## HASZARD'S GAZETPTE, OCTOBER 4

## gesctaic comphunication with americ

The following interesting statement is es tracted from the Corl Constitution:-
"Lying at anchor off Queenstown for the last few days may have been observed a small, unsightly, ill-painted, rusty-bottomad screw-steamer, without one point of attripes fluttering in the breeze Stars and boat and some of the officers she contains have been the world's wonder for a season and have just now concluded a task which the forerunner of an event more wonder was sent to rescue Dr. Kane, who had pre viously been sent to rescue Franklin. was successful, and brought home $\mathrm{Dr}_{\text {r }}$ Kane and his crew, who had been obliged to abandon his ship and tseareh. She was then a light ship on the American coast. She is now the bearer of Lieutenant Strain
of Darien notoriety, and Captain Berriman, of Darien notoriety, and Captain Berriman,
who has Lriore, and now again, crossed Who has triore, and now again, crossed from Newluundland to take soundings of encia, with the view to ascertain the probable success with which a telegraphic eable may be laid between these points. The result is satisfactory. For some 50 or 60 miles from St. John's and again on this side, is a bank varying from 25 to 120 fathaearly level, the these there is a piatea shells so fine that only the microscope can discover them, each shell perfect in it minute beauty, proving the absence of currents at the bottom. and, with due deference to Stephenson and others, the want of dreaded, and exhibiting at every point not only a capacity, but the most perfect capacity, for the very use for which it is required. The whole apparatus for arriving at these facts is most perfect. Steam-power, separate from that of the ship, works the axle from which the sounding-line is "paid
out." Soundings have been taken to the out." Soundings have been taken to the
depth of 27,000 fathoms. By a neat condepth of 27,000 fathoms. By a neat con-
trivance each sounding shows not only the depth, but the nature of the bottom, which is brought up in five quills, and the tem perature of the water, the latter being given piral ribands plac fixed at the top, and attached at the bcttom, to a needle and indicator, the latter remaining fixed after the first has ceased to act, ahowing tine exact variation between the urface and the bottom. Most careful drawings have been made by Mr. Van Den Berg (to whom has been assigned the spe-
cial post of draughtsman) of the soundings, sial post of draughtsman) of the soundings, with the greatest accuracy
There can be no doubt th
communications between Ireland and St John's, a distance of 1610 geographica miles, may be regarded as a certainty. is in the hands of a small American company, but, though small, if its members posesesstative, Mr. Cyrus W. Field, who is
presen also here making every inquiry, it will be tain Berriman laughs at laying the Cap-
He asks but a ship large enough cable. will undertake to do it at 10 miles an he right across. The company have already graphs through Newfonndland, and have already some 1700 miles at work, ot will have in a few days, which is in connexion
with the American lines. The difficulties with the American lines. The difficulties
and trials of temper in taking these soundings have been tremendous. Repeatedly after 'paying out' tens of thousands of fathoms of line, and getting all up within some
60 or 80 , it was snapped, and all had to be done again. Six and eight hours have been occupied in getting one sounding only, and these have been made nearily every the captain to the cabin-boy each has given his willing aid. No trouble was thought too much-no time too long; each appeared
to foel the honour of his nation at stake, and proud in every way to advance the ob jeet in view. They have done their worl rell. Nature has granted all we could ask; att will soon do its part, while nature, sciwill produe

A Chimean Heronse.-Among the women accampanying the expedition we find a Mrs. Kelly, now a resident of Tullow, in of the fth Reginent. She was a private tie of Alma, and was elose to the regiment during the engagement, and subsequently cavalry affair at Balaklava. Her husband whom she attended with unflinehing contancy through sickness and danger, having
died of cholera, she was sent home to her died of cholera, she was sent home to her aative town, in the enjoyment of a pension
of $£ 13$ per annum, and on her arrival she of $£ 13$ per annum, and on her arrival she
received her late husband's medal with received her late husband's medal with
clasps from the authorities at the Horie clasps from the authorities at the Hore
Guards, who had become acquainted with her exemplary conduct-her patient en durance under privations, and her service
Diste and wounded.-Cariow The las
Distugasacess AT Romse.-The lass
teamer from Civita
Vechia brings the news that street rows had taken place a
that port between the French soldiers and that port between the French soldiers and
the artillerymen of the Pope. For two day the artillerymen of the Pope. For two days reling whenever the opposite parties met. The authorities began at length to suspect that Swiss soldiers had been exciting the French against the Pontificalists; they ac cordingly arrested and imprisoned the in
atigatory, whereuion the collisions ceased
The Journal de Franlford of the 30th ult. lates that jewellery to the amount of 250 , ooor. was stolen a few days before from de Rothsehild. Active stepa were being taken to discover the robbers.

