

\$26,000

King and Toronto vicinity, three-story brick building, 26x95. Well rented.

H. H. WILLIAMS & CO., Realty Brokers, 26 Victoria St.

PROBS—Easterly to southerly a much change in tempo

The Toronto World

Senate Reading Room
Room 1756
SENATE P O

SIXTEEN PAGES—SATURDAY MORNING OCTOBER 10 1908—SIXTEEN PAGES

FOR RENT

About 1500 square feet of floor space on Front near Bay; light on three sides, freight and passenger elevator, two large wash, best water on district in the city.

H. H. WILLIAMS & CO., Realty Brokers, 26 Victoria St.

28TH YEAR

a Change in ment.

G. ACE
ve Candidate in YORK

DAY, 26 OCT.

Dr. White

Dr. White
Dr. White
Dr. White

LATERAL

Dr. White
Dr. White
Dr. White

ARY

Dr. White
Dr. White
Dr. White

STOR WILL

Dr. White
Dr. White
Dr. White

ovement

Dr. White
Dr. White
Dr. White

TREET CAR

Dr. White
Dr. White
Dr. White

SIR JAMES WHITNEY SPEAKS AT MONTREAL ON GOOD GOVERNMENT

In Strong Address Ontario's Premier Contrasts British and Canadian Ideas of Politics and Assails the Liberal Maladministration at Ottawa.

MONTREAL, Oct. 9.—(Special.)—For the first time in several years, Sir James Whitney appeared on a public platform in Montreal to-night, and the premier of the sister province was accorded a hearty welcome.

Sir James addressed two gatherings, one in the Stanley Hall, and the other at Westmount, and at each he showed himself to be possessed of the power of oratory to a marked degree.

Although it was late when he reached the Victoria Hall, Westmount, it being past 10 o'clock, Sir James found a large crowd awaiting him, and he plunged almost immediately into a forcible argument, showing why the present government should be ousted from office if the people of Canada were desirous of good government in the best sense of the word.

That there could be such a thing as a good government, Sir James modestly asserted, clinching his statement by pointing to the record of the present Ontario administration.

One of the features of his speech was his eulogy of R. L. Borden as a man of sterling worth, who had taken hold of the Conservative party when it was in the depths of despair.

Mr. Borden, he declared, had proved himself to be possessed of a grasp of public questions second to no man in the country, and when he came into office, which Sir James believed he would do very shortly, he would find himself the possessor of a trained knowledge of procedure and the craft of statesmanship.

One point of the premier's which aroused much amusement was at the outset of his speech. Referring to the number of ladies present, he declared he was not a suffragette by any means.

There can be good government, he opened with the history of party government, and the important part that party played in bringing out all that was good in any system.

Whether there could be good party government, he declared that he had come to Montreal at the request of the people of Canada to have a good government.

If there was not a government of that type in Ottawa, then it was the people to say whether there could not be.

Sir James then dilated for a moment on the position Canada occupied in the world, and the train of thought that followed, under the leadership of Tache, Caron, Morin, Cartier and Chapleau, the same policy obtained until, in 1896, the Liberal-Conservative party went down deliberately to defeat, because it persisted in standing by and defending what it understood to be the rights of minorities in the different provinces.

"I am anxious to express myself on this point, because the Conservatives of Ontario have suffered from the slanders and false accusations of dislike for and hatred of the people of the Province of Quebec. Men who are not patriots but demagogues have endeavored to induce the people of Quebec to believe that the Liberal-Conservatives of Ontario are their enemies instead of their friends. The action of the party in the struggles to which I have alluded proves the contrary to be true.

"And let me ask Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Mr. Marcell, Mr. Monk, Mr. Bergeron and Mr. Bourassa, whether they have received at any time other than the most hearty welcome when they came to the Province of Ontario. I know right well that the late lamented Mr. Tarte would have said on this subject what he here with us to-day. Moreover, Conservative leaders in Ontario entertain and do not hesitate to express a high respect for Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

"In my opinion, sir, it is unfair, unjust and unmanly that such accusations should be so broadcast in the Province of Quebec with regard to the Conservatives of the Province of Ontario. In the present provincial government of Ontario a French-Canadian holds a portfolio, and in June last the people of Ontario, by a majority of about 100,000, endorsed and approved of his presence there.

"I only ask, sir, for fair play, and I know right well that is what our friends, the people of Quebec, desire to give us. I protest, therefore, earnestly against a continuation of the slanders uttered against the Conservatives of Ontario—slanders which have for their object mere

Whitney to The French Canadians

"The Dominion of Canada has been in existence about 40 years. Provinces separated from each other by long distances, by differences of race, language and religion came together, having in view a common object, namely, the formation of a confederation on the North American Continent enjoying all the privileges, the advantages and the security of British institutions.

