

Anna Gould May Re-Wed The Count De Castellane

Report Has It The American Multi-Millionaire Is to Divorce Prince Sagan.

Paris, Jan. 4.—Will Anna Gould, duchess of Talleyrand-Perigord, once again become the Countess de Castellane? Or rather as Count Boni's father has died, the marriage?

Indications point that way. The stage is set for another dramatic scene in the tempestuous career of the youngest daughter of the late Jay Gould, American multi-millionaire.

During the last week the Duchess de Talleyrand-Perigord and Princess de Sagan, the latter title abandoned during the war on account of its being German—has taken the same action with her present husband, the picturesque duke, as she employed some years ago with her husband's cousin and her own first marital mate, the Marquis Boniface de Castellane, the famous "powder puff count."

That is to say, she has forbidden De Sagan her house, the great "Pink Palace" at the corner of the avenue Malakoff and Bois de Boulogne. That marvelous palace, which has been the home of the Sagan for many years, was one of Count Boni's many extravaganzas shortly after his marriage to the wealthy American girl, and was copied after the Grand Trianon at Versailles.

The latest move on the part of the present duchess has at last given the Faubourg Saint-Germain a new sensation—the first real one it has had in many years; in fact, since the time Count Boni was in full enjoyment of the Gould millions, when he rented entire islands in the Seine for his garden parties and when he engaged the swim lakes in the Bois de Boulogne upon which he gave water-festivals such as had not been seen in France since the days of Louis XIV.

According to a common report, Duke Helie has migrated to one of his castles on the Rhine, the enjoyment of which was forbidden him during the war and there he doubtless will stay while his wife seeks to obtain her second divorce.

It is not only the Duchess de Talleyrand's step toward a divorce that is giving Faubourg Saint-Germain a sensation—the really toothsome morsel is in the report that Boni who since his father's death is the Marquis de Castellane and head of his house has opened negotiations with his former wife toward remarriage, or rather for the re-establishment of their former relations.

For while Anna Gould, Countess de Castellane, obtained a decree of divorce from her first husband Count Boni's marriage was never declared annulled by the Catholic Church. Her marriage to Prince De Sagan never has been recognized except as a civil one and in the eyes of the Catholic Church her youngest child the son of Duke de Talleyrand-Perigord is illegitimate.

Similarly, according to the French nobles, the American multi-millionaire never has been entirely unmarried from Castellane, and since her second marriage in July, 1908, has been "living in sin" which attitude may account for the fact that she has virtually retired from the social scene.

Although Talleyrand-Perigord is the action is a great family, his personal record was so replete with scandal that his social eclipse had been established before his marriage to the wealthy American. But his wife's difficulties with society hinged more on the fact of her being able to enter into only a civil marriage with De Sagan.

Since the present Marquis de Castellane became a resident of Paris, he has achieved social prestige and is credited with really having created his family and actually placing it on the map. Previous to the present Marquis, the Castellanes appeared content to remain the modest country squire of folk in their village near Marcellise.

The reasons assigned for the dismissal of Talleyrand-Perigord are said to be much the same as those which were given in the case of Count Boni many years ago. And the peccadilloes indulged in by the count were worldwide scandals at that time; his love affairs, his extravaganzas, his brutality toward his wife, that no one wondered when his wife took the step that led to the parting.

Myers History of World Regarded As Suitable Now

Book Committee of Educational Dept. Think It Should Be Used as Text.

Special to The Standard. Fredericton, N. B., Jan. 5.—The Text Book Committee of the Education Department of New Brunswick, in session here this afternoon, discussed a number of important matters. Outstanding was the unanimous recommendation that "Myers' History of World" should be used as history text in the schools of the Province.

The recommendation was the same as that made by the School Inspectors at their meeting Wednesday.

This history text was replaced some time ago because a chapter, relating to the great war, was considered to devote too great attention to the exploits of Americans and too little to those of British, including Canadians.

The statement of a shipping clerk was that an edition of the history intended for schools in the United States was sent to New Brunswick. Since that time the chapter to which objection was taken has been rewritten, and now, in the opinion of the Inspectors and Text Book Committee, does justice to Canada and the British Empire.

In response to the invitation of Dr. W. S. Carter, Chief Supt. of Education, that the New Brunswick Teachers Association be represented on the Text Book Committee, Joseph Mills of Sussex attended. The Association was entitled to another member.

Dr. Carter presided. Others attending were Dr. C. C. Jones, Dr. H. V. B. Bridges, H. H. Hagerman, Theodor Lejeune, Dr. B. C. Foster, and A. S. McFarlane, Fredericton; Dr. H. S. Bridges, Frank Owens, Joseph Harrington and Miss Emma Colwell, St. John; Joseph Mills and Inspector A. J. Brooks, Sussex; Dr. G. J. Oulton, Moncton.

The recommendation of the Committee are to go before the Board of Education for action by that body. Until that body decides, there will be no change.

