

Wednesday, February 2, 1910.

KINISTINO FOR JOHNSON

Star City Banquets Popular Member—Stirring Address by Member, Shadd, Donaldson and Others.

Last Wednesday night was one long to be remembered in Star City and indeed in the whole Riding of Kinistino. The Association of that place tendered a banquet to Mr. G. B. Johnson and everything passed off without a hitch. Guests were present from all parts of the Riding from Prince Albert on the west to Tisdale on the east. Kinistino and Melfort were both well represented. Mine Host Lynch, of the Queen's, excelled himself both in the quality and variety of the menu and in the noiseless service. One thing must be mentioned, and that is, that the banquet was not one drop of liquor was to be seen from beginning to the end of the banquet. Mr. John A. Macdonald, president of the association, acted as chairman. He was assisted by Mayor John Pierce and Messrs. Robert Jones, Wm. Smylie and Harry Bird.

Dr. Shadd was very kindly received by the audience. He referred to the time when Chairman Macdonald was almost the only Conservative in the Star City district. There were then only about five Tories in all the Carrot River valley. He impressed upon the people the necessity of supporting the opposition instead of voting for the government which was always to be considered in the defensive, with everything favoring them. (cheers). He advised them to take a lesson from the British voters who seemed always able to put fear into the government of the day.

J. S. Donaldson, M.P.P. The next speaker was Mr. J. S. Donaldson, member for Prince Albert county. Like the first speaker his reception was very warm. He went into the history of the country since 1880 showing wherein every advantage had been taken of the settlers by unscrupulous politicians. He was loudly cheered when he told in detail how the provincial government was spending money freely everywhere except in the farming districts. He gave some inside history on the North pole episode and "called down" the attitude of some of the trial judges who threw out the findings of the jury. He had spent thousands fighting the machine. He was a fighting speech and was enthusiastically cheered.

A. McN. Stewart Mr. Stewart made the most fluent speech of the evening although he only spoke a short while. He told of the difficulty of getting even the most trivial office filled without the appointee was a grit. His advice along the line of organization was listened to with great care. He then told of the "bar room" on voters' lists which were now no good. He showed where the election act really allowed so-called enumerators to go about canvassing for the liberals while drawing government pay whereas our party were debarred from paying any one to do election work.

Mr. C. J. Lutes Mr. C. J. Lutes, of Tisdale, made some telling points regarding the timber grabbing of Liberals with a pull near his town. He gave facts and had the government correspondence to prove his statements. The citizens were refused a limit which later turned out to have been given to a company of which Senator T. O. Davis was the principal shareholder. Mr. Lutes has a clear cut manner of talking that the audience liked.

W. R. Gunn Mr. Gunn disclaimed any relationship to the Guns that elected Dr. Tremen. He explained how the Guns received their names. He also gave some inside facts regarding Hon. Clifford Sifton, with whom he studied law in Winnipeg. His speech was very humorous and rested the audience very much it being about 3 a.m. by this time.

Our Guest The last speaker was Mr. Johnston. He confined himself chiefly to the doings in the house. He produced figures showing that the Scott government were spending \$5,000,000 this year in capital and current account and although ninety per cent of the people of Saskatchewan were getting their living off the farm, yet only \$250,000 were to be spent on roads and bridges. He was not against the University but it was rushed on too soon at a large cost which meant that the public schools suffered. Probably not six students would go from his constituency in six years. He read a letter from the department, which was in answer to a letter of his pointing out that certain public works promised in the government's name during the last election were not done. The letter said that the department was not bound by promises made during elections.

Hudson Bay Road He took the stand that if the Dominion government did not build that road then our province should do so. This was Mr. Haultain's policy. (vociferous cheers). He explained how Hon. W. Scott played the "scurvy trick" that prevented his speaking on this question in the house. Mr. Johnston made a plain spoken, honest speech that certainly commended him to the people present.

We would greatly like to have been able to have given Mr. Donaldson's speech in full. The banquet was a marked success and closed with cheers for Mr. Johnston and Messrs. Borden, Haultain, Donaldson and the chairman.

COST OF LIVING

The Chicago Tribune, in calling attention to the cost of living, has the following to say: "Anything which throws light on the causes of the enhanced cost of living or gives the consumer an accurate idea of the distribution between producers and middlemen of the money he pays for food-stuffs, is read with interest. The information may not enable the consumer to better himself, but it will at least teach him who, if anybody, is to be blamed for a state of affairs which is a daily distress. At present he makes wild guesses, which may be quite out of the way. The other day the secretary of agriculture gave out a scrap of information to the effect that on the average the city retailer of meats made a gross profit of 138 per cent. on each pound of meat he sold. The secretary proposes now to enlarge the field of enquiry and discover who is responsible for the high prices consumers have to pay for eggs, potatoes, flour, vegetables, butter, and other dairy products.