"Having regard to the differences I have already mentioned, I think the dispassionate observer will not hesitate to admit that the experiment has been a success. There have been trifling misunderstandings and differences, but none of any real importance.

"The Liberal-Conservative party, formed in 1854 by the joining together of moderate men of both political parties, stood forward from that day as the champion and protector of the rights of the people and of minorities, and has never changed its policy in that respect. All thru the years which followed, under the leadership of Tache, Caron, Morin, Cartier and Chapleau, the same policy obtained until, in 1896, the Liberal-Conservative party went down deliberately to defeat, because it persisted in standing by and defending what it understood to be the rights of minorities in the different provinces.

"I am anxious to express myself on this point, because the Conservatives of Ontario have suffered from the slanders and false accusations of dislike for and hatred of the people of the Province of Quebec. Men who are not patriots but demagogues have endeavored to induce the people of Quebec to believe that the Liberal-Conservatives of Ontario are their enemies instead of their friends. The action of the party in the struggles to which I have alluded proves the contrary to be true.

"And let me ask Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Mr. Marcell, Mr. Monk, Mr. Bergeron and Mr. Bourassa, whether they have received at any time other than the most hearty welcome when they came to the Province of Ontario. I know right well that the late lamented Mr. Tarte would have said on this subject what he here with us to-day. Moreover, Conservative leaders in Ontario entertain and do not hesitate to express a high respect for Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

"In my opinion, sir, it is unfair, unjust and unmanly that such accusations should be so broadcast in the Province of Quebec with regard to the Conservatives of the Province of Ontario. In the present provincial government of Ontario a French-Canadian holds a portfolio, and in June last the people of Ontario, by a majority of about 100,000, endorsed and approved of his presence there.

"I only ask, sir, for fair play, and I know right well that is what our friends, the people of Quebec, desire to give us. I protest, therefore, earnestly against a continuation of the slanders uttered against the Conservatives of Ontario—slanders which have for their object mere

OPERATOR WAS MIMICO SLOW

Didn't Have Time to Pull Hook From Switch, and Fatal Mimico Wreck Resulted.

Just why the switch was not closed behind the Grand Trunk transfer engine on the night of the fatal wreck at Mimico could not be determined at Coroner Bull's inquest last night, and will not likely be learned until Lorne McTaggart, the missing operator, can be located, but the evidence of Fred Townsend, who saw McTaggart immediately after the accident, nearly explained it.

Townsend is the regular night man at this station, but was doing day duty on Oct. 1. He said he had seen McTaggart at 7 o'clock that night and again immediately after the wreck. It was the noise of the collision between the C.P.R. express and the derailed engine that brought him to the scene.

In the little telegraph office he had encountered McTaggart, who said he had left the switch open, and when he heard the express approaching he ran to close it, but the hook was thru the bolt and he didn't have time to pull it out before the train passed him.

County Crown Attorney Drayton asked if McTaggart had said anything about forgetting that a thru train was due, but witness answered no; he had merely spoken about two sentences, and in the excitement he did not see him again.

Asked if the duties at this station were exceptionally heavy, witness said he had never considered himself at all overworked. It was his own custom to give this main line switch his first attention in preference to all other duties.

Townsend was the last witness called, and at the conclusion of his testimony most of the jury were for bringing in a verdict there and then, but the foreman and a few others wanted to hear the evidence of Engineer Smith, Fireman Jarvis and a man named Carmichael, who is said to have been in the operator's office reading a paper when the accident happened.

Carmichael is a conductor who runs out of Hamilton. An endeavor will be made to secure his evidence next Friday night, when his evidence will resume in the Mimico school.

No word of McTaggart has been heard by the authorities since the accident, although the Lawton of Toronto assured Mr. Drayton that he was making every effort on behalf of the boy's uncle to locate him.

Fireman Klesack of G.T.R. engine 198 was the first witness. He had been standing in the engine and knew nothing of the run-in until she was struck by the express.

Conductor Emery, on the C.P.R. express, said that the brakes were set after the train stopped at the station. Deceased Engineer Quinn was a freelance man and had been on the road for 22 years.

Brakeman Wilson of the same crew said the block light at Mimico showed "safe." After the accident he had run down to the switch and found it showing a green light, which meant "go slowly," the engineer's duty, he said, to watch out for the switch lights as well as the block lights.

Robert H. Skelton, agent for the Grand Trunk at Mimico, said McTaggart had worked at that station for 13 days, from Aug. 20 to Sept. 3, and had come back on Sept. 30, the night before the accident. McTaggart's duties were to let the freight engine pass into the siding, close to the switch, go back to the office and wire or phone to South Parkdale that the line was clear. He said he had spent almost a half hour with the young man and thought him a competent fellow. He didn't think a lad of 19 would require more instructions than the older man. It would depend entirely upon how much previous experience he had.

