

# POOR DOCUMENT M 2 2 3 5

## The Evening Times and Star

ST. JOHN, N. B., FEBRUARY 27, 1923.

The St. John Evening Times is printed at 27 and 29 Canterbury street, every evening (Sunday excepted) by The St. John Times Printing and Publishing Co., Ltd., a company incorporated under the Joint Stock Companies Act.

Telephone—Private exchange connecting all departments, Main 2417.

Subscription Prices—Delivered by carrier, \$4.00 per year; by mail, \$5.00 per year in Canada. By mail to United States \$5.00 per year.

The Times has the largest circulation in the Maritime Provinces.

Special Advertising Representatives—NEW YORK, Frank J. Power, Manager, Association Bldg., 350 Madison Ave., CHICAGO, E. J. Power, Manager, Association Bldg., 350 Madison Ave.

The Audit Bureau of Circulation audits the circulation of The Evening Times.

### BRITISH TRADE PROSPECTS.

Business factories and increasing orders are sure indications of improved and improving trade conditions in Great Britain. The improvement, however, is not so much under existing world conditions. Canadian Trade Commissioner G. B. Johnson, writing the first of this month from Glasgow, whither he had returned after four months in Canada, says:

"The most striking change noticed was the almost universal but sober and restrained optimism regarding the immediate future of British industry and trade compared with the hesitating and pessimistic mood prevailing before departure from Scotland in August. The optimism then in the air has now come down to the earth of solid facts of increasing orders and business factories. For British industry as a whole the past year, with the exception of 1921, has been one of depression without parallel in modern times. As a result of over two years' continuous default in commodity prices, every one has become completely disillusioned of false ideas about post-war prosperity, and the truth is now permeating the community that the return to individual and national well-being can only be attained by hard and unremitting work, and that even so the reward may be long in coming."

Taking up the various industries Mr. Johnson finds some signs of improvement in Clyde shipbuilding and quotes a builder to the effect that the industry is at the point of recovery, which, however, will be very slow. The United Kingdom retained its place last year as the first shipbuilding country in the world, building 542 vessels of a tonnage of 1,043,000, compared with 240 of 631,000 tons by Germany, and 176 of 228,000 tons by the United States. The conditions were generally so bad, however, that any sign of improvement is now welcomed as evidence of improved general business.

Referring to the coal, steel and iron industries Mr. Johnson finds that the export coal markets lost during the year, 1921, have been regained, although wages are low and the economic position of the mines is still far from satisfactory. The steel trade fared better than in 1921 and has now much brighter prospects. Costs have been lowered and prices are more stable, and the trade is better able to compete in foreign markets. The extent of the depression in the iron and steel trade is shown by the fact that the production of pig iron in 1918 was 10,000,000 tons; in 1921, it was down to 2,000,000 tons, and last year rose only to 4,000,000 tons. Last year's exports, however, were double those of the previous year and the outlook for 1923 is still better. Mr. Johnson also finds prospects brightening in the engineering and machinery trades, while the wool and textile industries have been very active in comparison with others. On the whole, therefore, British trade prospects generally are brighter and more encouraging.

### THE RUSSIAN PROBLEM.

Senator Borah wants the United States to recognize the Soviet Government of Russia. The senator, by the way, has made so good an impression in Russia by his attitude that he has been invited to visit Russia as a guest of the Government. His plan for recognition, however, has not impressed Congress. That body is quite willing that Americans should trade with Russia, on their own responsibility, but wants more satisfactory assurance that the Soviet is willing to abide by the principles of international law before giving it recognition. This point was stressed by Senator Lodge in reply to Senator Borah, and the New York Tribune adds the following comment:

"So long as Russia persists in her unwillingness to recognize the national debts contracted by the pre-Soviet Governments and gives no assurance of the protection of private property of the United States cannot extend recognition. In so far as trade is concerned, it is not the absence of recognition but rather the absence of the wherewithal to pay for what she buys that hinders Russia's commercial dealing with the United States. How much longer the American Government will delay recognition depends entirely on the Soviet Government. When it is prepared to conform with the practices of civilized nations and to abide by the accepted principles of international law, and when it can give satisfactory assurance that it will do so, recognition will undoubtedly be forthcoming. But the United States cannot and will not recognize a Government that clings to the principle that its revolutionary origin entitles it to disregard the obligations entered into by its predecessors."