As might be expected of the champion of the agricultural interests of the country, the secretary feels certain that the farmer is not getting his full share of the advance in prices. And yet he seems to be getting a pretty good share. The increase in the value of farm lands indicates as much. They sell for more because the crops raised on them bring more. To settle the question one should know how much of the money which a city consumer pays for a bushel of potatoes, for instance, goes to the grower, the railroad, the commission merchant and the city retailer.

Then it would be possible to know whether any of the middlemen were charging too much for their indispensable services. If it were to appear that the railroad charges were excessive, no legislation could be enacted to force to give the honest measure he does not always give now. "It will take some time to collect the information the secretary of agriculture wants, but it would be so interesting and probably useful that he should not delay sending out his agents to gather it in.

This matter has been creating a great deal of interest in Calgary, where the Albertans stirred up a war in regard to the price of flour. It is a matter that affects us all, hence we see the farmer insisting upon publicly owned elevators. The Claresholm Review takes up the subject, thus: "It is with pleasure, therefore, we note that fair criticism is permissible and a man who suggests that certain conditions are not wholesome as a 'knocker'."

"It is a constant source of wonder to many why they have to pay higher prices for Alberta products than do people who consume them hundreds of miles distant and so far no satisfactory answer has been given: Take the case of this province. The people in this province have to feed on the 'scrubs' and pay quite as much for their steak as the man in Ottawa, Montreal or Toronto, who buys a nice juicy West-ern steak after it has had freight and other charges added on. Why? There's the rub. "Flour is a staple article. Very much so. Yet flour manufactured in this province is sold at a higher price than flour manufactured in the United States. The articles in the various magazines which are being published in this province are full of it. It is used to be fashionable to blame everything on the C.P.R. but freight rates are not responsible. Goods that have paid long distance charges sell as cheaply as the home-made stuff. There is a subtle, maybe unwritten, understanding between the big men in the various businesses. There is no competition in rates. The only competition that exists is in the hustle for business. A fellow feels that makes us wondrous kind, and we are all in the same boat. To put the whole matter in a small nutshell and chew the kernel rapidly,

We may ask the question: 'Has it come to this that too many are acting as distributor and not enough as producers?' As soon as this is decided upon as an economic fact, and it is almost, some of us had better be moving out of town to the farm before we are run out. However, Secretary Wilson's investigation into conditions in regard to this matter in the United States should be very interesting to all of us. "Why the prices continually drop to the producer and rise to the consumer." As our friend on the Claresholm Review says: "It used to be fashionable to blame everything on the C. P. R." But it is evident we have arrived beyond the days when it was the C.P.R. that, and the C. P. R. that, so that when a Manitoba farmer had his crop halted out, he looked at it and said: "Well, d— the C.P.R. anyway."

Speaking before the Empire Club in Toronto, James White, Dominion Geographer, claimed that Canada gained 6,000 square miles of territory by the Marton Treaty. About the newest robbery on record took place last week in Toronto, when two men stole a ton of coal which had been placed in the bins in a house on Lansdale avenue. James Pringle, brother of the Rev. John Pringle, of Yukon fame, died suddenly at Fort Saskatchewan, last week. He was an ex-member of the R.N.W.M.P. having joined in 1870. Henderson's in publishing their new city directory, estimate the population of Winnipeg proper and St. Boniface at 172,865. These figures are fairly conservative and are based on the number of known residents, on a formula which long experience in civic statistics has shown to be reliable. David Marshall, M.P., for East Elgin, has sent out 5,000 circular letters to his constituents asking their opinion of the naval policy Canada should adopt. He has received replies from 55 per cent, or about 2500 in all, and the majority of the Government's proposal. Under the present conditions grain is being shipped from the manufacturer of flour get the full benefit. Mr. Watts pointed out that the Ontario millers give a preference to grain shipped from C. P. R. terminals over grain shipped from privately owned elevators. Loss in Transit In answer to a question by Sir Richard Cartwright, it was stated by Mr. Shaw, that he estimated that the depreciation caused by the manipulation of grain in transit and at terminal elevators amounted to one and a half cents per bushel. Mr. Ewing, on behalf of the Dominion Grange told the Minister that the Grange endorsed the attitude taken by the Grain Growers; although the Ontario farmers were not directly interested they were in sympathy with the demands made by the western farmers. R. MacKenzie pointed out that the conditions had materially changed since the minister had last been waited upon in respect to this matter. The provincial governments of the prairie provinces had recently committed themselves to the principle of interior elevators being operated by the provincial governments, and the advantages which would accrue to the western provinces as a result of this policy would not be as great unless the Dominion government takes over the terminal elevators. The shippers of grain would be certain of the grain being delivered for export and for domestic consumption in the East without being tampered with. Winnipeg Sample Market The government ownership of terminals would ensure a sample market in Winnipeg and make it possible for the purchaser of grain on sample to identify their purchase after it had passed through the terminal elevators. Mr. MacKenzie pointed out that the former delegations only represented the Grain Growers. The present delegation included representatives of the milling interests and the Dominion Grange, and had the support of a large number of commission grain merchants and independent buyers who supported the demand for the government control of terminal elevators. All the speakers from the West urged the necessity of the construction of the Hudson's Bay Railway. Sir Richard Cartwright, who evinced the keenest interest in the speeches and put a number of questions, stated that he would lay the suggestions he had received before his colleagues within a few days. He hoped that the government would be able to give an early reply to the demands.