"How long have you had this system of employing a switchman for this work at Mimico?" asked Mr. Drayton.

"Two years."

"Had there been any trouble prior to this?"

WHAT THE POLITICAL TURKEYS ARE SAYING.



CARNEGIE GIVES \$20,000 TO REPUBLICAN FUND

And 10,000 Business Men Are Invited to Send \$50 to Help Swell the Treasury.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—The fact that Andrew Carnegie has contributed \$20,000 to the campaign fund of the Republican national committee was announced to-day by Chairman Timothy L. Woodruff.

Mr. Woodruff also announced that Mrs. Russell Sage had contributed \$1000 to the same fund.

There have been no other large contributions, Mr. Woodruff said.

An appeal for contributions to the Republican national campaign fund for \$50 each to 10,000 business men was issued to-day by George R. Sheldon, treasurer of the Republican national committee. The appeal reads as follows:

"The legitimate expenses of the Republican national campaign are necessarily large. Under the law, corporations may not contribute, and we therefore ask individuals to contribute more generally.

"Many would-be contributors are deterred from contributing lest the amount, when published, be the subject of comment as being too small, or, on the other hand, too large.

"I have therefore determined to ask a uniform contribution of \$50 from each of 10,000 business men, so vitally concerned in the continuance of Republican principles.

"If you will place yourself on this roll and send me your cheque, for which an official receipt will be sent you."

To Carry Commons By Storm

LONDON, Oct. 9.—The suffragettes have issued an appeal to the public to help them rush the house of commons when it meets on Oct. 13.

A PLOT OF THE KAISERS.

PARIS, Oct. 9.—The Journal des Debats publishes a letter this afternoon from what it calls an unusually well-informed source, describing the Balkan situation as a veritable plot of which Emperor William is the real author; with Baron Von Aehrenthal, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, a willing tool. It was the emperor's object to humiliate Great Britain as a friend of the new regime in Turkey and at the same time to inflict a blow on the "Young Turkey," whose ascendancy threatened the German influence in the empire. Ferdinand and Bulgaria were drawn in, the writer of the letter declares, in order to involve Russian sympathy and paralyze opposition from that quarter.

GAME WARDENS SHOOT AT U. S. FISHERMEN

Lively Time is Reported to Have Occurred Away Up Lake Superior.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Ont., Oct. 9.—(Special.)—According to reports brought down to the Soo from up Lake Superior, there is something doing that will interest the fishery departments of Canada and the United States.

For some days Game Wardens Calbeck and Hand have been on a tour of investigation up the lake, with authority from the respective governments to apprehend certain Americans who, it is alleged, have been fishing in Canadian waters.

Report has it that yesterday the Canadian surprised the Americans opposite Whitefish, or a little west, and upon the Americans refusing to leave to when requested to do so, the Canadians opened fire on them with rifles. The Americans apparently escaped, but it is not yet known whether the fusillade from the Canadian boats resulted in any casualties.

"Don't you think you were better off with the help of 50,000 persons in storming the house."

EARL GREY AN ADVENTURER.

Has Been Having a Thrilling Time in the Rockies.

WINNIPEG, Oct. 9.—(Special.)—Earl Grey is returning to Ottawa from a perilous trip over the Rocky Mountains.

He traveled on horseback thru the southern part of British Columbia. Reaching the summit of the mountains near Argenta he was delayed by snowstorms. After much suffering the party were compelled to go on foot with their backs over risky paths until the foothills were reached. The party were taken to Cranbrook, B.C., on a handcar.

BRITISH WAR VESSELS SAIL FOR AEGEAN SEA

Will Be Ready for Emergency—Servia Seems to Be the Danger Point.

VALETTA, Oct. 9.—The battleship Prince of Wales, flagship of Prince Henry of Battenberg; the battleship Glory; the cruisers Diane and Suffolk; and the torpedo-boat destroyers Angler and Banshee sailed to-day for the Aegean Sea. The squadron will be followed later by the battleship Canopus and the cruiser Minerva.

Calling Out Reserves.

BUDA-PESTH, Oct. 9.—An explanation is being demanded by Belgrade regarding the reported calling out of the Serbian reserves.

In the meanwhile Austria-Hungary has notified the signatory powers of the necessity adequately to protect her frontiers, including that of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Baron Von Aehrenthal, the foreign minister, in view of the more pacific tone of to-day's despatches from Belgrade, is hopeful that Servia will refrain from any further hostile action.