France is at the moment considering the question of doing business with Russia. Whether she will go farther than the United States is prepared to do is yet uncertain because opinion is so divided, but the fear of an alliance between Russia and Germany may in the end prove the deciding factor.

### OVERCOMING DISEASE.

The Saskatchewan Minister of Public Health announces that the Government will this year erect a sanatorium for patients afflicted with tuberculosis, and another one next year. A Regina dispatch says:

"While the Government will own the buildings, they will be administered by the Saskatchewan Anti-Tuberculosis League, and the Government will have the right to appoint three members of the directorate of that body. Dr. Ulrich announced that the Federal Government will be asked to furnish financial assistance, and the municipalities will be requested to co-operate. The Government will have the right to inspect the premises and to audit the books and accounts of the League."

The Western Provinces are well advanced in public health work, including the employment of public health nurses. The provision of sanatoria will be of the greatest benefit, as we have found in New Brunswick, in fighting the white plague. Some figures just issued in Boston show how successfully the fight is being waged in that city. In spite of the great increase in population the number of deaths from tuberculosis in Boston last year was the smallest since 1892, and the rate per 10,000 was the lowest ever recorded. In 1892 the number of deaths per 10,000 from this disease was 48.68. Last year it was 9.48. It is made more and more clear every year that this dread disease can be stamped out.

A bill has been introduced in the Maine Legislature "classifying flavoring extracts and syrups, containing a percentage of alcohol which by Federal enactment renders a beverage intoxicating and a 'poisonous liquor'." Another bill that has also been introduced provides "that anyone who shall knowingly sell any flavoring extracts or syrups for intoxicating beverage purposes or who shall sell any of the same under circumstances from which the seller might reasonably adduce the purpose of the purchaser to be to use them for such purposes, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 and costs and be imprisoned for not less than one month nor more than six months, and in default of payment be imprisoned for not less than two nor more than six months."

Premier Armstrong told the Nova Scotia Legislature the other day, in reply to opposition criticism, that "Nova Scotia has the lowest real personal property tax of any of the seven provinces of Canada which carry such a tax; she has the lowest automobile tax, with the exception of Prince Edward Island and Quebec; and the cost of administration of Nova Scotia is lower than in any Province with the exception of Prince Edward Island."

Bangor Commercial—"There is no question but the breakdown of the negotiations at Lausanne brought war much nearer in the Near East. The Allies have yielded as far as they will and if the Turks are determined to make a try for Constantinople and Thrace war will result. There can be but one outcome but the Turks are so elated by their victory over the Greeks that they may be unable to realize the hopelessness of a fight against England."

Halifax Chronicle—"Careful investigation has justified the dismissal of the man who caused all the trouble at the Sydney Steel Works and threatened disaster to a whole community. If anything were needed to complete the disgust of the public with leadership of the Warg type, the outcome of this case ought to supply it. Nothing more indefensible than this exhibition of misconduct has ever occurred in Canada."

### EVELYN NESBITT.

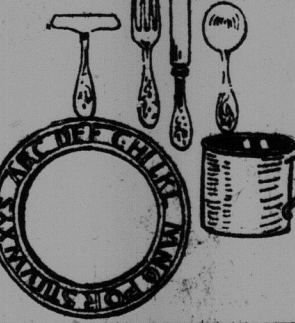
Atlantic City, N. J., Feb. 27—"This case has a bad smell to it," commented County Judge Smathers in dismissing charges of disorderly conduct and "quarreling" against Evelyn Nesbitt, former wife of Harry K. Thaw. "This proceeding savors of Russia, not Atlantic City," Burton A. Gaskill, attorney for the defendant told the judge, asking for the dismissal. He declares his client has a clear case of false arrest.