TERMINAL ELEVATORS

Deputation waits on Federal Officials—Ask Them to Take Over Lake Elevator.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 28.—Sir Richard Cartwright was today waited upon by a delegation representing the grain growing and milling interests of the Dominion, who renewed the request made last year that the government take over the control of the terminal elevators at Fort William and Port Arthur. The delegation included Messrs. R. MacKenzie and R. C. Henderson, secretary and vice-president of the Manitoba Grain Growers' Association; Messrs. Watts, Shaw and Rice, of the Dominion Millers' Association, and Mr. Ewing, M.L.A., representing the Dominion Grange. A number of western members of parliament were also on hand, including Messrs. Schaffner, Staples, McCraney, Clarke and Herron. Mr. R. C. Henderson, who was the first to address the minister, presented a resolution passed at the last meeting of the Manitoba Grain Growers' Association. It included a number of amendments to the Grain Act, and to provide for the appointment of a permanent board of appeal instead of the present survey board, and another to give advice of grain shipment right to sample cars in the Winnipeg yards, along the line now being followed in Minneapolis. Mr. Rice, president of the Dominion Millers' Association, presented a resolution passed at the last annual meeting asking the government to operate terminal elevators along the lines suggested by the Grain Growers' Association. Mr. C. B. Watts, secretary of the Millers' Association, emphasized the necessity of the government taking over the terminal elevators, so as to guard against the lowering of the standard of grain, suggesting that the conditions ought to be such that the grain would be delivered to the consumer in the condition that it is deposited by the grower. Under the present conditions grain is being shipped from the manufacturer of flour get the full benefit. Mr. Watts pointed out that the Ontario millers give a preference to grain shipped from C. P. R. terminals over grain shipped from privately owned elevators. Loss in Transit In answer to a question by Sir Richard Cartwright, it was stated by Mr. Shaw, that he estimated that the depreciation caused by the manipulation of grain in transit and at terminal elevators amounted to one and a half cents per bushel. Mr. Ewing, on behalf of the Dominion Grange told the Minister that the Grange endorsed the attitude taken by the Grain Growers; although the Ontario farmers were not directly interested they were in sympathy with the demands made by the western farmers. R. MacKenzie pointed out that the conditions had materially changed since the minister had last been waited upon in respect to this matter. The provincial governments of the prairie provinces had recently committed themselves to the principle of interior elevators being operated by the provincial governments, and the advantages which would accrue to the western provinces as a result of this policy would not be as great unless the Dominion government takes over the terminal elevators. The shippers of grain would be certain of the grain being delivered for export and for domestic consumption in the East without being tampered with. Winnipeg Sample Market The government ownership of terminals would ensure a sample market in Winnipeg and make it possible for the purchaser of grain on sample to identify their purchase after it had passed through the terminal elevators.

PROVINCIAL NEWS

Record Broken J. D. Scott, of Prince Albert, broke the world's bowling record on Friday by bowling 703 consecutive pins in three games. Wengler, of Chicago, held the championship with a record of 699.

New Sheriff Jas. McEwan, Arcola, has been appointed sheriff of the town in place of J. B. Stuafer, resigned. Mr. McEwan settled in Carlyle district fifteen years ago and moved to Arcola about 1902 when he engaged in the lumber and coal business.

Cadets The Indian Head troop of the 16th Light Horse Cadet Corps was organized on Tuesday night with a membership of 30. Lieut-Colonel Gwynne, who is deeply interested in the work, was present and explained the purpose of the organization.

Will Defend Mesi A party of Hungarians from Cleveland, Ohio, are in Prince Albert looking into John Mesi's case. They state they will send a lawyer here to take up his case and they firmly believe they can secure a pardon for the self-confessed slayer.