There was discussion with regard to the standardization in rural schools which, it was claimed, was causing the province to be misrepresented in the statistics relating to attendance in the higher grades. The rural schools are divided into five standards of a year and a half each, roughly corresponding to the eight grades of graded schools. In many rural schools, however, work, corresponding to that of high schools, is covered but the standardization does not show that in statistical table, consequently the Province makes a showing in regard to advanced instruction not as good as it should be. The decision of the Committee was that the system in the rural schools should be retained in order to the damage to statistics. It was held that a change would place more work on a rural teacher without corresponding advantage.

In regard to the high school curriculum, it was the opinion of the Committee that there should be more options particularly in the line of commercial instruction. It also was felt that there was a weakness in the present trigonometry, navigation and kindred subjects.

What Effect Would Fordney Tariff Have On Our Lake Fish? Seems to Be Little Justification for Some Discouraging Rumors.

Considerable speculation has been going on as to the future of the fish trade on our Great Lakes and inland areas of the middle-west, should the Fordney tariff measure of the United States become effective without modification. The question is a vital one as practically the entire production of our Great Lakes and the major portion of the fish taken from our northern lakes find an outlet across the American border.

The situation in so far as the Great Lakes is concerned is probably the most interesting. Nearly two years ago it was pointed out to the Lake Erie fishermen in convention at St. Thomas that less than five per cent of their production was finding an outlet in the home market. While there was a big market to be served in Ontario, it was being neglected for the more profitable and more easily supplied American demand. Press reports state that certain lake fish concerns contemplate going out of business in the event of a high tariff being introduced, because of the heavy cost of developing a local market to consume their production.

G. P. H. Commission Monthly Meeting

Delegation from County Hospital Heard—Reports Were Received and Dealt With.

At the monthly meeting of the Commissioners of the General Public Hospital, held yesterday afternoon, a delegation from the St. John County Hospital were heard in reference to affiliation by the former institution with the latter and the sending of a number of nurses each year to the County Hospital for training in the care of tuberculars. The report of the superintendent gave as the net overdraft at the bank at the end of the year \$1,661.31, with a sum of over \$13,000 due from the city chamberlain. It was reported that the caretaker in the Nurses' Home had not given good service, and the superintendent was instructed to take this and other matters in connection with the home, up with the architect, F. Neil Brodie. The medical staff, in their report, urged that better facilities be provided for the house doctors making blood tests.

M. E. Agar, president, was in the chair, and Commissioners Mrs. J. V. McLellan, Colonel Alex. McMillan, Dr. Crawford, J. King Kelley, K. C. C. J. L. O'Brien and W. E. Emerson were present.

The minutes of the last regular and several special meetings, at the latter of which the estimates and proposed alterations in the basement were discussed, were read and adopted.

Mrs. McLellan reported that a trunk belonging to Miss Sommerville had been located at the warehouse of the steamer Opossum, and had been returned to the owner. Mr. Agar complimented Mrs. McLellan on her good work in clearing up this matter.

On motion of Mr. Kelley, the Commissioners went into committee of the whole to hear Dr. S. H. McDonald and Dr. H. A. Farris, re affiliation of the General Public Hospital with the County Hospital, and the sending of a number of nurses each year to the latter institution for training in the care of tubercular patients. The delegation were assured the matter would be given careful consideration by the commissioners and after their withdrawal the board resumed its regular business.

Superintendent's Report. The report of the superintendent for the month of December was then taken up. He reported 125 patients remaining on Nov. 30; admitted during the month, 163; discharged, cured, 87; improved, 64; unimproved, 6; not treated, 6; on own request, 1; died, 9; remaining Dec. 31, 114. Average patients per day for month, 118.8. In the epidemic there were on Nov. 30, 4; admitted during the month, 9; discharged, 10; remaining Dec. 31, 3.

The financial report was as follows: Balance Nov. 30 \$2,848.84 Pay patients 2,705.70 X-ray 107.00 City Chamberlain 1,187.06 County Treasurer 794.70 Coupons 794.70 Seaman 312.00 S. S. and D. 18.70

Expenditure \$16,706.70 Overdraft 2,161.31 Less cash on hand 500.00 Net overdraft \$15,368.01 There was owing from the city warehouse something over \$13,000, but the county had paid the face of their warrants.

He reported that Miss Gleason had resigned as night superintendent and her place was being filled by Miss Finley; the graduating exercises for the 1921 class had been held; the elevator in the Nurses' Home had been repaired and was running again, and recommended the purchase of an additional supply of milk for the children's ward, the payment of the usual \$100 bonus to Miss Hazel Barbour.

Report Dealt With. The report was taken up section by section. In connection with the attention of the Bankruptcy Court for the past two days was terminated last evening, after morning and afternoon and evening sessions had been held, and the case was postponed to next Tuesday morning at 10:30 o'clock when the evidence will be submitted to Chief Justice H. A. MacKewen, Judge of the Bankruptcy Court.

