake Doiran was repulsed.

TO BUILD TUNNEL BOADWAY.

WASHINGTON, To-day.

Proposals to build a tennel roadway, for vehicles, under Hudson River and connecting New York and New Jersey will be discussed at a conference between the governors and congress representatives of the states and mayors of the two cities in New York within a few days. It is proposed that the two cities shall pay two-thirds of the cost and the Federal Government, the remainder.

VIENNA FLOUR MILL DESTROYED.

AMSTERDAM, To-day.

Vorwaerts says that the largest flour mill in Kaiser Ebersdorff in the environs of Vienna was burned down on Saturday. All grain, flour and manner of the saids. All and the strike, but were dispersed for in the environs of Vienna was burned down on Saturday. All grain, flour and manner and more than one hundred officers; six cannon, one canner of the Elegral servers the fleghting of the Berlin streets. The general impression is that it is a so-called holiday strike which it is said will be impression, at a meeting hundred to the impression, at a meeting hundred officers; six cannon, one captured. The fleghting officers; six cannon, one captured. The fleghting in the fleghting officers; six cannon, one captured. The fleghting officers; six cannon, one captured. The fleghting officers; six cannon

conditions at the front as entirely satisfactory. Sir Edward states he has returned from a visit to Sir Douglas Haig, Sir Arthur Currie and the Canadian hospitals in France. He found the Canadian corps in excellent spirits. The morale was all that could be desired and he was assured on every hand that the Germans, on the Canadian front, couldn't break through our lines.

WASHINGTON, To-day, a such a man being the leader of German many at such a difficult time and gives an analysis of his speech which it declares is merely a repetition of the speeches all the German ministers is parts of Pennsylvania and the districts along the Atlantic seaboard the worst conditions prevail and there were indications that many industries is merely a repetition of the speeches all the German ministers have made since 1915. M. Radek accuses Germany, under the terms proposed to Russia, of attempting to place the Canadian front, couldn't break indications that many industries is merely a repetition of the speeches all the German ministers have made since 1915. M. Radek accuses Germany, under the terms proposed to Russia, of attempting to place the couldness all the speeches all the German ministers have made since 1915. M. Radek accuses Germany, under the terms proposed to Russia, of attempting to place the couldness all the speeches all the derived in New England, parts of Pennsylvania and the districts along the Atlantic seaboard the worst conditions prevail and there were indications that many industries is merely a repetition of the clares is merely a repetition of the clares is merely a repetition of the speeches all the German ministers have made since 1915. M. Radek accuses Germany, under the terms proposed to Russia, of attempting to place the clares are such a difficult time and gives many at such a many at such a many at such a difficult time and gives many at such a many at such a district the clares is merely a repetition of the clares is merely a repetition of the such a difficult time and gives many at such a many bein would be forced to stop operations for a few days for lack of fuel. Already the railway administration has done all possible to meet the emergency, it was said, and developments must all possible to meet the emergency, it was said, and developments must depend almost entirely on weather conditions. The forecast of these gave no hope, for snow was promised for most of the country east of the Mississippi to-morrow. No new orders for a general industrial shut down are planned by the Fuel Administration, but preferential treatment of coal shipments for domestic consumption for ships and essential industries will continue. An extension of the freight embrago might be considered by the railroad administration, to assist the railways to move the coal, it was explained, except for the fact that very little freight is now being accepted for the east movement by any lines. Reports to Director General McAdoo indicated that the westbound movement of the freight to-day was nearly in per cent. under that of yesterday.

GERMANY DOESNT RECOGNIZE

PETROGRAD, To-day.

The semi-oficial News Agency issues the following: The German Foreign Secretary Dr. Von Kuehlmann informed the Polish Premier J. Kurschazewi that it was impossible to grant his request to represent Poland at the Brest-Lifovsk negotiations, as the Russian delegates hadn't recognized the independence of Poland. This is false. The Russian delegation recognizes the right of self-determination by air nations but not the competence of Kacharssowsk (correct) government appointed by Germany, because it doesn't express the will of the Polish people. Warsaw workmen have declared a general strike as a protest against von Kuchinann's efforts to make Russia recognize a Polish Government protected by Germany, Demonstrations have been violently dispersed by the Germans. PETROGRAD, To-day.

enines engaged the enemy's troops with machine gun fire. Eight hos-ille machines were downed in the air fighting and four more were driver

GERMAN PAPERS BANNED.

were made.

TO COMMAND BRAZILIAN FLEET.

RIO JANEIRO, To-day.