Mrs. Nesbitt was arrested by City Detectives Gilbert and Cunniff in the Palais Royal Cafe on the Bowdoin, on the complaint of Max A. Williams, who is associated in the management. Mrs. Nesbitt had the time alleged "frame up."

The two detectives were confused in their testimony as to just what had happened on the night in question. Williams was absent. The man, first described by the police as a "prominent Pittsburgh physician," with whom Mrs. Nesbitt had the alleged altercation, testimony developed, was really Michael Curcio of Philadelphia, who pleaded guilty to an attack of grippe. Hon. W. S. Fielding and Hon. Ernest Patterson were served at the close of the evening.

## WHAT'S WHAT

By Helen Deale



As soon as a child is able to sit at a small table he should be provided with an unbreakable mug and plate of aluminum or plastic, as these are durable and not without peril. A small miniature table silver, like the small dull-bladed knife, fork, spoon and food-pusher shown in the diagram.

A two-year-old child is none too young to begin his lessons in table manners, but if adult-size forks are given to him, he will use them clumsily, and not without peril. A knife is not really necessary for him, except as an object lesson, to teach him that knives at table are used only for cutting meat. As he grows older he will learn to use the knife for the purpose for which it is intended, and he will begin to eat more frequently with his fork, and less often with a spoon.

(Copyright, 1923, by Public Ledger Company.)

### LIFE EVERLASTING.

(Duncan Campbell Scott.)

What we may think, who brood upon the theme,  
Is, when the old world, tired of spinning, has fallen  
Asleep, and all the forms, that carol  
Of life, are cold upon her marble heart.  
Like ashes on the altar—just as she stops,  
That something will escape of soul or essence,  
The sum of life, to kindle others where;  
Just as the fruit of a lush, sunny garden,  
Grown mellow with autumnal sun and rain,  
Shriveled with ripeness, splits to the rich heart,  
And sends a gold kernel to the mould,  
So the old world, hanging long in the sun,  
And drowsy with the effort of life,  
Shall in the motions of eternity,  
Shall in the part, and the kernel of it all  
Escape, a lovely wreath of spirit, in  
Where the appearance, throated like a bird,  
Wins with fire, and bodied with all passion,  
Shall flame with presage, not of tears, but joy.

### EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

(Toronto Globe.)

A trade balance that does not figure in the books of statistics is that the United States exports more to Canada than it imports from the United States. Most people on this side of the Atlantic believe in this traffic is heavily against Canada, and they probably could prove their case with figures. It is of interest, therefore, to read in the Current History Magazine, published by The New York Times, that in 1921 the United States exported to Canada goods valued at \$1,000,000,000, and imported from Canada goods valued at \$1,000,000,000. In an introduction to an article on "The Canadian Trade Problem," D. M. Le Bourdais cites some of the leaders given to Canada by the United States. First, in railway construction and administration, there have been Sir William Van Horne, Lord Dufferin, and Lord Grey. Then, in the oil industry, there have been Lord Dufferin, Lord Grey, and Lord Dufferin. Then, in the oil industry, there have been Lord Dufferin, Lord Grey, and Lord Dufferin.

## EDITOR'S WOES ON HIS LORDSHIP

WAY TO MELROSE ON CITIZENSHIP

Even the Ladies Made His Path Rough, As Did Gun Fighter Smith

J. L. Stewart of the Chatham World Has a Whale of a Time en Route to a Sanatorium and Renewed Health.

(J. L. Stewart in Chatham World.)

My departure from Chatham, for the Mecca of the seekers for health, was made very pleasant by a little gathering of friends, some of them of the gentle sex, to see me off. "You ought to have some one with you, to help you at the transfer station," I was told, but I thought I'd get on all right and I did. Perhaps my experience as an object lesson, to teach him that knives at table are used only for cutting meat. As he grows older he will learn to use the knife for the purpose for which it is intended, and he will begin to eat more frequently with his fork, and less often with a spoon.