Mr. McIntyre was examined as to his methods of bookkeeping, mortgages on his property, bills of sale on his schooner and returns from his freight. He said that he owed his general creditors \$30,000, the Provincial Bank \$47,000 and his wife and son, Allan, \$35,000. He said that Allan kept the books and that he was not until August that he realized that he could not pay his bills in full, although he had had checks protested against him in June.

Allan McIntyre was examined as to the cost of construction of the schooner Peter McIntyre, and as to the earnings of the different vessels built and the net proceeds received. A. LeRoy Hastings, manager of the North End branch of the Provincial Bank, was examined as to the standing of the McIntyre account, at the time when the bill of sale on the vessel and the mortgage on the real estate was given, and as to the liability of Allan to the bank on the notes given and the condition of the account from time to time.

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- Some Rare Values.
- 2 only All Seal Coats, 42 in. long \$175.00 for \$135.00
 - 8 only Aust. Opossum and American Opossum trimmed, and some all Seal— \$185.00 to \$225.00 for \$155.00
 - 8 other Electric Seal Coats, slightly higher priced at corresponding reductions.
 - 3 Ladies' Raccoon Coats, 42 in. long, large Collar and Cuffs and striped border— \$375.00 for \$300.00
 - 2 Ladies' Raccoon Coats \$350.00 for \$265.00
 - 4 only Muskrat Coats, Striped Collar and Cuffs and 3 Row Border, Belted— \$155.00 for \$130.00
 - 4 only Muskrat Coats, Striped Cape Collar, Cuffs and Border— \$195.00 for \$165.00

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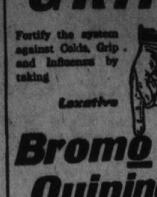
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McIntyre Case In Bankruptcy Court

Entire Day Taken Up in Hearing Evidence of Peter and Allan McIntyre, Also Bank Manager.

All the evidence in the case of Peter McIntyre, which has engaged the attention of the Bankruptcy Court for the past two days was terminated last evening, after morning and afternoon and evening sessions had been held, and the case was postponed to next Tuesday morning at 10:30 o'clock when the evidence will be submitted to Chief Justice H. A. MacKewen, Judge of the Bankruptcy Court.

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Dr. P. R. Taylor, K.C., appeared for the trustee; J. A. Baldwin, of Halifax, and E. A. Wilson for some of the creditors, opposing the compromise offered; W. M. Ryan for the Provincial Bank; J. S. Tall for Goble & Company, and W. H. Harrison for Mr. McIntyre, Allan McIntyre and James Lewis.

Christmas season and letters of thanks were ordered sent to them.

The floor supervisor reported that of the eight bath towels reported missing last month, seven had been found and returned and that only three towels had been missing in about eight months.

A letter of thanks from Miss Edna Swim for care while in the hospital, was read and ordered filed.

Missionary Union Sessions Closed

Considerable Important Business Transacted by U. B. W. M. U.—Reports Received and Committees Appointed.

The quarterly meeting of the United Baptist Women's Missionary Union was brought to a close yesterday afternoon. Sessions were held morning and afternoon and much business was done.

At the morning session Mrs. C. G. Hayward, of Moncton, read the Home Mission report, which had been sent in by Mrs. Dr. Outten, of Wolfville. It was recommended to supply a pastor at large, in poor districts where there were no ministers.

Mrs. Edna Wilson read the W. W. G. report, and the committee decided to co-operate, for the present, with both the district and the county secretaries.

Mr. Burpee, of Fredericton, read a report on the Baby Band Work. An objective of \$500 is set for the Timpamy, India; \$600 for Grand Ligne and \$100 for the colored orphanage at Preston.

The resignation of Mrs. Clide Robins, of Bridgetown, the Mission Band Secretary for Nova Scotia was accepted, and a committee was appointed to fill the vacancy.

Many Sad Mistakes In Identification of U. S. Soldier Dead

Official of U. S. Graves Registration Service Heard Before Investigating Committee.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Rufus P. Hubbard, of New York, employed by the United States Graves' Registration Service in preparing bodies of United States soldiers for shipment from France, told a Senate Committee today that on three bodies disinterred he found a rope around the neck of each and a black cap over each face.

Called as the first witness at the resumption of the hearings of the committee investigating charges by Senator Watson, Gov. of Va., that United States soldiers were hanged without trial in France, Hubbard declared there was nothing in the coffins by which the bodies could be identified.

"The bodies were identified by the cross on the outside of the coffin, and the black caps were not removed before the bodies were shipped to the United States for burial," Hubbard testified.

"There was too much hurry in the registration service," he continued, "and many sad mistakes in identification were made."

"Were bodies that were not properly identified shipped home as identified?" Senator Brandegee asked.

"They were," Hubbard replied. "Many women in the crowded room, who lost some crosses, leaned forward and listened closely to Hubbard's long recital of 'carelessness,' some with tears in their eyes."

Hubbard said he did not know whether the three men were executed in accordance with the law. He insisted that the bodies of the three soldiers who had apparently been hanged were identified by the cross on each grave, and he "presumed" they went to the right persons.

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