King Peter in Danger.

BELGRADE, Servia, Oct. 9.—Theatre Square to-day was the scene of renewed demonstrations by the populace. They were directed mainly against the government, the demonstrators demanding the resignation of the cabinet.

The already strong movement against King Peter is growing in strength, and the organizers of it are demanding that he should declare war against Austria-Hungary or abdicate in favor of his son, Crown Prince George.

The members of the national assembly are arriving for an extraordinary session of that body, to be held to-morrow. This session is being awaited with intense interest.

The Austro-Hungarian legation here is strongly guarded by gendarmes.

New Car is Popular.

BORDEN OPENS HERE IN MONTREAL

Nearly 4000 at Sudbury to Hear Him—Is Promised Two Memos.

SUDBURY, Ont., Oct. 9.—(Special.) Hon. Frank Cochrane, minister of mines, presided at a great mass meeting addressed by R. L. Borden, Conservative leader, in the risk to-night, Mr. Borden reached Sudbury at noon and was taken at once to Copper Cliff, where he inspected the copper and nickel smelter.

The rink, which will accommodate 4000 people, was almost filled and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed when Mr. Borden arrived. Among those who joined in the welcome to the Conservative leader were: W. R. Smyth, M. L. A.-elect, and candidate in East Algoma; George Gordon, candidate in Nipissing; Henry Morel, M.L.A.-elect; Peter White, Jr., of Pembroke; Mr. Plaunt, member of the Quebec Legislature for Beauharnois, and Mayor McLeod.

Chairman Cochrane read a telegram from North Bay Conservatives promising a majority of 300 for Mr. Gordon, and Mayor McLeod read an address, signed by every member of the town council, extending a welcome to the Conservative leader.

Mr. Borden was observed to be a winner in the neighboring riding, and Mr. Smyth, who was received with vociferous applause, gave the assurance that North Bay was ripe for a change and that he and Mr. Gordon would go to Ottawa as supporters of the next premier.

Mr. Borden was observed to be a winner in the neighboring riding, and Mr. Smyth, who was received with vociferous applause, gave the assurance that North Bay was ripe for a change and that he and Mr. Gordon would go to Ottawa as supporters of the next premier.

After referring to the sacrifice entailed by Mr. Smyth's acceptance of the nomination, Mr. Borden said he held it to be the duty of every citizen to obey the call to public service, and emphasized the view that the government of a country would be no better than the people desired or deserved.

Policy of Expediency.

Mr. Borden featured his Halifax platform, and on the other hand painted a picture of a government having no fixed policy save that of expediency.

"If they find it to more political advantage to copy higher than to better than the people desired or deserved."

Mr. Borden passed to the immigration question and the surrender of control over the influx of the Japs. Mr. Borden aroused enthusiasm by the declaration that "Canada must be dominated by those races which have inhabited and dominated the country since the beginning of time."

That from five to ten million dollars a year had been squandered in the past few years was the next observation of Mr. Borden in review of the administrative record of the government. He reiterated that he had reason to say that a member of the civil service commission believed in the "W. H. condition of affairs such as has been revealed by this commission."

Mr. Fielding's answer to the charges of extravagance and graft was "simplicity, absurd and insolent. It was 'treating a grave public matter with absolute impertinence and indifference.'"

Quebec Memories.

Mr. Borden referred to Sir Wilfrid Laurier's statement at Quebec the other day, that after his death the words "Quebec bridge" would be engraved upon his heart. Mr. Borden said that the same words would long be engraved upon the hearts of the people of Canada in memory of the eighty who perished in that disaster.

Mr. Borden's answer to the charges of extravagance and graft was "simplicity, absurd and insolent. It was 'treating a grave public matter with absolute impertinence and indifference.'"

VALUABLE RING LOST.

The loss of a \$350-cluster diamond ring at one of the theatres Monday or Tuesday night has been reported. Naturally the young lady is greatly worried, and is offering a liberal reward for its recovery.

DINEEN'S HAVE THE HAT.

The One You Want—Store Will Be Open To-Night.

Made expressly for the W. & D. Dineen Co., Limited, Toronto, Canada. It is the label on the boxes of men's new hats for fall from the principal makers of England and America. The Dineen Special soft or hard felt hat is obtainable in the very newest styles, with the guaranteed Dineen quality at \$2.50 and \$3.

Dineen's are sole Canadian agents for Heath, London, and Dunlop, New York. Saturday being the recognized shopping day, the store at Yonge and Temperance-streets will be open till 10 p.m.

Continued on Page 7.

Continued on Page 7.

Continued on Page 7.

Continued on Page 7.

Continued on Page 7.

Continued on Page 7.

Continued on Page 7.