

tamen quis cujusquam nisi sui similis? Gravitatem Africanus, lenitatem Lælius, asperitatem Galba, profluens quiddam habuit Carbo et canorum. Quis horum non princeps temporibus illis fuit? et suo tamen quisque in genere princeps.

CICERO, *de Orat.* iii. 7.

2. *Isocrates*—(a) Which of his orations is the most celebrated? (b) For what reason does Cicero compare his school to the Trojan horse? Cite the passage. (c) What illustration did he employ to denote his peculiarities as an orator? (d) To what does Cicero attribute these peculiarities?
3. *Lysias*—(a) Which of his orations is held in highest estimation? (b) What is regarded as his peculiar excellence?
4. *Hyperides*—(a) What were the circumstances of his death? (b) In what estimation did Cicero hold him?
5. *Æschines*—on what occasions did he and Demosthenes pronounce rival orations?
6. *Vim*—what is the Greek term?
7. *Africanus*—which, the elder or the younger?
8. *Lælius—Galba—Carbo*—state what you know regarding them.
9. *Temporibus illis*—give the dates as closely as you can.

III.—1. Translate into Greek:—

Jusjurandum litigatores aut offerunt suum, aut non recipiunt oblatum: aut ab adversariis exigunt, aut recusant cum ab ipsis exigatur. Offerre suum sine illa conditione, ut vel adversarius juret, fere improbum est. Qui tamen id faciet, aut vita tuebitur, ut eum non sit credibile pejeraturum; aut ipsa vi religionis: in qua plus fidei consequetur, si id egerit, ut non cupide ad hoc descendere, sed ne hoc quidem recusare videatur. Qui non recipit, et iniquam conditionem et a multis contemni jurisjurandi metum dicet: cum et philosophi quidam sint reperti, qui deos habere rerum humanarum curam negarent: eum vero qui nullo deferente jurare sit paratus, et ipsum velle de causa sua pronuntiare, et quam id quod offert, leve ac facile credat, ostendere.

QUINTILIAN, *Inst.* v. 6.

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2. Give the names of Cicero's Rhetorical works and the dates.

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