The total main with with withers to dear the stuffs, many through a red sea of blood to the holy land of peace. Germany is feeding with her blood a dung heap of vermine military millionaires who are RIO JANEIRO, To-day, Admiral Pedro Prosti has been appointed commander of the Brazilian fleet which will co-operate with the Allies in Russian waters.

FACE COAL FAMINE.

WASHINGTON, To-day.

Large sections of the east face a great famine within the next few days.

ism, and declares that the war weary peoples of France, Italy and Great Britain have not responded to the Ger-man peace invitations because, ascertaining from the speeches of German statesmen what Germany's idea of

GERMANY DOESN'T RECOGNIZE
POLISH INDEPENDENCE.

The official communication from
British headquarters in France issued last night follows: The enemy's artillery was somewhat more active Epehy and Havrincourt, in the La-Bassee sector and east of Polygon

INCREASE IN BRITISH SHIPPING

WORK AT A STANDSTILL IN HAM-

The cessation of work in Hamburg a now virtually complete, according to a Daily Telegraph despatch from Rotterdam. The strike has extended from the Vulcan Shipbuilding works in Hamburg to the works of Blohm and voss another large shipbuilding content. The strikers demand an immediate place on the basis of no annexation, and no indemnities.



Parcels for Newfoundland Forces Overseas!

of the Newfoundland Forces Overseas should bear the name and adstamps and Customs declaration are address should be written on the

tional value or of a personal nature.

suggestion of the British Post Ofa large quantity of perishable foodstuffs, which form the contents of 90

J. R. BENNETT, Acting Minister of Militia



PARCEL POST! Commencing 1st February next, parcels to members of the Royal Newfoundland Regiment and Royal Naval Reserve serv-

ing abroad will be forwarded for the following rates: For parcels weighing not

over 3 lbs. .. .. 16c. For parcels weighing over 3 lbs. but not over 7 lbs. 32c. For parcels weighing over 7 lbs. but not over 11

lbs. . . . . . . . . 48c. J. ALEX. ROBINSON. Postmaster General. 31st January, 1918.

LONDON DIRECTORY,

ENABLES traders throughout the

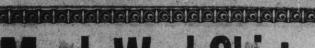
ing a complete commercial guid London and its suburbs the Dire-contains lists of EXPORT MERCHANTS

PROVINCIAL TRADE NOTICES

A copy of the current edition will be forwarded, freight paid, on re-ceipt of Postal Orders for 25s. Dealers seeking Agencies can ad-vertise their trade cards for £1, or larger advertisements from £5.

The London Directory, Company, Ltd., 25, Abeharch Lane, London, E.C.

cured prisoners last night in the neighbourhood of Epehy. Beyond some artillery activity south and north of Lens and in the neighbour-need of Passehendaele, there is noth-ing further to report.



Men's COLD WEATHER SHIRTS

WE HAVE THEM!

Shirt Flannels and Winceys have been difficult goods to get even at high prices, but we have managed to procure a fairly decent assortment of MEN'S FLANNEL and WINCEY SHIRTS at pretty decent prices.

If you want a bit of Red Flannel to wear on your these times, you've got to pay about \$1.15 per yard for it. It takes about three and a half yards of Flannel to make a Shirt;

MEN'S HEAVY GREY FLANNEL SHIRTS at .. .. .. \$1.95 each MEN'S FINEST QUALITY STRIPED and GREY FLANNEL SHIRTS at \$3.00 to \$3.50 each. These latter range in size from 141/2 to 171/2 inch neckbands,

and are made with detachable collars. Most of our other Shirts are made with collars attached. We have a lot of other Work Shirts which we do not mention here as the quantities are small. Amongst them

A Big Seller is Our Men's Khaki Winceyette Shirts, only \$1.35 each.

You will have to admit, on the present prices of materials, that our Shirt Prices are more than reasonable. But be warned, we can't do these prices for always, so buy now. We mention that we have

BOYS' STRIPED WINCEY AND FLANNELETTE SHIRTS, without collars; sizes 12 to 14.

E are still showing a splendid selection of : : :

> **TWEEDS** and

**SERGES** No scarcity at

Maunder's.

However, we beg to remind our customers these goods are selling rapidly, and cannot be replaced at the

same price.



TEAS!

Just received a shipment of our choice

TEAS, Royal, Crown, Our Best, retailing at

50c., 60c., 70c. per lb., which for quality and flavour cannot be

surpassed. A trial will convince. RED CROSS BAKING POWDER,

Good value. In 5 lb., 1 lb., 1-2 lb., 1-4 1b., 21-2 oz. tins.

**CLOCK SOAP-pale,** Boxes of 40-21-21b. bars, and 448's, 168's (3 1-4.oz. tabs),

**BOWRING BROTHERS, Limited,**