

POWDER CONTAIN ALUM WHICH AN INJURIOUS ACID. GREDIENTS OF ALUM BAKING POWDER ARE SELDOM PRINTED ON THE LABEL. IF THEY ARE, THE ALUM IS USUALLY REFERRED TO AS SULPHATE OF ALUMINA OR SODIC ALUMINIC SULPHATE.

#### MAGIC BAKING POWDER

THE ONLY WELL-KNOWN MEDIUM-PRICED BAKING POWDER MADE IN THAT DOES NOT CONTAIN ALUM. AND WHICH HAS ALL ITS INGREDIENTS

E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL,

# Automatic Electric Lighting for Your Farm Home

Lister-Bruston Electric Lighting Plant

Ideal for Farm Homes, Churches, Moving Picture Theatres, Hotels, Etc.

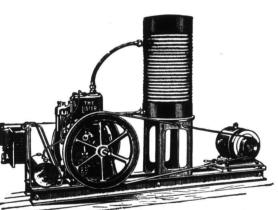
### Starts Itself.

## Stops Itself

It generates electricity automatically and does away with the necessity of large expensive storage batteries. With the exception of keeping it clean, lubricating, and filling the supply tank, no attention is required. The cost is low, space required is small and no foundations are necessary.

## Non-Automatic Plant \$550 and up

This plant will light 8 or 10 room farm home and stables and



THE REGAL MANUFACTURING CO.

outbuildings. It requires no expert attention, and is guaranteed to give entire satisfaction. Simply crank the engine, which starts easily, and you have light. Let us send you further information.

A. Lister & Co. Limited Winnipeg

Dept. A 619 TORONTO, ONTARIO



structed concrete.

3. Silage is kept perfectly in all com- and we're trying to make it even." mon types of silos that are well con-

4. A larger proportion of the corn crop can be utilized in the form of silage than in any other form.

5. Silage furnishes the much needed succulent feed in Winter.

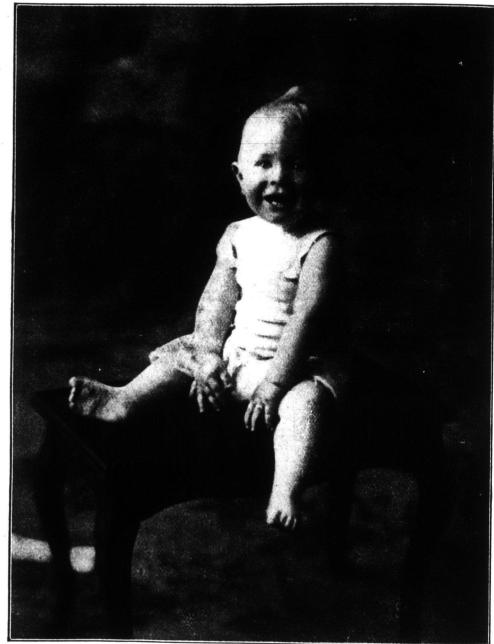
6. Silage is very valuable as a supplement to pastures, especially during the hot Summer months when pastures are likely to be short.

7. The best corn silage is made from corn cut when practically mature, that is, when kernels are well dented but stalks and leaves still green.

2. Silage acid does not injure well con- working for a man that believes in giving to us the very best there is in him,

Some things the good farmer never gets tired of doing. You know what they are. He never gets tired of making his best better. He never gets tired of building better barns, making the old home more comfortable, growing a little better crop this year than he did last.

Some farmers never stop growing; some do. What is the difference? Just here: Some think, others do not. Some go out every day to see what more they can do to make the old farm more beautiful, others have no ambition that way. Some put their very lives into the work they are doing-every furrow is plowed 8. The higher the silo the better the just the best possible, every acre is made silage will keep, other things being equal. as productive as it can be, every little



The Joke is not on me, I have my teeth

9. The important thing in silos is not thing wrought out as if it were the pivot air-tight walls are the chief requirements

10. Freezing is prevented more by keeping the upper part of the silo closed and by keeping the outer edge of the silage lower than the middle, than by thick or double walls .- A. D. Wilson.

#### Grow

When the farmer gets tired of doing good work and sags back, the world gets tired of helping him and sags back too.

The hind legs of a mule are not more apt to fly up and hit a fellow in the face than is the earth to kick when she is not used right.

That is why it pays to put the very best there is in us into every kind of farm operation we perform.

The farmer who means business does in his front yard "Honest work done here!" Nature does it for him. The fuls of milk sing the same song: "We're line or petroleum jelly.

of what they are made, but how they are on which fortune is to turn. Others go made. Smooth, strong, water-tight and around the place with their faces down toward the earth, sick of it all, wishing they had something "worth while" to

#### **Poultry Notes**

The loss of feathers on the front of the male bird's neck, is generally due to some feather pulling. If his wattles are long, he is apt to get some of the morning mash on them, as well as on some of the feathers on the neck. A hen noticing anything on the wattles of a male bird generally picks it off, and if there should be anything on the feathers near the wattles, it would be natural for her to pick at them also, and in this way may gradually get the neck bare. In cases where the head and back of the neck are bare, and upon which is found a substance like dust, it is due to scurf. For this trouble nothing is better than to first give a teaspoonful of castor oil. after which give, daily, a little condition not need to post notices on the trees powder in the food. Anoint the parts with vaseline or petroleum jelly. The loss of feathers on the backs of hens is good fence he builds tells the story, usually caused by sharp claws of the Every crop he grows advertises the fact? male bird. File the nails a little blunt, whether the farmer knows it or not, and remove the afflicted hens to separate Even the cows that go down the lane in the morning and bring back great bag-