Polvaniny in India.-A Calcuta cor respondent of the Times states, that the O limit the proetice of ninally determined to limit the praetice of polygamy by legis
lative enactment.
Hindooism upon the theory that every man has a son to sueceed him, and to perform those cerenown, gecure to the Hindoo eternal blise The man, therefore, whose wife is barren, or bears only daughters, takes another wife. This will still be permitted, but every other form of polygamy will be pro-

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A vessel called the Gleaner was launch ed the other day at Bristol on "teetotal osed in the ceremony instead of a bottle of wine.
when is a man rich enough ?
When a lad, an old gentleman took the
rouble to teach me some little knowledge trouble to teach me some little knowledge
of the world. With this few I rememer of the world. With this hew I remember he one day asked me, "When is a man
rich enough?" I replied. "When he has thousand pounds."
"Two thousond"" "، No." " "Ten "No." sand?', "No." "A hundred thousand?" which $I$ thought would settle the business ut he still continued to say no. 1 gave it up, and confessed I could fot tell, but beg.
ged that he would inform me. He gravel said, "When he hass a Fillle more lhan he has, and that is never! Ir he aequires one
housand, he wishes to have two thousand then five, then twenty, then fifty; from
then red thousand, and so on till he had graspdred thousand, and so on till he had grasp-
dd the whole world, after which he would look about him, like Aloxander, for other worldis to possess." Many a proof have 1 he made them to me, and I am happy to ay, I have discovered the reason. Full ejjoyment, full satisfaction to the mind of man, ean only be found in possessing God, with all his infinite perfections. It is only the Creator, and not the creature, that can satisfy.
Mr. R. S. Whitfield, resident medica
Mr. R. S. Whitfield, resident, medical
fficer of S. Thomas's Hospital, London states that the corporation of Antwerp now
receive 120,000 frances a receepine 120,000 irances a year for the of the cesaspools, contractors converting the nuisances into a powerfull manure. For merly the corporation used to pay 20,000
fracoes yeardy toget rid of the eity refuse.
At Paris and MMilan "town gano " is manu: factured which has extraordinary power an $a$ fertiliser.

The Dead Sea.-Though in breadth not oxeeeding ten miiles, the Dead Sea seens boundless to the eye when looking from
porth to south; and the murmur of the aorth to south; and the murmur of the
waves, as they break on its flint-strewn vaves, as they break on its finint-atrew and fragenents of bitumen on the beach give to its waters a resemblance to the oswimming in so strange a sea, 1 put the test the accounts of the extreme buoy ancy felt in it, and I was quiekly convince hat there was no exaggeration in what seard. I found the water almost tepid, an
strong that the chief difficulty was 30 strong that the chief difficulty was $t$ icep sufficiently submerged, the feet start When floating, , half the body rose above the arface, and with a pillow, one might hav siept upon the water. After some time the
atrangeness of the sensation in some met sure dieappeared, and on approaching the shore I carelessly dropped my feet to wad out, when lo! as if a bladder had been a truggle to recover myself sent my hea down; the vile, bitter, and briny water, from which I had hitherto guarded ny head,
now rushed into
my mouth, eyes, ears, and now rushed into my mouth, eyes, ears, and
nose, and for one horrible moment the only nose, and for one horrible moment the only
doubt I had was whether I was to be drowned or poisoned. Coming to the sur faut, however, 1 swam to land, making no
further attempt to walk in deep water which I am inclined to believe is almo impossible.-Eastern Travel.
The Hoser-Guves.-It is not alway easy to discover the natural hives of wild
bees. There are, however, two or three aecs. Tive litule guides, which are of great ser ice to those who are in search of honey One of these, found in South Africa, is
bird called the honey-guide. It is about be size of a chaffinch, and of a light grey
Mr. Cumming, in his "Adventures in South Africa," "thus deseribes the curious habits of the bird:- "Chattering and twitcering in a state of great excitement, it per deavoring by various wiles to attract hi attention; and having succeeded in doin , it files lightly forward in a wavy course inery now and then, looking back to ascertain if the traveller is following it, all the The keeping up an incessant twitter or deserted white ants' hill, which contains the honey, it for a moment hovers over the nest, pointing to it with its bill, and then
takes up its position on takes up its position on a neighboring
branch, anxiously awaiting its share of the poil. When the houey is taken, which i beomplished by first stupefying the beee nest, the honey-bird will oftrance of thead to cond and even to a third nest. The perse thus following it generally whistles. wild bees of Southern Africa exactly corre spond with our domestic garden-lees. They
are very generally diffused throughout very part of Africa, bees-wax forming considerable part of the cargoes of shipe trading to the gold and ivory coasts, and
the district of Sierra Leone, on the western shores of Afriea:

One or the Tricks of Burglars. rom a ${ }^{\text {confession made }}$ jy a rogue, no
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at Hartford, Conitecticut, for various burglaries recently committed in Far mington, it appears that one of the gang
with whom he was connected, through various towns selling polishing powders, with a view of ascertiaining where silver plate was to be found. In visiting
dwellings, he was always quite bold in fol. lowing the inmates to adjacent rooms plate. Howders upon silver spoons o he saw, in a book, nothing particularly those houses where a dog was kept.


The Grear Repuacic.-This monat ship has returned to New York, after an absence of nearly two yearre, during which aime she has been employed, together with a large number of other American ahips of port service during the warerament the Crimes. Some idea of hering eqpecity may be cratherea from the faet that onpacity may be gathered Marseilles to Kamieseh, she carried 497 cavalry horses, for whose ecearried 497 he two between decks were partition nto stalls, beoide over 500 troops, paritiona provisions and forage necessary for oyage. On her last return trip from se bastopol, she brought to Marreilles 3000 infantry, besides her own crew, large eorps of cooks, servants and wait and required for Commissary Departmeni uns of great size, her lower hold foil of guns of great size, shells, baggage, and che necessary water and provisions. In
every port she has visited, she has been every port she has visited, she has been
thronged with peeple of all classe, who have expressed their admiration of he enormous size and beauty.
A New Article op Tande.-A paper published in British India, publishes a let er from a person at Karrachee, who say,
that he is determined to export 120,00 salted rats to, China. The Chinese rats, and he thinks they may sell. Ho says he has to thays one pice a dozen, Hond the salting, preasinge, and peecking in canke raises the price to six pice a dozen, and he should suceed in obtaining any thing Canton, \%or corn-grown rats, his fortune vill be made

The Ladies and their Barmiadeapicy correspondent of the Pauttucked Gaane fors himself out on the ex "A Anse subject of hoops in ladies dressee: onitively culting or the ladies, they aro petticont geuing bigger and bigger. Tho ap the side-walles up the sel bones-waliks as they brush by you.
Yobenes, I mean-for here are no others within half a mile of ou. What a dreadful reversal of nature is all this : I do not objeet to plumpnese and rotundity in the proper place; but what ense is their in being so orbicular abouv he feet? Between you and me, Mrs. P. T was fallen into the fashion, and, maugre m y emonstrances, has purchased one of the nost monstrous of the inventions. I exa inned it with much awe the other nigh was she had gone to bed. Oh, Robert is an institution. In size it is like a amall country law-office. In ol think it it must have been raised like a barn. It is latticed, and cornered, and stiffened, with the atmost ingenuity. When she has it on, my 'gude wife' is (so to speak) like Hamidet's father clad in complete steel.' She is just a afe as if she were in a convent. She ntirely shut out from this vain world. Thi
uestion of beauty is another matter Another American paper says, "One vir ue, at least has been discovered in the hooped pettionasts mad dogs cannot bite the summer wear!")

The Good of ill. Fortune.-Franklin ased to say, to be thrown upon one's ow Cortune, Yor our faculties then very lap po development, and display an energy which they were previously unsusceptible.
Real Panosopur.-If you wish to be happy, keep busy. Idleness is harder wort naither is wealth happience is not easeare comforts, and he that hath none muat

A Danish writer speaks of a hut so mi erable, that it didn' know whieh way to iil, and so k d da ding. Thie is like ases that he didm't know whieh to die of, and so he lived on.
Long life does not conssist in many years but in the period Sving silled with good
services to our felliow boinge. He whose services to our.feliow beinga. He whose
life ends at thirty may have done much;
while he who has veached the age of one hundree

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