As I stood at the transfer station, I was told, but I thought I'd get on all right and I did. Perhaps my experience as an object lesson, to teach him that knives at table are used only for cutting meat. As he grows older he will learn to use the knife for the purpose for which it is intended, and he will begin to eat more frequently with his fork, and less often with a spoon.

As I stood at the transfer station, I was told, but I thought I'd get on all right and I did. Perhaps my experience as an object lesson, to teach him that knives at table are used only for cutting meat. As he grows older he will learn to use the knife for the purpose for which it is intended, and he will begin to eat more frequently with his fork, and less often with a spoon.

As I stood at the transfer station, I was told, but I thought I'd get on all right and I did. Perhaps my experience as an object lesson, to teach him that knives at table are used only for cutting meat. As he grows older he will learn to use the knife for the purpose for which it is intended, and he will begin to eat more frequently with his fork, and less often with a spoon.

As I stood at the transfer station, I was told, but I thought I'd get on all right and I did. Perhaps my experience as an object lesson, to teach him that knives at table are used only for cutting meat. As he grows older he will learn to use the knife for the purpose for which it is intended, and he will begin to eat more frequently with his fork, and less often with a spoon.

As I stood at the transfer station, I was told, but I thought I'd get on all right and I did. Perhaps my experience as an object lesson, to teach him that knives at table are used only for cutting meat. As he grows older he will learn to use the knife for the purpose for which it is intended, and he will begin to eat more frequently with his fork, and less often with a spoon.

As I stood at the transfer station, I was told, but I thought I'd get on all right and I did. Perhaps my experience as an object lesson, to teach him that knives at table are used only for cutting meat. As he grows older he will learn to use the knife for the purpose for which it is intended, and he will begin to eat more frequently with his fork, and less often with a spoon.

As I stood at the transfer station, I was told, but I thought I'd get on all right and I did. Perhaps my experience as an object lesson, to teach him that knives at table are used only for cutting meat. As he grows older he will learn to use the knife for the purpose for which it is intended, and he will begin to eat more frequently with his fork, and less often with a spoon.

As I stood at the transfer station, I was told, but I thought I'd get on all right and I did. Perhaps my experience as an object lesson, to teach him that knives at table are used only for cutting meat. As he grows older he will learn to use the knife for the purpose for which it is intended, and he will begin to eat more frequently with his fork, and less often with a spoon.

As I stood at the transfer station, I was told, but I thought I'd get on all right and I did. Perhaps my experience as an object lesson, to teach him that knives at table are used only for cutting meat. As he grows older he will learn to use the knife for the purpose for which it is intended, and he will begin to eat more frequently with his fork, and less often with a spoon.

As I stood at the transfer station, I was told, but I thought I'd get on all right and I did. Perhaps my experience as an object lesson, to teach him that knives at table are used only for cutting meat. As he grows older he will learn to use the knife for the purpose for which it is intended, and he will begin to eat more frequently with his fork, and less often with a spoon.

As I stood at the transfer station, I was told, but I thought I'd get on all right and I did. Perhaps my experience as an object lesson, to teach him that knives at table are used only for cutting meat. As he grows older he will learn to use the knife for the purpose for which it is intended, and he will begin to eat more frequently with his fork, and less often with a spoon.

## Tenderly Cooked Foods

Clean—Pure—Toothsome

reward the housewife who uses SMP ENAMELED WARE which is delightfully clean and spotless; just as pure and clean as a china dish.

SMP ENAMELED WARE

keeps quickly thus economizing fuel. After cooking, no matter how greasy or sticky, your SMP Enamelled pots and pans come out dripping clean, only hot water and soap being necessary.

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON

EMERSON & FISHER, LTD.

ON