The Marker Case Chas. M. Marker was arrested for horse stealing in 1908 and allowed out on bail. He skipped the country but was recently arrested near the boundary line. His case was heard at the assizes last week but the crown secured an adjournment. The field of Marker's operations was in the Dirt Hill country near the boundary.

Moose Jaw Phones The Moose Jaw city council have been notified by the department of railways and telephones that it is contemplated to install a fully modern system in that city, costing well over \$100,000, and that the necessary materials for the installation are now being collected and that it is hoped to have the work completed by the fall of the present year.

Graphite During the last session of the legislature, S. Donaldson, M.L.A. for Prince Albert county, in his excellent speech on Our Northland, referred to a graphite mine in which he was interested. On Friday, Robert McBeth returned from a trip to the mine bringing back excellent samples. It has been ascertained and is worth \$1,200 per ton. Three tons a day can be mined. The claim is near the proposed H. B. railway.

Lawyer Case William J. Lawler, of Kellier, who is charged with having stolen on or about January 3 of last year, \$116, the property of the postmaster-general, consigned by Julian Kerrion to the clerk of the court at Regina, pleaded not guilty at the supreme court sitting in Regina on Wednesday and his counsel applied for a postponement until the next criminal session on account of the absence of two witnesses regarded by the defence as necessary. The application was granted.

Not Guilty On Saturday last, January 22, we had Maryfield well represented in Redvers. This time was a case of assault against R. Whiteley one of that town's most respectable citizens and the 8th and 16th days of December, A.D., 1909, by which George S. Peacock was appointed Liquidator for the purpose of winding up the said Company, the Creditors of the said Company are on or before the 11th day of March, A.D. 1910, required to send by post, prepaid to the said Liquidator, George S. Peacock, Regina, Saskatchewan, or to the undersigned solicitors, their Christian names and surnames, addresses and descriptions, full particulars of the indebtedness of the Company to them, and the nature of their securities, if any, held by them, and in default of so doing within the time above limited, any rights to relief on account of such indebtedness will be barred. DATED at Regina this 29th day of December, A.D., 1909. EMBURY, WATKINS & SCOTT, Solicitors for George S. Peacock, Liquidator.

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INCORPORATION

The greatest private banking concern in Saskatchewan, the Weyburn Security Company, has applied to the Dominion Government for a charter and H. O. Powell, the general manager in Ottawa, looking after their interests. This concern was started in 1902 and now has ten branches in the south country. It is one of the strongest financial institutions in the province and a great deal of the prosperity of Weyburn and district is due to this great institution.

Hall Insurance At a meeting of the Carlyle Grain Growers' association last week, the meeting expressed itself strongly in favor of Government conducted Hall Insurance and could discover no real reason why government should not manage it with good business methods and thereby provide insurance at cost. It was considered that the old system of inspection was made needlessly expensive from the number of people engaged, and that many claims had been adjusted with too liberal a hand. It was voted also that a compulsory tax on arable land for the purpose of hall insurance would be the best method and would be favorably considered by this district.

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NOTICE

THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE is the most reliable authority on questions pertaining to the welfare of Western Canada's Western Farmers. It is the only paper in the West that is devoted to the interests of the grain grower. It is published by the Grain Growers' Association of Canada.

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THE WEST

JUDICIAL SALE

TAKE NOTICE that pursuant to the order of the Honorable the Chief Justice dated the 29th day of November, A.D. 1909 and made in the matter of the Estate of Richard Spence, deceased.

There will be offered for sale at the office of Messrs. Allan, Gordon & Bryant, Barristers, South Street, Regina, in the Province of Saskatchewan, at three (3) o'clock in the afternoon on Saturday the 19th day of February, A.D., 1910, the following lands, namely:

The Northeast quarter of Section Twenty (20) in Township Sixteen (16) and Range Nineteen (19) West of the Second Meridian in the Province of Saskatchewan.

Terms—Twenty-five per cent of the purchase money to be paid at the time of the sale, and the balance upon delivery of transfer duly confirmed, and subject to further conditions full particulars of which may be obtained from the undersigned.

MESSRS. ALLAN, GORDON & BRYANT, Solicitors for the Administrator. Regina, Sask. 2-46

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

THE WESTERN SCHOOL SUPPLY COMPANY, LIMITED

Pursuant to special resolutions passed at meetings of the said Company held at the City of Regina on the 8th and 16th days of December, A.D., 1909, by which George S. Peacock was appointed Liquidator for the purpose of winding up the said Company, the Creditors of the said Company are on or before the 11th day of March, A.D. 1910, required to send by